

John Cunningham
THE
HISTORY
Of the most REMARKABLE
LIFE,
AND

Extraordinary Adventures,

Of the truly Honourable

COLONEL *FAQUE*,

VULGARLY CALL'D,

Colonel *FACK*;

Who was born a GENTLEMAN, put Apprentice to a PICK-POCKET, flourish'd Six and Twenty Years as a THIEF, and was then Kidnapp'd to *Virginia*: Came back a Merchant, was Five Times married to Four WHORES, went into the Wars, behav'd Bravely, got Preferment, was made Colonel of a Regiment; return'd again to *England*, follow'd the Fortunes of the Chevalier de *St. George*, was taken at the *Preston* Rebellion; receiv'd his Pardon from the late King, is now at the Head of his Regiment, in the Service of the *Czarina* fighting against the *Turks*, compleating a LIFE of Wonders, and resolves to die a GENERAL.

Written by the AUTHOR of
ROBINSON CRUSOE.

The FIFTH EDITION.

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Frank Tweed
her Book

1760





THE
P R E F A C E.

REFACES are so customary before Books of this Nature, to introduce them into the World by a Display of their Excellencies, that it might be thought too presuming to send this Performance abroad, without some such Preliminary. And yet I may venture to say it needs this good office as little as any that has ever gone before it. The pleasant and delightful Part speaks for itself; the useful and

A 2 instructive

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instructive is so large, and has such a Tendency to improve the Mind, and rectify the Manners, that it would employ a Volume, large as itself, to particularize the Instructions that may be drawn from it.

HERE's Room for just and copious Observations, on the Blessing, and Advantages of a sober and well-govern'd Education, and the Ruin of so many Thousands of all Ranks in this Nation, for want of it here; also we may see how much publick Schools and Charities might be improved to prevent the Destruction of so many unhappy Children, as, in this Town, are every Year bred up for the Executioner.

*THE miserable Condition of multitudes of Youth, many of whose natural
Temper*

P R E F A C E. V

Temper are docible, and would lead them to learn the best Things rather than the worst, is truly deplorable, and is abundantly seen in the History of this Man's Childhood; where, though Circumstances form'd him by Necessity to be a Thief, surprizing Rectitude of Principles remain'd with him, and made him early abhor the worst Part of his Trade, and at length to forsake the whole of it. Had he come into the World with the Advantage of a virtuous Education, and been instructed how to improve the generous Principles he had in him, what a Figure might he not have made, either as a Man, or a Christian.

THE various Turns of his Fortune, in different Scenes of Life, make

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a delightful Field for the Reader to wander in ; a Garden where he may gather wholesome and Medicinal Fruits, none noxious or poisonous ; where he will see Virtue, and the Ways of Wisdom, every where applauded, honour'd, encourag'd, and rewarded ; Vice and Extravagance attended with Sorrow, and every kind of Infelicity ; and at last, Sin and Shame going together, the Offender meeting with Reproach, and Contempt, and the Crimes with Detestation and Punishment.

EVERY vicious Reader will here be encouraged to a Change, and it will appear that the best and only good End of an impious mispent Life is Repentance ; that in this, there is Comfort, Peace, and often Times Hope, that
the

P R E F A C E. vii

the Penitent shall be received like the Prodigal, and his latter End be better than his Beginning.

A Book founded on so useful a Plan, calculated to answer such valuable Purposes as have been Specified, can require no Apology: Nor is it of any Concern to the Reader, whether it be an exact historical Relation of real Facts, or whether the Hero of it intended to present us, at least in part, with a moral Romance: On either Supposition it is equally Serviceable for the Discouragement of Vice, and the Recommendation of Virtue.

DANIEL D'EF OE.

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THE
L I F E
O F
Col. J A C K, &c.



SEEN my Life has been such a checker Work of Nature, and that I am able now to look back upon it from a safer Distance, than is ordinarily the Fate of the Clan to which I once belong'd; I think my History may find a Place in the World, as well as some, who I see are every Day read with Pleasure, tho' they have in them nothing so Diverting, or Instructing, as I believe mine will appear to be.

My original may be as high as any Body's for ought I know, for my Mother kept very good Company, but that Part belongs to her Story, more than to mine; all I know of it, is by oral Tradition; my Nurse told me my Mother was a Gentlewoman, that my Father was a Man of Quality, and she (my Nurse) had a good Piece of Money given her to take me off his Hands, and deliver him and my Mother from the Importunities

that usually attend the Misfortune, of having a Child to keep that should not be seen or heard of.

My Father, it seems, gave my Nurse something more than was agreed for at my Mother's Request, upon her solemn Promise, that she would use me well, and let me be put to School, and charg'd her, that if I liv'd to come to any Bigness, capable to understand the Meaning of it, she should always take Care to bid me *remember, that I was a Gentleman*; and this, he said, was all the Education he would desire of her for me; for he did not Doubt, he said, but that some Time or other, the very Hint would inspire me with Thoughts suitable to my Birth, and that I would certainly act like a Gentleman, if I believed myself to be so.

BUT my Disasters were not directed to an End as soon as they began; 'tis very seldom that the Unfortunate are so but for a Day; as the Great rise by Degrees of Greatness to the Pitch of Glory, in which they shine, so the Miserable sink to the Depth of their Misery by a continu'd Series of Disaster, and are long in the Tortures and Agonies of their distress'd Circumstances, before a Turn of Fortune, if ever such a Thing happens to them, gives them a Prospect of Deliverance.

My Nurse was as honest to the Engagement she had enter'd into, as could be expected from one of her Employment, and particularly as honest as her Circumstances would give her Leave to be; for she bred me up very carefully with her own Son, and with another Son of *Shame like me*, who she had taken upon the same Terms.

My Name was *John*, as she told me, but neither she or I, knew any Thing of a Surname that belong'd to me; so I was left to call myself Mr. Any-thing, what I pleas'd, as Fortune and better Circumstances should give Occasion.

It happen'd that her own Son (*for she had a little Boy of her own, about One Year older than I*) was call'd *John* too, and about two Year after she took another, Son of *Shame*, as I call'd it above, to keep as she did me, and his Name was *John* too.

As we were all *Johns*, we were all *Jacks*, and soon came to be call'd so; for at that Part of the Town, where

where we had our Breeding, viz. near *Goodman's-fields*, the *Johns* are generally call'd *Jack*; but my Nurse, who may be allow'd to distinguish her own Son a little from the rest, would have him call'd Captain, because forsooth he was the Eldest.

I WAS provok'd at having this Boy call'd Captain, and I cry'd, and told my Nurse, I would be call'd Captain; for she told me I was a Gentleman, and I would be a Captain, that I would: The good Woman, to keep the Peace, told me, ay, ay, I was a Gentleman, and therefore I should be above a Captain, for I should be a Colonel, and that was a great deal better than a Captain; for my Dear, *says she*, every Tarpawlin, if he gets but to be Lieutenant of a press Smack, is call'd Captain, but Colonels are Soldiers, and none but Gentlemen are ever made Colonels; besides, *says she*, I have known Colonels come to be Lords, and Generals, tho' they were Bas—ds at first, and therefore you shall be call'd Colonel.

WELL, I was hush'd indeed with this for the present, but not thoroughly pleas'd, till a little while after I heard her tell her own Boy, that I was a Gentleman, and therefore he must call me Colonel, at which her Boy fell a crying, and he would be call'd Colonel; that Part pleas'd me to the Life, that he should cry to be call'd Colonel, for then I was satisfy'd that it was above a Captain: So universally is Ambition seated in the Minds of Men, that not a Beggar-boy but has his Share of it.

So here was Colonel *Jack*, and Captain *Jack*, as for the third Boy, he was only plain *Jack* for some Years after, till he came to Preferment by the Merit of his Birth, as you shall hear in its Place.

WE were hopeful Boys all Three of us, and promis'd very early by many repeated Circumstances of our Lives, that we would be all Rogues, and yet I cannot say, if what I have heard of my Nurses Character be true, but the honest Woman did what she cou'd to prevent it.

BEFORE I tell you much more of our Story, it would be very proper to give you something of our several Characters, as I have gather'd them up in my Memory, as far back as I can recover Things, either of

myself, or my Brother *Jacks*, and they shall be Brief and Impartial.

Capt. JACK, was the eldest of us all, by a whole Year, he was a squat, big, strong-made Boy, and promis'd to be stout when grown up to be a Man, but not to be tall. His Temper was sly, fullen, reserv'd, malicious, revengeful; and withal, he was brutish, bloody, and cruel in his Disposition; he was as to Manners a meer Boor, or Clown, of a Carman like Breed; sharp as a Street-bred Boy must be, but ignorant and unteachable from a Child. He had much the Nature of a Bull Dog, bold and desperate, but not generous at all; all the School-Mistresses we went to, could never make him learn, no, not so much as to make him know his Letters; and as if he was born a Thief, he would steal every thing that came near him, even as soon almost as he could Speak; and that, not from his Mother only, but from any Body else, and from us too that were his Brethren and Companions. He was an original Rogue, for he would do the foulest and most villainous Things, even by his own Inclination; he had no Taste or Sense of being Honest, no, not, I say, to his Brother Rogues, which is what other Thieves make a Point of Honour of; I mean that of being Honest to one another.

THE other, that is to say, the youngest of us *Johns*, was called Major *Jack*, by the Accident following; the Lady that had deposited him with our Nurse, had own'd to her that it was a Major of the Guards that was the Father of the Child; but that she was obliged to conceal his Name, and that was enough. So he was at first call'd *John* the *Major*, and afterwards the *Major*, and at last, when we came to rove together, Major *Jack* according to the rest, for his Name was *John*, as I have observ'd already.

Major *Jack* was a merry, facetious pleasant Boy, had a good Share of Wit, especially *Off-hand-Wit*, as they call it; was full of Jest and good Humour, and as I often said, had some thing of a Gentleman in him; he had a true Manly Courage, fear'd nothing, and could look Death in the Face, without any Hesitation; and yet if he had the Advantage, was the most generous
and

and most compassionate Creature alive; he had native Principles of Gallantry in him, without any Thing of the brutal or terrible Part that the Captain had; and in a Word, he wanted nothing but Honesty to have made him an excellent Man; he had learn'd to read as I had done, and as he talk'd very well, so he wrote good Sense, and very handsome Language, as you will see in the Process of his Story.

As for your humble Servant, Colonel *Jack*, he was a poor unhappy tractable Dog, willing enough, and capable too, to learn any Thing, if he had had any but the Devil for his School-Master: He set out into the World so early, that when he began to do Evil, he understood nothing of the Wickedness of it, nor what he had to expect for it: I remember very well, that when I was once carried before a Justice, for a Theft which indeed I was not guilty of, and defended my self by Argument, proving the Mistakes of my Accusers, and how they contradicted themselves; the Justice told me it was pity I had not been better employ'd, for I was certainly better taught; in which however his Worship was mistaken, for I had never been taught any Thing, but to be a Thief; except, as I said, to read and write, and that was all, before I was ten Years old: But I had a natural Talent of Talking, and could say as much to the Purpose as most People that had been taught no more than I.

I pass'd among my Comrades for a bold resolute Boy, and one that durst fight any Thing; but I had a different Opinion of my self, and therefore shunn'd fighting as much as I could, tho' sometimes I ventur'd too, and came off well, being very strong made, and nimble withal. However, I many Times brought my self off with my Tongue, where my Hands would not be sufficient; and this as well after I was a Man, as while I was a Boy.

I was wary and dextrous at my Trade, and was not so often catch'd as my Fellow Rogues, I mean while I was a Boy, and never, after I came to be a Man, no, not once for 26 Years, being so old in the Trade, and still unhang'd, as you shall hear.

As for my Person, while I was a dirty Glas-Bottle House Boy, sleeping in the Ashes, and dealing always in the Street Dirt, it cannot be expected but that I look'd like what I was, and so we did all; that is to say, like a *Black your Shoes your Honour*, a Beggar Boy, a Black-Guard Boy, or what you please, despicable, and miserable, to the last Degree; and yet I remember, the People would say of me, that Boy has a good Face, if he was wash'd and well dress'd, he would be a good pretty Boy, do but look what Eyes he has, what a pleasant smiling Countenance, 'tis pity! I wonder what the Rogue's Father and Mother was, and the like; then they would call me, and ask me my Name, and I would tell them my Name was *Jack*. But what's your Sirname, Sirrah? says they: I don't know, says I: Who is your Father and Mother? I have none, said I. What, and never had you any? said they: No, says I, not that I know of: Then they would shake their Heads, and cry, poor Boy! and 'tis a Pity! *and the like!* and so let me go. But I laid up all these Things in my Heart.

I was almost 10 Years old, the Captain 11, and the Major about 8, when the good Woman my Nurse died; her Husband was a Seaman, and had been drown'd a little before in the *Gloucester* Frigate, one of the King's Ships which was cast away going to *Scotland* with the Duke of *York*, in the Time of King *Charles II.* and the honest Woman dying very poor, the Parish was oblig'd to bury her; when the three young *Jacks* attended her Corps, and I the Colonel, (for we all pass'd for her own Children) was Chief Mourner, the Captain, who was the eldest Son, going back very sick.

THE good Woman being dead, we, the three *Jacks* were turn'd loose to the World; as to the Parish providing for us, we did not trouble our selves much about that; we rambl'd about all three together, and the People in *Rosemary-Lane* and *Ratcliff*, and that Way, knowing us pretty well, we got Victuals easily enough, and without much begging.

FOR my particular Part, I got some Reputation, for a mighty civil honest Boy; for if I was sent of an Errand, I
always

always did it punctually and carefully, and made Haste again; and if I was trusted with any Thing, I never touch'd it to diminish it, but made it a Point of Honour to be punctual to whatever was committed to me, tho' I was as Errant a Thief as any of them in all other Cases.

In like Case, some of the poorer Shop-Keepers would often leave me at their Door, to look after their Shops, till they went up to Dinner, or 'till they went over the Way to an Ale-house, and the like, and I always did it freely and cheerfully, and with the utmost Honesty.

CAPTAIN *Jack* on the contrary, a surly, ill-look'd rough Boy, had not a Word in his Mouth that favour'd either of good Manners, or good Humour; he wou'd say yes and no, just as he was asked a Question, and that was all, but no Body got any Thing from him that was obliging in the least; if he was sent of an Errand he would forget half of it, and it may be go to play, if he met any Boys, and never go at all, or if he went never come back with an Answer; which was such a regardless, disobliging Way, that no Body had a good Word for him, and every Body said he had the very Look of a Rogue, and would come to be hang'd: In a Word, he got nothing of any Body for good Will, but was as it were oblig'd to turn Thief, for the meer Necessity of Bread to eat; for if he begg'd, he did it with so ill a Tone, rather like bidding Folks give him Victuals than entreating them, that one Man of whom he had something given, and knew him, told him one Day, Capt. *Jack*, says he, thou art but an awkward, ugly sort of a Beggar now thou art a Boy, I doubt thou wilt be fitter to ask a Man for his Purse than for a Penny, when thou comest to be a Man.

THE Major was a merry thoughtless Fellow, always chearful, whether he had any Victuals or no, he never complain'd, and he recommended himself so well by his good Carriage, that the Neighbours lov'd him, and he got Victuals enough one where or other: Thus we all made shift, tho' we were so little to keep from starving, and as for Lodging, we lay in the Summer-Time about the Watch-houses, and on Bulk-heads, and
Shop-

Shop-Doors, where we were known; as for a Bed we knew nothing what belong'd to it for many Years after my Nurse died, and in Winter we got into the Ash-holes, and Nealing-Arches in the Glafs-house, call'd *Dallow's Glafs-house in Rosemary-Lane*, or at another Glafs-house in *Ratcliff-Highway*.

In this Manner we liv'd for some Years, and here we fail'd not to fall among a Gang of naked, ragged Rogues like ourselves, wicked as the Devil cou'd desire to have them be, at so early an Age, and ripe for all the other Parts of Mischief that suited them as they advanc'd in Years.

I remember that one cold Winter Night we were disturbed in our Rest with a Constable and his Watch, crying out for one *Wry-Neck*, who it seems had done some Roguery, and requir'd a Hue and Cry of that Kind, and the Watch were inform'd he was to be found among the Beggar Boys under the Nealing-arches in the Glafs-house.

THE Alarm being given, we were awaken'd in the Dead of the Night with *Come out here, ye Crew of young Devils, come out and show yourselves*; so we were all produc'd, some came out rubbing their Eyes, and scratching their Heads, and others were dragg'd out, and I think there was about Seventeen of us in all, but *Wry-Neck*, as they call'd him, was not among them; it seems this was a good big Boy, that us'd to be among the Inhabitants of that Place, and had been concern'd in a Robbery the Night before, in which his Comrade, who was taken, who in Hopes of escaping Punishment had discovered him, and inform'd where he usually harbour'd; but he was aware it seems, and had secur'd himself, at least for that Time; so we were allowed to return to our warm Apartment among the Coal-ashes, where I slept many a cold Winter Night: Nay, I may say, many a Winter, as sound, and as comfortably as ever I did since, tho' in better Lodgings.

In this manner of living we went on a good while, I believe two Year, and neither did, or meant any Harm: We generally went all three together; for in
part

short, the Captain for want of Address, and for something disagreeable in him, would have starv'd if we had not kept him with us: As we were always together, we were generally known by the Name of the three *Jacks*; but Colonel *Jack* had always the Preference upon many Accounts; the Major, as I have said, was merry and pleasant, but the Colonel always held Talk with the better Sort, I mean the better sort of those that would converse with a Beggar Boy: In this Way of Talk, I was always upon the Inquiry, asking Questions of Things done in Publick as well as in Private, particularly I lov'd to talk with Seamen and Soldiers about the War, and about the great Sea-Fights, or Battles on Shore, that any of them had been in; and as I never forgot any Thing they told me, I could soon, that is to say, in a few Years give almost as good an Account of the *Dutch War*, and of the Fights at Sea, the Battles in *Flanders*, the taking of *Maestricht*, and the like, as any of those that had been there, and this made those old Soldiers and Tars love to talk with me too, and to tell me all the Stories they could think of, and that not only of the Wars then going on, but also of the Wars in *Oliver's Time*, the Death of King *Charles I.* and the like.

By this Means, as young as I was, I was a kind of an Historian, and tho' I had read no Books, and never had any Books to read, yet I cou'd give a tollerable Account of what had been done, and of what was then a doing in the World, especially in those Things that our own People were concern'd in. I knew the Names of every Ship in the Navy, and who commanded them too, and all this before I was 14 Year old, or but very soon after.

CAPT. *Jack* in this Time fell into bad Company, and went away from us, and it was a good while before we ever heard Tale or Tidings of him, till about half a Year I think, or thereabouts, I understood he was got among a Gang of Kidnappers, as they were then call'd, being a sort of wicked Fellows that us'd to spirit Peoples Children away, that is, snatch them up in the Dark, and stopping their Mouths, carry them to
such

such Houses where they had Rogues ready to receive them, and so carry them on Board of Ships bound to *Virginia*, and sell them.

THIS was a Trade that horrid *Jack*, for so I call'd him, when we were grown up, was very fit for, especially the violent Part; for if a little Child got into his Clutches, he would stop the Breath of it, instead of stopping its Mouth, and never troubled his Head with the Child's being almost strangl'd, so he did but keep it from making a Noise. There was it seems some villainous Thing done by this Gang about that Time, whether a Child was murther'd among them, or a Child otherwise abus'd; but it seems it was a Child of an eminent Citizen, and the Parent some how or other got a Scent of the Thing, so that they recover'd their Child, tho' in a sad Condition, and almost kill'd; I was too young, and it was too long ago for me to remember the whole Story, but they were all taken up and sent to *Newgate*, and Capt. *Jack* among the rest, tho' he was but young, for he was not then much above 13 Years old.

WHAT Punishment was inflicted upon the Rogues of that Gang I cannot tell now, but the Captain being but a Lad, was order'd to be three Times soundly whipt at *Bridewell*; my Lord-Mayor, or the Recorder telling him, it was done in Pity to him, to keep him from the Gallows, not forgetting to tell him, that he had a hanging Look, and bid him have a Care on that very Account; so remarkable was the Captain's Countenance, even so young, and which he heard of afterwards on many Occasions: When he was in *Bridewell*, I heard of his Misfortune, and the Major and I went to see him, for this was the first News we heard of what became of him.

THE very Day that we went, he was call'd out to be corrected, as they call'd it, according to his Sentence, and as it was order'd to be done soundly, so indeed they were true to the Sentence, for the Alderman, who was the President of *Bridewell*, and who I think they call'd Sir *William Turner*, held preaching to him about how young he was, and what pity it was such a Youth should

should come to be hang'd, and a great deal more, how he shou'd take Warning by it, and how wicked a Thing it was, that they should steal away poor innocent Children, and the like; and all this while the Man with a blue Badge on, lash'd him most unmercifully, for he was not to leave off till Sir *William* knock'd with a little Hammer on the Table.

THE poor Captain stamp'd and danc'd, and roar'd out like a mad Boy; and I must confess, I was frighted almost to Death; for tho' I could not come near enough; being but a poor Boy, to see how he was handled, yet I saw him afterwards, with his Back all wheel'd with the Lashes, and in several Places bloody, and thought I should have died with the Sight of it; but I grew better acquainted with those Things afterwards.

I did what I could to comfort the poor Captain, when I got Leave to come to him. But the worst was not over with him, for he was to have two more such Whippings before they had done with him; and indeed they scourg'd him so severely, that they made him sick of the Kidnapping Trade for a great while; but he fell in among them again, and kept among them as long as that Trade lasted, for it ceased in a few Years afterwards.

THE Major and I, tho' very young, had sensible Impressions made upon us for some Time, by the severe Usage of the Captain, and it might be very well said, we were corrected as well as he, tho' not concerned in the Crime: But it was within the Year that the Major, a good condition'd easy Boy, was wheedled away by a couple of young Rogues that frequented the Glass-house Apartments, to take a Walk with them, as they were pleased to call it: The Gentlemen were very well match'd, the Major was about 12 Years old, and the oldest of the two that led him out, was not above 14; the Business was to go to *Bartholomew-Fair*, and the End of going to *Bartholomew-Fair*, was in short, to pick Pockets.

THE Major knew nothing of the Trade, and therefore was to do nothing, but they promised him a Share for all that, as if he had been as expert as themselves;
so

so away they went. The two dextrous young Rogues manag'd it so well, that by about 8 o'Clock at Night, they came back to our dusty Quarters at the Glas-house, and sitting them down in a Corner, they began to share their Spoil, by the Light of the Glas-house Fire: The Major lug'd out the Goods, for as fast as they made any Purchase, they unloaded themselves and gave all to him, that if they had been taken, nothing might be found about them.

It was a devilish lucky Day to them, the Devil certainly assisting them to find their Prey, that he might draw in a young Gamester, and encourage him to the Undertaking, who had been made backward before by the Misfortune of the Captain. The List of their Purchase the first Night, was as follows.

- I. A white Handkerchief from a Country Wench, as she was staring up at a *Jack-pudding*, there was 3 s. 6 d. and a Row of Pins tied up in one End of it.
- II. A colour'd Handkerchief, out of a young Country Fellow's Pocket as he was buying a *China Orange*.
- III. A Ribband Purse with 11 s. 3 d. and a Silver Thimble in it, out of a young Woman's Pocket, just as a Fellow offer'd to pick her up.
- IV. A Knife and Fork, that a Couple of Boys had just bought, and were going Home with; the young Rogue that took it, got it within the Minute after the Boy had put it in his Pocket.
- V. A little Silver Box with 7 s. in it, all in small Silver, 1 d. 2 d. 3 d. 4 d. Pieces.

N. B. This it seems a Maid pull'd out of her Pocket, to pay at her going into the Booth to see a Show, and the little Rogue got his Hand

Hand in and fetch'd it off, just as she put it up again.

VI. Another Silk Handkerchief, out of a Gentleman's Pocket,

VII. Another.

VIII. A jointed Baby, and a little Looking-Glass stolen off a Toy Seller's Stall in the Fair.

ALL this Cargo to be brought Home clear in one Afternoon, or Evening rather, and by only two little Rogues so young, was, it must be confessed extraordinary; and the Major was elevated the next Day to a strange Degree.

HE came very early to me, who lay not far from him, and said to me, Colonel *Jack* I want to speak with you. Well, said I, what do you say? Nay, said he, it is Business of Consequence, I cannot talk here, so we walk'd out: As soon as we were come out into a narrow Lane, by the Glass-house, look here, says he, and pulls out his little Hand almost full of Money.

I was surpriz'd at the Sight, when he puts it up again, and bringing his Hand out, here says he, you shall have some of it, and gives me a Six-pence, and a Shillings worth of the small Silver Pieces. This was very welcome to me, who, as much as I was of a Gentleman, and as much as I thought of my self upon that Account, never had a Shilling of Money together before in all my Life, not that I could call my own.

I was very earnest then to know how he came by this Wealth, for he had for his Share 7s. 6d. in Money, the silver Thimble, and a silk Handkerchief, which was in short an Estate to him, that never had, as I said of myself a Shilling together in his Life.

AND what will you do with it now *Jack* said I? I do, says he, the first Thing I do, I'll go into *Rag-Fair* and buy me a pair of Shoes and Stockings, that's right, says I, and so will I too; so away we went together, and we bought each of us a pair of *Rag-Fair* Stockings in the first Place for 5d. not 5d. a Pair, but

5 *d.* together, and good Stockings they were too, much above our wear I assure you.

WE found it more difficult to fit our selves with Shoes, but at last, having look'd a great while before we cou'd find any good enough for us, we found a Shop very well stor'd, and of these we bought two pair for Sixteen-pence.

WE put them on immediately to our great Comfort, for we had neither of us had any Stockings to our Legs that had any Feet to them for a long Time: I found my self so refresh'd with having a pair of warm Stockings on, and a pair of dry Shoes; Things, I say, which I had not been acquainted with a great while, that I began to call to mind my being a Gentleman, and now I thought it began to come to pass; when we had thus fitted ourselves, I said, hark ye, Major *Jack*, you and I never had any Money in our Lives before, and we never had a good Dinner in all our Lives; what if we should go somewhere and get some Victuals, I am very hungry?

So we will then says the Major, I am a hungry too; so we went to a boiling Cook's in *Rosemary-Lane*, where we treated our selves nobly, and as I thought with my self we began to live like Gentlemen, for we had Three-penny worth of boil'd Beef, Two-penny worth of Pudding, a Penny Brick, (as they call it, or Loaf) and a whole Pint of strong Beer, which was 7 *d.* in all.

N. B. We had each of us a good Mess of charming Beef Broth into the Bargain; and which chear'd my Heart wonderfully, all the while we were at Dinner, the Maid and the Boy in the House every Time they pass'd by the open Box where we sat at our Dinner, would look in, and cry, Gentlemen do you call? and do ye call Gentlemen? I say this was as good to me as all my Dinner.

Nor the best House-keeper in *Stepney* Parish, nor my Lord-Mayor of *London*, no, not the greatest Man on Earth could be more happy in their own Imagination, and with less Mixture of Grief or Reflection, than

than I was at this new Piece of Felicity, tho' mine was but a small Part of it, for Major *Jack* had an Estate compar'd to me, as I had an Estate compar'd to what I had before: In a Word, nothing but an utter Ignorance of greater Felicity, which was my Case, could make any Body think himself so exalted as I did, tho' I had no Share of this Booty but 18 *d*.

THAT Night the Major and I triumph'd in our new Enjoyment, and slept with an undisturb'd Repose in the usual Place, surrounded with the Warmth of the Glass-house Fires above, which was a full Amends for all the Ashes and Cinders which we roll'd in below.

THOSE who know the Position of the Glass-houses, and the Arches where they Neal the Bottles after they are made, know that those Places where the Ashes are cast, and where the poor Boys lie, are Cavities in the Brick-Work, perfectly close, except at the Entrance, and consequently warm as the Dressing-room of a *Bag-nio*, that it is impossible they can feel any Cold there, were it in *Greenland*, or *Nova Zembla*, and that therefore the Boys lie not only safe, but very comfortably, the Ashes excepted, which are no Grievance at all to them.

THE next Day the Major and his Comrades went abroad again, and were still successful; nor did any Disaster attend them, for I know not how many Months, and by frequent Imitation and Direction, Major *Jack* became as dextrous a Pick-pocket as any of them, and went on thro' a long variety of Fortunes, too long to enter upon now, because I am hastening to my own Story, which at present is the main Thing I have to set down.

THE Major fail'd not to let me see every Day the Effects of his new Prosperity, and was so bountiful, as frequently to throw me a Tester, sometimes a Shilling, and I might perceive that he began to have Cloaths on his Back to leave the Ash-hole, having gotten a Society Lodging (of which I may give an Explanation by itself on another Occasion) and which was more, he took upon him to wear a Shirt, which was what neither he or I had ventur'd to do for three Year before and upward.

BUT

BUT I observ'd all this while, that tho' Major *Jack* was so prosperous, and had thriven so well, and notwithstanding he was very kind, and even generous to me, in giving me Money upon many Occasions, yet he never invited me to enter my self into the Society, or to embark with him, whereby I might have been made as happy as he, no, nor did he recommend the Employment to me at all.

I was not very well pleased with his being thus reserv'd to me; I had learn'd from him in general, that the Business was picking of Pockets, and I fancy'd that thro' the Ingenuity of the Trade consisted very much in flight of Hand, a good Address, and being very nimble, yet that it was not at all difficult to learn; and especially I thought the Opportunities were so many, the Country People that come to *London* so foolish, so gaping, and so engag'd in looking about them, that it was a Trade with no great Hazard annex'd to it, and might be easily learn'd, if I did but know in general the Manner of it, and how they went about it.

THE subtle Devil, never absent from his Business, but ready at all Occasions to encourage his Servants, remov'd all these Difficulties, and brought me into an Intimacy with one of the most exquisite Divers or Pick-pockets in the Town; and this our Intimacy was of no less a kind than that, as I had an Inclination to be as wicked as any of them, he was for taking Care that I should not be disappointed.

HE was above the little Fellows who went about stealing Trifles and Baubles in *Bartholomew-Fair*, and run the Risque of being Mobb'd for 3 or 4 s. his Aim was at higher Things, even at no less than considerable Sums of Money, and Bills for more.

HE solicited me earnestly to go and take a Walk with him as above, adding, that after he had shown me my Trade a little, he would let me be as wicked as I would, that is, as he express'd it, that after he had made me capable, I should set up for my self if I pleas'd, and he would only wish me good Luck.

ACCORDINGLY as Major *Jack* went with his Gentleman, only to see the manner, and receive the Purchase,

chafe, and yet come in for a Share; so he told me if he had Success, I should have my Share as much as if I had been Principal; and this he assured me was a Custom of the Trade, in order to encourage young Beginners, and bring them into the Trade with Courage, for that nothing was to be done if a Man had not the Heart of the Lyon.

I hesitated at the Matter a great while, objecting the Hazard, and telling the Story of Captain *Jack* my elder Brother, as I might call him: Well Colonel, says he, I find you are faint Hearted, and to be faint Hearted, is indeed to be unfit for our Trade, for nothing but a bold Heart can go thro' stitch with this Work; but however, as there is nothing for you to do, so there is no Risque for you to run in these Things the first Time, if I am taken, says he, you having nothing to do in it, they will let you go free, for it shall easily be made appear, that whatever I have done, you had no Hand in it.

UPON those Perswasions I ventur'd out with him; but I soon found that my new Friend was a Thief of Quality, and a Pick-pocket above the ordinary Rank, and that aim'd higher abundantly than my Brother *Jack*; he was a bigger Boy than I a great deal; for tho' I was now near 15 Year old; I was not big of my Age, and as to the Nature of the Thing, I was perfectly a Stranger to it; I knew indeed what at first I did not, for it was a good while before I understood the Thing as an Offence: I look'd on picking Pockets as a Trade, and thought I was to go Apprentice to it; 'tis true, this was when I was young in the Society, as well as younger in Years, but even now I understood it to be only a Thing, for which, if we were catch'd, we run the Risque of being duck'd or pump'd, which we call Soaking, and then all was over; and we made nothing of having our Raggs wetted a little; but I never understood, till a great while after, that the Crime was Capital, and that we might be sent to *Newgate* for it, till a great Fellow, almost a Man, one of our Society was hang'd for it, and then I was terribly frightened, as you shall hear by and by.

WELL, upon the Perswasions of this Lad, I walk'd out with him ; a poor innocent Boy, and (as I remember my very Thoughts perfectly well) I had no Evil in my Intentions ; I had never stolen any Thing in my Life, and if a Goldsmith had left me in his Shop with heaps of Money strew'd all round me, and bad me look after it, I should not have touch'd it, I was so honest ; but the subtille Tempter baited his Hook for me, as I was a Child, in a manner suitable to my Childishness, for I never took this picking of Pockets to be Dishonesty, but as I have said above, I look'd on it as a kind of Trade, that I was to be bred up too, and so I enter'd upon it, till I became harden'd in it beyond the Power of retreating ; and thus I was made a Thief involuntarily, and went on a Length that few Boys do, without coming to the common Period of that kind of Life, I mean to the Transport Ship, or to the Gallows.

THE first Day I went Abroad with my new Instructor, he carried me directly into the City, and as we went first to the Water-side, he led me into the Long Room at the *Custom-house* ; we were but a couple of ragg'd Boys at best, but I was much the worse, my Leader had a Hat on, a Shirt, and a Neckcloth ; as for me, I had neither of the three, nor had I spoil'd my Manners so much as to have a Hat on my Head since my Nurse died, which was now some Years ; his Orders to me were to keep always in Sight, and near him, but not close to him, nor to take any Notice of him at any Time till he came to me ; and if any Hurly Burly happen'd, I should by no means know him, or pretend to have any Thing to do with him.

I observ'd my Orders to a Tittle, while he peer'd into every Corner, and had his Eye upon every Body ; I kept my Eye directly upon him, but went always at a Distance, and on the other Side of the long Room, looking as it were for Pins, and picking them up out of the Dust as I cou'd find them, and then sticking them on my Sleeve, where I had at last got 40 or 50 good Pins ; but still my Eye was upon my Comrade, who I observ'd was very busy among the Crowds of People that stood

stood at the Board, doing Business with the Officers, who pass the Entries, and make the Cocquets, &c.

AT length he comes over to me, and stooping as if he would take up a Pin close to me, he put something into my Hand, and said, put that up, and follow me down Stairs quickly : He did not run, but shuff'd along a pace thro' the Crowd, and went down not the great Stairs which we came in at, but a little narrow Stair-case at the other End of the Long-Room ; I follow'd, and he found I did, and so went on, not stopping below as I expected, nor speaking one Word to me, till thro' innumerable narrow Passages, Alleys, and dark Ways, we were got up into *Fenchurch-street*, and thro' *Billiter-Lane* into *Leaden-hall-street*, and from thence into *Leaden-hall-Market*.

It was not a Meat-Market Day, so we had Room to sit down upon one of the Butcher's Stalls, and he bid me lug out ; what he had given me, was a little Leather Letter-Case, with a *French Almanack* stuck in the inside of it, and a great many Papers in it of several kinds.

WE look'd them over, and found there was several valuable Bills in it, such as Bills of *Exchange*, and other Notes, Things I did not understand ; but among the rest was a Goldsmith's Note, as he call'd it, of one Sir *Stephen Evans* for 300 *l.* payable to the Bearer, and at Demand, besides this, there was another Note for 12*l.* 10*s.*, being a Goldsmith's Bill too, but I forget the Name ; there was a Bill or two also written in *French*, which neither of us understood, but which it seems were Things of Value, being call'd Foreign Bills accepted.

THE Rogue my Master knew what belong'd to the Goldsmith's Bills well enough, and I observ'd when he read the Bill of Sir *Stephen* ; he said this is too big for me to meddle with, but when he came to the Bill for 12*l.* 10*s.* he said to me, *this will do, come hither Jack* ; so away he runs to *Lombard-street*, and I after him, huddling the other Papers into the Letter-Case ; as he went along, he enquir'd the Name out immediately, and went directly to the Shop, put on a

good grave Countenance, and had the Money paid him without any Stop or Question ask'd, I stood on the other Side the Way looking about the Street, as not at all concern'd with any Body that Way, but observ'd that when he presented the Bill he pull'd out the Letter-Cafe, as if he had been a Merchant's Boy, acquainted with Business, and had other Bills about him.

THEY paid him the Money in Gold, and he made Haste enough in telling it over, and came away, passing by me, and going into *Three-King-Court*, on the other Side of the Way; then we cross'd back into *Clement's-Lane*, made the best of our Way to *Cole-Harbour*, at the Water-side, and got a Sculler for a *Id.* to carry us over the Water to *St. Mary Over's* Stairs, where we Landed, and were safe enough.

HERE he turns to me, Colonel *Jack*, says he, I believe you are a lucky Boy, this is a good Job, we'll go away to *St. George's-Fields* and share our Booty; away he went to the Fields, and sitting down in the Grass far enough out of the Path, he pull'd out the Money, look here *Jack*, says he, did you ever see the like before in your Life? No, never says I, and added very innocently, *must we have it all?* We have it! says he, who should have it? Why says I, must the Man have none of it again that lost it; he have it again, says he, what d'ye mean by that; Nay, I don't know, says I, why you said just now you would let him have the t'other Bill again, that you said was too big for you.

HE laugh'd at me, you are but a little Boy, says he, that's true, but I thought you had not been such a Child neither; so he mighty gravely explain'd the Thing to me thus: That the Bill of *Sir Stephen Evans* was a great Bill for 300 *l.* and if I, says he, that am but a poor Lad should venture to go for the Money, they will presently say, how should I come by such a Bill, and that I certainly found it or stole it, so they will stop me, says he, and take it away from me, and it may be bring me into Trouble for it too; so, says he, I did say it was too big for me to meddle with, and that I would let the Man have it again if I could tell how;

how; but for the Money *Jack*, the Money that we have got, I warrant you he should have none of that; besides, says he, who ever he be that has lost this Letter-Cafe, to be sure, as soon as he miss'd it, he would run to a Goldsmith and give Notice, that if any Body came for the Money, they would be stopp'd; but I am too old for him there, says he.

WHY, says I, and what will you do with the Bill? Will you throw it away? If you do, somebody else will find it says I, and they will go and take the Money: No, no, says he, then they will be stopp'd and examin'd, as I tell you, I should be: I did not know well what all this meant, so I talk'd no more about that; but we fell to handling the Money, as for me, I had never seen so much together in all my Life, nor did I know what in the World to do with it, and once or twice I was a going to bid him keep it for me, which wou'd have been done like a Child indeed, for to be sure, I had never heard a Word more of it, tho' nothing had befallen him.

HOWEVER, as I happen'd to hold my Tongue as to that Part, he shar'd the Money very honestly with me, only at the End he told me, that tho' it was true, he promis'd me half, yet as it was the first Time, and I had done nothing but look on, so he thought it was very well if I took a little less than he did; so he divided the Money, which was 12*l.* 10*s.* into two exact Parts, (*viz.*) 6*l.* 5*s.* in each Part, then he took 1*l.* 5*s.* from my Part, and told me I should give him that for Hansel, well, says I, take it then, for I think you deserve it all; so however, I took up the rest, and what shall I do with this now, says I, for I have no where to put it? Why have you no Pockets? says he, yes says I, but they are full of Holes; I have often thought since that, and with some Mirth too, how I had really more Wealth than I knew what to do with, for Lodging I had none, nor any Box or Drawer to hide my Money in, nor had I any Pocket, but such as I say was full of Holes; I knew no Body in the World, that I cou'd go and desire them to lay it up for me; for being a poor naked, ragged Boy, they

would presently say, I had robb'd some Body, and perhaps lay hold of me, and my Money would be my Crime, as they say, it often is in Foreign Countries: And now as I was full of Wealth, behold! I was full of Care, for what to do to secure my Money I could not tell, and this held me so long, and was so vexatious to me the next Day, that I truly sat down and cried.

NOTHING cou'd be more perplexing than this Money was to me all that Night, I carried it in my Hand a good while, for it was in Gold all but 14s. and that is to say, it was in four Guineas, and that 14s. was more difficult to carry then the four Guineas; at last I sat down and pull'd off one of my Shoes, and put the four Guineas into that, but after I had gone a while, my Shoe hurt me so I cou'd not go, so I was fain to sit down again, and take it out of my Shoe, and carry it in my Hand, then I found a dirty linnen Rag in the Street, and I took that up, and wrapt it all together, and carried it in that a good way. I have often since heard People say, when they have been talking of Money that they cou'd not get in, I wish I had it in a foul Clout: In Truth, I had mine in a foul Clout, for it was foul according to the Letter of that Saying, but it serv'd me till I came to a convenient Place, and then I sat down and wash'd the Cloth in the Kennel, and so then put my Money in again.

WELL, I carried it Home with me to my Lodging in the Glas-house, and when I went to go to Sleep, I knew not what to do with it; if I had let any of the black Crew I was with know of it, I should have been smother'd in the Ashes for it, or robb'd of it, or some Trick or other put upon me for it; so I knew not what to do, but lay with it in my Hand, and my Hand in my Bosom, but then Sleep went from my Eyes: O! the Weight of human Care! I a poor Beggar Boy cou'd not sleep as soon as I had but a little Money to keep, who before that, cou'd have slept upon a Heap of Brick-bats, Stones, or Cinders, or any where, as sound as a rich Man does on his Down Bed, and sounder too.

EVERY now and then dropping a-sleep, I should Dream that my Money was lost, and start like one frightened;

frighted; then finding it fast in my Hand, try to go to sleep again, but could not for a long while, then drop and start again; at last a Fancy came into my Head, that if I fell a-sleep, I should dream of the Money, and talk of it in my Sleep, and tell that I had Money, which if I should do, and one of the Rogues should hear me, they would pick it out of my Bosom, and of my Hand too without waking me, and after that Thought I cou'd not sleep a wink more; so that I pass'd that Night over in Care and Anxiety enough, and this I may safely say, was the first Nights Rest that I lost by the Cares of this Life, and the deceitfulness of Riches.

As soon as it was Day, I got out of the Hole we lay in, and rambled abroad in the Fields towards *Stepney*, and there I mus'd and consider'd what I shou'd do with this Money, and many a Time I wish'd that I had not had it, for after all my ruminating upon it, and what Course I should take with it, or where I should put it, I cou'd not hit upon any one Thing, or any possible Method to secure it, and it perplex'd me so, that at last, as I said just now, I sat down and cried heartily.

WHEN my crying was over, the Case was the same; I had the Money still, and what to do with it I could not tell, at last it came into my Head, that I wou'd look out for some Hole in a Tree, and see to hide it there, till I shou'd have occasion for it: Big with this Discovery, as I then thought it, I began to look about me for a Tree; but there were no Trees in the Fields about *Stepney*, or *Mile-End*, that look'd fit for my Purpose, and if there were any, that I began to look narrowly at, the Fields were so full of People, that they wou'd see if I went to hide any Thing there, and I thought the People ey'd me as it were, and that two Men in particular follow'd me, to see what I intended to do.

THIS drove me farther off, and I cross'd the Road at *Mile-End*, and in the middle of the Town went down a Lane that goes away to the *Blind Beggars* at *Bednal-Green*; when I came a little way in the Lane, I found a Foot Path over the Fields, and in those

Fields several Trees for my Turn as I thought ; at last one Tree had a little Hole in it, pretty high out of my Reach, and I climb'd up the Tree to get it, and when I came there, I put my Hand in, and found, (as I thought) a Place very fit, so I placed my Treasure there, and was mighty well satisfied with it, but behold, putting my Hand in again to lay it more commodiously as I thought, of a sudden it slipp'd away from me, and I found the Tree was hollow, and my little Parcel was fallen in quite out of my Reach, and how far it might go in I knew not ; so, that in a Word, my Money was quite gone, irrecoverably lost, there could be no Room, so much as to Hope ever to see it again, for 'twas a vast great Tree.

As young as I was, I was now sensible what a Fool I was before, that I could not think of Ways to keep my Money, but I must come thus far to throw it into a Hole where I could not reach it ; well, I thrust my Hand quite up to my Elbow, but no Bottom was to be found, or any End of the Hole or Cavity ; I got a Stick off of the Tree, and thrust it in a great Way, but all was one ; then I cry'd, nay, roar'd out, I was in such a Passion, then I got down the Tree again, then up again, and thrust in my Hand again till I scratch'd my Arm and made it bleed, and cry'd all the while most violently : Then I began to think I had not so much as a Half-penny of it left for a Half-penny Roll, and I was hungry, and then I cry'd again : Then I came away in Despair, crying and roaring like a little Boy that had been whipp'd, then I went back again to the Tree, and up the Tree again, and thus I did several Times.

THE last Time I had gotten up the Tree, I happen'd to come down not on the same Side that I went up and came down before, but on the other Side of the Tree, and on the other Side of the Bank also ; and behold the Tree had a great open Place in the Side of it close to the Ground, as old hollow Trees often have ; and looking into the open Place, to my inexpressible Joy, there lay my Money and my linnen Rag, all wrapp'd up just as I had put it into the Hole : For the Tree

Tree being hollow all the Way up; there had been some Moss or light Stuff, (which I had not Judgment enough to know) was not firm, and had given Way when it came to drop out of my Hand, and so it had slipp'd quite down at once.

I WAS but a Child, and I rejoic'd like a Child, for I hollow'd quite out aloud when I saw it; then I run to it and snatch'd it up, hug'd and kiss'd the dirty Rag a hundred Times; then danc'd and jump'd about, run from one End of the Field to the other, and in short, I knew not what, much less do I know now, what I did, tho' I shall never forget the Thing, either what a sinking Grief it was to my Heart when I thought I had lost it, or what a Flood of Joy o'erwhelm'd me when I had got it again.

WHILE I was in the first Transport of my Joy, as I have said, I run about and knew not what I did; but when that was over, I sat down, open'd the soul Clout the Money was in, look'd at it, told it, found it was all there, and then I fell a crying as favourly as I did before when I thought I had lost it.

It would tire the Reader should I dwell on all the little Boyish Tricks that I play'd in the Extasy of my Joy and Satisfaction, when I had found my Money; so I break off here: Joy is as extravagant as Grief; and since I have been a Man, I have often thought, that had such a Thing befallen a Man, so to have lost all he had, and not have a Bit of Bread to eat, and then so strangely to find it again, after having given it so effectually over. I say, had it been so with a Man, it might have hazarded his using some Violence upon himself.

WELL, I came away with my Money, and having taken 6d. out of it, before I made it up again, I went to a Chandler's Shop in *Mile-End*, and bought a Half-penny Roll, and a Half-pennyworth of Cheese, and sat down at the Door after I bought it, and eat it very heartily, and begg'd some Beer to drink with it, which the good Woman gave me very freely.

AWAY I went then for the Town, to see if I cou'd find any of my Companions, and resolv'd I would try
no

no more hollow Trees for my Treasure ; as I came along *White-Chapel*, I came by a Broker's Shop over-against the Church, where they sold old Cloaths, for I had nothing on but the worst of Rags ; so I stopp'd at the Shop, and stood looking at the Cloaths which hang'd at the Door.

WELL, young Gentleman, says a Man that stood at the Door, you look wishly, do you see any Thing you like, and will your Pocket compass a good Coat now, for you look as if you belong'd to the ragged Regiment : I was affronted at the Fellow, what's that to you, says I, how ragg'd I am, if I had seen any Thing I lik'd, I have Money to pay for it ; but I can go where I shan't be huffed at for looking.

WHILE I said thus, pretty boldly to the Fellow, comes a Woman out, What ails you, says she ? to the Man, to bully away our Customers so ; a poor Boy's Money is good as my Lord-Mayor's ; if poor People did not buy old Cloaths, what wou'd become of our Business ? and then turning to me, come hither Child, says she, if thou hast a Mind to any Thing I have, you shan't be hector'd by him ; the Boy is a pretty Boy, I assure you, says she, to another Woman that was by this Time come to her, ay, says the t'other, so he is, a very well looking Child, if he was clean and well dressed, and may be as good a Gentleman's Son for any Thing we know, as any of those that are well dressed : Come my Dear, says she, tell me what is it you would have ? She pleas'd me mightily to hear her talk of my being a Gentleman's Son, and it brought former Things to Mind, but when she talk'd of my being not clean, and in Rags, then I cry'd.

SHE press'd me to tell her if I saw any Thing that I wanted, I told her no, all the Cloaths I saw there, were too big for me ; come Child, says she, I have two Things here that will fit you, and I'm sure you want them both, that is, first a little Hat, and there, says she, (tossing it to me) I'll give you that for nothing ; and here is a good warm pair of Breeches, I dare say, says she, they will fit you, and they are very tite and good ; and, says she, if you shou'd ever come

to

to have so much Money that you don't know what to do with it, here are excellent good Pockets, says she, and a little Fob to put your Gold in, or your Watch in, when you get it.

It struck me with a strange kind of Joy, that I shou'd have a Place to put my Money in, and need not go to hide it again in a hollow Tree; that I was ready to snatch the Breeches out of her Hands, and wonder'd that I shou'd be such a Fool never to think of buying me a pair of Breeches before; that I might have a Pocket to put my Money in, and not carry it about two Days together in my Hand, and in my Shoe, and I knew not how; so in a Word, I gave her 2 s. for the Breeches, and went over into the Church-yard and put them on, put my Money into my new Pockets, and was as pleas'd as a Prince is with his Coach and six Horses; I thank'd the good Woman too for the Hat, and told her I wou'd come again when I got more Money, and buy some other Things I wanted, and so I came away.

I was but a Boy 'tis true, but I thought my self a Man now I had got a Pocket to put my Money in, and I went directly to find out my Companion, by whose Means I got it; but I was frighted out of my Wits when I heard that he was carried to *Bridewell*; I made no Question but it was for the Letter Case, and that I shou'd be carried there too, and then my poor Brother Captain *Jack's* Case came into my Head, and that I shou'd be whipp'd there as cruelly as he was, and I was in such a Fright, that I knew not what to do.

BUT in the Afternoon I met him, he had been carried to *Bridewell* it seems upon that very Affair, but was got out again: The Case was thus, having had such good Luck at the *Custom-house* the Day before, he takes his Walk thither again, and as he was in the Long-Room, gaping and staring about him, a Fellow lays Hold of him, and calls to one of the Clerks that sat behind, *here, says he, is the same young Rogue that I told you I saw loitering about t'other Day, when the Gentleman lost his Letter Case, and his Goldsmith's Bills; I dare say it was he that stole them; immediately the*
whole

whole Crowd of People gather'd about the Boy, and charg'd him point Blank; but he was too well us'd to such Things to be frighted into a Confession of what he knew they could not prove, for he had nothing about him belonging to it, nor had any Money, but Six-pence and a few dirty Farthings.

THEY threatened him, and pull'd, and hail'd him, till they almost pull'd the Cloaths off of his Back, and the Commissioners examin'd him; but all was one, he would own nothing, but *said*, he walk'd up thro' the Room only to see the Place both then, and the time before, for he had own'd he was there before; so as there was no Proof against him of any Fact, no, nor of any Circumstances relating to the Letter Case, they were forc'd at last to let him go; however, they made a show of carrying him to *Bridewell*, and they did carry him to the Gate, to see if they could make him confess any Thing; but he would confess nothing, and they had no *Mittimus*; so they durst not carry him into the House, nor would the People have receiv'd him I suppose, if they had; they having no Warrant for putting him in Prison.

WELL, when they could get nothing out of him they carry'd him into an Alehouse, and there they told him, that the Letter Case had Bills in it of a very great Value; that they would be of no use to the Rogue that had them, but they would be of infinite Damage to the Gentlemen; that had lost them, and that he had left word with the Clerk, who the Man that stopp'd this Boy had call'd to, and who was there with him, that he would give 30*l.* to any one that would bring them again, and give all the Security that could be desir'd that he would give them no Trouble, whoever it was.

He was just come from out of their Hands, when I met with him, and so he told me all the Story; but says he, *I would confess nothing, and so I got off and am come away clear.* Well, says I, and what will you do with the Letter Case, and the Bills, will not you let the poor Man have his Bills again? No, not I, says he, I won't trust them, what care I for their Bills. It came into my Head, as young as I was, that it was a sad Thing

Thing indeed to take a Man's Bills away for so much Money, and not have any Advantage by it neither; for I concluded that the Gentleman, who own'd the Bills must loose all the Money, and it was strange he should keep the Bills, and make a Gentleman loose so much Money for nothing: I remember that I ruminated very much about it, and tho' I did not understand it very well, yet it lay upon my Mind, and I said every now and then to him, do, let the Gentleman have his Bills again, do, pray do, and so I teiz'd him, with do, and pray do, till at last I cry'd about them; he said, what would you have me be found out and sent to *Bridewell*, and be whipp'd as your Brother Captain *Jack* was, I said no I wou'd not have you whipp'd, but I would have the Man have his Bills, for they will do you no good, but the Gentleman will be undone it may be; and then, I added again, do, let him have them; he snapp'd me short, *Why*, says he, *how shall I get them to him? Who dare carry them? I dare not to be sure, for they will stop me, and bring the Goldsmith to see if he does not know me, and that I received the Money, and so they will prove the Robbery, and I shall be hang'd, would you have me be hang'd Jack?*

I WAS silenc'd a good while with that, for when he said, would you have me be hang'd *Jack*? I had no more to say; but one Day after this, he call'd to me, Colonel *Jack*, says he, I have thought of a way how the Gentleman shall have his Bills again, and you and I shall get a good deal of Money by it, if you will be honest to me, as I was to you; indeed, says I, *ROBIN*, that was his Name, I will be very honest, let me know how it is, for I would fain have him have his Bills.

WHY, says he, they told me that he had left word at the Clerk's Place in the Long-Room, that he would give 30 *l.* to any one that had the Bills, and would restore them, and would ask no Questions. Now if you will go, like a poor innocent Boy as you are, into the Long-Room, and speak to the Clerk, it may do; tell him, if the Gentleman will do as he promis'd, you believe you can tell him who has it, and if they are civil

to you, and willing to be as good as their Words, you shall have the Letter Case, and give it them.

I TOLD him aye; I would go with all my Heart; but Colonel *Jack*, says he, what if they should take hold of you, and threaten to have you whipp'd, won't you discover me to them; no, says I, if they would whip me to Death I won't; well then, says he, *there's the Letter Case, do you go*; so he gave me Directions how to act, and what to say, but I would not take the Letter Case with me, least they should prove false, and take hold of me, thinking to find it upon me, and so charge me with the Fact; so I left it with him; and the next Morning I went to the Custom-house, as was agreed; what my Directions were, will, to avoid Repetition, appear in what happen'd; it was an Errand of too much Consequence indeed to be entrusted to a Boy, not only so young as I was, but so little of a Rogue as I was yet arriv'd to the Degree of.

Two Things I was particularly arm'd with, which I resolv'd upon. (1.) That the Man should have his Bills again; for it seem'd a horrible Thing to me, that he should be made to lose his Money, which I suppos'd he must, purely because we would not carry the Letter Case home. (2.) That whatever happen'd to me, I was never to tell the Name of my Comrade *Robin*, who had been the Principal: With these two Pieces of Honesty, for such they were both in themselves, and with a manly Heart, tho' a Boy's Head, I went up into the Long-Room in the Custom-house the next Day.

As soon as I came to the Place, where the Thing was done, I saw the Man sit just where he had sat before, and it run in my Head, that he had sat there ever since; but I knew no better; so I went up and stood just at that Side of the writing Board, that goes up on that Side of the Room, and which I was but just tall enough to lay my Arms upon.

WHILE I stood there, one thrust me this way, and another thrust me that way, and the Man that sat behind began to look at me; at last he call'd out to me; what does that Boy do there, get you gone Sirrah, are you one of the Rogues that stole the Gentleman's Letter

ter Cafe a *Monday* last? Then he turns his Tale to a Gentleman that was doing Business with him, and goes on thus; here was Mr. ——— had a very unlucky Chance on *Monday* last, did not you hear of it; no, not I, *says the Gentleman*, Why? Standing just there, where you do, *says he*, making his Entries, he pull'd out his Letter Cafe, and laid it down, as *he says*, but just at his Hand, while he reach'd over to the Standish there for a Penful of Ink, and some Body stole away his Letter Cafe.

His Letter Cafe! *says t'other*, What? And was there any Bills in it?

AY, *says he*, there was Sir *Stephen Evans's* Note in it for 300 *l.* and another Goldsmith's Bill, for about 12 *l.* and which is worse still for the Gentleman, he had two Foreign accepted Bills in it for a great Sum, I know not how much, I think one was a *French Bill* for 1200 Crowns.

AND who cou'd it be? *says the Gentleman*.

No BODY knows, *says he*, but one of our Room-Keepers *says*, he saw a Couple of young Rogues like that, *pointing at me*, hanging about here, and that on a sudden they were both gone.

VILLAINS! *says he* again, Why? what can they do with them, they will be of no use to them; I suppose he went immediately, and gave notice to prevent the Payment.

YES, *says the Clerk*, he did; but the Rogues were to nimble for him with the little Bill of 12 *l.* odd Money, they went and got the Money for that, but all the rest are stopp'd, however, 'tis an unspeakable Damage to him for want of his Money.

WHY, he should publish a Reward for the Encouragement of those that have them to bring them again, they would be glad to bring them I warrant you.

HE has posted it up at the Door, that he will give 30 *l.* for them.

AYE, but he should add, that he will promise, not to stop, or give any Trouble to the Person that brings them.

He has done that too, *says he*, but I fear they won't trust themselves to be Honest, for fear he should break his Word.

WHY? it is true, he may break his Word in that Case, but no Man should do so; for then, no Rogue will venture to bring home any thing that is stolen, and so he would do an Injury to others after him.

I DURST pawn my Life for him, he would scorn it.

THUS far they discours'd of it, and then went off to something else; I heard it all, but did not know what to do a great while; but at last, watching the Gentleman that went away, when he was gone, I run after him, to have spoken to him, intending to have broke it to him, but he went hastily into a Room or Two, full of People, at the hither End of the Long-Room, and when I went to follow, the Door-keepers turn'd me Back, and told me I must not go in there; so I went Back, and loiter'd about, near the Man that sat behind the Board, and hung about there, 'till I found the Clock struck Twelve, and the Room began to be thin of People; and at last he sat there Writing, but no Body stood at the Board before him, as there had all the rest of the Morning, then I came a little nearer, and stood close to the Board, as I did before, when looking up from his Paper, and seeing me, *says he to me*, you have been up and down there all this Morning Sirrah, What do you want? You have some Business that is not very good, I doubt?

No, I han't, *said I*.

No, 'tis well if you han't, *says he*, Pray what Business can you have, in the Long-Room, Sir, you are no Merchant?

I WOULD speak with you, *said I*.

WITH me, *says he*, What have you to say to me?

I HAVE something to say, *said I*, if you will do me no Harm for it.

I do thee Harm, Child, What Harm should I do thee? and spoke very kindly.

WON'T you indeed, Sir, *said I*.

No,

No, not I Child! I'll do thee no Harm; what is it? do you know any Thing of the Gentleman's Letter Case.

I ANSWER'D, but spoke softly, that he could not hear me, so he gets over presently into the Seat next him, and opens a Place that was made to come out, and bad me come in to him; and I did.

THEN he ask'd me again, if I knew any thing of the Letter-Case.

I SPOKE softly again, and said, Folks would hear him.

THEN he whisper'd softly, and ask'd me again.

I TOLD him, I believ'd I did; but that, indeed, I had it not, nor had no Hand in stealing it, but it was gotten into the Hands of a Boy, that would have burnt it, if it had not been for me; and that I heard him say, that the Gentleman would be glad to have them again, and give a good deal of Money for them.

I DID say so Child, *said he*, and if you can get them for him, he shall give you a good Reward, no less than 30 l. as he has promis'd.

BUT you said too Sir, to the Gentleman, just now, *said I*, that you was sure he would not bring them into any Harm that should bring them.

No, you shall come to no Harm; I will pass my Word for it.

Boy. NOR shan't they make me bring other People into trouble?

Gent. No, you shall not be ask'd the Name of any Body, nor to tell who they are.

Boy. I AM but a poor Boy, and I would fain have the Gentleman have his Bills, and indeed, I did not take them away, nor I han't got them.

Gent. BUT can you tell how the Gentleman shall have them?

Boy. IF I can get them, I will bring them to you, to morrow Morning.

Gent. CAN you not do it to Night?

Boy. I BELIEVE I may, if I knew where to come.

Gent. COME to my House, Child.

Boy. I DON'T know where you live.

Gent. Go along with me now, and you shall see.

So he carry'd me up into *Tower-street*, and show'd me his House, and order'd me to come there at five o'Clock at Night, which accordingly I did, and carry'd the Letter-Case with me.

WHEN I came, the Gentleman ask'd me if I had brought the Book, *as he call'd it.*

It is not a Book, *said I.*

No, the Letter-Case, that's all one, *says he.*

You promis'd me, *said I*, you would not hurt me, and cry'd.

DON'T be afraid Child, *says he*, I will not hurt thee, poor Boy! no Body shall hurt thee.

HERE it is, *said I*, and pull'd it out.

HE then brought in another Gentleman, who it seems own'd the Letter-Case, and ask'd him, if that was it? and he said, Yes.

THEN, *ask'd me*, if all the Bills were in it.

I told him, I heard him say, there was one gone, but I believed there was all the rest.

WHY do you believe so? *says he.*

BECAUSE, I heard the Boy, that I believe stole them, say, they were too big for him to meddle with.

THE Gentleman then that own'd them, said, Where is the Boy?

THEN the other Gentleman put in, and said, no, you must not ask him that, I pass'd my Word, that you should not, and that he should not be oblig'd to tell it to any Body.

WELL Child, *says he*, you will let us see, the Letter-Case open'd, and whether the Bills are in it?

Yes, *says I.*

THEN the first Gentleman said, how many Bills were there in it?

ONLY three, *says he*, besides the Bill of 12 l. 10 s. there was Sir *Stephen Evans's* Note for 300 l. and two Foreign Bills.

WELL then, if they are in the Letter-Case, the Boy shall have 30 l. shall he not? Yes, *says the Gentleman*, he shall have it freely.

COME

COME then, Child, *says he*, let me open it.

So I gave it him, and he open'd it, and there were all the three Bills, and several other Papers, fair and safe, nothing defac'd, or diminish'd, and the Gentleman said all was right.

THEN said the first Man, then I am Security to the poor Boy for the Money; well, but, *says the Gentleman*, the Rogues have got the 12 *l.* 10 *s.* they ought to reckon that, as Part of the 30 *l.* had he ask'd me, I should have consented to it at first Word: But the first Man stood my Friend. Nay, *says he*, it was since you knew that the 12 *l.* 10 *s.* was receiv'd, that you offer'd 30 *l.* for the other Bills, and publish'd it by the Cryer, and posted it up at the *Custom-house* Door, and I promis'd him the 30 *l.* this Morning; they argu'd long, and I thought would have quarrell'd about it.

HOWEVER, at last they both yielded a little, and the Gentleman gave me 25 *l.* in good Guineas; when he gave it me, he bad me hold out my Hand, and he told the Money into my Hand, and when he had done, he ask'd me if it was right, I said, I did not know, but I believ'd it was: Why, *says he*, can't you tell it? I told him no, I never saw so much Money in my Life, nor I did not know how to tell Money: Why, *says he*, Don't you know that they are Guineas; no, *I told him*, I did not know how much a Guinea was.

WHY, how then, *says he*, did you tell me you believ'd it was Right? *I told him*, because, I believ'd he would not give it me wrong.

POOR Child! *says he*, Thou knowest little of the World, indeed; what art thou?

I AM a poor Boy, *says I*, and cry'd.

WHAT is your Name, *says he*, but hold, I forgot, *said he*, I promised, I would not ask your Name, so you need not tell me.

My Name is *Jack*, *said I*.

WHY, have you no Sir-name? *Said he*.

WHAT is that? *Said I*.

You have some other Name, besides *Jack*, *says he*; han't you?

YES, *says I*, They call me, *Col. Jack*.

BUT have you no other Name?

NO, *said I*.

How come you to be call'd, *Col. Jack*, pray.

THEY say, *said I*, my Father's Name was *Col.*

Is your Father or Mother alive? *said he*.

NO, *said I*, my Father is dead.

WHERE is your Mother then, *said he*.

I NEVER had e'er a Mother, *said I*.

THIS made him laugh; what, *said he*, had you ne'er a Mother, what then?

I HAD a Nurfle, *said I*, but she was not my Mother.

WELL, *says he to the Gentleman*, I dare say, this Boy was not the Thief that stole your Bills.

INDEED, Sir, I did not steal them, *said I*, and cry'd again.

NO, no, Child, *said he*, we don't believe you did.

THIS is a clever Boy, *says he*, to the other Gentleman, and yet very Ignorant and Honest, 'tis pity some Care should not be taken of him, and something done for him; let us Talk a little more with him; so they sat down and drank Wine, and gave me some, and then the first Gentleman talk'd to me again.

WELL, *says he*, What wilt thou do with this Money now thou hast it?

I DON'T know, *said I*.

WHERE will you put it? *said he*.

IN my Pocket, *said I*.

IN your Pocket, *said he*, is your Pocket whole? shan't you lose it?

YES, *said I*, my Pocket is whole.

AND where will you put it, when you come Home?

I HAVE no Home, *said I*, and cry'd again.

POOR Child! *said he then*, What dost thou do for thy Living?

I GO of Errands, *said I*, for the Folks in *Rosemary-lane*.

AND what dost thou do for a Lodging at Night?

I LIE at the Glass-house, *said I*, at Night.

How lie at the *Glass-house* ! have they any Beds there? *says he.*

I never lay in a Bed in my Life, *said I*, as I remember.

WHY, *says he*, what do you lie on at the *Glass-house* ?

THE Ground, *says I*, and sometimes a little Straw, or upon the warm Ashes.

HERE the Gentleman that lost the Bills, *said*, this poor Child is enough to make a Man weep for the Miseries of human Nature, and be thankful for himself, he puts Tears into my Eyes; and into mine too, *says the other.*

WELL, but hark ye *Jack* ? *says the first Gentleman*, do they give you no Money when they send you of Errands?

THEY give me Victuals, *said I*, and that's better.

BUT what, *says he*, do you do for Cloaths?

THEY give me sometimes old Things, *said I*, such as they have to spare.

WHY, you have ne'er a Shirt on I believe, *said he*, have you?

No, I never had a Shirt, *said I*, since my Nurse died.

How long ago is that? *said he.*

SIX Winters, when this is out, *said I.*

WHY, how old are you? *said he.*

I can't tell, *said I.*

WELL, *says the Gentleman*, now you have this Money won't you buy some Cloaths, and a Shirt with some of it.

YES, *said I*, I would buy some Cloaths.

AND, what will you do with the rest?

I can't tell, *said I*, and cry'd.

WHAT doest cry for *Jack*, *said he.*

I am afraid, *said I*, and cryed still.

WHAT art afraid of.

THEY will know I have Money.

WELL, and what then.

THEN I must sleep no more in the warm *Glass-house*, and I shall be starv'd with Cold.

THEY will take away my Money.

BUT why must you sleep there no more?

HERE the Gentlemen observ'd to one another, how naturally Anxiety and Perplexity attends those that have Money; I warrant you, says the Clerk, when this poor Boy had no Money, he slept all Night in the Straw, or on the warm Ashes in the Glass-house, as soundly and as void of Care as it wou'd be possible for any Creature to do; but now as soon as he has gotten Money, the Care of preserving it brings Tears into his Eyes, and Fear into his Heart.

THEY ask'd me a great many Questions more, to which I answer'd in my childish Way as well as I cou'd, but so as pleas'd them well enough; at last I was going away with a heavy Pocket, and I assure you not a light Heart, for I was so frightened with having so much Money, that I knew not what in the Earth to do with my self: I went away however, and walk'd a little Way, but I cou'd not tell what to do; so after rambling two Hours or thereabout, I went back again, and sat down at the Gentleman's Door, and there I cry'd as long as I had any Moisture in my Head to make Tears of, but never knock'd at the Door.

I HAD not sate long, I suppose, but somebody belonging to the Family got Knowledge of it, and a Maid came and talk'd to me, but I said little to her, only cry'd still, at length it came to the Gentleman's Ears; as for the Merchant he was gone; when the Gentleman heard of me, he call'd me in, and began to talk with me again, and ask'd me what I staid for.

I TOLD him I had not staid there all that while, for I had been gone a great while, and was come again.

WELL, says he, but what did you come again for?

I CAN'T tell, says I.

AND what do you cry so for, said he, I hope you have not lost your Money, have you?

No, I told him I had not lost it yet, but I was afraid I should.

AND does that make you cry, says he.

I TOLD him yes, for I knew I should not be able to keep it, but they would cheat me of it, or they would kill me, and take it away from me too.

THEY, says he, who? What sort of Gangs of People art thou with?

I TOLD him they were all Boys, but very wicked Boys, Thieves and Pick-pockets, said I, such as stole this Letter-Case, a sad Pack, I can't abide them.

WELL *Jack*, said he, what shall be done for thee? Will you leave it with me, shall I keep it for you?

YES, said I, with all my Heart, if you please.

COME then, says he, give it me, and that you may be sure I have it, and you shall have it honestly again, I'll give you a Bill for it, and for the Interest of it, and that you may keep safe enough; nay, added he, and if you lose it, or any Body takes it from you, none shall receive the Money but your self, or any part of it.

I presently pull'd out all the Money, and gave it to him, only keeping about 15 s. for my self to buy some Cloaths, and thus ended the Conference between us on the first Occasion, at least for the first Time: Having thus secur'd my Money to my full Satisfaction, I was then perfectly easy, and accordingly the sad Thoughts that afflicted my Mind before, began to vanish away.

THIS was enough to let any one see how all the Sorrow's and Anxieties of Men's Lives come about, how they rise from their restless pushing at getting of Money, and the restless Cares of keeping it when they have got it. I that had nothing, and had not known what it was to have had any Thing, knew nothing of the Care, either of getting, or of keeping; I wanted nothing, who wanted every Thing; I had no Care, no Concern about where I should get my Victuals, or how I shou'd lodge, I knew not what Money was, or what to do with it; and never knew what it was not to sleep, till I had Money to keep, and was afraid of losing it.

I HAD without Doubt an Opportunity at this Time, if I had not been too foolish, and too much a Child to speak for my self; I had an Opportunity, I say, to

have got into the Service, or perhaps to be under some of the Care and Concern of these Gentlemen, for they seem'd to be very fond of doing something for me, and were surpriz'd at the Innocence of my Talk to them, as well as at the Misery (as they thought) it of my Condition.

BUT I acted indeed like a Child, and leaving my Money, as I have said, I never went near them for several Years after; what Course I took, and what befel me in that Interval, has so much variety in it, and carries so much Instruction in it, that it requires an Account of it by it self.

THE first happy Chance that offer'd it self to me in the World was now over; I had got Money, but I neither knew the Value of it, or the Use of it; the Way of living I had begun was so natural to me, I had no Notion of bettering it; I had not so much as any Desire of buying me any Cloaths, no, not so much as a Shirt, and much less had I any Thought of getting any other Lodging than that in the Glass-house, and loit'ring about the Streets as I had done: For I knew no Good, and had tasted no Evil; that is to say, the Life I had led, being not Evil in my Account.

IN this State of Innocence, I return'd to my really miserable Life, so it was in it self, and was only not so to me, because I did not understand how to judge of it, and had known no better.

MY Comrade that gave me back the Bills, and who, if I had not pressed him, design'd never to have restor'd them, never ask'd me what I had given me, but told me, if they gave me any Thing it should be my own; for as he said, he would not run the Venture of being seen in the restoring them, I deserv'd the Reward if there was any; neither did he trouble his Head with enquiring what I had, or whether I had any Thing or no; so my Title to what I had got was clear.

I WENT now up and down just as I did before, I had Money indeed in my Pocket, but I let no Body know it; I went of Errands chearfully as before, and accepted of what any Body gave me, with as much
Thankfulness

Thankfulness as ever; the only Difference that I made with my self was, that if I was a hungry, and no Body employ'd me, or gave me any Thing to eat, I did not beg from Door to Door, as I did at first, but went to a boyling House, *as I said once before*, and got a Mels of Broth and a piece of Bread, Price a Half-penny; very seldom any Meat; or if I treated my self, it was a Half-penny worth of Cheese; all which Expende did not amount to above 2*d.* or 3*d.* a Week; for contrary to the Usage of the rest of the Tribe, I was extremely frugal, and I had not dispos'd of any of the Guineas which I had at first; neither, *as I said*, to the *Custom-house* Gentleman, could I tell what a Guinea was made of, or what it was worth.

AFTER I had been about a Month thus, and had done nothing, my Comrade, *as I call'd him*, came to me one Morning, Colonel *Jack*, says he, when shall you and I take a Walk again? When you will, said I: Have you got no Business yet? says he, no, says I, and so one Thing bringing in another, he told me I was a fortunate Wretch, and he believed I would be so again; but that he must make a new Bargain with me now, for says he Colonel, the first Time we always let a raw Brother come in for full Share to encourage him, but afterward, except it be when he puts himself forward well, and runs equal Hazard, he stands to Courtesie; but as we are Gentlemen, we always do very honourable by one another; and if you are willing to trust it, or leave it to me, I shall do handsomely by you, that you may depend upon. I told him, I was not able to do any Thing that was certain, for I did not understand it, and therefore I cou'd not expect to get any Thing, but I wou'd do as he bad me, so we walk'd Abroad together.

WE went no more to the *Custom-house*, it was too bold a Venture; besides, I did not care to shew my self again, especially with him in Company; but we went directly to the *Exchange*, and we hanker'd about in *Castle-Alley*, and in *Swithin's-Alley*, and at the Coffee-house Doors. 'Twas a very unlucky Day, for we got nothing all Day but 2 or 3 Handkerchiefs, and came Home

Home to the old Lodging at the *Glass-house*; nor had I any Thing to eat or drink all Day, but a piece of Bread which he gave me, and some Water at the Conduit at the *Exchange-Gate*: So when he was gone from me, for he did not lye in the *Glass-house* as I did, I went to my old Broth House for my usual Bait, and refresh'd my self, and the next Day early went to meet him again, as he appointed me.

BEING early in the Morning, he took his Walk to *Billinggate*, where it seems two sorts of People make a great Crowd as soon as it is light; and at that Time a Year, rather before Day light, that is to say, *Crimps*, and the Masters of Coul Ships, who they call *Collier Masters*; and Secondly, *Fishmongers*, Fish-sellers, and Buyers of Fish.

It was the first of these People that he had his Eye upon: So he gives me my Orders, which was thus; go you, says he, into all the Ale-houses as we go along, and observe where any People are telling of Money, and when you find any, come and tell me; so he stood at the Door, and I went into the Houses: As the *Collier Masters* generally sell their Coals at the Gate, as they call it, so they generally receive their Money in those Ale-houses, and it was not long before I brought him Word of several; upon this he went in, and made his Observations, but found nothing to his Purpose; at length I brought him Word, that there was a Man in such a House who had receiv'd a great deal of Money of some Body, I believ'd of several People, and that it lay all upon the Table in Heaps, and he was very busy writing down the Sums, and putting it up in several Bags; is he? says he, I'll warrant him I will have some of it, and in he goes, he walks up and down the House, which had several open Tables and Boxes in it, and listen'd to hear if he cou'd what the Man's Name was, and he heard some Body call him *Cullum*, or some such Name; then he watches his Opportunity, and steps up to him, and tells him a long Story, that there was two Gentlemen at the *Gun-Tavern* sent him to enquire for him, and to tell him they desired to speak with him.

THE

THE *Collier Master* had his Money lay before him, just as I had told him, and had two or three small Payments of Money, which he had put up in little black dirty Bags, and lay by themselves; and as it was hardly broad Day, he found Means in delivering his Message to lay his Hand upon one of those Bags, and carry it off perfectly undiscover'd.

WHEN he had got it, he came out to me, who stood but at the Door, and pulling me by the Sleeve, run *Jack*, says he, for our Lives, and away he scours, and I after him, never resting, or scarce looking about me, till we got quite up into *Fenchurch-street*, thro' *Lime-street*, into *Leaden-hall-street*, down *St. Mary-Axe*, to *London-Wall*, than thro' *Bishopsgate*, and down old *Bedlam* into *Moorfields*. By this Time we were neither of us able to run very fast, nor need we have gone so far, for I never found that any Body pursued us: When we got into *Moorfields*, and began to take Breath, I ask'd him what it was frightened him so? *Fright me, you Fool*, says he; *I have got a devilish great Bag of Money?* A Bag! said I, ay, ay, said he, let us get out into the Fields where no Body can see us, and I'll shew it you; so away he had me thro' *Long-Alley*, and cross *Hog-Lane*, and *Holloway-Lane*, into the middle of the great Field, which since that, has been call'd the *Farthing Pye-house Fields*: There we wou'd have sat down, but it was all full of Water; so we went on, cross'd the Road at *Annisfield Gleer*, and went into the Field where now the great Hospital stands; and finding a by Place, we sat down, and he pulls out the Bag. Thou art a lucky Boy, *Jack*, says he, thou deservedst a good Share of this Job truly, for 'tis all along of thy lucky News, so he pours it all out into my Hat, for, as I told you, I now wore a Hat.

How he did to whip away such a Bag of Money from any Man that was awake and in his Senses, I cannot tell; but there was a great deal in it, and among it a Paper full by it self: When the Paper dropt out of the Bag, hold, says he, that's Gold? and began to crow and hollow like a mad Boy, but there he was baulk'd, for it was a Paper of old Thirteen-pence half-penny

penny Pieces, half and quarter Pieces, with Nine Pences, and Four-pence half-penny's, all old crooked Money, *Scots* and *Irish* Coin, so he was disappointed in that; but as it was, there was about 17 or 18 l. in the Bag as I understood by him, for I cou'd not tell Money nor I.

WELL, he parted this Money into three, that is to say, into three Shares, two for himself, and one for me, and ask'd if I was content, I told him yes, I had Reason to be contented; besides, it was so much Money added to that I had left of his former Adventure, that I knew not what to do with it, or with my self, while I had so much about me.

THIS was a most exquisite Fellow for a Thief, for he had the greatest Dexterity at conveying any Thing away, that he scarce ever pitch'd upon any Thing in his Eye, but he carried it off with his Hands, and never that I know of miss'd his Aim, or was caught in the Fact.

HE was an eminent Pick-pocket, and very dextrous at the Ladies Gold Watches; but he generally push'd higher at such desperate Things as those, and he came off the cleanest, and with the greatest Success imaginable; and it was in these kinds of the wicked Art of Thieving that I became his Scholar.

As we were now so rich, he would not let me lie any longer in the *Glass-house*, or go naked and ragged, as I had done; but oblig'd me to buy two Shirts, a Waistcoat, and a Great Coat, for a Great Coat was more for our Purpose in the Business we was upon than any other: So I cloath'd my self as he directed, and he took me a Lodging in the same House with him, and we lodg'd together in a little Garret fit for our Quality.

Soon after this, we walk'd out again, and then we tried our Fortune in the Places by the *Exchange* a second Time. Here we began to act separately, and I undertook to walk by my self, and the first Thing I did accurately, was a Trick I play'd that requir'd some Skill for a new Beginner, for I had never seen any Business of that Kind done before: I saw two Gentlemen
mighty

mighty eager in Talk, and one pull'd out a Pocket-book two or three Times, and then flipt it into his Coat Pocket again, and then out it came again, and Papers were taken out, and others put in; and then in it went again, and so several Times, the Man being still warmly engag'd with another Man, and two or three others standing hard by them; the last Time he put his Pocket-book into his Pocket, he might have said to throw it in, rather than put it in with his Hand, and the Book lay End way, resting upon some other Book, or something else in his Pocket; so that it did not go quite down, but one Corner of it was seen above his Pocket.

THIS careless Way of Men putting their Pocket-books into a Coat Pocket, which is so easily div'd into by the least Boy that has been us'd to the Trade, can never be too much blam'd; the Gentlemen are in great Hurries, their Heads and Thoughts entirely taken up, and it is impossible they should be guarded enough against such little Hawks ey'd Creatures as we were; and therefore, they ought either never to put their Pocket-books up at all, or to put them up more secure, or to put nothing of Value into them: I happen'd to be just opposite to this Gentleman in that they call *Swithin's-Alley*; or that Alley rather which is between *Swithin's-Alley* and the *Exchange*, just by a Passage that goes out of the Alley into the *Exchange*: When seeing the Book pass and repass into the Pocket, and out of the Pocket as above, it came immediately into my Head, certainly I might get that Pocket-book out if I were nimble, and I warrant *Will* would have it, if he saw it go and come to and again as I did; but when I saw it hang by the Way, as I have said, now 'tis mine, said I to my self, and crossing the Alley, I brush'd smoothly, but closely by the Man, with my Hand down flat to my own Side, and taking hold of it by the Corner that appeared, the Book came so light into my Hand, it was impossible the Gentleman should feel the least Motion, or any Body else see me take it away. I went directly forward into the broad Place on the North Side or the *Exchange*, then scoured
down

down *Bartholomew-Lane*, so into *Tokenhouse-yard*, into the Alleys which pass through from thence to *London-Wall*, so through *Moor-Gate*, and sat down in the Grass in the second of the Quarters of *Moorfields*, towards the middle Field; which was the Place that *Will* and I had appointed to meet at, if either of us got any Booty: When I came thither, *Will* was not come, but I saw him a coming in about half an Hour.

As soon as *Will* came to me, I ask'd him what Booty he had gotten, he look'd pale, and as I thought frighted; but he return'd, I have got nothing not I, but you lucky young Dog, says he, what have you got? Have not you got the Gentleman's Pocket-book in *Swinbin's-Alley*? yes, says I, and laughed at him; why, how did you know it: Know it! says he, why, the Gentleman is raving and half distracted, he stamps and cries, and tears his very Cloaths, he says he is utterly undone and ruined, and the Folks in the Alley say, there is I know not how many Thousand Pounds in it; what can be in it, says *Will*, come let us see.

WELL, we lay close in the Grass in the middle of the Quarter; so that no Body minded us, and so we opened the Pocket-book, and there was a great many Bills and Notes under Men's Hands; some *Gold-smiths*, and some belonging to *Insurance Offices*, as they call them, and the like: But that which was it seems, worth all the rest, was that in one of the Folds of the Cover of the Book, where there was a Case with several Partitions; there was a Paper full of loose Diamonds: The Man as we understood afterward, was a *Jew*, who dealt in such Goods, and who indeed ought to have taken more Care of the keeping of them.

Now was this Booty too great, even for *Will* himself to manage; for tho' by this Time I was come to understand Things better than I did formerly, when I knew not what belong'd to Money; yet *Will* was better skill'd by far in those Things than I. But this puzzled him too as well as me: Now were we something like the Cock in the Fable, for all these Bills, and I think there was one Bill of Sir *Henry Furnesse's* for 1200*l.* and all these Diamonds, which were worth about

about 150 *l.* as they said, I say, all these Things were of no Value to us, one little Purse of Gold would have been better to us than all of it : But come, says *Will*, let us look over the Bills for a little one.

WE look'd over all the Bills, and among them we found a Bill under a Man's Hand for 32 *l.* come says *Will*, let us go and enquire where this Man lives; So we went into the City again, and *Will* went to the *Post-house* and asked there, they told him he liv'd at *Temple-Bar* ; well, says *Will*, I will venture, I'll go and receive the Money, it may be he has not remember'd to send to stop the Payment there.

BUT it came into his Thoughts, to take another Course, come says *Will*, I'll go back to the Alley, and see if I can hear any Thing of what has happened, for I believe the Hurry is not over yet, it seems the Man who lost the Book was carried into the *King's-Head Tavern* at the End of that Alley, and a great Crowd was about the Door.

AWAY goes *Will*, and watches and waits about the Place, and then seeing several People together, for they were not all disperfed, he asks one or two what was the Matter, they tell him a long Story of a Gentleman who had lost his Pocket-book, with a great Bag of Diamonds in it, and Bills for a great many Thousand Pounds, and I know not what; and that they had been just crying it, and had offered 100 *l.* Reward to any one that would discover and restore it.

I WISH, said he, to one of them that parled with him, I did but now who has it, I don't doubt but I could help him to it again; does he remember nothing of any Body, Boy, or Fellow, that was near him, if he could but describe him it might do; some Body that overheard him was so forward to assist the poor Gentleman, that they went up and let him know what a young Fellow, meaning *Will*, had been talking at the Door, and down comes another Gentleman from him, and taking *Will* aside, asked him what he had said about it? *Will* was a grave sort of a young Man, that tho' he was an old Soldier at the Trade, had yet nothing of it in his Countenance, and he answered, that
he

he was concerned in Business where a great many of the Gangs of little Pick-pockets haunted, and if he had but the least Description of the Person they suspected, he durst say, he could find him out, and might perhaps get the Things again for him: Upon this, he desired him to go up with him to the Gentleman, which he did accordingly; and there he said he sat leaning his Head back in a Chair, pale as a Cloth; disconsolate to a strange Degree, and as *Will* describ'd him, just like one under a Sentence.

WHEN they came to ask him whether he had seen no Boy, or shabby Fellow lurking near where he stood, or passing, or repassing, and the like, he answer'd, no, not any; neither could he remember that any Body had come near him; then said *Will*, it will be very hard, if not impossible, to find them out: However, said *Will*, if you think it worth while, I will put myself among those Rogues, tho' says he, I care not for being seen among them, but I will put in among them, and if it be in any of those Gangs, it is ten to one but I shall hear something of it.

THEY ask'd him then, if he had heard what Terms the Gentleman had offer'd to have it restor'd; he answer'd no, (tho' he had been told at the Door) they answer'd he had offer'd a 100 *l.* that is too much, says *Will*, but if you please to leave it to me, I shall either get it for you for less than that, or not be able to get it for you at all: Then the losing Gentleman said to one of the other, tell him, that if he can get it lower, the Over-plus shall be to himself; *William* said, he would be very glad to do the Gentleman such a Service, and would leave the Reward to himself. Well, young Man, says one of the Gentlemen, what ever you appoint to the young Artist that has done this Roguery, for I warrant he is an Artist, let it be who it will he shall be paid, if it be within the 100 *l.* and the Gentleman is willing to give you 50 *l.* besides for your Pains.

TRULY Sir, says *Will*, very gravely, it was by meer Chance, that coming by the Door, and seeing the Crowd, I ask'd what the Matter was; but if I should

be

be instrumental to get the unfortunate Gentleman his Pocket Book, and the Things in it again, I shall be very glad; nor am I so rich neither Sir, but 50*l.* is very well worth my while too: Then he took Directions who to come to, and where, and who to give his Account to, if he learnt any Thing, and the like.

WILL staid so long, that as he and I agreed, I went Home, and he did not come to me till Night; for we had consider'd before, that it would not be proper to come from them directly to me, least they should follow him and apprehend me; if he had made no Advances towards a Treaty, he would have come back in half an Hour, as we agreed; but staying late, we met at our Night Rendezvous, which was in *Rosemary-Lane*.

WHEN he came, he gave an Account of all the Discourse, and particularly what a Consternation the Gentleman was in who lost the Pocket Book, and that he did not doubt, but we should get a good round Sum for the Recovery of it.

WE consulted all the Evening about it, and concluded he should let them hear nothing of them the next Day at all; and that the third Day he should go, but should make no Discovery, only that he had got a Scent of it, and that he believ'd he should have it, and make it appear as difficult as possible, and to start as many Objections as he could; accordingly, the third Day after he met with the Gentleman, whom he found had been uneasy at his long Stay, and told him, they was afraid that he only flatter'd them to get from them; and that they had been too easie in letting him go without a farther Examination.

HE took upon him to be very grave with them, and told them, that if that was what he was like to have for being so free, as to tell them he thought he might serve them, they might see that they had wrong'd him, and were mistaken by his coming again to them; that if they thought they cou'd do any Thing by examining him, they might go about it if they pleased now, that all he had to say to them was, that he knew where some of the young Rogues haunted who were

famous for such Things ; and that by some Inquiries, offering them Money and the like, he believ'd they would be brought to betray one another, and that so he might pick it out for them, and this he would say before a Justice of Peace if they thought fit, and then all that he had to say farther to them, was to tell them, he had lost a Day or two in their Service ; and had got nothing but to be suspected for his Pains, and that after that, he had done, and they might seek their Goods where they could find them.

THEY began to listen a little upon that, and ask'd him if he could give them any Hopes of recovering their Loss, he told them, that he was not afraid to tell them, that he believ'd he had heard some News of them, and that what he had done, had prevented all the Bills being burnt Book and all ; but that now he ought not to be ask'd any more Questions till they should be pleas'd to answer him a Question or two : They told him they would give him any Satisfaction they could, and bid him tell what he desir'd.

WHY, Sir, says he, how can you expect any Thief that had robb'd you to such a considerable Value as this, wou'd come and put himself into your Hands, confess he had your Goods, and restore them to you ; if you do not give them Assurance, that you will not only give them the Reward you agreed too, but also give Assurance that they shall not be stop'd, question'd, or call'd to Account before a Magistrate.

THEY said they would give all possible Assurance of it ; nay, says he, I do not know what Assurance you are able to give ; for when a poor Fellow is in your Clutches, and has shown you your Goods, you may seize upon him for a Thief, and it is plain he must be so ; then you go take away your Goods, send him to Prison, and what Amends can he have of you afterward ?

THEY were entirely confounded with the Difficulty, they ask'd him to try if he could get the Things into his Hands, and they would pay him the Money before he let them go out of his Hand, and he should go away half an Hour before they went out of the Room.

No

No Gentlemen, says he, that won't do now; if you had talk'd so before, you had talk'd of apprehending me for nothing, I should have taken your Words; but now it is plain you have had such a Thought in your Heads, and how can I, or any one else be assur'd of Safety.

WELL, they thought of a great many Particulars, but nothing would do; at length the other People who were present put in, that they should give Security to him, by a Bond of 1000*l*. that they would not give the Person any Trouble whatsoever: He pretended they could not be bound, nor could their Obligation be of any Value, and that their own Goods being once seen, they might seize them; and what would it signify, said he, to put a poor Pick-pocket to sue for his Reward: They could not tell what to say, but told him, that he should take the Things of the Boy, if it was a Boy; and they would be bound to pay him the Money promis'd. He laugh'd at them, and said, no Gentlemen, as I am not the Thief; so I shall be very loth to put my self in the Thief's stead, and lie at your Mercy.

THEY told him they knew not what to do then; and that it would be very hard he would not trust them at all; he said, he was very willing to trust them, and to serve them; but that it would be very hard to be ruin'd and charg'd with the Theft, for endeavouring to serve them.

THEY then offer'd to give it him under their Hands, that they did not in the least suspect him; that they would never charge him with any Thing about it; that they acknowledg'd he went about to enquire after the Goods at their Request; and that if he produced them, they would pay him so much Money, at, or before the Delivery of them, without obliging him to Name or produce that Person he had them from.

UPON this Writing sign'd by three Gentlemen who were present, and by the Person in particular who lost the Things; the young Gentleman told them, he would go and do his utmost to get the Pocket Book, and all that was in it.

THEN he desir'd that they would in Writing before Hand, give him a Particular of all the several Things that were in the Book; that he might not have it said when he produc'd it, that there was not all; and he would have the said Writing seal'd up, and he would make the Book be seal'd up when it was given to him: This they agreed to, and the Gentleman accordingly drew up a Particular of all the Bills that he remember'd, as he said, was in the Book; and also of the Diamonds, as follows:

One Bill under Sir <i>Henry Furness's</i> } Hand, for _____	1200 l.
One Bill under Sir <i>Charles Duncumb's</i> Hand for 800 l. 250 l. Endors'd off. _____	550
One Bill under the Hand of <i>J. Tassell</i> , Goldsmith _____	165
One Bill of Sir <i>Francis Child</i> ,	39
One Bill of one <i>Stewart</i> that kept a <i>Wager-Office</i> and <i>Insurance</i> . }	350
A Paper containing 37 loose Diamonds, value about 250 l.	
A little Paper containing 3 large rough Diamonds, and one large one polish'd, and cut, value 185 l.	

For all these Things they promised first to give me whatever he, agreed with the Thief to give him, not exceeding 50 l. and to give him 50 l. more for himself for procuring them.

Now he had his Cue, and now he came to me, and told me honestly the whole Story as above; so I deliver'd him the Book, and he told me that he thought it was reasonable we should take the full Sum; because he would seem to have done them some Service, and so make them the easier; all this I agreed too, so he went the next Day to the Place, and the Gentlemen met him very punctually.

He told them at first Word, he had done their Work, and as he hoped to their Mind; and told them, if it had not been for the Diamonds, he could have got

it all for 10*l.* but that the Diamonds had shone so bright in the Boy's Imagination, that he talk'd of running away to *France* or *Holland*, and living there all his Days like a Gentleman; at which they laugh'd: However Gentlemen, said he, here is the Book, and so pull'd it out wrapt up in a dirty Piece of a colour'd Handkerchief, as black as the Street could make it; and seal'd with a Piece of sorry Wax, and the Impression of a Farthing for a Seal.

UPON this, the Note being also unseal'd; at the same Time he pull'd open the dirty Rag, and shew'd the Gentleman his Pocket Book, at which he was so over surpriz'd with Joy; notwithstanding all the preparatory Discourse that he was fain to call for a Glass of Wine or Brandy, to drink to keep him from fainting.

THE Book being open'd, the Paper of Diamonds was first taken out, and there they were every one, only the little Paper was by it self; and the rough Diamonds that were in it, were loose among the rest; but he own'd they were all there safe.

THEN the Bills were call'd over one by one, and they found one Bill for 80*l.* more than the Account mention'd; besides several Papers which were not for Money, tho' of Consequence to the Gentleman, and he acknowledg'd that all was very honestly returned, and now young Man, said they, you shall see we will deal as honestly by you; and so in the first Place, they gave him 50*l.* for himself, and then they told out the 50*l.* for me.

HE took the 50*l.* for himself, and put it up in his Pocket, wrapping it in Paper, it being all in Gold: Then he began to tell over the other 50*l.* but when he had told out 30*l.* hold Gentlemen, said he, as I have acted fairly for you, so you shall have no Reason to say, I do not do so to the End; I have taken 30*l.* and for so much I agreed with the Boy, and so there is 20*l.* of your Money again.

THEY stood looking one at another a good while, as surpriz'd at the Honesty of it, for till that Time they were not quite without a secret Suspicion that he

was the Thief, but that Piece of Policy cleared up his Reputation to them: The Gentleman that had got his Bills, said softly to one of them, give it him all, but the other said (softly too) no, no, as long as he has got it abated, and is satisfied with the 50 *l.* you have given him, 'tis very well, let it go as it is; this was not spoke so softly but I heard it, and I said No too, I am very well satisfied, I am glad I have got them for you, and so they began to part.

BUT just before they were going away, one of the Gentlemen said to him, young Man come, you see we are just to you, and have done fairly, as you have also, and we will not desire you to tell us who this cunning Fellow is that got such a Prize from this Gentleman; but as you have talk'd with him, prythee can you tell us nothing of how he did it, that we may beware of such Sparks again.

SIR, says *Will*, when I shall tell you what they say, and how the particular Case stood, the Gentleman would blame himself more than any Body else, or as much at least: The young Rogue that catch'd this Prize, was out it seems with a Comrade, who is a nimble experienc'd Pick-pocket as most in *London*, but at that Time the Artist was some where at a Distance, and this Boy never had pick'd a Pocket in his Life before; but he says, he stood over against the Passage into the *Exchange*, on the *East Side*, and the Gentleman stood just by the Passage, that he was very earnest in talking with some other Gentleman, and often pull'd out this Book and open'd it, and took Papers out, and put others in, and returned it into his Coat Pocket; that the last Time it hitch'd at the Pocket-hole, or stopt at something that was in the Pocket, and hung a little out, which the Boy, who had watch'd it a good while, perceiving, he pass'd by close to the Gentleman, and carry'd it smoothly off, without the Gentleman's perceiving it at all.

HE went on, and said, 'tis very strange Gentlemen should put Pocket Books which have such Things in them into those loose Pockets, and in so careless a Manner; that's very true, says the Gentleman, and so

so with some other Discourse of no great Signification, he came away to me.

WE were now so rich that we scarce knew what to do with our Money, at least I did not, for I had no Relations, no Friend, no where to put any Thing I had but in my Pocket; as for *Will*, he had a poor Mother, but wicked as himself, and he made her rich, and glad with his good Success.

WE divided this Booty equally, for tho' the gaining it was mine, yet the improving of it was his, and his Management brought the Money; for neither he or I could have made any Thing proportionable of the Thing any other Way; as for the Bills, there was no Room to doubt, but unless they had been carried that Minute to the *Goldsmith's* for the Money, he would have come with Notice to stop the Payment, and perhaps have come while the Money was receiving, and have taken hold of the Person; and then as to the Diamonds, there had been no offering them to Sale by us poor Boys to any Body, but those who were our known Receivers, and they would have given us nothing for them, compar'd to what they were worth; for as I understood afterwards, those who made a Trade of buying stolen Goods, took Care to have false Weights, and cheat the poor Devil that stole them, at least an Ounce in three.

UPON the Whole, we made the best of it, many Ways besides; I had a strange kind of uninstructed Conscience at that Time; for tho' I made no scruple of getting any Thing in this Manner from any Body, yet I could not bear destroying their Bills and Papers, which were Things that would do them a great deal of Hurt, and do me no good, and I was so tormented about it, that I could not rest Night or Day while I made the People easy, from whom the Things were taken.

I WAS now rich, so rich that I knew not what to do with my Money, or with myself, I had liv'd so near and so close, that altho' as I said, I did now and then lay out 2 *d.* or 3 *d.* for meer Hunger, yet I had so many People, who, as I said, employ'd me, and

who gave me Victuals, and sometimes Cloaths, that in a whole Year I had not quite spent the 15 s. which I had sav'd of the *Custom-house* Gentleman's Money, and I had the 4 Guineas, which was of the first Booty before that, still in my Pocket, I mean the Money that I let fall into the Tree.

BUT now I began to look higher, and tho' *Will* and I went abroad several Times together, yet when small Things offer'd, as Handkerchiefs, and such Trifles, we would not meddle with them, not caring to run the Risque for small Matters: It fell out one Day that as we were stroling about in *West-Smithfield* on a *Friday*, there happen'd to be an antient Country Gentleman in the Market selling some very large Bullocks, it seems they come out of *Suffex*, for we heard him say there were no such Bullocks in the whole County of *Suffex*, his Worship, for so they called him, had receiv'd the Money for these Bullocks at a Tavern, whose Sign I forget now, and having some of it in a Bag, and the Bag in his Hand, he was taken with a sudden Fit of coughing, and stands to cough, resting his Hand with the Bag of Money in it, upon the Bulk-head of a Shop, just by the *Cloyster-Gate* in *Smithfield*, that is to say, within 3 or 4 Doors of it; we were both just behind him, says *Will* to me, stand ready, upon this, he makes an artificial stumble, and falls with his Head just against the old Gentleman in the very Moment when he was coughing ready to be strangl'd, and quite spent for want of Breath.

THE Violence of the Blow beat the old Gentleman quite down, the Bag of Money did not immediately fly out of his Hand, but I run to get Hold of it, and gave it a quick Snatch, pulled it clean away, and run like the Wind down the *Cloysters* with it, turn'd on the Left-Hand as soon as I was thro', and cut into *Little-Britain*, so into *Bartholomew-Close*, then cross *Aldersgate-street*, thro' *Paul's-Alley* into *Red-cross-street*, and so cross all the Streets, thro' innumerable Allies, and never stopp'd till I got into the second Quarter of *Moor-fields*, our old agreed Rendezvous.

WILL

WILL, in the mean Time, fell down with the old Gentleman, but soon got up; the old Knight, *for such it seems he was*, was frighted with the Fall, and his Breath so stopp'd with his Cough, that he could not recover himself to speak till some Time, during which, nimble *Will* was got up again, and walk'd off; nor could he call out stop Thief, or tell any Body he had lost any Thing for a good while; but Coughing vehemently, and looking red till he was almost black in the Face, he cry'd the Ro — *Hegh, Hegh, Hegh*, the Rogues *Hegh*, have got *Hegh, Hegh, Hegh, Hegh, Hegh, Hegh*, then he would get a little Breath, and at it again, the Rogue — *Hegh, Hegh*, and after a great many *Heghs*, and *Rogues*, he brought it out, have got away my Bag of Money.

ALL this while the People understood nothing of the Matter, and as for the Rogues indeed, they had Time enough to get clear away, and in about an Hour *Will* came to the Rendezvous; there we sat down in the Grass again, and turn'd out the Money, which prov'd to be 8 Guineas, and 5 *l.* 8 *s.* in Silver, so that it made just 14 *l.* together; this we shar'd upon the Spot, and went to work the same Day, for more; but whether it was that being flush'd with our Success, we were not so vigilant, or that no other Opportunity offer'd, I know not, but we got nothing more that Night, nor so much as any Thing offer'd itself for an Attempt.

WE took many Walks of this Kind, some Time together, at a little Distance from one another, and several small Hits we made, but we were so flush'd with our Success, that truly we were above meddling with Trifles, *as I said before*, no, not such Things, that others would have been glad of; nothing but Pocket-Books, Letter-Cases, or Sums of Money would move us.

THE next Adventure was in the Dusk of the Evening in a Court, which goes out of *Grace-Church-street* into *Lombard-street*, where the *Quaker's Meeting-House* is; there was a young Fellow, who, as we learn'd afterward was a Woollen-Draper's Apprentice in *Grace-Church-street*; it seems he had been receiving a Sum of Money, which was very considerable, and he comes to
a Gold-

a Goldsmith's-Shop in *Lombard-street* with it; paid in the most of it there, insomuch, that it grew Dark, and the Goldsmith began to be shutting in Shop, and Candles to be lighted: We watch'd him in there, and stood on the other Side of the Way to see what he did. When he had paid in all the Money he intended, he stay'd still sometime longer to take Notes, as I suppos'd, for what he had paid, and by this Time it was still darker than before; at last he comes out of the Shop, with still a pretty large Bag under his Arm, and walks dyet into the Court, which was then very Dark; in the Middle of the Court is a boarded Entry, and farther, at the End of it a Threshold, and as soon as he had set his Foot over the Threshold, he was to turn on his Left-hand into *Grace-Church-street*.

KEEP up, says *Will* to me, be nimble, and as soon as he had said so, he flies at the young Man, and gives him such a violent Thrust, that push'd him forward with too great a Force for him to stand, and as he strove to recover, the Threshold took his Feet, and he fell forward into the other Part of the Court, as if he had flown in the Air, with his Head lying towards the *Quaker's Meeting-House*; I stood ready, and presently felt out the Bag of Money, which I heard fall, for it flew out of his Hand, he having his Life to save, not his Money: I went forward with the Money, and *Will* that threw him down, finding I had it, run backward, and as I made along *Fen-Church-street*, *Will* overtook me, and we scour'd home together; the poor young Man was hurt a little with the Fall, and reported to his Master, as we heard afterward, that he was knock'd down, which was not true, for neither *Will*, or I had any Stick in our Hands; but the Master of the Youth was it seems so very thankful that his young Man was not knock'd down before he paid the rest of the Money (which was above 100 *l.* more) to the Goldsmith, who was Sir *John Sweetapple*, that he made no great Noise at the Loss he had; and as we heard afterward, only warn'd his Prentice to be more careful, and come no more thro' such Places in the Dark; whereas the Man had really no such Deliverance as he imagined, for we

saw

saw him before, when he had all the Money about him, but it was no Time of Day for such Work as we had to do, so that he was in no Danger before.

THIS Booty mounted to 29 *l.* 16 *s.* which was 14 *l.* 18 *s.* a-piece, and added exceedingly to my Store, which began now to be very much too big for my Management; and indeed I began to be now full of Care for the Preservation of what I had got: I wanted a trusty Friend to commit it to, but where was such a one to be found by a poor Boy, bred up among Thieves? If I should have let any honest Body know that I had so much Money, they would have ask'd me how I came by it, and would have been afraid to take it into their Hands, lest I being some Time or other catch'd in my Rogueries, they should be counted the Receivers of stolen Goods, and the Encouragers of a Thief.

WE had however in the mean Time a great many other successful Enterprizes, some of one Kind, some of another, and were never so much as in Danger of being apprehended; but my Companion *Will*, who was now grown a Man, and encourag'd by these Advantages, fell into quite another Vein of Wickedness, getting acquainted with a wretched Gang of Fellows, that turn'd their Hands to every Thing that was vile.

WILL was a lusty strong Fellow, and withal very bold and daring, would fight any Body, and venture upon any Thing, and I found he began to be above the mean Rank of a poor Pick-pocket, so I saw him but seldom: however, once coming to me in a very friendly Manner, and asking me how I went on, I told him that I us'd the old Trade still, that I had had two or three good Jobbs, one with a young Woman, whose Pocket I had pick'd of eleven Guineas, and another a Country Woman just come out of a Stage-Coach, seeing her pull out her Bag to pay the Coachman, and that I follow'd her till I got an Opportunity, and slipp'd it out so neatly, that tho' there was 8 *l.* 17 *s.* in it, yet she never felt it go; and several other Jobbs I told him off, by which I made pretty good Purchase: I always said you were a lucky Boy. *Col. Jack, says he*, but come, you are grown almost a Man now, and you shall not be always

ways at play at Push-pin, I am got into better Business I assure you, and you shall come into it too, I'll bring you into a brave Gang, *Jack, says he*, where you shall see we shall be all Gentlemen.

THEN he told me the Trade itself, in short, which was with a Set of Fellows, that had two of the most desperate Works upon their Hands that belong'd to the whole Art of Thieving; *that is to say*, in the Evening they were Foot-pads, and in the Night they were House-breakers: *Will* told me so many plausible Stories, and talk'd of such great Things, that in short, I who had been always us'd to do any Thing he bid me do, went with him without any Hesitation.

NOTHING is more certain, than that hitherto being partly from the gross Ignorance of my untaught Childhood, as I observ'd before, partly from the Hardness, and Wickedness of the Company I kept, and add to these, that it was the Business I might be said to be brought up to, I had, *I say*, all the way hitherto, no Manner of Thoughts about the Good or Evil of what I was embark'd in; consequently, I had no Sense of Conscience, no Reproaches upon my Mind for having done amiss.

YET I had something in me, by what secret Influence I knew not, kept me from the other Degrees of Raking and Vice, and in short, from the general Wickedness of the rest of my Companions: For Example, I never us'd any ill Words, no Body ever heard me swear; nor was I given to drink, or to love strong Drink; and I cannot omit a Circumstance that very much serv'd to prevent it; I had a strange original Notion, as I have mentioned in its Place, of my being a Gentleman; and several Things had casually happen'd in my Way to encrease this Fancy of mine; it happen'd one Day, that being in the *Glass-house* Yard, between *Rosemary-lane* and *Ratcliff-highway*, there came a Man dress'd very well, and with a Coach attending him, and he came (as I suppose) to buy Glass-bottles, or some other Goods, as they sold; and in bargaining for his Goods, he swore most horrible Oaths at every two or three Words.

At length the Master of the Glass, an antient grave Gentleman, took the Liberty to reprove him, which at first made him swear the worse ; after a while the Gentleman was a little calmer, but still he swore very much, tho' not so bad as at first ; after sometime, the Master of the *Glass-house* turn'd from him, really Sir, *says the good old Gentleman*, you swear so, and take God's Name in vain so, that I cannot bear to stay with you, I would rather you would let my Goods alone, and go some where else, I hope you won't take it ill, but I don't desire to deal with any Body that does so, I am afraid my *Glass-house* should fall on your Head while you stay in it.

THE Gentleman grew good humour'd at the Re-proof, and said, well come don't go away, I won't swear any more, says he, if I can help it, for I own, says he, I should not do it.

WITH that the old Gentleman look'd up at him, and returning, really Sir, says he, 'tis pity you that seem to be a fine Gentleman, well bred, and good humour'd, should accustom your self to such an hateful Practice ; why 'tis not like a Gentleman to swear, 'tis enough for my black Wretches that work there at the Furnace, or for these ragged, naked Black Guard Boys, pointing at me, and some others of the dirty Crew that lay in the Ashes ; 'tis bad enough for them, says he, and they ought to be corrected for it too ; but for a Man of Breeding Sir, says he, a Gentleman ! it ought to be look'd upon as below them, Gentlemen know better, and are taught better, and it is plain you know better ; I beseech you Sir, when you are tempted to swear, always ask your self, is this like a Gentleman ? Does this become me as a Gentleman ? Do but ask your self that Question, and your Reason will prevail, you will soon leave it off.

I heard all this, and it made the Blood run Chill in my Veins, when he said Swearing was only fit for such as we were ; in short, it made as great an Impression upon me, as it did upon the Gentleman ; and yet he took it very kindly too, and thank'd the old Gentleman for his Advice. But from that Time forward I never had the

the least Inclination to Swearing or ill Words, and abhorred it when I heard the other Boys do it; as to Drinking, I had no Opportunity, for I had nothing to drink but Water or Small Beer, that any Body gave me in Charity, for they seldom gave away strong Beer; and after I had Money, I neither desir'd strong Beer, or car'd to part with my Money to buy it.

THEN as to Principle, 'tis true I had no Foundation laid in me by Education; and being early led by my Fate into Evil, I had the less Sense of its being Evil left upon my Mind: But when I began to grow to an Age of Understanding, and to know that I was a Thief, growing up in all manner of Villainy, and ripening a pace for the Gallows, it came often into my Thoughts that I was going wrong, that I was in the high Road to the Devil, and several Times would stop short, and ask my self, if this was the Life of a Gentleman?

BUT these little Things wore off again, as often as they came on, and I follow'd the old Trade again; especially when *Will* came to prompt me as I have observ'd, for he was a kind of a Guide to me in all these Things, and I had by Custom and Application, together with seeing his Way, learnt to be as cute a Workman as my Master.

BUT to go back where I left off, *Will* came to me as I have said, and telling me how much better Business he was fallen into, would have me go along with him, and I should be a Gentleman: *Will* it seems understood that *Word* in a quite different manner from me; for his Gentleman was nothing more or less than a Gentleman Thief, a Villain of a higher Degree than a Pick-pocket, and one that might do something more wicked, and better entitling him to the Gallows, than could be done in our Way: But my Gentleman that I had my Eye upon was another Thing quite, tho' I cou'd not really tell how to describe it neither.

HOWEVER the *Word* took with me, and I went with him; we were neither of us old, *Will* was about 24, and as for me I was now about 18, and pretty tall of my Age.

THE

THE first Time I went with him, he brought me into the Company only of two more young Fellows; we met at the lower part of *Grays-Inn-Lane*, about an Hour before Sun-set, and went out into the Fields toward a Place call'd *Pindar of Wakefield*, where are abundance of Brick Kilns: Here it was agreed to spread from the Field Path to the Road Way, all the Way towards *Pancrass-Church*, to observe any chance Game, which as they call'd it, they might shoot flying: Upon the Path within the Bank, on the Side of the Road going towards *Kentish-Town*, two of our Gang, *Will*, and one of the other, met a single Gentleman walking a-pace towards the Town, being almost Dark, *Will* cried, *Mark ho*, which it seems was the Word, at which we were all to stand still at a Distance, come in if he wanted Help, and give a Signal if any Thing appear'd that was dangerous.

WILL steps up to the Gentleman, stops him, and put the Question, that is, *Sir, your Money?* the Gentleman seeing he was alone, struck at him with his Cane, but *Will* a nimble strong Fellow flew in upon him, and with struggling got him down, then he begg'd for his Life, *Will* having told him with an Oath, that he would cut his Throat: In that Moment, while this was doing, comes a Hackney Coach along the Road, and the fourth Man who was that Way, cries, *Mark ho*, which was to intimate that it was a Prize, not a Surprise, and accordingly the next Man went up to assist him, where they stop'd the Coach, which had a Doctor of Physick and a Surgeon in it, who had been to visit some considerable Patient, and I suppose had had considerable Fees; for here they got two good Purfes, one with 11 or 12 Guineas, the other six, with some Pocket Money, two Watches, one Diamond Ring, and the Surgeons Plaister-box, which was most of it full of Silver Instruments.

WHILE they were at this Work, *Will* kept the Man down who was under him; and tho' he promis'd not to kill him unless he offer'd to make a Noise, yet he would not let him stir till he heard the Noise of the Coach going on again, by which he knew the Jobb was

was over on that Side: Then he carried him a little out of the Way, tied his Hands behind him, and bid him lie still and make no Noise, and he would come back in half an Hour and untie him upon his Word, but if he cried out he would come back and kill him.

THE poor Man promis'd to lie still and make no Noise, and did so; and had not above 11s. 6d. in his Pocket, which *Will* took, and came back to the rest, but while they were together, I who was on the Side of the *Pindar* of *Wakefield*, cry'd, *Mark* *ho*, too.

WHAT I saw was a couple of poor Women, one a kind of a Nurse, and the other a Maid Servant going for *Kentish-Town*: As *Will* knew that I was but young at the Work, he came flying to me, and seeing how easy a Bargain it was, he said, go *Col.* fall to Work; I went up to them, and speaking to the elderly Woman, Nurse, said I, don't be in such Haste, I want to speak with you, at which they both stopp'd, and look'd a little frighted; don't be frighted Sweetheart, said I, to the Maid, a little of that Money in the Bottom of your Pocket will make all easy, and I'll do you no Harm; by this Time *Will* came up to us, for they did not see him before, then they began to scream out, hold, says I, make no Noise, unless you have a Mind to force us to murder you whether we will or no, give me your Money presently, and make no Words, and we shan't hurt you; upon this, the poor Maid pull'd out 5s. 6d. and the old Woman a Guinea, and a Shilling, crying heartily for her Money, and said, it was all she had left in the World; well we took it for all that, tho' it made my very Heart bleed to see what Agony the poor Woman was in at parting with it, and I ask'd her where she liv'd, she said her Name was *Smith*, and she liv'd at *Kentish-Town*; I said nothing to her, but bid them go on about their Business, and I gave *Will* the Money; so in a few Minutes we were all together again: Says one of the other Rogues, come, this is well enough for one Road, it's Time to be gone; so we jogg'd away, crossing the Fields, out of the Path towards *Tottenham-Court*, but hold, says *Will*, I must

go and untie the Man, D - mn him, says one of them, let him lye, no, says *Will*, I won't be worſe than my Word, I will untie him ; ſo he went to the Place, but the Man was gone, either he had untied himſelf, or ſome Body had paſſ'd by, and he had call'd for Help, and ſo was untied, for he could not find him, nor make him hear, tho' he ventur'd to call twice for him aloud.

THIS made us haſten away the faſter, and getting into *Tottenham-Court Road*, they thought it was a little too near, ſo they made into the Town at *St. Giles's*, and croſing to *Piccadilly*, went to *High-Park-Gate*; here they ventur'd to rob another Coach, that is to ſay, one of the two other Rogues and *Will* did it between the *Park-Gate* and *Knightsbridge*; there was in it only a Gentleman and a Punk, a Whore that he had pick'd up it ſeems at the *Spring-Garden* a little farther; they took the Gentleman's Money, his Watch, and his Silver hilted Sword, but when they came to the Slut, ſhe damn'd and curſed them for robbing the Gentleman of his Money, and leaving none for her; as for herſelf, ſhe had not one Six-penny Piece about her, tho' ſhe was indeed well enough dreſſ'd too.

HAVING made this Adventure, we left that Road too, and went over the Fields to *Chelſea*; in the Way from *Weſtminſter* to *Chelſea*, we met three Gentlemen, but they were too ſtrong for us to meddle with, they had been afraid to come over the Fields ſo late, (for by this Time it was Eight o'Clock, and tho' the Moon gave ſome Light, yet it was too late and too dark to be ſafe) ſo they hired 3 Men at *Chelſea*, two with Pitch-Forks, and the third, a Waterman, with a Boat-Hook-Staff to guard them, we would have ſteer'd clear of them, and car'd not to have them ſee us if we could help it, but they did ſee us, and cry'd, *Who comes there?* We answer'd Friends, and ſo they went on to our great Satisfaction.

WHEN we came to *Chelſea*, it ſeems we had other Work to do, which I had not been made privy too, and this was a Houſe to be robb'd; they had ſome Intelligence it ſeems with a Servant in the Houſe, who was of their Gang; this Rogue was a Waiting-man,

or Footman, and he had a Watch Word to let them in by; but this Fellow, not for want of being a Villain, but by getting drunk, and not minding his Part of the Work, disappointed us, for he had promised to rise at Two o'Clock in the Morning and let us all in; but being very drunk, and not come in at Eleven o'Clock, his Master order'd him to be shut out, and the Doors lock'd up, and charg'd the other Servants not to let him in upon any Terms whatsoever.

WE came about the House at One o'Clock to make our Observations, intending to go and lie under *Beauford-House* Wall till the Clock struck Two, and then to come again; but behold! when we came to the House, there lay the Fellow at the Door fast asleep, and very drunk: *Will*, who I found was the Leader in all these Things, wak'd the Fellow, who as he had had about two Hours Sleep, was a little come to himself, and told them the Misfortune, as he call'd it, and that he could not get in; they had some Instruments about them, by which they could have broken in by Force, but *Will* consider'd, that as it was but waiting till another Time, and they should be let in quietly, they resolv'd to give it over for that Time.

BUT this was a happy Drunken-bout for the Family, for the Fellow having let fall some Words in his Drink, for he was a saucy one, as well as a drunken one, and talk'd oddly, as that it had been better they had let him in, and he would make them pay dear for it, or some such Thing; the Master hearing of it, turn'd him away in the Morning, and never let him come into his House again; so I say, it was a happy Drunkenness to the Family, for it sav'd them from being robb'd, and perhaps murdered, for they were a cursed bloody Crew, and as I found were about Thirteen of them in all, whereof Three of them made it their Business to get into Gentlemens Services, and so to open Doors in the Night, and let the other Rogues in upon them, to rob and destroy them.

I RAMBL'D this whole Night with them, they went from *Chelsea*, being disappointed there as above, to *Kensington*, there they broke into a Brew-house and Wash-house,

house, and by that Means into an Out-Kitchen of a Gentleman's House, where they unhang'd a small Copper, and brought it off, and stole about a Hundred wt. of Pewter, and went clear off with that too, and every one going their own By-ways, they found Means to get safe to their several Receptacles where they used to dispose of such Things.

WE lay still the next Day, and shar'd the Effects stolen that Night, of which my Share came to 8*l.* 19*s.*, the Copper and Pewter being weighed, and cast up, a Person was at Hand to take it as Money, at about half Value, and in the Afternoon, *Will* and I came away together: *Will* was mighty full of the Success we had had, and how we might be sure of the like this Way every Day. But he observed that I did not seem so elevated at the Success of that Night's Ramble as I used to be, and also that I did not take any great Notice of the Expectations he was in, of what was to come; yet I had said little to him at that Time.

BUT my Heart was full of the poor Woman's Case at *Kentish-Town*, and I resolv'd if possible to find her out, and give her her Money: With the Abhorrence that fill'd my Mind at the Cruelty of that Act, there necessarily follow'd a little Dislike of the Thing it self, and now it came into my Head with a double Force, that this was the High Road to the Devil, and that certainly this was not the Life of a Gentleman!

WILL and I parted for that Time, but next Morning we met again, and *Will* was mighty brisk and merrry; and now Col. *Jack*, says he, we shall be rich very quickly; well, says I, and what shall we do when we are rich? Do, says he, we will buy a couple of good Horses, and go farther a Field; what do you mean by farther a Field, says I? Why, says he, we will take the Highway like Gentlemen, and then we shall get a great deal of Money indeed; well, says I, what then? Why then, says he, we shall live like Gentlemen.

BUT *Will*, says I, if we get a great deal of Money, shan't we leave this Trade off, and sit down, and be safe and quiet?

AY, says *Will*, when we have got a great Estate we shall be willing to lay it down; but where, says I, shall we be before that Time comes, if we should drive on this cursed kind of Trade?

PRITHEE never think of that, says *Will*, if you think of those Things, you will never be fit to be a Gentleman; he touch'd me there indeed, for it run much in my Mind still that I was to be a Gentleman, and it made me dumb for a while; but I came to my self after a little while, and I said to him pretty tartly, why *Will*, do you call this Way of living the Life of a Gentleman?

WHY, says *Will*, why not?

WHY, says I, was it like a Gentleman for me to take that 22 s. from a poor antient Woman, when she beg'd of me upon her Knees not to take it, and told me it was all she had in the World to buy her Bread for her self and a sick Child which she had at Home, do you think I could be so cruel if you had not stood by, and made me do it? Why, I cry'd at doing it, as much as the poor Woman did, tho' I did not let you see me.

You Fool you, says *Will*, you will never be fit for our Business indeed if you mind such Things as those, I shall bring you off of those Things quickly; why, if you will be fit for Business, you must learn to fight when they resist, and cut their Throats when they submit; you must learn to stop their Breath, that they may beg and pray no more; what signifies Pity, prithee who will pity us when we come to the *Old-Bailey*? I warrant you that whining old Woman that begg'd so heartily for her 22 s. would let you and I beg upon our Knees and would not save our Lives, by not coming in for an Evidence against us, did you ever see any of them cry when they see Gentlemen go to the Gallows?

WELL *Will*, says I, you had better let us keep to the Business we were in before, there was no such cruel Doings in that, and yet we got more Money by it then I believe we shall get at this.

No, no, says *Will*, you are a Fool, you don't know what fine Things we shall do in a little while.

UPON

UPON this Discourse we parted for that Time, but I resolv'd with my self, that I would never be concern'd with him that Way any more; the Truth is, they were such a dreadful Gang, such horrid barbarous Villains, that even that little while that I was among them, my very Blood run cold in my Veins at what I heard, particularly the continu'd Raving and Damning one another, and themselves at every Word they spoke; and then the horrid Resolutions of Murther, and cutting Throats, which I perceiv'd was in their Minds upon any Occasion that should present; this appear'd first in their Discourse upon the Disappointment they met with at *Chelsea*, where the two Rogues that were with us, *ay*, and *Will* too damn'd and rag'd that they could not get into the House, and swore they would have cut the Gentleman's Throat if they had got in, and shook Hands, damning and cursing themselves, if they did not murther the whole Family as soon as *Tom* (that was the Man Servant) could get an Opportunity to let them in.

Two Days after this, *Will* came to my Lodging, for I had now got a Room by my self, had bought me tollerable good Cloaths, and some Shirts, and began to look like other Folks, but as it happen'd, I was abroad upon the Scout another Way; for tho' I was not harden'd enough for so black a Villain as *Will* would have had me be, yet I had not arriv'd to any Principle sufficient to keep me from a Life, in its Degree wicked enough, which tended to the same Destruction, tho' not in so violent and precipitant Degrees: I had his Message deliver'd to me, which was to meet him the next Evening at such a Place, and I came in Time enough to meet, so I went to the Place, but resolv'd before-hand, that I would not go any more with him among the Gang.

HOWEVER, to my great Satisfaction I miss'd him, for he did not come at all to the Place, but met with the Gang at another Place, they having sent for him in haste upon the Notice of some Booty; and so they went all away together; this was a Summons, it seems, from one of the Creatures, which they had Abroad in

a Family, where an Opportunity offer'd them to commit a notorious Robbery, down almost as far as *Hounslow*, and where they wounded a Gentleman's Gardiner so, that I think he died, and robb'd the House of a very considerable Sum of Money and Plate.

THIS however was not so clean carried, nor did they get in so easy, but by the Resistance they met with, the Neighbours were all arm'd, and the Gentlemen Rogues were pursued, and being at *London* with the Booty, one of them was taken; *Will*, a dexterous Fellow, and Head of the Gang, made his Escape, and tho' in his Cloaths, with a great Weight about him, of both Money and Plate, plung'd into the *Thames*, and swam over where there was no Path, or Road, leading to the River; so that no Body suspected any ones going that way; being got over, he made his Way, wet as he was, into some Woods adjacent, and as he told me afterwards, not far from *Chertsey*, and stay'd lurking about in the Woods, or Fields thereabout, till his Cloaths were dry, then in the Night got down to *Kingston*, and so to *Mortlack*, where he got a Boat to *London*.

HE knew nothing that one of his Comrades was taken; only he knew that they were all so closely pursued that they were oblig'd to disperse, and every one to shift for himself: He happened to come Home in the Evening, as good Luck then directed him, just after Search had been made for him by the Constables; his Companion, who was taken, having upon promise of Favour, and of saving him from the Gallows, discover'd his Companions, and *Will* among the rest, as the principal Party in the whole Undertaking.

Will got Notice of this just Time enough to run for it, and not to be taken, and away he came to look for me; but as my good Fate still directed, I was not at Home neither; however, he left all his Booty at my Lodging, and hid it in an old Coat, that lay under my Bedding, and left Word that my Brother *Will* had been there, and had left his Coat that he borrow'd of me, and that it was under my Bed.

I KNEW not what to make of it, but went up to go to Bed, and finding the Parcel, was perfectly fright-
ed to see wrap'd up in it, above Hundred Pound in Plate,
and Money, and yet knew nothing of Brother *Will*,
as he call'd himself, nor did I hear of him in three or
four Days.

AT the End of four Days, I heard by great Accident
that *Will*, who us'd to be seen with me, and who
call'd me Brother, was taken, and would be hang'd :
Next Day a poor Man, a Shoemaker, that us'd for-
merly to have a Kindness for me, and to send me of
Errands, and give me sometimes some Victuals, seeing
me accidentally in *Rosemary-Lane*, going by him, clap'd
me fast hold by the Arm, hark ye young Man, *says*
he, have I catch'd you, and hal'd me along as if I had
been a Thief apprehended, and he the Constable ; hark
ye, *Col. Jack*, *says he* again, come along with me, I
must speak with you : What are you got into this Gang
too ? What are you turn'd House-breaker ? Come I'll
have you hang'd to be sure.

THESE were dreadful Words to me, who tho' not
guilty of the particular Thing in Question, yet was
frighted heartily before, and did not know what I might
be charg'd with by *Will*, if he was taken, as I had heard
that very Morning, he was ; with these Words, the
Shoemaker began to hale and drag me along as he used
to do when I was a Boy.

HOWEVER recovering my Spirits, and provoked to
the highest Degree, I said to him again, what do you
mean Mr. — ? Let me alone, or you will oblige me
to make you do it, and with that, I stop'd short, and
soon let him see I was a little too big to be hal'd about,
as I us'd to be, when I run of his Errands, and made
a Motion with my other Hand as if I would strike him
in the Face.

How, *Jack ! says he*, will you strike me ? Will
you strike your old Friend ? and then he let go my
Arm, and laugh'd ; well, but hark ye *Col. says he*, I
am in earnest, I hear bad News of you ; they say you
are gotten into bad Company, and that this *Will* calls
you Brother ; he is a great Villain, and I hear he is

charg'd with a bloody Robbery, and will be hang'd, if he is taken ; I hope you are not concern'd with him, if you are, I would advise you to shift for your self, for the Constable and the Headborough are after him to Day, and if he can lay any Thing to you he will do it you may be sure ; he will certainly hang you to save himself.

THIS was kind, and I thank'd him, but told him, this was a Thing too serious, and that had too much Weight in it to be jested with, as he had done before ; and that some ignorant Stranger might have seiz'd upon me, as a Person guilty, who had no farther Concern in it, than just knowing the Man, and so I might have been brought into Trouble for nothing ; at least People might have thought I was among them, whether I was or no, and it would have rendered me suspected, tho' I was Innocent.

HE acknowledg'd, that, told me he was but in jest, and that he talk'd to me just as he us'd to do : However, Col. *says he*, I wont jest any more with you, in a Thing of such a dangerous Consequence ; I only advise you to keep the Fellow Company no more.

I THANK'D him, and went away, but in the greatest Perplexity imaginable ; and now not knowing what to do with myself, or with the little ill-gotten Wealth which I had ; I went musing, and alone into the Fields towards *Stepney*, my usual Walk ; and there began to consider what to do, and as this Creature had left his Prize in my Garret, I began to think, that if he should be taken, and should confess, and send the Officers to search there for the Goods, and they should find them, I should be undone, and should be taken up for a Confederate ; whereas, I knew nothing of the Matter, and had no Hand in it.

WHILE I was thus musing, and in great Perplexity, I heard somebody hallow to me ; and looking about, I saw *Will* running after me : I knew not what to think at first ; but seeing him alone was the more encouraged, and I stood still for him ; when he came up to me, I said to him, What's the Matter *Will* ? Matter, *says Will*, Matter enough, I am undone, when was you at Home ?

I saw what you left there, *says I*; what is the Meaning of it, and where got you all that? Is that your being undone?

Ay, *says Will*, I am undone for all that; for the Officers are after me, and I am a dead Dog if I am taken, for *George* is in Custody, and he has peach'd me and all the other, to save his Life.

LIFE! *says I*, why, should you lose your Life, if they should take you, pray what would they do to you?

Do to me, *says he*, they would hang me, if the King had ne'er another Soldier in his Guards, I shall certainly be hang'd, as I am now alive.

THIS frightened me terribly, and *I said*, and what will you do then? Nay, *says he*, I know not, I would get out of the Nation if I knew how; but I am a Stranger to all those Things, and I know not what to do, not I; advise me, *Jack*, *says he*, prithee tell me whither shall I go, I have a good Mind to go to Sea.

You talk of going away, *says I*, what will you do with all you have hid in my Garret, it must not lie there, *said I*, for if I should be taken up for it, and it be found to be the Money you stole, I shall be ruin'd.

I CARE not what becomes of it, not I, *says Will*; I'll be gone, do you take it, if you will, and do what you will with it; I must fly, and I cannot take it with me: I won't have it, not I, *says I*, to him, I'll go and fetch it to you if you will take it, *says I*, but I won't meddle with it; besides, there is Plate, what shall I do with Plate, *said I*, if I should offer to sell it any where, *said I*, they will stop me.

As for that, *says Will*, I cou'd sell it well enough, if I had it, but I must not be seen any where among my old Acquaintance; for I am blown, and they will all betray me: But I will tell you where you shall go and sell it if you will, and they will ask you no Questions, if you give them the Word that I will give you; so he gave me the Word, and Directions to a Pawnbroker, near Cloth-fair; the Word was GOOD TOWER STANDARD; having these Instructions, he said to me, Col. *Jack*, I am sure you won't betray me; and I promise

mise you if I am taken, and should be hang'd, I won't name you ; I will go to such a House, naming a House at *Bromley* by *Bow* ; where he and I had often been, and there, *says he*, I'll stay till it is dark ; at Night I will come near the Streets, and I will lie under such a Hay-stack all Night, a Place we both knew also very well ; and if you cannot finish to come to me there, I will go back to *Bow*.

I WENT back and took the Cargo, went to the Place by *Cloth-fair*, and gave the Word, *GOOD TOWER STANDARD* ; and without any Words they took the Plate, weigh'd it, and paid me after the Rate of 2s. *per* Ounce for it ; so I came away, and went to meet him ; but it was too late to meet him at the first Place ; but I went to the Hay-stack, and there I found him fast asleep.

I DELIVER'D him his Cargo, what it really amounted to, I knew not, for I never told it ; but I went Home to my Quarters very late, and tir'd : I went to sleep at first, but notwithstanding, I was so weary I slept little or none for several Hours ; at last being overcome with Sleep, I drop'd, but was immediately rous'd with Noise of People knocking at the Door, as if they would beat it down, and crying and calling out to the People of the House, rise, and let in the Constable here, we come for your Lodger in the Garret.

I WAS frighted to the last Degree, and started up in my Bed ; but when I was awake, I heard no Noise at all, but of two *Watch-men* thumping at the Doors with their Staves, and giving the Hour past Three o'Clock, and a rainy wet Morning, *for such it was* : I was very glad when I found it was but a Dream, and went to Bed again, but was soon rous'd a second Time, with the same, very same Noise, and Words : Then being sooner awak'd than I was before, I jump'd out of Bed, and run to the Window, and found it was just an Hour more, and the *Watch-men* were come about past Four o'Clock, and they went away again very quietly ; so I lay me down again, and slept the rest of the Night quietly enough.

I LAID no Stress upon the Thing call'd a Dream, neither till now did I understand that Dreams were of any Importance: But getting up the next Day, and going out with a Resolution to meet Brother *WILL*, who should I meet but my former Brother, Captain *Jack*? When he saw me, he came close to me in his blunt Way; and says, do you hear the News? No, not I, *said I*, what News? Your old Comrade and Teacher is taken this Morning and carried to *Newgate*; how! *says I*, this Morning! Yes, *says he*, this Morning, at Four o'Clock, he is charg'd with a Robbery and Murder, some where beyond *Brentford*, and that which is worse, is, that he is impeach'd by one of the Gang, who to save his own Life, has turn'd Evidence; and therefore you had best consider, *says the Captain*, what you have to do: What I have to do! *says I*, and what do you mean by that? Nay, Col. *says he*, don't be angry, you know best if you are not in Danger; I am glad of it, but I doubt not but you were with them: No, not I, *said I*, again, I assure you I was not; well, *says he*, but if you were not with them this Bout, you have been with them at other Times; and 'twill be all one: Not I, *says I*, you are quite mistaken, I am none of their Gang; they are above my Quality; with such, and a little more Talk of that kind we parted, and Captain *Jack* went away; but as he went, I observ'd, he shook his Head, seem'd to have more Concern upon him, than I at first apprehended; and indeed, more than he cou'd be suppos'd to have, meerly on my Account, of which we shall hear more very quickly.

I WAS extreamly alarm'd when I heard *Will* was in *Newgate*, and had I known where to have gone, would certainly have fled as far as Legs would have carry'd me; my very Joints trembled, and I was ready to sink into the Ground, and all that Evening, and that Night following, I was in the uttermost Consternation; my Head run upon nothing but *Newgate*, and the Gallows, and being hang'd; which I said I deserv'd, if it were for nothing but taking that two and twenty Shillings from the poor old Nurse.

THE first Thing my perplex'd Thoughts allow'd me to take Care of, was my Money: This indeed lay in a little Compass, and I carried it generally all about me; I had got together, as you will perceive by the past Account, above Sixty Pounds, for I spent nothing, and what to do with it I knew not, at last it came into my Head, that I would go to my Benefactor, the Clerk at the *Custom-House*, if he was to be found; and see if I could get him to take the rest of my Money; the only Business was to make a plausible Story to him, that he might not wonder how I came by so much Money.

BUT my Invention quickly supply'd that Want; there was a Suit of Cloaths at one of our Houses of Rendezvous, which was left there for any of the Gang to put on upon particular Occasions, as a Disguise: This was a green Livery, lac'd with Pink-colour'd Gallon, and lin'd with the same; an edg'd Hat, a Pair of Boots, and a Whip, I went and dress'd my self up in this Livery, and went to my Gentleman, to his House in *Tower-street*, and there I found him in Health, and well, just the same honest Gentleman as ever.

HE star'd at me when first I came to him, for I met him just at his Door; I say he star'd at me, and seeing me bow, and bow to him several Times, with my lac'd Hat under my Arm; at last not knowing me in the least, says he to me, *Dost thou want to speak with me, young Man?* And I said, *yes, Sir, I believe your Worship* (I had learnt some Manners now) *does not know me; I am the poor Boy Jack*; he look'd hard at me, and then recollecting me presently, says he, *who, Colonel Jack!* *why, where hast thou been all this while?* *Why 'tis five or six Years since I saw you:* 'Tis above six Years and please your Worship, says I.

WELL, and where hast thou been all this while? says he.

I HAVE been in the Country, Sir, says I, at Service.

WELL, Col. *Jack*, says he, you give long Credit, what's the Reason you han't fetch'd your Money all this while, nor the Interest? Why, you will grow so rich in Time by the Interest of your Money, you won't know what to do with it.

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To that I said nothing, but bow'd and scrap'd a great many Times; well come, Col. *Jack*, said he, come in, and I will give you your Money, and the Interest of it too.

I CRING'D, and bow'd, and told him, I did not come to him for my Money; for I had had a good Place or two, and I did not want my Money.

WELL, Col. *Jack*, said he, and who do you live with?

SIR *Jonathan Loxham*, said I, Sir, in *Somersetshire*, and please your Worship: This was a Name I had heard of, but knew nothing of any such Gentleman, or of the Country.

WELL, says he, but won't you have your Money *Jack*?

No, Sir, said I, if your Worship would please, for I have had a good Place.

If I would please to do, what prithee? Your Money is ready I tell thee.

No, Sir, said I, but I have had a good Place.

WELL, and what doest thou mean *Jack*? I do not understand thee.

WHY, and please your Worship, my old Master, Sir *Jonathan's* Father left me 30 *l.* when he died, and a Suit of Mourning, and ———

AND what prithee *Jack*, what hast thou brought me more Money? For then he began to understand what I meant.

YES, Sir, said I, and your Worship would be so good to take it, and put it all together, I have sav'd some too out of my Wages.

I TOLD you, *Jack*, says he, you would be Rich, and how much hast thou sav'd, come let me see it.

To shorten the Story, I pull'd it out, and he was content to take it, giving me his Note, with Interest, for the whole Sum, which amounted Ninety-four Pounds, that is to say,

25 *l.* The first Money.

9 For Six Years Interest.

60 Now paid him.

94 Pounds.

I CAME

I CAME away exceeding joyful, made him abundance of Bows and Scrapes, and went immediately to shift my Cloaths again, with a Resolution to run away from *London*, and see it no more for a great while; but I was surpriz'd the very next Morning, when going cross *Rosemary-Lane*, by the End of the Place, which is call'd *Rag-Fair*, I heard one call *Jack*, he had said something before, which I did not hear, but upon hearing the Name *Jack*, I look'd about me, immediately saw three Men, and after them a Constable coming towards me with great Fury; I was in a great Surprise, and started to run, but one of them clap'd in upon me, and got hold of me, and in a Moment the rest surrounded me, and I was taken, I ask'd them what they wanted, and what I had done? They told me it was no Place to talk of that there; but shew'd me their Warrant, and bad me read it, and I should know the rest when I came before the Justice, so they hurried me away.

I TOOK the Warrant, but to my great Affliction, I could know nothing by that, for I could not read, so I desir'd them to read it, and they read it, that they were to apprehend a known Thief, that went by the Name of one of the three *Jacks* of *Rag-Fair*, for that he was charg'd upon Oath, with having been a Party in a notorious Robbery, Burglary, and Murder, committed so and so, in such a Place, and on such a Day.

IT WAS to no Purpose for me to deny it, or to say I knew nothing of it, that was none of their Business they said; that must be disputed, they told me, before the Justice, where I would find that it was sworn positively against me, and then perhaps I might be better satisfied.

I HAD no Remedy but Patience, and as my Heart was full of Terror and Guilt, so I was ready to die with the Weight of it as they carry'd me along; for as I very well knew that I was guilty of the first Day's Work, tho' I was not of the last; so I did not doubt but I should be sent to *Newgate*, and then I took it for granted I must be hang'd; for to go to *Newgate* and to be

be hang'd were to me, as Things which necessarily followed one another.

BUT I had a sharp Conflict to go thro' before it came to that Part, and that was before the Justice, where when I was come, and the Constable brought me in, the Justice ask'd me my Name; but hold, says he, young Man, before I ask you your Name, let me do you Justice, you are not bound to answer till your Accusers come, so turning to the Constable, he ask'd for his Warrant.

WELL, says the Justice, you have brought this young Man here by Vertue of this Warrant, is this young Man the Person for whom this Warrant is granted?

Con. I believe so, and please your Worship.

Just. Believe so, Why are you not sure of it?

Con. An't please your Worship, the People said so where I took him.

Just. It is a very particular kind of Warrant, it is to apprehend a young Man who goes by the Name of *Jack*, but no Surname, only that it is said, he is call'd Capt. *Jack*, or some other such Name. Now young Man, pray is your Name Capt. *Jack*? or are you usually call'd so?

I presently found that the Men that took me knew nothing of me, and the Constable had taken me up by Hear-say, so I took Heart and told the Justice, that I thought with Submission, that it was not the present Question, what my Name was, but what these Men, or any one else had to lay to my Charge, whether I was the Person who the Warrant empower'd to apprehend or no?

He smil'd, 'tis very true young Man, says he, it is very true, and on my Word, if they have taken you up, and do not know you, and there is no Body to charge you, they will be mistaken to their own Damage.

THEN I told his Worship, I hop'd I should not be oblig'd to tell my Name till my Accuser was brought to charge me, and then I should not conceal my Name.

It is but Reason, said his Worship, Mr. *Constable*, turning to the Officers, are you sure this is the Person that is intended in your Warrant? If you are not, you must fetch the Person that accuses him, and on whose Oath the Warrant was granted: They us'd many Words to insinuate that I was the Person, and that I knew it well enough, and that I should be obliged to tell my Name.

I insisted on the unreasonableness of it, and that I should not be oblig'd to accuse my self, and the Justice told them in so many Words, that he could not force me to it, that I might do it if I would indeed; but you see, says the Justice, he understood too well, to be impos'd upon in that Case; so that in short, after an Hour's debating before his Worship, in which Time I pleaded against four of them, the Justice told them they must produce the Accuser, or he must discharge me.

I was greatly encourag'd at this, and argued with the more Vigour for my self; at length the Accuser was brought fetter'd as he was from the Goal, and glad I was when I saw him, and found that I knew him not, that is to say, that it was not one of the two Rogues that I went out with that Night, that we robb'd the poor old Woman.

WHEN the Prisoner was brought into the Room, he was set right against me.

Do you know this young Man, says the Justice?
No Sir, says the Prisoner, I never saw him in my Life.

HUM, says the Justice, did not you charge one that goes by the Name of *Jack*, or Capt. *Jack*, as concern'd in the Robbery and Murder which you are in Custody for?

Pris. Yes, an't please your Worship, says the Prisoner.

Just. And is this the Man, or is he not?

Pris. This is not the Man, Sir, I never saw this Man before.

VERY good Mr. *Constable*, says the Justice, What must we do now?

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I AM surprized, says the Constable, I was at such a House, naming the House, and this young Man went by, the People cryed out there's *Jack*, that's your Man, and these People run after him, and apprehended him.

WELL, says the Justice, and have these People any Thing to say to him? Can they prove that he is the Person?

ONE said no, and the other said no; and in short, they all said no; why then said the Justice, what can be done? The young Man must be discharged; and I must tell you Mr. Constable, and you Gentlemen that have brought him hither, he may give you Trouble if he thinks fit, for your being so rash; but look you, young Man, says the Justice, you have no great Damage done you, and the Constable, tho' he has been mistaken, had no ill Design, but to be faithful to his Office; I think you may pass it by.

I TOLD his Worship, I would readily pass it by at his Direction; but I thought the Constable and the rest, could do no less than to go back to the Place where they had insulted me, and declare publickly there that I was honourably acquitted, and that I was not the Man: This his Worship said was very reasonable, and the Constable and his Assistants promised to do it, and so we came all away good Friends, and I was clear'd with Triumph.

NOTE,

" THIS was the Time that as I mention'd above, the Justice talk'd to me, and told me I was born to better Things, and that by my well managing of my own Defence, he did not question but I had been well educated, and that he was sorry I should fall into such a Misfortune as this, which he hop'd however would be no Dishonour to me, since I was so handsomely acquitted..

THO' his Worship was mistaken in the Matter of my Education, yet it had this good Effect upon me, that I resolv'd if possible, I would learn to Read and

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Write,

Write, that I would not be such an uncapable Creature, that I should not be able to read a Warrant, and see whether I was the Person to be apprehended or not.

BUT there was something more in all this than what I have taken Notice of; for in a Word, it appear'd plainly that my Brother Capt. *Jack*, who had the Forwardness to put it to me, whether I was among them or no? when in Truth he was there himself, had the only Reason to be afraid to fly, at the same Time that he advis'd me to shift for my self.

As this presently occur'd to my Thoughts, so I made it my Business to enquire and find him out, and to give him Notice of it.

IN the mean Time, being now confident of my own Safety, I had no more Concern upon my Mind about my self; but now I began to be anxious for poor *Will*, my Master and Tutor in Wickedness, who was now fast by the Heels in *Newgate*, while I was happily at Liberty, and I wanted very much to go and see him, and accordingly did so.

I FOUND him in a sad Condition, loaden with heavy Irons, and had himself no Prospect or Hope of escaping; he told me he should die, but bid me be easy; for as it would do him no good to accuse me, who never was out with any of them but that once, so I might depend upon it, he would not bring me into the Trouble; as for the Rogue who had betray'd them all, he was not able to hurt me, for I might be satisfied he had never seen me in his Life; but Col. *Jack*, says he, I will tell you who was with us, and that is, your Brother the Captain, and the Villain has certainly nam'd him, and therefore, says he, if you can give him timely Notice of it do, that he may make his Escape.

HE said a great many Things to warn me of following the Steps he had led me; I was far out *Jack*, said he, when I told you to be a notorious Thief was to live like a Gentleman; he chiefly discovered his Concern that they had, as he fear'd killed the Gentleman's Gardiner,

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diner, and that he in particular had given him a Wound in the Neck, of which he was afraid he would die.

HE had a great Sum of Money in Gold about him, being the same that I had carried back to him at the Hay-Stack, and he had concealed it so well, that those that took him had not found it, and he gave me the greatest Part of it to carry to his Mother, which I very honestly deliver'd, and came away with a heavy Heart; nor did I ever see him since, for he was Executed in about three Weeks Time after, being Condemn'd that very next Sessions.

I HAD nothing to do now but to find the Captain, who tho' not without some Trouble, I at last got News of, and told him the whole Story, and how I had been taken up for him by mistake, and was come off, but that the Warrant was still out for him, and very strict Search after him; I say, telling him all this, he presently discover'd by his Surprise that he was Guilty, and after a few Words more, told me plainly it was all true, that he was in the Robbery, and that he had the greatest Part of the Booty in keeping, but what to do with it, or himself, he did not know, and wanted me to tell him, which I was very unfit to do, for I knew nothing of the World; then he told me, he had a Mind to fly into *Scotland*, which was easy to be done, and ask'd me if I would go with him: I told him I would with all my Heart, if I had Money enough to bear the Charge; he had the Trade still in his Eyes by his Answer, I warrant you, says he, we will make the Journey pay our Charge, I dare not think of going any more upon the Adventure, says I, besides, if we meet with any Misfortune out of our Knowledge, we shall never get out of it, we shall be undone; nay, says he, we shall find no Mercy here, if they can catch us, and they can do no worse Abroad, I am for venturing at all.

WELL, but Captain, says I, have you husbanded your Time so ill that you have no Money to supply you in such a Time as this; I have very little indeed, said he, for I have had bad Luck lately; but he lied, for he had a great Share of the Booty they had got at their last Ad-

venture, as above, and as the rest complain'd he and *Will* had got almost all of it, and kept the rest out of their Shares, which made them the willinger to discover them.

HOWEVER it was, he own'd about 22 *l.* he had in Money, and something that would yield Money, I suppose it was Plate; but he would not tell me what it was, or where it was, but he said he durst not go to fetch it, for he should be betray'd and seiz'd, so he would venture without it; sure, says he, we shall come back again some Time or other.

I HONESTLY produc'd all the Money I had, which was 16 *l.* and some odd Shillings: Now, says I, if we are good Husbands, and travel frugally, this will carry us quite out of Danger; for we had both been assur'd, that when we came out of *England*, we should be both safe, and no Body could hurt us, tho' they had known us; but we neither of us thought it was so many weary Steps to *Scotland* as we found it.

I SPEAK of my self as in the same Circumstances of Danger with Brother *Jack*, but it was only thus, I was in as much Fear as he, but not in quite as much Danger.

I CANNOT omit, that in the Interval of these Things, and a few Days before I carried my Money to the Gentleman in *Tower-street*, I took a Walk all alone into the Fields, in order to go to *Kentish-Town*, and do Justice to the poor old Nurse; it happen'd that before I was aware, I cross'd a Field that came to the very Spot where I robb'd the poor old Woman, and that Maid, or where I should say, *Will* made me rob them; my Heart had reproach'd me many a Time with that cruel Action, and many a Time I had promis'd to my self, that I would find a Way to make her Satisfaction, and restore her Money, and that Day I had set a part for the Work; but was a little surpriz'd that I was so suddenly upon the unhappy Spot.

THE Place brought to my Mind the Villainy I had committed there, and something struck me with a kind of Wish, I cannot say Prayer, for I know not what that meant, that I might leave off that curs'd Trade;
and

and said to my self, O! that I had some Trade to live by, I would never rob no more, for sure 'tis a wicked abominable Thing.

HERE indeed I felt the Loss of what just Parents do, and ought to do by all their Children; I mean being bred to some Trade or Employment, and I wept many Times, that I knew not what to do, or what to turn my Hand too, tho' I resolv'd to leave off the wicked Course I was in.

BUT to return to my Journey, I ask'd my Way to *Kentish-Town*, and it happen'd to be of a poor Woman that said she liv'd there, upon which Intelligence, I ask'd if she knew a Woman that lived there whose Name was *Smith*? She answer'd, yes, very well, that she was not a settled Inhabitant, only a Lodger in the Town, but that she was an honest, poor industrious Woman, and by her Labour and Pains, maintained a diseas'd Husband, that had been unable to help himself some Years.

WHAT a Villain have I been, said I to my self, that I should rob such a poor Woman as this, and add Grief and Tears to her Misery, and to the Sorrows of her House? This quicken'd my Resolution to restore her Money, and not only so, but I resolv'd I would give her something over and above her Loss; so I went forward, and by the Direction I had receiv'd, found her Lodging with very little Trouble; then asking for the Woman, she came to the Door immediately, for she heard me ask for her by her Name of a little Girl that came first to the Door; I presently spoke to her, Dame, said I, was not you robb'd about a Year ago, as you was coming Home from *London*, about *Pindar of Wakefield*? Yes indeed I was, says she, and sadly frighted into the Bargain; and how much did you lose? said I, indeed, says she, I lost all the Money I had in the World, I am sure I work'd hard for it, it was Money for keeping a Nurse Child that I had then, and I had been at *London* to receive it; but how much was it Dame? said I, why, says she, it was 22 s. and 6 d. Half-penny, 21 s. I had been to fetch, and the odd Money was my own before.

WELL, look you good Woman, what will you say if I should put you in a Way to get your Money again, for I believe the Fellow that took it is fast enough now, and perhaps I may do you a Kindness in it, and for that I came to see you: O Dear! says the old Woman, I understand you, but indeed I cannot swear to the Man's Face again; for it was Dark, and besides, I would not hang the poor Wretch for my Money, let him live and repent: That is very kind, says I, more than he deserves from you, but you need not be concern'd about that, for he will be hang'd whether you appear against him or not: But are you willing to have your Money again that you lost? Yes, indeed, says the Woman, I should be glad of that, for I have not been so hard put to it for Money a great while as I am now; I have much ado to find us Bread to eat, tho' I Work hard early and late, and with that she cry'd.

I THOUGHT it would have broke my very Heart, to think how this poor Creature work'd, and was a Slave at near Threescore, and that I a young Fellow of hardly Twenty, should rob her of her Bread to support my Idleness, and wicked Life; and the Tears came from my Eyes in Spight of all my struggling to prevent it, and the Woman perceiv'd it too; poor Woman, said I, 'tis a sad Thing such Creatures as these should plunder and strip such a poor Object as thou art? Well, he is at Leisure now to repent it I assure you: I perceive Sir, says she, you are very compassionate indeed, I wish he may improve the Time God has spar'd him, and that he may repent, and I pray God give him Repentance, whoever he is, I forgive him, whether he can make me Recompence or not, and I pray God forgive him, I won't do him any Prejudice not I; and that she went on praying for me.

WELL, Dame, come hither to me, says I, and with that I put my Hand into my Pocket, and she came to me: Hold up your Hand, said I, which she did, and I told her Nine Half-Crowns into her Hand, there Dame, said I, is your 22 s. 6 d. you lost, I assure you Dame, said I, I have been the chief Instrument to get it of him for you; for ever since he told me the Story

of

of it among the rest of his wicked Exploits ; I never gave him any Rest till I made him promise me to make you Restitution : All the while I held her Hand and put the Money into it, I looked in her Face, and I perceiv'd her Colour come and go, and that she was under the greatest Surprize of Joy imaginable.

WELL God bless him, says she, and spare him from the Disaster he is afraid of, if it be his Will, for sure, this is an Act of so much Justice, and so honest, that I never expected the like ; she run on a great while so, and wept for him, when I told her I doubted there was no room to expect his Life ; well, says she, then pray God give him Repentance, and bring him to Heaven, for sure he must have something that is Good at the Bottom ; he has a Principle of Honesty at Bottom to be sure, however, he may have been brought into bad Courses, by bad Company or evil Example, or other Temptations ; but I dare say he will be brought to Repentance one Time or other before he dies.

ALL this touch'd me nearer than she imagin'd, for I was the Man that she pray'd for all this while ; tho' she did not know it, and in my Heart I said *Amen* to it ; for I was sensible that I had done one of the vilest Actions in the World, in attacking a poor Creature in such a Condition, and not listening to her Entreaties, when she begg'd so heartily for that little Money we took from her.

IN a Word, the good Woman so mov'd me with her charitable Prayers, that I put my Hand in my Pocket again for her, Dame, said I, you are so charitable in your Petitions for this miserable Creature, that it puts me in Mind of one Thing more which I will do for him, whether he ordered me or not ; and that is, to ask you Forgiveness for the Thief in robbing you, for it was an Offence, and a Trespas against you, as well as an Injury to you ; and therefore I ask your Pardon for him, will you sincerely and heartily forgive him Dame ? I do desire it of you ; and with that I stood up, and with my Hat off, asked her Pardon ; O ! Sir, says she, do not stand up, and with your Hat off to me, I am a poor Woman ; I forgive him, and all that were

with him; for there was one or more with him, I forgive them with all my Heart, and I pray God to forgive them.

WELL Dame, then said I, to make you some Recompence for your Charity, there is something for you more than your Loss; and with that I gave her a Crown more.

THEN I ask'd her who that was, who was robb'd with her? She said it was a Servant Maid that liv'd then in the Town, but she was gone from her Place, and she did not know where she liv'd now: Well Dame, says I, if ever you do hear of her, let her leave Word where she may be found; and if I live to come and see you again, I will get the Money of him for her too, I think that was but little, was it; no, says she, it was but 5 s. 6 d. which I knew as well as she; well, says I, Dame, enquire her out if you have an Opportunity; so she promised me she would, and away I came.

THE Satisfaction this gave me was very much, but then a natural Consequence attended it, which fill'd me with Reflection afterwards, and this was, that by the same Rule, I ought to make Restitution to all that I had wrong'd, in the like manner; and what cou'd I do as to that? To this I knew not what to say, and so the Thought in Time wore off, for in short, it was impossible to be done: I had not Ability, neither did I know any of the People who I had so injur'd, and that satisfying me for the present, I let it drop.

I COME now to my Journey with Capr. Jack, my supposed Brother: We set out from *London* on Foot, and travell'd the first Day to *Ware*, for we had learnt so much of our Road, that the Way lay thro' that Town; we were weary enough the first Day, having not been used at all to Travelling; but we made shift to walk once up and down the Town, after we came into it.

I soon found that his walking out to see the Town, was not to satisfy his Curiosity in viewing the Place; for he had no Notion of any Thing of that Kind, but to see if he cou'd light of any Purchase, for he was so natural a Thief, that he could see nothing on the Road,

Road, but it occur'd to him how easily that might be taken, and how cleverly this might be carried off, and the like.

NOTHING offer'd in *Ware* to his Mind, it not being Market Day, and as for me, tho' I made no great Scruple of eating and drinking at the Cost of his Roguery, yet I resolv'd not to enter upon any Thing, as they call'd it, nor to take the least Thing from any Body.

WHEN the Captain found me resolv'd upon the Negative, he asked me, how I thought to Travel? I ask'd him what he thought of himself, that was sure to be hang'd if he was taken, how small soever the Crime was that he should be taken for? How can that be, says he, they don't know me in the Country; ay, says I, but do you think they do not send up Word to *Newgate* as soon as any Thief is taken in the Country, and so enquire who is escap'd from them, or who is fled, that they may be stopp'd? Assure yourself, says I, the Jailors correspond with one another, with the greatest Exactness imaginable; and if you were taken here but for stealing a Basket of Eggs, you shall have your Accuser sent down to see if he knows you.

THIS terrified him a little for a while, and kept him honest for three or four Days; but it was but for a few Days indeed, for he play'd a great many Rogues Tricks without me, till at last he came to his End without me too, tho' it was not till many Years after, as you shall hear in its Order; but as these Exploits are no Part of my Story, but of his, whose Life and Exploits are sufficient to make a Volume larger than this by it self; so I shall omit every Thing but what I was particularly concern'd in, during this tedious Journey.

FROM *Ware* we travell'd to *Cambridge*, tho' that was not our direct Road, the Occasion was this; in our Way going thro' a Village call'd *Puckeridge*, we baited at an Inn, at the Sign of the *Faulcon*, and while we were there, a Countryman comes to the Inn, and hangs his Horse at the Door, while he goes in to drink; we sat in the Gate-way, having called for a Mug of Beer, and drank it up: We had been talking with the Hostler

Hostler about the Way to *Scotland*, and he had bid us ask the Road to *Royston*; but, says he, there is a Turning just here a little farther, you must not go that Way, for that goes to *Cambridge*.

WE had paid for our Beer, and sat at the Door, only to rest us, when on the sudden comes a Gentleman's Coach to the Door, and three or four Horsemen; the Horsemen rode into the Yard, and the Hostler was oblig'd to go in with them; says he to the Captain, young Man pray take hold of the Horse, meaning the Countryman's Horse, I mention'd above, and take him out of the Way, that the Coach may come up; he did so, and beckon'd me to follow him; we walked together to the Turning, says he to me, do you step before and turn up the Lane, I'll overtake you; so I went on up the Lane, and in a few Minutes he was got up upon the Horse and at my Heels, come get up, says he, we will have a Lift, if we don't get the Horse by the Bargain.

I MADE no Difficulty to get up behind him, and away we went at a good round Rate, it being a good strong Horse: We lost no Time for an Hours riding and more, by which Time we thought we were out of the Reach of being pursued, and as the Countryman, when he should miss his Horse, would hear that we enquir'd the Way to *Royston*, he would certainly pursue us that Way, and not towards *Cambridge*: We went easier after the first Hours riding, and coming thro' a Town or two we alighted by Turns, and did not ride double thro' the Villages.

NOW as it was impossible for the Captain to pass by any Thing that he could lay his Hand on, and not take it, so now having a Horse to carry it off too, the Temptation was the stronger; going thro' a Village, where a good Housewife of the House had been Washing, and hung her Cloaths out upon a Hedge near the Road, he could not help it, but got hold of a couple of good Shirts, that were about half dry, and overtook me upon the Spur, for I walk'd on before; I immediately got up behind, and away we gallop'd together as fast as the Horse would well go: In this Part of our Expedition,

dition, his good Luck or mine, carried us quite out of the Road, and having seen^{ed} to ask the Way of, we lost ourselves, and wandered I know not how many Miles to the right Hand, till partly by that Means, and partly by the Occasion following, we came quite into the Coach Road to *Cambridge*, from *London*, by *Bishop-Stortford*; the particular Occasion that made me wander on was thus; the Country was all open Corn-fields, no Enclosures; when being upon a little rising Ground, I bad him stop the Horse, for I would get down, and walk a little to ease my Legs, being tir'd with riding so long behind without Stirrups; when I was down, and look'd a little about me, I saw plainly the great white Road, which we should have gone, at near two Miles from us.

On a sudden, looking a little back to my Left, upon that Road, I saw four or five Horsemen, riding full Speed, some a good Way before the other, and hurrying on as People in a full Pursuit.

It immediately struck me; Ha! Brother *Jack*, says I, get off of the Horse this Moment, and ask why afterwards; so he jumps off, What's the Matter? Says he, the Matter, says I, look yonder, 'tis well we have lost our Way; do you see how they ride, they are pursuing us you may depend upon it, either, says I, you are pursued from the last Village for the two Shirts, or from *Puckeridge* for the Horse. He had so much Presence of Mind, that without my mentioning it to him, he puts back the Horse behind a great white Thorn-Bush, which grew just by him; so they could by no Means see the Horse, which we being just at the Top of the Hill, they might otherwise have done, and so have pursued that Way at a venture.

BUT as it was impossible for them to see the Horse, so was it as impossible for them to see us at that Distance, who sat down on the Ground to look at them the more securely.

THE Road winding about, we saw them a great Way, and they rode as fast as they could make their Horses go; when we found they were gone quite out of Sight, we mounted, and made the best of our Way also;

also; and indeed, tho' we were two upon one Horse, yet we abated no Speed where the Way would admit of it, not enquiring of any Body the Way to any where, till after about two Hours riding, we came to a Town, which upon Enquiry, they call'd *Chesterford*, and here we stopp'd, and ask'd not our Way to any Place, but whither that Road went, and were told it was the Coach Road to *Cambridge*; also that it was the Way to *New-Market*, to *St. Edmunds-Bury*, to *Norwich* and *Yarmouth*, to *Lyn*, and to *Ely*, and the like.

WE staid here a good while, believing ourselves secure, and afterwards towards Evening went forward to a Place call'd *Bourn-Bridge*, where the Road to *Cambridge* turns away out of the Road to *New-Market*, and where there are but two Houses only, both of them being *Inns*. Here the Captain says to me, Hark ye, you see we are pursued towards *Cambridge*, and shall be stop'd if we go thither; now *New-Market* is but ten Mile off, and there we may be safe, and perhaps get an Opportunity to do some Business.

Look ye, *Jack*, said I, talk no more of doing Business, for I will not join with you in any Thing of that Kind; I would fain get you to *Scotland*, before you get a Halter about your Neck, I will not have you hang'd in *England*, if I can help it, and therefore I won't go to *New-Market*, unless you will promise me to take no false Steps there: Well, says he, if I must not, then I won't; but I hope you will let us get another Horse, won't you? that we may travel faster: No, says I, I won't agree to that, but if you will let me send this Horse back fairly, I will tell you how we shall hire Horses afterwards, for one Stage, or two, and then take them as far as we please; 'tis only sending a Letter to the Owner to send for him, and then, if we are stopp'd, it can do us but little Hurt.

You are a wary politick Gentleman, says the Captain, but, I say, we are better as we are; for we are out of all Danger of being stopp'd on the Way after we are gone from this Place.

WE had not parley'd thus long; but tho' in the Dead of the Night, came a Man to the other *Inn* Door, for

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as above, there are two *Inns* at that Place, and call'd for a Pot of Beer, but the People were all in Bed, and would not rise; he ask'd them if they had seen two 'Fellows come that Way upon one Horse: The Man said he had, that they went by in the Afternoon, and ask'd the Way to *Cambridge*, but did not stop only to drink one Mug: O! says he, are they gone to *Cambridge*? Then I'll be with them quickly: I was awake in a little Garret of the next *Inn*, where we lodg'd; and hearing the Fellow call at the Door, got up, and went to the Window, having some Uneasiness at every Noise I heard; and by that Means heard the whole Story: Now, the Case is plain, our Hour was not come, our Fate had determin'd other Things for us, and we were to be reserv'd for it, the Matter was thus; when we first came to *Bourn-Bridge*, we call'd at the first House, and ask'd the Way to *Cambridge*, drank a Mug of Beer, and went on, and they might see us turn off to go the Way they directed; but Night coming on, and we being very weary, we thought we should not find the Way; and we came back in the Dusk of the Evening, and went into the other House, being the first as we came back, as that where we call'd before, was the first, as we went forward.

You may be sure I was alarm'd now, as indeed I had Reason to be; the Captain was in Bed, and fast asleep, but I wak'd him, and rouz'd him with a Noise that frightened him enough; Rise, *Jack*, said I, we are both ruin'd, they are come after us hither; indeed, I was wrong to terrify him at that Rate; for he started, and jump't out of Bed, and run directly to the Window, not knowing where he was, and not quite awake, was just going to jump out of the Window, but I laid hold of him; What are you going to do? Says I, I won't be taken, says he, let me alone, where are they?

THIS was all Confusion, and he was so out of himself with the Fright; and being overcome with Sleep, that I had much to do to prevent his jumping out of the Window: However, I held him fast, and thoroughly waken'd him, and then all was well again, and he was presently compos'd.

THEN

THEN I told him the Story, and we sat together upon the Bed-side, considering what we should do: Upon the whole, as the Fellow that call'd was apparently gone to *Cambridge*; we had nothing to fear, but to be quiet till Day-break, and then to mount and be gone.

ACCORDINGLY, as soon as Day peep'd, we were up, and having happily inform'd ourselves of the Road at the other House; and being told that the Road to *Cambridge* turn'd off on the left Hand, and that the Road to *New-Market* lay strait forward; I say, having learnt this, the Captain told me he would walk away on Foot towards *New-Market*; and so when I came to go out, I should appear as a single Traveller; and accordingly he went out immediately, and away he walk'd, and he travell'd so hard, that when I came to follow, I thought once that he had dropp'd me, for tho' I rid hard, I got no Sight of him for an Hour; at length, having pass'd the great Bank, call'd the *Devil's-Ditch*, I found him, and took him up behind me, and we rode double till we came almost to the End of *New-Market* Town; just at the hither House in the Town, stood a Horse at a Door, just as it was at *Puckeridge*: Now, says *Jack*, if the Horse was at the other End of the Town, I would have him, as sure as we had the other at *Puckeridge*; but it would not do, so he got down, and walk'd thro' the Town on the right Hand Side of the Way.

He had not got half thro' the Town, but the Horse having some how or other got loose, came trotting gently on by himself, and no Body following him; the Captain, an old Soldier at such Work, as soon as the Horse was got a pretty Way before him, and that he saw no Body follow'd, sets up a Run after the Horse; and the Horse hearing him follow, ran the faster; then the Captain calls out, stop the Horse, and by this Time the Horse was got almost to the farther End of the Town; the People of the House where he stood, not missing him all the while.

UPON his calling out stop the Horse, the poor People of the Town, such as were next at Hand, ran from both Sides the Way, and stopp'd the Horse for him,

as readily as cou'd be, and held him for him, till he came up ; he very gravely comes up to the Horſe, hits him a Blow or two, and calls him Dog for running away ; gives the Man 2 *d.* that catch'd him for him, mounts, and away he comes after me.

THIS was the oddeſt Adventure that cou'd have happen'd, for the Horſe ſtole the Captain, the Captain did not ſteal the Horſe ; when he came up to me, now Colonel *Jack*, ſays he, what ſay you to good Luck, would you have had me refus'd the Horſe, when he came ſo civilly to aſk me to ride ? No, no, ſaid I, you have got this Horſe by your Wit, not by Deſign, and you may go on now I think, you are in a ſafer Condition than I am, if we are taken.

THE next Queſtion was, what Road we ſhould take ? Here were four Ways before us, and we were alike Strangers to them all ; firſt on the right Hand, and at a little Mile from the Town, a great Road went off to *St. Edmund's-Bury* ; ſtrait on, but enclining afterwards to the Right, lay the great Road to *Barton Mills*, and *Thetford*, and ſo to *Norwich* ; and full before us lay a great Road alſo to *Brandon* and *Lynn*, and on the Left, lay a leſs Road to the City of *Ely*, and into the Fens.

In ſhort, as we knew not which Road to take, nor which Way to get into the great North Road, which we had left ; ſo we by mere unguided Chance took the Way to *Brandon*, and ſo to *Lynn* : At *Brand*, or *Brandon*, we were told, that paſſing over at a Place call'd *Downham-Bridge*, we might croſs the Fen Country to *Wiſbich* ; and from thence go along the Bank of the River *Nyne* to *Peterborough*, and from thence to *Stamford*, where we were in the Northern Road again ; and likewise, that at *Lynn*, we might go by the Waſhes into *Lincolnſhire*, and ſo might travel North. But upon the whole, this was my Rule, that when we enquir'd the Way to any particular Place, to be ſure we never took the Road, but ſome other ; which the accidental Diſcourſe we might have, ſhould bring in, and thus we did here, for having chiefly aſk'd our Way into the Northern Road, we reſolv'd to go directly for *Lynn*,

WE arriv'd here very easy and safe, and while we was considering of what Way we should travel next ; we found we were got to a Point, and that there was no Way now left, but that by the Washes into *Lincolnshire*, and that was represented as very dangerous ; so an Opportunity offering of a Man that was Traveling over the Fenns ; we took him for our Guide, and went with him to *Spalding*, and from thence to a Town call'd *Deeping*, and so to *Stamford* in *Lincolnshire*.

THIS is a large populous Town, and it was Market-Day when we came to it ; so we put in at a little House, at the hither End of the Town, and walk'd into the Town.

HERE it was not possible to restrain my Captain from playing his Feats of Art, and my Heart ak'd for him ; I told him I would not go with him, for he would not promise, and I was so terribly concern'd at the Apprehensions of his ventrous Humour, that I would not so much as stir out of my Lodging ; but it was in vain to persuade him ; he went into the Market, and found a *Mountebank* there, which was what he wanted ; how he pick'd two Pockets there in one Quarter of an Hour, and brought to our Quarters a Piece of new Holland, of eight or nine ells ; a Piece of Stuff, and play'd three or four Pranks more in less than two Hours ; and how afterward he robb'd a Doctor of Physick, and yet came off clear in them all ; this, I say, as above, belongs to his Story, not to mine.

I SCOLDED heartily at him when he came back, and told him he would certainly ruin himself, and me too, before he left off, and threaten'd in so many Words, that I would leave him, and go back, and carry the Horse to *Puckeridge*, where we borrow'd it, and so go to *London* by myself.

HE promis'd Amendment, but as we resolv'd now, (we were in the great Road) to travel by Night, so it being not yet Night, he gives me the Slip again, and was not gone half an Hour, but he comes back with a Gold Watch in his Hand : Come, says he, why an't you ready ? I am ready to go as soon as you will ; and with that he pulls out the Gold Watch : I was amaz'd

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at such a Thing as that in a Country Town ; but it seems there was Prayers at one of the Churches in the Evening, and he placing himself, as the Occasion directed, found the Way to be so near the Lady, as to get it from her Side, and walk'd off with it unperceived.

THE same Night we went away, by Moon-light, after having the Satisfaction to hear the Watch cry'd, and ten Guineas offer'd for it again, he would have been glad of the ten Guineas, instead of the Watch ; but durst not venture to carry it Home. Well, says I, you are afraid, and but you have Reason, give it me, I will venture to carry it again ; but he would not let me ; but told me, that when he came into *Scotland* we might sell any Thing there without Danger, which was true indeed, for there they ask'd us no Questions.

WE set out, as I said, in the Evening by Moon-light, and travell'd hard, the Road being very plain and large, till we came to *Grantham*, by which Time it was about Two in the Morning, and all the Town, as it were dead asleep, so we went on for *Newark*, where we reach'd about Eight in the Morning, and there we lay down and slept most of the Day, and by this sleeping so continually in the Day-time, I kept him from doing a great deal of Mischief, which he would otherwise have done.

FROM *Newark*, we took Advice of one that was accidentally comparing the Roads, and we concluded that the Road by *Nottingham* would be the best for us ; so we turn'd out of the great Road, and went up the Side of the *Trent* to *Nottingham* : Here he play'd his Pranks again in a Manner, that it was the greatest Wonder imaginable to me that he was not surpriz'd, and yet he came off clear ; and now he had got so many bulky Goods, that he bought him a Portmanteau to carry them in ; it was in vain for me to offer to restrain him any more : So after this he went on his own Way.

AT *Nottingham*, I say, he had such Success, that made us the hastier to be going, than otherwise we would have been, least we should have been baulk'd, and should be laid hold of ; from thence we left the Road,

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which leads to the North again, and went away by *Mansfield* into *Scarfsdale*, and *Yorkshire*.

I SHALL take up no more of my own Story, with his Pranks, they very well merit to be told by themselves; but I shall observe only what relates to our Journey. In a Word, I drag'd him along as fast as I could, till I came to *Leeds* in *Yorkshire*; here, tho' it be a large and populous Town, yet he could make nothing of it, neither had he any Success at *Wakefield*; and he told me, in short, that the North-Country People were certainly all Thieves: Why so? said I, the People seem to be just as other People are: No, no, says he, they have their Eyes so about them, and are all so sharp, they look upon every Body that comes near them to be a Pick-Pocket, or else they would never stand so upon their Guard; and then again, says he, they are so poor, there is but little to be got, and I am afraid, says he, the farther we go North, we shall find it worse. Well, said I, What do you infer from thence? I argue from thence, says he, that we shall do nothing there, and I had as good go back into the South and be hang'd as into the North to be starv'd.

WELL, we came at length to *Newcastle upon Tyne*. Here on a Market-day was a great Throng of People, and several of the Town's-People going to Market to buy Provisions, and here he play'd his Pranks, cheated a Shop-keeper of 15 or 16 *l.* in Goods, and got clear away with them; stole a Horse, and sold that he came upon, and play'd so many Pranks, that I was quite frighted for him; I say for him, for I was not concern'd for myself, having never stirr'd out of the House where I lodg'd, at least not with him, nor without some or other with me, belonging to the *Inn*, that might give an Account of me.

NOR did I use this Caution in vain, for he had made himself so publick by his Rogueries, that he was way-laid every where to be taken, and had he not artfully first given out, that he was come from *Scotland*, and was going toward *London*, enquiring that Road, and the like, which amus'd his Pursuers for the first Day, he had been taken, and in all Probability had been hang'd there;

there; but by that Artifice he got half a Day's Time of them; and yet as it was, he was put so to it, that he was fain to plunge Horse and all into the River *Tweed*, and swim over, and thereby made his Escape: It was true, that he was before upon *Scots Ground*, (as they call'd it) and consequently they had no Power to have carried him off, if any Body had oppos'd them; yet as they were in a full Chase after him, could they have come up with him, they would have run the Risk of the rest, and they cou'd but have deliver'd him up, if they had been questioned about it; however, as he got over the *Tweed*, and was landed safe, they could neither follow him, the Water being too high at the usual Place of going over, nor could they have attempted to have brought him away, if they had taken him: The Place where he took the River, was where there is a *Ford* a little below *Kelfo*, but the Water being up, the *Ford* was not passable, and he had no Time to go to the *Ferry-Boat*, which is about a Furlong off, opposite to the Town.

HAVING thus made his Escape, he went to *Kelfo*, where he had appointed me to come after him.

I FOLLOWED with a heavy Heart, expecting every Hour to meet him upon the Road, in the Custody of the Constables, and such People, or to hear of him in the Goal; but when I came to a Place on the Border, call'd *Woller-haugh-head*, there I understood how he had been chas'd, and how he had made his Escape.

WHEN I came to *Kelfo*, he was easy enough to be found, for his having desperately swam the *Tweed*, a rapid and large River, made him much talk'd of, tho' it seems they had not heard of the Occasion of it, nor any Thing of his Character; for he had Wit enough to conceal all that, and live as retir'd as he could till I came to him.

I WAS not so much rejoyc'd at his Safety, as I was provok'd at his Conduct; and the more, for that I could not find he had yet the least Notion of its having been void of common Sense with respect to his Circumstances, as well as contrary to what he promis'd me; however, as there was no beating any Thing into his Head

by Words, I only told him, that I was glad he was at last gotten into a Place of Safety, and I ask'd him then how he intended to manage himself in that Country? He said in a few Words, he did not know yet, he doubted the People were very poor; but if they had any Money, he was resolv'd to have some of it.

BUT do you know too, says I, that they are the severest People upon Criminals of your kind in the World? He did not value that, he said, in his blunt short Way, he would venture it; upon this, I told him, that seeing it was so, and he would run such Ventures, I would take my Leave of him, and be gone back to *England*: He seem'd sullen, or rather it was the Roughness of his untractable Disposition; he said I might do what I would, he would do, as he found Opportunity; however, we did not part immediately, but went on towards the capital City; on the Road we found too much Poverty, and too few People to give him Room to expect any Advantage in his Way, and tho' he had his Eyes about him, as sharp as a Hawk, yet he saw plainly there was nothing to be done; for as to the Men, they did not seem to have much Money about them; and for the Women, their Dress was such, that had they any Money, or indeed any Pockets, it was impossible to come at them; for wearing large Plads about them, and down to their Knees, they were wrap'd up so close, that there was no coming to make the least Attempt of that Kind.

KELSO, was indeed a good Town, and had abundance of People in it, and yet tho' he staid one *Sunday* there, and saw the Church, which is very large, and throng'd with People; yet, as he told me, there was not one Woman to be seen in all the Church with any other Dress than a Plad, except in two Pews, which belong'd to some Noblemen, and who, when they came out, were so surrounded with Footmen and Servants, that there was no coming near them, any more than there was any coming near the King surrounded by his Guards.

WE set out therefore with this Discouragement, which I was secretly glad of, and went forward for *Edinburgh*;

Edinburgh; all the Way thither, we went thro' no considerable Town, and it was but very coarse Traveling for us, who were Strangers, for we met with Waters, which were very dangerous to pass, by Reason of hasty Rains, at a Place, call'd *Lauderdale*, and where my Captain was really in Danger of drowning, his Horse being driven down by the Stream, and fell under him, by which he wetted and spoil'd his stolen Goods, that he brought from *Newcastle*, and which had kept dry strangely, by holding them up in his Arms, when he swam the *Tweed*; but here it wanted but little, that he and his Horse had been lost, not so much by the Depth of the Water, as the Fury of the Current; but he had a Proverb in his Favour, and he got out of the Water, tho' with Difficulty enough, not being born to be drown'd, as I shall observe afterwards in its Place.

WE came to *Edinburgh*, the third Day from *Kells*, having stopp'd at an *Inn* one whole Day, at a Place call'd *Soutra-Hill*, to dry our Goods, and refresh ourselves: We were oddly saluted at *Edinburgh*, the next Day after we came thither; my Captain having a Desire to walk, and look about him, ask'd me if I would go and see the Town? I told him yes; so we went out, and coming thro' a Gate, that they call the *Nether-Bow*, into the great *High-street*, which went up to the *Cross*, we were surpriz'd to see it throng'd with an infinite Number of People: Ay, (says my Captain) this will do; however, as I had made him promise to make no Adventures that Day, otherwise I told him I would not go out with him; so I held him by the Sleeve, and would not let him stir from me.

THEN we came up to the *Mercat-Cross*, and there besides the great Number of People who pass'd and repass'd, we saw a great Parade, or kind of Meeting, like an *Exchange* of Gentlemen, of all Ranks and Qualities, and this encourag'd my Captain again, and he pleas'd himself with that Sight.

IT was while we were looking, and wondering at what we saw here, that we were surpriz'd with a Sight, which we little expected, we observ'd the People running on a sudden, as to see some strange Thing just coming

along, and strange it was indeed; for we see two Men naked from the Waist upwards, run by us as swift as the Wind, and we imagin'd nothing, but that it was two Men running a Race for some mighty Wager; on a sudden we found two long small Ropes or Lines, which hung down at first, pull'd strait, and the two Racers stopp'd, and stood still, one close by the other; we could not imagine what this meant, but the Reader may judge at our Surprize when we found a Man follow after, who had the Ends of both those Lines in his Hands, and who, when he came up to them, gave each of them two frightful Lashes with a Wire-Whip, or Lash, which he held in the other Hand; and then the two poor naked Wretches run on again to the Length of their Line or Tether, where they waited for the like Salutation: And in this Manner they danc'd the Length of the whole Street, which is about half a Mile.

THIS was a dark Prospect to my Captain, and put him in Mind, not only of what he was to expect; if he made a Slip in the Way of his Profession in this Place; but also of what he had suffer'd, when he was but a Boy, at the famous Place call'd *Bridewell*.

BUT this was not all, for as we saw the Execution, so we were curious to examine into the Crime too; and we ask'd a young Fellow who stood near us, what the two Men had done, for which they suffer'd that Punishment? The Fellow, an unhappy ill-natur'd *Scotchman*, perceiv'd by our Speech that we were *Englishmen*, and by our Question, that we were Strangers, told us with a malicious Wit, that they were two *Englishmen*; and that they were whip'd so for picking Pockets; and other petty Thieveries, and that they were afterwards to be sent away over the Border into *England*.

NOW this was every Word of it false, and was only form'd by his nimble Invention to insult us as *Englishmen*; for when we enquir'd farther, they were both *Scotchmen*, and were thus scourg'd for the usual Offences, for which we give the like Punishment in *England*; and the Man who held the Line, and scourg'd them, was the City Hangman, who (by the Way) is there an Officer

Officer of Note, has a constant Salary, and is a Man of Substance, and not only so, but a most dextrous Fellow in his Office, and makes a great deal of Money of his Employment.

THIS Sight, however, was very shocking to us; and my Captain turn'd to me, *Come*, says he, *let us go away, I won't stay here any longer*; I was glad to hear him say so, but did not think he had meant or intended what he said: However, we went back to our Quarters, and kept pretty much within, only that in the Evenings we walk'd about: But even then my Captain found no Employment, no Encouragement; two or three Times indeed, he made a Prize of some Mercery and Millinary Goods: But when he had them, he knew not what to do with them; so that in short, he was forc'd to be honest, in spite of his good Will, to be otherwise.

WE remain'd here about a Month; when on a sudden my Captain was gone, Horse and all, and I knew nothing what was become of him; nor did I ever see or hear of him for eighteen Months after, nor did he so much as leave the least Notice for me, either whether he was gone, or whether he would return to *Edinburgh* again, or no.

I TOOK his leaving me very heinously, not knowing what to do with myself, being a stranger in the Place, and on the other Hand, my Money abated apace too: I had for the most Part of this Time my Horse upon my Hands to keep; and as Horses yield but a sorry Price in *Scotland*, I found no Opportunity to make much of him; and on the other Hand, I had a secret Resolution, if I had gone back to *England*, to have restor'd him to the Owner, at *Puckeridge*, by *Ware*; and so I should have wrong'd him of nothing, but of the Use of him for so long Time: But I found an Occasion to answer all my Designs about the Horse to advantage.

THERE came a Man to the *Stabler* (so they call the People at *Edinburgh*, that take in Horses to keep) and wanted to know if he could hear of any return'd Horses for *England*; my Landlord (so we call'd him) came

bluntly to me one Day, and ask'd me, *If my Horse was my own?* It was an odd Question, as my Circumstances stood, and puzzl'd me at first; and I ask'd him why, and what was the Matter? Because, says he, if it be a hir'd Horse in *England*, as is often the Case with *English Men*, who come to *Scotland*, I could help you to send it back, and get you something for riding it, so he express'd himself.

I WAS very glad of the Occasion; and in short, took Security there of the Person, for delivering the Horse safe and sound, and had 15 s. *Sterling* for the riding him: Upon this Agreement I gave order to leave the Horse at the *Falcon* at *Puckeridge*, and where I heard many Years after, that he was honestly left, and that the Owner had him again, but had nothing for the Loan of him.

BEING thus eas'd of the Expence of my Horse, and having nothing at all to do; I began to consider with myself, what would become of me, and what I could turn my Hand to: I had not much diminish'd my Stock of Money, for tho' I was all the Way so wary, that I would not join with my Captain in his desperate Attempts, yet I made no Scruple to live at his Expence, which, as I came out of *England* only to keep him Company, had been but just, had I not known that all he had to spend upon me, was what he robb'd honest People of, and that I was all that while a Receiver of stolen Goods; but I was not come off so far than as to scruple that Part at all.

IN the next Place, I was not so anxious about my Money running low, because, I knew what a Reserve I had made at *London*; but still I was very willing to have engag'd in any honest Employment for a Livelihood; for I was sick indeed of the wandering Life which I had led, and was resolv'd to Thieve no more; but then two or three Things, which I had offer'd me, I lost, because I could not write or read.

THIS afflicted me a great while very much, but the *Stabler*, as I have call'd him, deliver'd me from my Anxiety that Way, by bringing me to an honest, but a poor young Man, who undertook to teach me, both

to Write and Read, and in a little Time too, and for a small Expence, if I would take Pains at it; I promised all possible Diligence, and to Work I went with it; but found the Writing much more difficult to me than the Reading.

HOWEVER in half a Years Time, or thereabouts, I could Read and Write too tollerably well, insomuch that I began to think I was now fit for Business, and I got by it into the Service of a certain Officer of the Customs, who employ'd me for a Time, but as he set me to do little but pass and repass between *Leith* and *Edinburgh*, with the Accompts which he kept for the Farmers of the Customs there, leaving me to live at my own Expence till my Wages should be due, I run out the little Money I had left in Cloaths and Subsistence, and a little before the Years End, when I was to have 12 *l.* *English* Money, truly my Master was turned out of his Place, and which was worse, having been charg'd with some Mis-applications, was oblig'd to take shelter in *England*, and so we that were Servants, for there were three of us, were left to shift for ourselves.

THIS was a hard Case for me in a strange Place, and I was reduc'd by it to the last Extremity; I might have gone for *England*, an *English* Ship being there, the Master proffer'd me to give me my Passage (upon telling him my Distress) and to take my Word for the Payment of 10 *s.* when I came there; but my Captain appear'd just then under new Circumstances, which oblig'd him not to go away, and I was loth to leave him; it seems we were yet farther to take our Fate together.

I HAVE mention'd that he left me, and that I saw him no more for Eighteen Months: His Ramble and Adventures were many in that Time, he went to *Glasgow*, play'd some remarkable Pranks there, escap'd almost miraculously from the Gallows, got over to *Ireland*, wander'd about there, turn'd Raparee, and did some villainous Things there, and escap'd from *Londonderry*, over to the *Highlands* in the *North* of *Scotland*, and about a Month before I was left destitute at *Leith*, by my Master, behold! my Noble Captain *Jack* came
in

in there, on Board the Ferry-Boat from *Fife*, being after all Adventures and Successes advanc'd to the Dignity of a Foot Soldier, in a Body of Recruits rais'd in the *North*, for the Regiment of *Douglas*.

AFTER my Disaster, being reduc'd almost as low as my Captain, I found no better Shift before me, at least for the present, than to enter my self a Soldier too, and thus we were rank'd together, with each of us a Musquet upon our Shoulders, and I confess that Thing did not sit so ill upon me as I thought at first it would have done; for tho' I far'd hard, and lodg'd ill, for the last especially, is the Fate of poor Soldiers in that Part of the World; yet to me that had been us'd to lodge on the Ashes in the *Glass-house*, this was no great Matter; I had a secret Satisfaction at being now under no Necessity of stealing, and living in fear of a Prison, and of the Lash of the Hangman; a Thing which from the Time I saw it in *Edinburgh*, was so terrible to me that I could not think of it without Horror, and it was an inexpressible Ease to my Mind, that I was now in a certain Way of living, which was honest, and which I could say, was not unbecoming a Gentleman. *

WHATEVER was my Satisfaction in that Part, yet other Circumstances did not equally concur to make this Life suit me; for after we had been about six Months in this Figure, we were inform'd that the Recruits were all to march for *England*, and to be shipp'd off at *Newcastle*, or at *Hull*, to join the Regiment, which was then in *Flanders*.

I SHOULD tell you that before this, I was extremely delighted with the Life of a Soldier, and I took the Exercise so naturally, that the Serjeant that taught us to handle our Arms, seeing me so ready at it, asked me if I had never carried Arms before; I told him no, at which he swore, tho' jesting, they call you Colonel, says he, and I believe you will be a Colonel, or you must be some Colonel's Bastard, or you would never handle your Arms as you do, at once or twice showing.

THIS

THIS pleas'd me extreamly, and encourag'd me, and I was mightily taken with the Life of a Soldier ; but when the Captain came and told me the News, that we were to march for *England*, and to be shipp'd off for *Flanders* at *Newcastle* upon *Tyne*, I was surpriz'd very much, and new Thoughts began to come in my Mind ; as first, my Captain's Condition was particular, for he durst not appear publickly at *Newcastle*, as he must have done if he had march'd with the Battallion (for they were a Body of above 400, and therefore call'd themselves a Battallion, tho' they were but Recruits, and belonged to the several Companies abroad) I say, he must have march'd with them, and been publickly seen, in which Case he would have been apprehended, and deliver'd up: In the next Place, I remember'd that I had almost 100 *l.* in Money in *London*, and if it should have been ask'd all the Soldiers in the Regiment, which of them would go to *Flanders*, a private Centinel if they had 100 *l.* in their Pockets, I believe none of them would answer in the Affirmative ; a 100 *l.* being at that Time sufficient to buy Colours in any new Regiment, tho' not in that Regiment which was on an old Establishment: This whetted my Ambition, and I dream't of nothing but being a Gentleman Officer, as well as a Gentleman Soldier.

THESE two Circumstances concurring, I began to be very uneasy, and very unwilling in my Thoughts to go over a poor Musqueteer into *Flanders*, to be knock'd on the Head at the Tune of 3 *s.* 6 *d.* a Week: While I was daily musing on the Circumstances of being sent away, as above, and considering what to do, my Captain comes to me one Evening, hark ye, *Jack*, says he? I must speak with you, let us take a Walk in the Fields a little out from the Houses, we were quarter'd at a Place call'd *Park-End*, near the Town of *Dunbar*, about 20 Miles from *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and about 16 Miles from the River *Tweed*, the nearest Way.

WE walk'd together here, and talk'd seriously upon the Matter; the Captain told me how his Case stood, and that he durst not march with the Battallion into *Newcastle*; that if he did, he should be taken out of the Ranks

Ranks and tried for his Life, and that I knew as well as he: I could go privately to *Newcastle*, says he, and go thro' the Town well enough, but to go publickly, is to run into the Jaws of Destruction: Well, says I, that is very true, but what will you do? Do! says he, do you think I am so bound by Honour, as a Gentleman Soldier, that I will be hang'd for them; no, no, says he, I am resolv'd to be gone, and I would have you go with us, said I, what do you mean by us? Why, here is another honest Fellow, an *Englisbman* also, says he, that is resolv'd to desert too, and he has been a long while in their Service, and says he knows how we shall be used Abroad, and he will not go to *Flanders*, says he, not he.

WHY, says I, you will be shot to Death for Deserters if you are taken, and they will send out Scouts for you in the Morning all over the Country, so that you will certainly fall into their Hands; as for that, says he, my Comrade is thoroughly acquainted with the Way, and has undertaken to bring us to the Bank of *Tweed*, before they can come up with us, and when we are on the other Side of the *Tweed*, they can't take us up.

AND when would you go away? says I.

THIS Minute, says he, no Time to be lost, 'tis a fine Moon shining Night.

I HAVE none of my Baggage, says I, let me go back and fetch my Linnen, and other Things.

YOUR Linnen is not much, I suppose, says he, and we shall easily get more in *England* the old Way.

No, says I, no more of your old Ways, it has been owing to those old Ways that we are now in such a Strait.

WELL, well, says he, the old Ways are better than this starving Life of a Gentleman, as we call it.

BUT, says I, we have no Money in our Pockets, how shall we Travel?

I HAVE a little, says the Captain, enough to help us on to *Newcastle*, and if we can get none by the Way, we will get some *Collier* Ship to take us in, and carry us to *London* by Sea.

I LIKE that the best of all the Measures you have laid yet, said I, and so I consented to go, and went off with him immediately: The cunning Rogue having lodg'd his Comrade a Mile off under the Hills, had dragg'd me by talking with him by little and little that Way, till just when I consented, he was in Sight, and he said, look there's my Comrade! who I knew presently, having seen him among the Men.

BEING thus gotten under the Hills, and a Mile of the Way, and the Day just shot in, we kept on a-pace, resolving if possible to get out of the Reach of our Pursuers, before they should miss us, or know any Thing of our being gone.

WE ply'd our Time so well, and travell'd so hard, that by Five o'Clock in the Morning we were at a little Village, whose Name I forget; but they told us that we were within 8 Miles of the *Tweed*; and that as soon as we should be over the River, we were on *English* Ground.

WE refresh'd a little here, but march'd on with but little Stay; however it was half an Hour past 8 in the Morning before we reached the *Tweed*, so it was at least 12 Miles, when they told us it was but 8: Here we overtook two more of the same Regiment, who had deserted from *Haddingtown*, where another part of the Recruits were quarter'd.

THOSE were *Scotchmen*, and very poor, having not one Penny in their Pockets; and had no more when they made their Escape but 8s. between them; and when they see us, who they knew to be of the same Regiment, they took us to be Pursuers, and that we came to lay hold of them; upon which they stood upon their Defence, having the Regiment Swords on, as we had also, but none of the Mounting or Cloathing; for we were not to receive the Cloathing till we came to the Regiment in *Flanders*.

It was not long before we made them understand, that we were in the same Circumstances with themselves, and so we soon became one Company; and after resting some Time on the *English* Side of the River, (for we were heartily tir'd, and the other were as much fatigued

as

as we were) I say, after resting a while, we set forward towards *Newcastle*, whether we resolv'd to go to get our Passage by Sea to *London*; for we had not Money to hold us out any farther.

OUR Money was ebb'd very low, for tho' I had one Piece of Gold in my Pocket, which I kept reserv'd for the last Extremity; yet it was but Half a Guinea, and my Captain had bore all our Charges as far as his Money would go, so that when we came to *Newcastle*, we had but Six-pence left in all to help ourselves, and the two *Scots* had begg'd their Way all along the Road.

WE contriv'd to come into *Newcastle* in the Dusk of the Evening, and even then we durst not venture into the publick Part of the Town, but made down towards the River, something below the Town where some *Glass-houses* stand: Here we knew not what to do with ourselves; but guided by our Fate, we put a good Face upon the Matter, and went into an *Alehouse*, sat down, and call'd for a Pint of Beer.

THE House was kept by a Woman only, that is to say, we saw no other, and as she appeared very Frank, and entertained us chearfully, we at last told our Condition, and asked her, if she cou'd not help us to some kind Master of a *Collier*, that would give us a Passage to *London* by Sea; the subtle Devil, who immediately found us proper Fish for her Hook, gave us the kindest Words in the World, and told us, she was heartily sorry she had not seen us one Day sooner; that there was a *Collier* Master of her particular Acquaintance that went away but with the Morning Tide, that the Ship was fallen down to *Shields*, but she believed was hardly over the Bar yet, and she would send to his House and see if he was gone on Board, for sometimes the Masters do not go away till a Tide after the Ship, and she was sure if he was not gone, she cou'd prevail with him to take us all in; but then she was afraid we must go on Board immediately the same Night.

WE begg'd her to send to his House, for we knew not what to do, and if she cou'd oblige him to take us on Board, we did not care what Time of Night

it

it was; for as we had no Money, we had no Lodging, and we wanted nothing but to be on Board.

WE look'd upon this as a mighty Favour, that she sent to the Master's House, and to our greater Joy, she brought us Word about an Hour after, that he was not gone, and was at a Tavern in the Town, whether his Boy had been to fetch him; and that he had sent Word he would call there in the Way Home.

THIS was all in our Favour, and we were extremely pleased with it; about an Hour after, the Landlady being in the Room with us, her Maid brings us Word the Master was below, so down she goes to him, telling us she would go and tell him our Case, and see to perswade him to take us all on Board; after some Time she comes up with him, and brings him into the Room to us, where are these honest Gentlemen Soldiers, says he, that are in such Distress? We stood all up, and paid our Respects to him: Well, Gentlemen, and is all your Money spent?

INDEED it is, said one of our Company, and we shall be infinitely obliged to you Sir, if you will give us a Passage, we will be very willing to do any Thing we can in the Ship, tho' we are not Seamen.

WHY, says he, were none of you ever at Sea in your Lives?

No, says we, not one of us.

You will be able to do me no Service then, says he, for you will be all Sick: Well, however, says he, for my good Landlady's Sake here I'll do it; but are you all ready to go on Board, for I go on Board this very Night?

YES, Sir, says we again, we are ready to go this Minute.

No, no, says he very kindly, we'll drink together; come Landlady, says he, make these honest Gentlemen a Sneaker of Punch.

WE look'd at one another, for we knew we had no Money, and he perceiv'd it; Come, come, says he, don't be concern'd at your having no Money, my Landlady here and I, never part with dry Lips: Come good Wife, says he, make the Punch as I bid you.

WE

WE thank'd him, and said, God bless you noble Captain, a hundred Times over; being overjoy'd with such good Luck: While we were drinking the Punch, he calls the Landlady, come, says he, I'll step Home and take my Things, and bid them good-bye, and order the Boat to come at High Water and take me up here; and pray good Wife, says he, get me something for Supper, sure if I can give these honest Men their Passage, I may give them a bit of Viſtuals too, it may be they han't had much for Dinner.

WITH this away he went, and in a little while we heard the Jack a going, and one of us going down Stairs for a Spy, brought us Word there was a good Leg of Mutton at the Fire: In less than an Hour our Captain came again, and came up to us, and blam'd us that we had not drank all the Punch out; come, says he, don't be bashful, when that's out we can have another, when I am obliging poor Men, I love to do it handsomely.

WE drank on, and drank the Punch out, and more was brought up, and he push'd it about a-pace; then came up a Leg of Mutton, and I need not say that we eat heartily, being told several Times that we should pay nothing; after Supper was done, he bids my Landlady ask if the Boat was come? and she brought Word no, it was not High Water by a good deal; no, says he! well then give us some more Punch, so more Punch was brought in, and as was afterwards confessed, something was put into it, or more Brandy than ordinary, that by that Time the Punch was drunk out, we were all very drunk, and as for me I was asleep.

ABOUT the Time that was out, we were told the Boat was come, so we tumbled out, almost over one another into the Boat, and away we went, and our Captain with us in the Boat; most of us, if not all, fell asleep, till after sometime, tho' how much or how far going we knew not, the Boat stopp'd, and we were wak'd, and told we were at the Ship's Side, which was true, and with much Help and holding us, for fear we should fall over Board, we were all gotten into the Ship; all I remember of it was this, that as soon as we were on Board, our Captain, as we call'd him, call'd

call'd out thus, here Boatwain, take Care of these Gentlemen, and give them good Cabbins, and let them turn in and go to sleep, for they are very weary ; and so indeed we were, and very drunk too, being the first Time I had ever drank any Punch in my Life.

WELL, Care was taken of us according to order, and we were put into very good Cabbins, where we were sure to go immediately to sleep ; in the mean Time the Ship, which was indeed just ready to go, and only on Notice given, had come to an Anchor for us at *Shields*, weigh'd, stood over the Bar, and went off to Sea, and when we wak'd, and began to peep Abroad, which was not till near Noon ; the next Day we found ourselves a great Way at Sea, the Land in Sight indeed, but at a great Distance, and all going merrily on for *London*, as we understood it ; we were very well us'd, and well satisfy'd with our Condition for about three Days, when we began to enquire whether we were not almost come, and how much longer it would be before we should come into the River ? What River ! says one of the Men, why, the *Thames*, says my Captain *Jack* ; the *Thames* ! says the Seamen, What do you mean by that ? What han't you had Time enough to be sober yet ? So Captain *Jack* said no more, but look'd about him like a Fool, when a while after, some other of us asked the like Question, and the Seamen who knew nothing of the Cheat, began to smell a Trick, and turning to the other *Englishman* that came with us, pray, says he, Where do you fancy you are going, that you ask so often about it ? Why to *London*, says he, where should we be going ? We agreed with the Captain to carry us to *London*.

NOR with the Captain, says he, I dare say ; poor Men you are all cheated ; and I thought so when I saw you come Aboard with that Kidnapping Rogue *Gilliman* ; poor Men ! adds he, you are all betray'd, Why, you are going to *Virginia*, and the Ship is bound to *Virginia*.

THE *Englishman* falls a storming and raving like a Mad Man, and we gathering round him, let any Men guess if they can, what was our Surprise, and how we

were confounded when we were told how it was ; in short, we drew our Swords and began to lay about us, and made such a Noise and Hurry in the Ship, that at last the Seamen were oblig'd to call out for Help ; the Captain commanded us to be disarm'd in the first Place, which was not however done without giving and receiving some Wounds, and afterwards he caus'd us to be brought to him into the great Cabbin.

HERE he talk'd calmly to us, that he was really very sorry for what had befallen us, that he perceiv'd we had been Trapann'd, and that the Fellow who had brought us on Board was a Rogue, that was employ'd by a sort of wicked Merchants not unlike himself ; that he suppos'd he had been represented to us as Captain of the Ship, and ask'd us if it was not so ? We told him yes, and gave him a large Account of ourselves, and how we came to the Woman's House to enquire for some Master of a *Collier* to get a Passage to *London*, and that this Man engag'd to carry us to *London* in his own Ship, and the like, as is related above.

HE told us he was very sorry for it, and he had no Hand it ; but it was out of his Power to help us, and let us know very plainly what our Condition was, namely, that we were put on Board his Ship as Servants to be deliver'd at *Maryland* to such a Man, who he named to us ; but that however if we would be quiet and orderly in the Ship, he would use us well in the Passage, and take Care we should be used well when we came there, and that he would do any Thing for us that lay in his Power ; but if we were unruly and refractory, we could not expect but he must take such Measures as to oblige us to be satisfied ; and that in short, we must be Hand-cuffed, carried down between the Decks, and kept as Prisoners, for it was his Business to take Care that no Disturbance must be in the Ship.

MY Captain rav'd like a Mad-man, swore at the Captain, told him he would not fail to cut his Throat either on Board, or a Shore, whenever he came within his Reach ; and that if he could not do it now, he would do it after he came to *England* again, if ever he

he durst show his Face here again, for he might depend upon it, if he was carried away to *Virginia*, he should find his Way to *England* again; that if it was 20 Years after, he would have Satisfaction of him: Well, young Man, says the Captain smiling, 'tis very honestly said, and then I must take Care of you while I have you here, and afterwards I must take Care of my self; do your worst, says *Jack* boldly, I'll pay you Home for it one Time or other; I must venture that, young Man, says he still calmly, but for the present you and I must talk a little; so he bids the Boatswain, who stood near him secure him, which he did, I spoke to him to be easy and patient, and that the Captain had no Hand in our Misfortune.

No Hand in it! D—n him, said he aloud, do you think he is not Confederate in this Villainy? Would any honest Man receive innocent People on Board his Ship, and not enquire of their Circumstances, but carry them away and not speak to them? And now he knows how barbarously we are treated, Why does he not set us on Shore again? I tell you he is a Villain, and none but him; Why does he not compleat his Villainy and murder us, and then he will be free from our Revenge? But nothing else shall ever deliver him from my Hands; but sending us to the D—l, or going thither himself, and I am honester in telling him so fairly, than he has been to me, and am in no Passion any more than he is.

THE Captain was, I say, a little shock'd at his Boldness, for he talk'd a great deal more of the same kind, with a great deal of Spirit and Fire, and yet without any Disorder in his Temper; indeed I was surprized at it, for I never had heard him talk so well, and so much to the Purpose in my Life: The Captain was, I say, a little shock'd at it, however, he talk'd very handsomely to him, and told him, look ye, young Man, I bear with you the more because I am sensible your Case is very hard, and yet I cannot allow your Threatning me neither, and you oblige me by that, to be severer with you than I intended; however, I will do nothing to you, but what your threatening my Life makes ne-

cessary : The Boatswain call'd out to have him to the *Geers*, as they call'd it, and to have him taste the *Cat-a-nine-tales* ; all which were Terms we did not understand till afterwards, we were told he should have been Whipp'd and pickl'd, for they said it was not to be suffered ; but the Captain said, No, no, the young Man has been really injur'd, and has Reason to be very much provok'd : But I have not injured him, says he, and then he protested he had no Hand in it, that he was put on Board, and we also by the Owner's Agent, and for their Account ; that it was true, that they did always deal in Servants, and carried a great many every Voyage ; but that it was no Profit to him as Commander, but they were always put on Board by the Owners, and that it was none of his Business to enquire about them, and to prove that he was not concerned in it, but was very much troubled at so base a Thing, and that he would not be instrumental to carry us away against our Wills, if the Wind and the Weather would permit, he would set us on Shore again, tho' as it blow'd then, the Wind being at South West, and a hard Gale, and that they were already as far as the *Orkneys*, it was impossible.

BUT the Captain was the same Man, he told him, that let the Wind blow how it would, he ought not to carry us away against our Consents ; and that as to his Pretences of his Owners and the like, it was saving of nothing to him, for it was he, the Captain, that carried us away, and that whatever Rogue trapp'd us on Board, (now he knew it) he ought no more to carry us away than murder us, and that he demanded to be set on Shore, or else he the Captain, was a Thief and a Murderer.

THE Captain continu'd mild still, and then I put in with an Argument, that had like to have brought us all back if the Weather had not really hindered it ; which when I came to understand Sea Affairs better, I found was indeed so, and that had been impossible. I told the Captain that I was sorry that my Brother was so warm, but that our Usage was villainous, which he could not deny ; then I took up the Air of what my

Habit

Habit did not agree with, I told him, that we were not People to be sold for Slaves, that tho' we had the Misfortune to be in a Circumstance that oblig'd us to conceal our selves, having disguised ourselves to get out of the Army, as being not willing to go into *Flanders*, yet that we were Men of Substance, and able to discharge ourselves from the Service when it came to that, and to convince him of it, I told him I would give him sufficient Security, to pay 20 *l.* a piece for my Brother and my self; and in as short Time as we could send from the Place he should put in at *London*, and receive a Return; and to show that I was able to do it, I pull'd out my Bill for 94 *l.* from the Gentleman of the *Custom-house*, and who, to my infinite Satisfaction, he knew as soon as he saw the Bill; he was astonish'd at this, and lifting up his Hands, by what Whitchcraft, says he, were you brought hither!

As to that, says I, we have told you the Story, and we add nothing to it, but we insist upon it, that you will do this Justice to us now: Well, says he, I am very sorry for it, but I cannot answer putting back the Ship; neither if I could, says he, is it practicable to be done.

WHILE this Discourse lasted, the two *Scotchmen* and the other *Englishman* were silent, but as I seem'd to acquiesce, the *Scotchmen* began to talk to the same Purpose, which I need not repeat, and had not mentioned, but for a merry Passage that followed: After the *Scotchmen* had said all they could, and the Captain still told them they must submit, and will you then carry us to *Virginia*? Yes, says the Captain, and will we be sold, says the *Scotchman* when we come there? Yes, says the Captain, Why then Sir, says the *Scotchman*, the Devil will have you at the hinder End of the Bargain; say you so, says the Captain smiling, Well, well, let the Devil and I alone to agree about that, do you be quiet, and behave civilly as you should do, and you shall be used as kindly both here and there too as I can: The poor *Scotchmen* could say little to it, nor I, nor any of us; for we saw there was no Remedy, but to leave the Devil and the Captain to agree among themselves, as the Captain had said, as to the Honesty of it.

THUS, in short, we were all, *I say*, oblig'd to acquiesce ; but my Captain, who was so much the more obstinate when he found that I had a Fund to make such an Offer upon, nor could all my Persuasions prevail with him : The Captain of the Ship and he had many pleasant Dialogues about this in the rest of the Voyage, in which *Jack* never treated him with any Language, but that of Kidnapper, and Villain, nor talk'd of any Thing, but of taking his Revenge of him ; but I omit that Part, tho' very diverting, as being no Part of my own Story.

IN short, the Wind continu'd to blow hard, tho' very fair, till, as the Seamen said, we were pass the Islands, on the North of *Scotland*, and that we began to steer away Westerly, and then in a few Days, (which I came to understand since) as there was no Land any Way, for many hundred Leagues, so we had no Remedy but Patience, and to be as easy as we could ; only my surly Captain *Jack* continued the same Man all the Way.

WE had a very good Voyage, no Storms all the Way, and a Northerly Wind almost 20 Days together ; so that in a Word, we made the Capes of *Virginia* in two and thirty Days, from the Day we steer'd West, as I have said, which was in the Latitude of 60 Degrees, 30 Minutes, being to the North of the Isle of *Great-Britain*, and this they said was a very quick Passage.

NOTHING material happen'd to me, during the Voyage, and indeed when I came there I was oblig'd to act in so narrow a Compass, that nothing very material could present itself.

WHEN we came ashore, which was in a great River, which they call *Potomack*, the Captain ask'd us, but me more particularly, whether I had any Thing to propose to him now ? *Jack* answer'd *Yes, I have something to propose to you Captain ; that is, that I have promis'd you to cut your Throat, and depend upon it I will be as good as my Word : Well, well*, says the Captain, *if I can't help it you shall* ; so he turn'd away to me, I understood him very well what he meant ; but I was now out of the Reach of any Relief, and as for my Note, it was now but a bit of Paper of no Value, for no Body could

could receive it but myself: I saw no Remedy, and so talk'd coldly to him of it, as of a Thing I was indifferent about; and indeed I was grown indifferent, for I considered all the Way on the Voyage, that as I was bred a Vagabond, had been a Pick-Pocket, and a Soldier, and was run from my Colours, and that I had no settled Abode in the World, nor any Employ to get any Thing by, except that wicked one I was bred to, which had the Gallows at the Heels of it; I did not see but that this Service might be as well to me as other Business; and this I was particularly satisfied with when they told me, that after I had served out the five Years Servitude, I should have the Courtesy of the Country, (as they call'd it) that is, a certain Quantity of Land, to Cultivate and Plant for myself; so that now I was like to be brought up to something, by which I might live without that wretched Thing, call'd Stealing; which my very Soul abhorr'd, and which I had given over, as I have said, ever since that wicked Time that I robb'd the poor Widow of *Kentish-Town*.

In this Mind I was, when I arriv'd at *Virginia*, and so when the Captain enquired of me what I intended to do, and whether I had any Thing to propose, (that is to say) he meant whether I would give him my Bill, which he wanted to be fingering very much; I answer'd coldly, my Bill would be of no Use to me now, for no Body would advance any Thing upon it, only this I would say to him, that if he would carry me and Captain *Jack* back to *England*, and to *London* again, I would pay him the 20 *l.* off my Bill for each of us: This he had no Mind to; *For as to your Brother*, says he, *I would not take him into my Ship for twice 20 l. he is such a hardened desperate Villain*, says he, *I should be oblig'd to carry him in Irons as I brought him hither*.

THUS we parted with our Captain, or Kidnapper, call him as you will: We were then deliver'd to the Merchants, to whom we were consign'd, who again dispos'd of us as they thought fit, and in a few Days we were separated.

As for my Captain *Jack*, to make short of the Story, that desperate Rogue had the good Luck to have a very

easy good Master, whose Business and good Humour he abus'd very much, and in particular, took an Opportunity to run away with a Boat, which his Master entrusted him and another with, to carry some Provisions down the River to another Plantation, which he had there: This Boat and Provisions they ran away with, and sail'd North to the Bottom of the Bay, (as they call it) and into a River, call'd *Sasquehanuagh*, and there quitting the Boat, they wandered thro' the Woods, till they came into *Pensilvania*, from whence they made shift to get Passage to *New-England*, and from thence Home; where falling in among his old Companions, and to the old Trade, he was at length taken and hang'd, about a Month before I came to *London*, which was near 20 Years afterward.

My Part was harder at the Beginning, tho' better at the latter End; I was dispos'd of, (that is to say) sold, to a rich Planter, whose Name was *Smith*, and with me, the other *Englishman*, who was my Fellow-Deserter, that *Jack* brought me to when we went off from *Dunbar*.

WE were now Fellow-Servants, and it was our Lot to be carried up a small River or Creek, which falls into *Potowmack* River, about eight Miles from the great River: Here we were brought to the Plantation, and put in among about 50 Servants, as well *Negroes*, as others, and being delivered to the Head-man, or Director, or Manager of the Plantation, he took Care to let us know that we must expect to Work, and very hard too; for it was for that Purpose his Master bought Servants, and for no other: I told him very submissively, that since it was our Misfortune to come into such a miserable Condition as we were in, we expected no other; only we desir'd, we might be show'd our Business, and be allowed to learn it gradually, since he might be sure we had not been us'd to Labour; and I added, that when he knew particularly by what Methods we were brought, and betray'd into such a Condition, he would perhaps see Cause, at least to shew us that Favour, if not more: This I spoke with such a moving Tone, as gave him Curiosity to enquire into the Particulars of our Story, which

which I gave him at large, a little more to our Advantage too than ordinary.

THIS Story, as I hop'd it would, did move him to a Sort of Tenderneſs, but yet he told us that his Maſter's Buſineſs muſt be done, and that he expected we muſt Work, as above ; that he could not diſpenſe with that, upon any Account whatever ; accordingly to Work we went, and indeed we had three hard Things attending us ; namely, we work'd hard, lodg'd hard, and far'd hard ; the firſt I had been an utter Stranger to, the laſt I could ſhift well enough with.

DURING this Scene of Life, I had Time to reflect on my paſt Hours, and upon what I had done in the World ; and tho' I had no great Capacity of making a clear Judgment, and very little Reflections from Conſcience, yet it made ſome Impreſſions upon me ; and particularly that I was brought into this miſerable Condition of a Slave, by ſome ſtrange directing Power, as a Punishment for the Wickedneſs of my younger Years, and this Thought was increas'd upon the following Occaſion : The Maſter, whoſe Service I was now engag'd in, was a Man of Subſtance and Figure in the Country, and had abundance of Servants, as well *Negroes*, as *Engliſh* ; in all I think he had near 200, and among ſo many, as ſome grew every Year infirm and unable to Work, others went off upon their Time being expir'd, and others died ; and by theſe and other Accidents the Number would diminifh, if they were not often recruited and fill'd, and this obliged him to buy more every Year.

IT happen'd while I was here, that a Ship arriv'd from *London*, with ſeveral Servants, and among the reſt was ſeventeen transported Felons, ſome burnt in the Hand, others not ; eight of whom my Maſter bought for the Time ſpecified in the Warrant for their Transportation, reſpectively, ſome for a longer, ſome a ſhorter Term of Years.

OUR Maſter was a great Man in the Country, and a Juſtice of Peace, tho' he ſeldom came down to the Plantation where I was ; yet as the new Servants were brought on Shore, and deliver'd at our Plantation, his

Worſhip

Worship came thither, in a kind of State to see and receive them: When they were brought before him, I was call'd among other Servants, as a kind of Guard to take them into Custody, after he had seen them, and to carry them to the Work; they were brought by a Guard of Seamen from the Ship, and the second Mate of the Ship came with them, and deliver'd them to our Master, with the Warrant for their Transportation, as above.

WHEN his Worship had read over the Warrants, he he call'd them over by their Names one by one, and having let them know, by his reading the Warrants over again to each Man respectively, that he knew for what Offences they were Transported; he talk'd to every one separately very gravely, let them know how much Favour they had receiv'd in being sav'd from the Gallows, which the Law had appointed for their Crimes, that they were not sentenced to be transported, but to be hang'd, and that Transportation was granted them upon their own Request and humble Petition.

THEN he laid before them, that they ought to look upon the Life they were just a going to enter upon, as just beginning the World again; that if they thought fit to be diligent, and sober, they would, (after the Time they were order'd to serve was expir'd) be encourag'd by the Constitution of the Country, to settle and plant for themselves, and that even he himself would be so kind to them, that if he liv'd to see any of them serve their Time faithfully out, it was his Custom to assist his Servants, in order to their settling in that Country, according as their Behaviour might merit from him; and they would see and know several Planters round about them, who now were in very good Circumstances, and who formerly were only his Servants, in the same Condition with them, and came from the same Place, (that is to say) *Newgate*; and some of them had the Mark of it in their Hands, but were now very honest Men, and liv'd in very good Repute.

AMONG the rest of his new Servants, he came to a young Fellow not above 17 or 18 Years of Age, and his Warrant mention that he was, tho' a young Man, yet

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yet an old Offender ; that he had been several Times condemn'd, but had been respited or pardon'd, but still he continued an incorrigible Pick-pocket ; that the Crime, for which he was now Transported, was for picking a Merchant's Pocket-Book, or Letter-Case, out of his Pocket, in which was Bills of *Exchange*, for a very great Sum of Money ; that he had afterwards receiv'd the Money upon some of the Bills ; but that going to a Goldsmith in *Lombard-street* with another Bill, and having demanded the Money, he was stopp'd, Notice having been given of the Loss of them ; that he was condemn'd to die for the Felony, and being so well known for an old Offender, had certainly died ; but the Merchant, upon his earnest Application, had obtain'd that he should be Transported, on Condition that he restor'd all the rest of his Bills, which he had done accordingly.

OUR Master talk'd a long Time to this young Fellow ; mention'd with some Surprize, that he so young should have follow'd such a wicked Trade so long, as to obtain the Name of an old Offender, at so young an Age, and that he should be stil'd incorrigible, which is to signify, that notwithstanding his being whipt two or three Times, and several Times punish'd by Imprisonment, and once burnt in the Hand, yet nothing would do him any good ; but that he was still the same : He talk'd mighty Religiously to this Boy, and told him, God had not only spar'd him from the Gallows, but had now mercifully deliver'd him from the Opportunity of committing the same Sin again, and put it into his Power to live an honest Life, which perhaps he knew not how to do before ; and tho' some Part of his Life now might be laborious, yet he ought to look on it to be no more, than being put out Apprentice to an honest Trade, in which, when he came out of his Time, he might be able to set up for himself, and live honestly.

THEN he told him, that while he was a Servant, he would have no Opportunity to be dishonest, so when he came to be for himself, he would have no Temptation

tion to it ; and so, after a great many other kind Things said to him, and the rest, they were dismiss'd.

I WAS exceedingly mov'd at this Discourse of our Master's, as any Body would judge I must be, when it was directed to such a young Rogue, born a Thief, and bred up a Pick-pocket like myself ; for I thought all my Master said was spoken to me, and sometimes it came into my Head, that sure my Master was some extraordinary Man, and that he knew all Things that ever I had done in my Life.

BUT I was surpriz'd to the last Degree, when my Master dismissing all the rest of us Servants, pointed at me, and speaking to his head Clerk, *Here ! says he, bring that young Fellow hither to me.*

I HAD been near a Year in the Work, and I had ply'd it so well, that the Clerk, or head Man, either flatter'd me, or did really believe that I behav'd very well ; but I was terribly frightened to hear myself call'd out aloud, just as they us'd to call for such as had done some Misdemeanor, and were to be lash'd, or otherwise corrected.

I CAME in like a Malefactor indeed, and thought I look'd like one just taken in the Fact, and carry'd before the Justice ; and indeed when I came in, for I was carry'd into an inner Room, or Parlour in the House to him ; his Discourse to the rest was in a large Hall, where he sat in a Seat like a Lord Judge upon the Bench, or a petty King upon his Throne.

WHEN I came in, (I say) he ordered his Man to withdraw, and I standing half naked, and bare-headed, with my Haugh, or Hoe, in my Hand, (the Posture and Figure I was in at my Work) near the Door, he bad me lay down my Hoe, and come nearer ; then he began to look a little less stern and terrible than I fancy'd him to look before, or perhaps both his Countenance then, and before, might be to my Imagination, differing from what they really were ; for we do not always judge those Things by the real Temper of the Person, but by the Measure of our Apprehensions.

HARK ye young Man, How old are you ? Says my Master, and so our Dialogue began.

Jack.

Jack. Yes Sir, he was alive, and in good Health, when I came from *London*, which you may see by the Date of the Bill, for I came away the next Day.

Mast. I do not wonder that the Captain of the Ship was willing to get this Bill of you, when you came on Shore here.

Jack. I would have given it into his Possession, if he would have carried me and my Brother back again to *England*, and have taken what he ask'd for us out of it.

Mast. Ay, but he knew better than that too, he knew if you had any Friends there, they would call him to an Account for what he had done; but I wonder he did not take it from you while you were at Sea, either by Fraud or by Force.

Jack. He did not attempt that indeed.

Mast. Well, young Man, I have a Mind to try if I can do you any Service in this Case; on my Word, if the Money can be paid, and you can get it safe over, I might put you in a Way how to be a better Man than your Master, if you will be honest and diligent.

Jack. As I behave myself in your Service Sir, you will I hope judge of the rest.

Mast. But perhaps you hanker after returning to *England*.

Jack. No, indeed Sir, if I can but get my Bread honestly here, I have no Mind to go to *England*; for I know not how to get my Bread there, if I had, I had not list'd for a Soldier.

Mast. Well, but I must ask you some Questions about that Part hereafter; for 'tis indeed something strange that you should list for a Soldier, when you had 94 £. in your Pocket.

Jack. I shall give your Worship as particular Account of that, as I have of the other Part of my Life, if you please, but 'tis very long.

Mast. Well, we will have that another Time; but to the Case in Hand, Are you willing I should send to any Body at *London*, to talk with that Gentleman that gave you the Bill; not to take the Money of him, but to ask him only whether he has so much Money of yours

yours in his Hands? And whether he will part with it, when you shall give Order, and send the Bill, or a * Duplicate of it, * (that is, says he, the Copy) and it was well he did say so, for I did not understand the Word [Duplicate] at all.

Jack. Yes Sir, I will give you the Bill itself, if you please, I can trust it with you, tho' I cou'd not with him.

Maſt. No, no, young Man, I won't take it from you.

Jack. I wiſh your Worſhip would pleaſe to keep it for me, for if I ſhould loſe it, then I am quite undone.

Maſt. I will keep it for you *Jack*, if you will, but then you ſhall have a Note under my Hand, ſignifying that I have it, and will return it you upon Demand, which will be as ſafe to you as the Bill, I won't take it eſſe.

So I gave my Maſter the Bill, and he gave me his Note for it, and he was a faithful Steward for me, as you will hear in its Place: After this Conference, I was diſmiſſed, and went to my Work, but about two Hours after, the Steward, or the Overſeer of the Plantation, came riding by, and coming up to me, as I was at Work, pull'd a Bottle out of his Pocket, and calling me to him, gave me a Dram of Rum, when in good Manners I had taken but a little Sup, he held it out to me again, and bad me take another, and ſpoke wonderful civilly to me, quite otherwiſe than he uſ'd to do.

THIS encouraged me, and hearten'd me very much, but yet I had no particular View of any Thing, or which Way I ſhould have any Relief.

A DAY or two after, when we were all going out to our Work in the Morning, the Overſeer call'd me to him again, and gave me a Dram, and a good Piece of Bread, and bad me come off from my Work about One o'Clock, and come to him to the Houſe, for he muſt ſpeak with me.

WHEN I came to him, I came to be ſure in the ordinary Habit of a poor half-naked Slave: Come hither young Man, ſays he, and give me your Hoe; when I gave

gave it him, Well, says he, you are to work no more in this Plantation.

I LOOK'D surpriz'd, and as if I was frighted, What have I done, Sir, said I, and whither am I to be sent away?

NAY, nay, says he, and look'd very pleasantly, do not be frighted, 'tis for your good, 'tis not to hurt you, I am order'd to make an Overseer of you, and you shall be a Slave no longer.

ALAS! says I to him, I an Overseer! I am in no Condition for it, I have no Cloaths to put on, no Linen, nothing to help myself.

WELL, well, says he, you may be better us'd than you are aware of, come hither with me; so he led me into a vast great Ware-house, or rather Set of Ware-houses, one within another, and calling the Warehouse-Keeper, here, says he, you must Cloath this Man, and give him every Thing necessary, upon the Foot of Number Five, and give the Bill to me, our Master has order'd me to allow it, in the Accompt of the West Plantation: That was, it seems, the Plantation where I was to go.

ACCORDINGLY, the Ware-house-Keeper carried me into an inner Ware-house, where were several Suits of Cloaths of the Sort his Orders mention'd; which were plain, but good Sorts of Cloaths ready made, being of a good Broad-Cloth, about 11 s. a Yard in *England*, and with this he gave me three good Shirts, two Pair of Shoes, Stockings and Gloves, a Hat, six Neckcloths, and in short, every Thing I could want; and when he had look'd every Thing out, and fitted them, he lets me into a little Room by itself; *here, says he, go in there a Slave, and come out a Gentleman*; and with that carried every Thing into the Room, and shutting the Door, bid me put them on, which I did most willingly; and now you may believe, that I began to hope for something better than ordinary.

IN a little while after this, came the Overseer, and gave me Joy of my new Cloaths, and told me I must go with him; so I was carried to another Plantation, larger than that where I work'd before, and where there

were two Overseers, or Clerks, one within Doors, and two without : This last was remov'd to another Plantation, and I was plac'd there in his Room, that is to say, as the Clerk without Doors, and my Business was to look after the Servants *Negroes*, and take Care that they did their Business, provide their Food, and in short, both govern and direct them.

I was elevated to the highest Degree in my Thoughts at this Advancement, and it is impossible for me to express the Joy of my Mind upon this Occasion ; but there came a Difficulty upon me, that shock'd me so violently, and went so against my very Nature, that I really had almost forfeited my Place about it ; and in all Appearance, the Favour of our Master, who had been so generous to me ; and this was, that when I entered upon my Office, I had a Horse given me, and a long Horse-whip, like what we call in *England* a Hunting-whip ; the Horse was to ride up and down all over the Plantation, to see the Servants and *Negroes* did their Work, and the Plantation being so large, it could not be done on Foot, at least so often, and so effectually as was requir'd ; and the Horse-whip was given me to correct and lash the Slaves and Servants, when they proved negligent, or quarrelsome, or in short were guilty of any Offence : This Part turn'd the very Blood within my Veins, and I could not think of it with any Temper ; that I, who was but Yesterday a Servant or Slave like them, and under the Authority of the same Lash, should lift up my Hand to the cruel Work, which was my Terror but the Day before : This, I say, I cou'd not do ; insomuch, that the *Negroes* perceiv'd it, and I had soon so much Contempt upon my Authority, that we were all in Disorder.

THE Ingratitude of their Return, for the Compassion I shew'd them, provok'd me, I confess, and a little harden'd my Heart, and I began with the *Negroes*, two of whom I was oblig'd to correct ; and I thought I did it most cruelly ; but after I had lash'd them, till every Blow I struck them hurt myself, and I was ready to faint at the Work, the Rogues laugh'd at me, and one of them had the Impudence to say behind my Back, that

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that if he had the Whipping of me, he would show me better how to whip a *Negro*.

WELL, however, I had no Power to do it in such a barbarous Manner, as I found it was necessary to have it done; and the Defect began to be a Detriment to our Master's Business, and now I began indeed to see, that the Cruelty, so much talk'd of, used in *Virginia* and *Barbadoes*, and other Colonies, in whipping the *Negro* Slaves, was not so much owing to the Tyranny, and Passion, and Cruelty of the *English*, as had been reported; the *English* not being accounted to be of a cruel Disposition, and really are not so: But that it is owing to the Brutality, and obstinate Temper of the *Negroes*, who cannot be manag'd by Kindness, and Courtesy; but must be rul'd with a Rod of Iron, beaten with *Scorpions*, as the Scripture calls it; and must be used as they do use them, or they would rise and murder all their Masters, which their Numbers consider'd, would not be hard for them to do, if they had Arms and Ammunition suitable to the Rage and Cruelty of their Nature.

BUT I began to see at the same Time, that this brutal Temper of the *Negroes* was not rightly manag'd; that they did not take the best Course with them, to make them sensible, either of Mercy or Punishment; and it was evident to me, that even the worst of those Tempers might be brought to a Compliance, without the Lash, or at least without so much of it, as they generally inflicted.

OUR Master was really a Man of Humanity himself, and was sometimes so full of Tenderness, that he would forbid the Severities of his Overseers and Stewards; but he saw the Necessity of it, and was oblig'd at last to leave it to the Discretion of his upper Servants; yet he would often bid them be Merciful, and bid them consider the Difference of the Constitution of the Bodies of the *Negroes*; some being less able to bear the Tortures of their Punishment than others, and some of them less obstinate too than others.

HOWEVER, some Body was so officious as to inform him against me upon this Occasion, and let him know,

that I neglected his Affairs, and that the Servants were under no Government ; by which Means his Plantation was not duly manag'd, and that all Things were in Disorder.

THIS was a heavy Charge for a young Overseer, and his Honour came like a Judge, with all his Attendants, to look into Things, and hear the Cause : However, he was so just to me, as that before he censur'd me, he resolv'd to hear me fully, and that not only publickly, but in private too ; and the last Part of this was my particular good Fortune, for as he had formerly allow'd me to speak to him with Freedom, so I had the like Freedom now, and had full Liberty to explain and defend myself.

I KNEW nothing of the Complaint against me, till I had it from his own Mouth ; nor any Thing of his coming, till I saw him in the very Plantation, viewing his Work, and viewing the several Pieces of Ground that were order'd to be new Planted ; and after he had rode all round, and seen Things in the Condition, which they were to be seen in ; how every Thing was in its due Order, and the Servants and *Negroes* were all at Work, and every Thing appearing to his Mind, he went into the House.

As I saw him come up the Walks, I ran towards him, and made my Homage, and gave him my humble Thanks for the Goodness he had shew'd me, in taking me from the miserable Condition I was in before, and employing and entrusting me in his Business ; and he look'd pleasant enough, tho' he did not say much at first, and I attended him thro' the whole Plantation, gave him an Account of every Thing as he went along, answer'd all his Objections and Enquiries, every where in such a Manner, as it seems, he did not expect : And, as he acknowledg'd afterward, every Thing was very much to his Satisfaction.

THERE was an Overseer, as I observ'd, belonging to the same Plantation, who was, tho' not over me, yet in a Work superior to mine ; for his Business was to see the *Tobacco* pack'd up, and deliver it either on Board the Sloops, or otherwise, as our Master order'd, and

and to receive *Engliſh* Goods from the grand Ware-house, which was at the other Plantation, becauſe that was neareſt the Water-side ; and in ſhort, to keep the Accompts : This Overſeer, an honeſt and upright Man, made no Complaint to him of his Buſineſs being neglected, as above, or of any Thing like it, tho' he enquir'd of him about it, and that very ſtrictly too.

I SHOULD have ſaid, that as he rid over the Plantation, he came in his Round to the Place where the Servants were uſually corrected, when they had done any Fault ; and there ſtood two *Negroes* with their Hands tied behind them, as it were under Sentence ; and when he came near them, they fell on their Knees, and made pitiful Signs to him for Mercy : Alas ! Alas ! ſays he, turning to me, why did you bring me this Way ? I do not love ſuch Sight, what muſt I do now ? I muſt pardon them ; prithee, what have they done ? I told him the particular Offences, which they were brought to the Place for ; one had ſtole a Bottle of Rum, and had made himſelf drunk with it, and when he was drunk, had done a great many mad Things, and had attempted to knock one of the white Servants Brains out with a Hand-ſpike ; but that the white Man had avoided the Blow, and ſtriking up the *Negroes* Heels, had ſeiz'd him, and brought him Priſoner thither, where he had lain all Night ; and that I had told him he was to be whipp'd that Day, and the next three Days, twice every Day.

AND could you be ſo cruel, (ſays his Honour) why, you would kill the poor Wretch ! and ſo beſide the Blood which you would have to answer for, you would loſe me a luſty Man *Negro*, which coſt me at leaſt 30 or 40 *l.* and bring a Reproach upon my whole Plantation ; nay, and more than that, ſome of them in Revenge would murder me, if ever it was in their Power.

SIR, ſays I, if thoſe Fellows are not kept under by Violence, I believe you are ſatisfied, nothing is to be done with them ; and it is reported in your Works, that I have been rather their Jeſt, than their Terror, for want of uſing them as they deſerve ; and I was re-

solv'd, how much soever it is against my own Disposition, that your Service should not suffer for my unreasonable Forbearance ; and therefore, if I had scourg'd him to Death : — Hold, says he, no, no, by no Means, any such Severity in my Bounds ; remember, young Man, you were once a Servant, deal as you would acknowledge'd it would be just to deal with you in his Case, and mingle always some Mercy ; I desire it, and let the Consequence of being too gentle be plac'd to my Account.

THIS was as much as I cou'd desire, and the more, because what pass'd was in Publick, and several, both *Negroes* and white Servants, as well as the particular Persons who had accused me, heard it all, tho' I did not know it : A cruel Dog of an Overseer, says one of the white Servants behind, he would have whipp'd poor *Bullet-Head* (so they call'd the *Negro* that was to be punish'd) to Death, if his Honour had not happen'd to come to Day.

HOWEVER, I urg'd the notorious Crime this Fellow was guilty of, and the Danger there was in such Forbearance, from the refractory and incorrigible Temper of the *Negroes*, and press'd a little the Necessity of making Examples ; but he said, well, well, do it the next Time, but not so, I said no more.

THE other Fellow's Crime was trifling, compar'd with this ; and the Master went forward, talking of it to me, and I following him, till we came to the House ; when after he had been sat down a while, he call'd me to him : And not suffering my Accusers to come near, till he had heard my Defence, he began with me thus.

Mastr. Hark ye, young Man, I must have some Discourse with you : Your Conduct is complain'd of, since I set you over this Plantation ; I thought your Sense of the Obligation I had laid on you, would have secur'd your Diligence and Faithfulness to me.

Jack. I am very sorry any Complaint should be made of me, because the Obligation I am under to your Honour, (and which I freely confess) does bind me to your Interest in the strongest Manner imaginable ; and how-

ever,

ever, I may have mistaken my Business, I am sure I have not willingly neglected it.

Maſt. Well, I ſhall not condemn you, without hearing you, and therefore I call'd you in now, to tell you of it.

Jack. I humbly thank your Honour, I have but one Petition more, and that is, that I may know my Accuſation, and if you pleaſe, my Accuſers.

Maſt. The firſt you ſhall, and that is the Reason of my talking to you in private ; and if there is any need of a farther Hearing, you ſhall know your Accuſers too: What you are charg'd with, is juſt contrary to what appear'd to me juſt now, and therefore you and I muſt come to a new Underſtanding about it ; for I thought I was too cunning for you, and now I think you have been too cunning for me.

Jack. I hope your Honour will not be offended, that I do not fully underſtand you.

Maſt. I believe you do not ; come tell me honeſtly, did you really intend to whip the poor *Negro* twice a Day, for four Days together ; that is to ſay, to whip him to Death, for that would have been the *Engliſh* of it, and the End of it.

Jack. If I may be permitted to gueſs Sir, I believe I know the Charge that is brought againſt me ; and that your Honour has been told, that I have been too gentle with the *Negroes*, as well as with other Servants ; and that when they deſerv'd to be us'd with the accuſtom'd Severity of the Country, I have not given them half enough ; and that by this Means they are careleſs of your Buſineſs, and that your Plantation is not well look'd after, and the like.

Maſt. Well, you gueſs right, go on.

Jack. The firſt Part of the Charge I confeſs, but the laſt I deny ; and appeal to your Honour's ſtricteſt Examination into every Part of it.

Maſt. If the laſt Part could be true, I would be glad the firſt were ; for it would be an infinite Satisfaction to me, that my Buſineſs not being neglected, nor our Safety endanger'd, thoſe poor Wretches cou'd be us'd with more Humanity, for Cruelty is the Averſion of

my Nature, and it is the only uncomfortable Thing that attends me in all my Prosperity.

Jack. I freely acknowledge Sir, that at first it was impossible for me to bring myself to that terrible Work: How could I, that was but just come out of the Terror of it myself, and had but the Day before been a poor naked miserable Servant myself, and might be To-morrow reduc'd to the same Condition again; how could I use this * terrible Weapon on the naked Flesh of my Fellow-Servants, as well as Fellow-Creatures? At least, Sir, when my Duty made it absolutely necessary, I cou'd not do it without the utmost Horror: I beseech you pardon me, if I have such a Tenderness in my Nature, that tho' I might be fit to be your Servant, I am incapable of being an Executioner, having been an Offender myself.

Maſt. Well, but how then can my Business be done? And how will this terrible Obstinacy of the *Negroes*, who, they tell me, can be no otherwise governed, be kept from Neglect of their Work, or even Insolence and Rebellion?

Jack. This brings me, Sir, to the latter Part of my Defence; and here, I hope your Honour will be pleased to call my Accusers, or that you will give yourself the Trouble of taking the exactest View of your Plantation, and see, or let them shew you, if any Thing is neglected, if your Business has suffer'd in any Thing, or if your *Negroes* or other Servants are under less Government than they were before; and if on the contrary, I have found out that happy Secret, to have good Order kept, the Business of the Plantation done, and that with Diligence and Dispatch; and that the *Negroes* are kept in Awe, the natural Temper of them subject-ed, and the Safety and Peace of your Family secur'd; as well by gentle Means, as by rough, by moderate Correction, as by Torture and Barbarity; by a due Awe of just Discipline, as by the Horror of unsufferable

* Here he shew'd him the Horse-whip that was given him with his new Office.

Torments, I hope your Honour will not lay that Sin to my Charge.

Maſt. No indeed, you would be the moſt acceptable Manager that ever I employ'd; but how then does this conſiſt with the cruel Sentence you had paſſ'd on the poor Fellow, that is in your condemn'd Hole yonder, who was to be whipp'd eight Times in four Days.

Jack. Very well Sir, firſt Sir, he remains under the terrible Apprehenſions of a Punishment, ſo ſevere, as no *Negro* ever had before; this Fellow, with your Leave, I intended to releaſe To-morrow, without any Whipping at all, after talking to him in my Way about his Offence, and raiſing in his Mind a Senſe of the Value of Pardon; and if this makes him a better Servant than the ſevereſt Whipping will do, than I preſume you would allow, I have gain'd a Point.

Maſt. Ay, but what if it ſhould not be ſo, for theſe Fellows have no Senſe of Gratitude?

Jack. That is Sir, becauſe they are never pardon'd, if they offend they never know what Mercy is, and what then have they to be grateful for?

Maſt. Thou art in the right indeed, where there is no Mercy ſhew'd, there is no Obligation laid upon them.

Jack. Beſides Sir, if they have at any Time been let go, which is very ſeldom, they are not told what the Caſe is; they take no Pains with them to imprint Principles of Gratitude on their Minds, to tell them what Kindneſs is ſhewn them, and what they are indebted for it, and what they might gain in the End by it.

Maſt. But do you think ſuch Uſage would do? Would it make any Impreſſion? You perſwade your ſelf it would, but you ſee 'tis againſt the received Notion of the whole Country.

Jack. There are it may be, publick and national Miſtakes and Errors in Conduct, and this is one.

Maſt. Have you try'd it? You cannot ſay it is a Miſtake till you have try'd and prov'd it to be ſo.

Jack. Your whole Plantation is a Proof of it. This very Fellow had never acted as he did, if he had not gotten

gotten Rum in his Head, and been out of the Government of himself; so that indeed all the Offence I ought to have punish'd him for, had been that of stealing a Bottle of Rum, and drinking it all up; in which Case, like *Noah*, he did not know the Strength of it, and when he had it in his Head, he was a Mad-man, he was as one raging and distracted; so that for all the rest he deserv'd Pity rather than Punishment.

Maſt. Thou art right, certainly right, and thou wilt be a rare Fellow if thou canst bring these Notions into Practice; I wish'd you had try'd it upon any one particular *Negro*, that I might see an Example, I would give 500*l.* it could be brought to bear.

Jack. I desire nothing Sir, but your Favour, and the Advantage of obliging you, I will shew you an Example of it, among your own *Negro*'s, and all the Plantation will acknowledge it.

Maſt. You make my very Heart glad within me *Jack*; if you can bring this to pass, I here give you my Word, I'll not only give you your own Freedom, but make a Man of you for this World as long as you live.

UPON this I bow'd to him very respectfully, and told him the following Story. There is a *Negro* Sir, in your Plantation, who has been your Servant several Years before I came, he did a Fault that was of no great Consequence in it self, but perhaps would have been worse, if they had indeed gone farther, and I had him brought into the usual Place, and ty'd him by the Thumbs for Correction, and he was told that he should be whip'd and pickl'd in a dreadful manner.

AFTER I had made proper Impressions on his Mind, of the Terror of his Punishment, and found that he was sufficiently humbled by it, I went into the House, and caused him to be brought out, just as they do when they go to correct the *Negroes* on such Occasions; when he was stripp'd and ty'd up, he had two Lashes given him, that were indeed very cruel ones, and I call'd to them to hold, Hold, said I, to the two Men that had just began to lay on upon the poor Fellow, Hold said I, let me talk with him,

So

So he was taken down, then I began, and represented to him how kind you, that were his * Great Master had been to him; that you had never done him any Harm, that you had used him gently, and he had never been brought to this Punishment in so many Year, tho' he had done some Faults before; that this was a notorious Offence, for he had stolen some Rum, and made himself and two other *Negroes* drunk, † mad, and had abus'd two Women *Negroes* who had Husbands in our Master's Service, but in another Plantation; and play'd several other Pranks, and for this I had appointed him this Punishment.

He shook his Head, and made Signs that he was *muchee sorree*, as he call'd it, and what will you say or do, said I, if I should prevail with the Great Master to pardon you? I have a Mind to go and see if I can beg for you: He told me he would lie down, let me kill him, me will, says he, run, go, fetch, bring for you as long as me live: This was the Opportunity I had a Mind to have, to try whether as *Negroes* have all the other Faculties of reasonable Creatures, they had not also some Sense of Kindness, some Principles of natural Generosity, which in short, is the Foundation of Gratitude; for Gratitude is the Product of generous Principles.

You please me with the beginning of this Story, says he, I hope you have carried it on.

YES Sir, says I, it has been carried on farther perhaps than you imagine, or will think has been possible in such a Case.

BUT I was not so arrogant as to assume the Merit to my self; No, no, said I, I do not ask you to go or run for me, you must do all that for our Great Master, for it will be from him entirely that you will be pardon'd,

* So the *Negroes* call the Owner of the Plantation, or at least so they call'd him, because he was a great Man in the Country, having three or four large Plantations.

† To be drunk in a *Negroe*, is to be Mad, for when they get Rum they are worse than raving, and fit to do any manner of Mischief.

pardon'd, if you are pardon'd at all; for your Offence is against him, and what will you say, will you be grateful to him, and run, go, fetch, bring, for him as long as you live, as you have said you would for me.

YES indeed, says he, and *muchee do, muchee do, for you too* (he would not leave me out) *you ask him for me.*

WELL, I put off all his promis'd Gratitude to me from my self, as was my Duty, and plac'd it to your Account, told him I knew you was *muchee good, muchee pitiful*, and I would perswade you if I could; and so told him I would go to you, and he should be Whipp'd no more till I came again; but hark ye, *Mouchat*, says I, that was the *Negroe's* Name, they tell me when I came hither, that there is no showing Kindness to any of you *Negroes*, that when we spare you from Whipping you laugh at us, and are the worse.

He look'd very serious at me, and said, O, that no so, the Masters say so, but no be so, no be so, indeede, indeede, and so we parly'd,

Jack. Why do they say so then? To be sure they have tried you all.

Negroe. No, no, they no try, they say so, but no trye.

Jack. I hear them all say so.

Negroe. Me tell you the True, they have no Merciee, they beat us cruel, all cruel, they never have show Mercie. How can they tell we be no better?

Jack. What do they never spare?

Negroe. Master, me speakee the True, they never give Merciee, they always whippee, lashee, knockee down, all cruel: *Negroe* be *muchee* better Man, do *muchee* better Work, but they tell us no Merciee.

Jack. But what, do they never show any Mercy?

Negroe. No, never, no never, all whippee, all whippee, cruel, worse than they whippee de Horse, whippee de Dog.

Jack. But would they be better if they did?

Negroe. Yes, yes, *Negroe* be *muchee* better if they be Mercie; when they Whippee, Whippee, *Negroe* *muchee* cry, *muchee* hate, would kill if they had de Gun;

Gun; but when they makee de Merciee, then *Negroe* tell de great Tankee, and love to Worke, and do muchee Worke; and because be good Master to them.

Jack. They say no, you would laugh at them, and mock when they shew Mercy.

Negroe. How! they say when they shew Merciee, they never shew Merciee, me never see them shew one Mercie since me live.

Now Sir, said I, if this be so, really they go, I dare say, contrary to your Inclination; for I see you are but too full of Pity for the miserable; I saw it in my own Case, and upon a Presumption, that you had rather have your Work done from a Principle of Love, than Fear, without making your Servants bleed for every Trifle, if it were possible; I say, upon this Presumption, I dealt with this *Mouchat*, as you shall hear.

Mastr. I have never met with any Thing of this Kind since I have been a Planter; which is now above 40 Year, I am delighted with the Story, go on, I expect a pleasant Conclusion.

Jack. The Conclusion Sir, will be I believe as much to your Satisfaction as the Beginning; for it every Way answer'd my Expectation, and will yours also; and shew you how you might be faithfully serv'd if you pleas'd, for 'tis certain you are not so serv'd now.

Mastr. No indeed, they serve me but just as they do the Devil, for Fear I should hurt them; but 'tis contrary to an ingenious Spirit to delight in such Service, I abhor it, if I could but know how to get any other.

Jack. It is easy Sir, to shew you, that you may be serv'd upon better Principles, and consequently be better serv'd, and more to your Satisfaction; and I dare undertake to convince you of it.

Mastr. Well, go on with the Story.

Jack. After I had talk'd thus to him, I said, well *Mouchat*, I shall see how you will be afterward; if I can get our Great Master to be merciful to you at this Time.

Negroe. Yes, you shall see, you muchee see, muchee see.

UPON this, I call'd for my Horse, and went from him, and made as if I rode away to you, who they told me was in the next Plantation, and having staid four or five Hours, I came back and talk'd to him again; told him that I had waited on you, and that you had heard of his Offence, was highly provok'd, and had resolv'd to cause him to be severely punish'd for an Example to all the *Negroes* in the Plantation; but that I had told you how penitent he was, and how good he would be if you would pardon him; and had at last prevail'd on you: That you had told me what all People said of the *Negroes*; how, that to shew them Mercy, was to make them think you were never in earnest with them, and that you did but trifle and play with them: However, that I had told you what he had said of himself, and that it was not true of the *Negroes*, and that the White Men said it, but that they could not know, because they did never shew any Mercy; and therefore had never tried: That I had perswaded you to shew Mercy, to try whether Kindness would prevail as much as Cruelty; and now *Mauchât*, said I, you will be let go, pray let our Great Master see that I have said true; so I order'd him to be untied, gave him a Dram of Rum out of my Pocket Bottle, and order'd them to give him some Victuals.

WHEN the Fellow was let loose, he came to me, and kneel'd down to me, and took hold of my Legs and of my Feet, and laid his Head upon the Ground, and sobb'd and cried like a Child that had been corrected, but could not speak for his Life; and thus he continu'd a long Time: I would have taken him up, but he would not rise, but I cried as fast as he, for I could not bear to see a poor Wretch lie on the Ground to me, that was but a Servant the other Day like himself; at last, but not till a quarter of an Hour, I made him get up, and then he spoke. *Me muchee know good Great Master, muchee good you Master: No Negroe unthankful, me dye for them, do me so muchee kind.*

I DISMISS'D him then, and bid him go to his Wife; for he was marry'd, and not Work that Afternoon; but as he was going away, I call'd him again, and talk'd thus to him.

Now

Now *Mouchat* says I, you see the White Men can shew Mercy: Now you must tell all the *Negroes* what has been reported of them, that they regard nothing but the Whip; that if they are used gently they are the worse, not the better; and that this is the Reason why the White Men shew them no Mercy, and convince them, that they would be much better treated, and used kindlier if they would shew themselves as grateful for kind Usage, as humble after Torment, and see if you can work on them.

ME go, me go, says he, me muchee talk to them, they be muchee glad as me be, and do great Work, to be used kind by de Great Master.

Maft. Well, but now what Testimony have you of this Gratitude you speak of? Have you seen any Al-
teration among them?

Jack. I come next to that Part Sir: About a Month after this, I caused a Report to be spread abroad in the Plantation, that I had offended you the Great Master, and that I was turn'd out of the Plantation, and was to be hang'd; your Honour knows that some Time ago, you sent me upon your particular Business into *Potuxent* River, where I was absent 12 Days, then I took the Opportunity to have this Report spread about among the *Negroes*, to see how it would work.

Maft. What? To see how *Mouchat* would take it.

Jack. Yes Sir, and it made a Discovery indeed; the poor Fellow did not believe it presently, but finding I was still absent, he went to the Head Clerk, and standing at his Door, said nothing, but look'd like a Fool of 10 Year old; after some Time, the upper Overseer came out, and seeing him stand there, at first said nothing, supposing he had been sent of some Errand; but observing him to stand stock still, and that he was in the same Posture and Place, during the Time that he had passed and repassed two or three Times, he stops short the last Time of his coming by, What do you want, says he to him, that you stand idle here so long?

ME speakee, me tell something, says he.

THEN

THEN the Overseer thought some Discovery was at Hand, and began to listen to him, What would you tell me, says he?

ME tell, pray, says he, Where be de other Master?

HE meant, he would ask where he was; What other Master do you mean, says the Clerk? What do you want to speak with the Great Master? He can't be spoke by you; pray what is your Business, cannot you tell it to me?

No, no, me no speakee, the great Master, the other Master, says *Mouchat*.

WHAT, the Colonel, says the Clerk?

YES, yes, the Colonel, says he.

WHY don't you know that he is to be hang'd To-morrow, says the Clerk, for making the Great Master angry.*

YES, yes, says *Mouchat*, me know, me know, but me won't speak, me tell something.

WELL, What would you say, says the Clerk?

O! me no, let him makee de Great Master angry, with that he kneel'd down to the Clerk.

WHAT ails you? says the Clerk, I tell you he must be hang'd.

No, no, says he, no hang de Master, me kneel for him to Great Master.

You † kneel for him! says the Clerk, What do you think the Great Master will mind you? He has made the Great Master angry, and must be hang'd, I tell you, what signifies your begging.

Negroe. O! me pray, me pray the Great Master for him.

Clerk. Why, what ails you, that you would pray for him?

Negroe. O! he beggee the Great Master for me, now me beggee for him; the Great Master muchee good, muchee

* Note, He understood the Plot, and took the Opportunity to tell him that, to see what he would say.

† He understood him, he meant he would beg your Honour for me, that I might not be hang'd for offending you.

muchee good, he pardon me when the other Master beggee me; now he pardon him, when me beggee for him again.

Clerk. No, no, your begging won't do; will you be hang'd for him? If you do that, something may be.

Negroe. Yes, yes, me be hang for de poor Master that beggee for me, *Mouchat* shall hang, the great Master shall hangee mee, whippee mee, any Thing to save the poor Master that beggee me, yes, yes, indeed.

Clerk. Are you in earnest *Mouchat*?

Negroe. Yes indeed, me tellee de True, the great Master shall know me tellee de True, for he shall see the White Man hanggee me *Mouchat*, poor *Negroe Mouchat* will be hangee, be whippee, any Thing for the poor Master that beggee for me.

WITH this the poor Fellow cried most pitifully, and there was no room to question his being in earnest; when on a sudden I appear'd, for I was fetch'd to see all this Transaction: I was not in the House at first but was just come Home from the Business you sent me of, and heard it all, and indeed neither the Clerk nor I could bear it any longer; so he came out to me, go to him, says he, you have made an Example that will never be forgot, that a *Negroe* can be grateful; go to him, adds he, for I can talk to him no longer; so I appear'd, and spoke to him presently, and let him see that I was at Liberty; but to hear how the poor Fellow behav'd, your Honour cannot but be pleas'd.

Master. Prithee go on, I am pleas'd with it all, 'tis all a new Scene of *Negroe* Life to me, and very moving.

Jack. For a good while he stood as if he had been Thunder-struck and stupid; but looking steadily at me, tho' not speaking a Word, at last he mutters to himself with a kind of a Laugh, Ay, ay, says he, *Mouchat* see, *Mouchat* no see, me wakee, me no wakee; no hangee, no hangee, he live truly, very live; and then on a sudden he runs to me, snatches me away as if I had been a Boy of 10 Years old, and takes me up upon his Back, and run away with me, till I was fain

to cry out to him to stop; then he sets me down, and looks at me again, then falls a Dancing about me, as if he had been bewitch'd, just as you have seen them do about their Wives and Children when they are merry.

WELL, then he began to talk with me, and told me what they had said to him, how I was to be hang'd; well, says I, *Mouchat*, and would you have been satisfied to be hang'd to save me; yes, yes, says he, be truly hangee, to beggæ you.

BUT why do you love me so well *Mouchat*? said I.

DID you no beggee me, he says, at the great Master? You savee me, make great Master muchee good, muchee kind, no whippee me, me no forget, me be whip'd, be hang'd, that you no be hang'd, me dye, that you no dye, me no let any bad be with you, all while that me live.

NOW, Sir, your Honour may judge, whether Kindness well manag'd, would not oblige these People as well as Cruelty; and whether there are Principles of Gratitude in them or no?

Master. But what then can be the Reason that we never believ'd it to be so before?

Jack. Truly, Sir, I fear that *Mouchat* gave the true Reason.

Master. What was that pray? that we were too cruel.

Jack. That they never had any Mercy shew'd them; that we never tried them whether they would be grateful or no; that if they did a Fault, they were never spar'd, but punished with the utmost Cruelty; so that they had no Passion, no Affection to act upon, but that of Fear, which necessarily brought Hatred with it; but that if they were used with Compassion, they would serve with Affection as well as other Servants: Nature is the same, and Reason governs in just Proportions in all Creatures; but having never been let Taste what Mercy is, they know not how to act from a Principle of Love.

Master. I am convinc'd it is so; but now, pray tell me, how did you put this in Practice with the poor *Negroes* now in Bonds yonder, when you passed such

a cruel Sentence upon them, that they should be whip'd twice a Day, for four Days together, was that shewing Mercy?

Jack. My Method was just the same, and if you please to enquire of Mr. — your other Servant, you will be satisfied that it was so; for we agreed upon the same Measures as I took with *Mouchat*; namely, first to put them into the utmost Horror and Apprehensions of the cruelest Punishment that they ever heard of, and thereby enhance the Value of their Pardon, which was to come as from your self, but not without our great Intercession: Then I was to argue with them, and work upon their Reason, to make the Mercy that was shew'd them sink deep into their Minds, and give lasting Impressions, explain the Meaning of Gratitude to them, and the Nature of an Obligation, and the like, as I had done with *Mouchat*.

Master. I am answer'd, your Method is certainly right, and I desire you may go on with it, for I desire nothing (on this side Heaven) more, than to have all my *Negroes* serve me from Principles of Gratitude, for my Kindness to them: I abhor to be fear'd like a Lion, like a Tyrant, it is a Violence upon Nature every way, and is the most disagreeable Thing in the World to a generous Mind.

Jack. But, Sir, I am doubtful that you may not believe that I intended to act thus with those poor Fellows; I beseech you to send for Mr. —, that he may tell you what we had agreed on before I speak with him.

Master. What Reason have I to doubt that?

Jack. I hope you have not, but I should be very sorry you should think me capable of executing such a Sentence as you have heard me own, I had passed on them; and there can be no Way effectually to clear it up but this.

Master. Well, seeing you put so much Weight upon it, he shall be * call'd for.

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Jack.

* He was called, and being order'd by the Master to tell the Measures that were concerted between them, for the Punishment or Management of those *Negroes*, he gave it just as *Jack* had done before.

Jack. I hope, Sir, you are now, not only satisfied of the Truth of the Account I gave, relating to the Method we had agreed on; but of its being so proper, and so likely to answer your End.

Master. I am fully satisfied, and shall be glad to see that it answers the End; for, as I have said, nothing can be more agreeable to me, nothing has so much robb'd me of the Comfort of all my Fortunes, as the Cruelty use in my Name, on the Bodies of those poor Slaves.

Jack. It is certainly wrong, Sir, it is not only wrong, as it is barbarous and cruel; but it is wrong too, as it is the worst Way of managing, and of having your Business done.

Master. It is my Aversion, it fills my very Soul with Horror, I believe if I should come by while they were using those Cruelties on the poor Creatures, I should either sink down at the Sight of it, or fly into a Rage and kill the Fellow that did it; tho' it is done too by my own Authority.

Jack. But, Sir, I dare say, I shall convince you also that it is wrong, in Respect of Interest; and that your Business shall be better discharg'd, and your Plantations better order'd, and more Work done by the *Negroes*, who shall be engag'd by Mercy and Lenity, than by those who are driven and dragg'd by the Whips and the Chains of a merciless Tormentor.

Master. I think the Nature of the Thing speaks it self, doubtless it should be so, and I have often thought it would be so, and a Thousand Times wish'd it might be so; but all my *English* People pretend otherwise, and that it is impossible to bring the *Negroes* to any Sense of Kindness, and consequently not to any Obedience of Love.

Jack. It may be true, Sir, that there may be found here and there a *Negro* of a senseless, stupid, sordid Disposition, perfectly untractable, undocible, and incapable of due Impressions; especially incapable of the Generosity of Principle which I am speaking of: You know very well, Sir, there are such among the *Christians*, as well as among the *Negroes*, whence
came

came the *English* Proverb; *That if you save a Thief from the Gallows, he shall be the first to cut your Throat.*

But, Sir, if such a refractory, undocible Fellow comes in our Way, he must be dealt with, first, by the smooth Ways to try him, then by the violent Way to break his Temper, as they break a Horse; and if nothing will do, such a Wretch should be sold off, and others bought in his Room; for the Peace of the Plantation should not be broken for one devilish temper'd Fellow, and if this was done, I doubt not, you should have all your Plantation carried on, and your Work done, and not a *Negro* or a Servant upon it, but what would not only Work for you, but even die for you, if there was an Occasion for it, as you see this poor *Mouchat* would have done for me.

Master. Well, go on with your Measures, and may you succeed, I'll promise you I will fully make you Amends for it; I long to have these Cruelties out of Use, in my Plantation especially, as for others, let them do as they will.

OUR Master being gone, I went to the Prisoners, and first, I suffer'd them to be told that the great Master had been there, and that he had been inclin'd to pardon them, till he knew what their Crime was; but then he said it was so great a Fault that it must be punished: Besides, the Man that talk'd to them, told them, that the great Master said, that he knew if he had pardon'd them they would but be the worse, for that the *Negroes* were never thankful for being spar'd, and that there were no other Ways to make them obedient, but by Severity.

ONE of the poor Fellows, more sensible than the other, answered, if any *Negro* be bader for kindly used, they should be whipped till they were muchee better, but that he never knew that, for that he never knew the *Negro* be kindly use.

THIS was the same Thing as the other had said, and indeed, was but too true, for the Overseers really knew no such Thing as Mercy; and that Notion of the *Negroes* being no other Way to be govern'd but by Cruelty, had been the Occasion, that no other Method was ever tried among them.

AGAIN, if a slack Hand has been at any Time been held upon them, it had not been done with Discretion, or as a Point of Mercy, and manag'd with the Assistance of Argument to convince the *Negroes* of the Nature and Reason of it, and to shew them what they ought to do in Return for it: But it was perhaps the Effect of Negligence, ill Conduct, and want of Application to the Business of the Plantation; and then 'twas no Wonder that the *Negroes* took the Advantage of it.

WELL, I carried on the Affair with these two *Negroes*, just as I did with *Mouchat*, so I need not repeat the Particulars, and they were deliver'd with infinite Acknowledgments and Thanks, even to all the Extravagancies of Joy usual in those People on such Occasion; and such was the Gratitude of those two pardon'd Fellows, that they were the most faithful, and most diligent Servants ever after, that belong'd to the whole Plantation, *Mouchat* excepted.

IN this Manner I carried on the Plantation fully to his Satisfaction; and before a Year more was expir'd, there was scarce any such Thing as Correction known in the Plantation, except upon a few Boys who were incapable of the Impressions that good Usage would have made, even upon them too, till they had liv'd to know the Difference.

IT was some Time after this Conference, that our great Master, as we call'd him, sent for me again to his Dwelling-house, and told me he had had an Answer from *England* from his Friend, to whom he had written about my Bill: I was a little afraid that he was going to ask me Leave to send it to *London*; but he did not say any Thing like that, but told me that his Friend had been with the Gentleman, and that he own'd the Bill, and that he had all the Money in his Hand that the Bill had mention'd; but that he had promised the young Man that had given him the Money, (meaning me) not to pay the Money to any Body but himself, tho' they should bring the Bill; the Reason of which was, that I did not know who might get the Bill away from me.

BUT

BUT now, Colonel *Jack*, says he, as you wrote him an Account where you was, and by what wicked Arts you were trappan'd; and that it was impossible for you to have your Liberty till you cou'd get the Money: My Friend at *London* has written to me, that upon making out a due Copy of the Bill here, attested by a Notary, and sent to him, and your Obligation likewise attested, whereby you oblige your self to deliver the Original to his Order, after the Money is paid, he will pay the Money.

I TOLD him I was willing to do whatever his Honour directed; and so the proper Copies were drawn, as I had been told were requir'd.

BUT now, what will you do with this Money *Jack*? says he smiling, will you buy your Liberty of me and go to planting?

I WAS too cunning for him now indeed, for I remember'd what he had promised me; and I had too much Knowledge of the Honesty of his Principles, as well as of the Kindness he had for me, to doubt his being as good as his Word; so I turn'd all this Talk of his upon him another Way: I knew that when he ask'd me if I would buy my Liberty and go to planting, it was to try if I would leave him; so I said, as to buying my Liberty, Sir, that is to say, going out of your Service, I had much rather buy more Time in your Service, and I am only unhappy that I have but two Year to serve.

COME, come, Colonel says he, don't flatter me, I love plain Dealing, Liberty is precious to every Body; if you have a Mind to have your Money brought over, you shall have your Liberty to begin for your self, and I will take Care you shall be well used by the Country, and get you a good Plantation.

I STILL insisted that I would not quit his Service for the best Plantation in *Maryland*; that he had been so good to me, and I believ'd I was so useful to him, that I cou'd not think of it; and at last I added, I hop'd he cou'd not believe but I had as much Gratitude as a *Negro*.

HE smil'd, and said, he would not be serv'd upon those Terms; that he did not forget what he had promised, nor what I had done in his Plantation; and that he was resolv'd in the first Place to give me my Liberty, so he pulls out a Piece of Paper, and throws it to me; there, says he, there's a Certificate of your coming on Shore, and being sold to me for five Years, of which you have liv'd three with me, and now you are your own Master.

I bow'd, and told him, that I was sure if I was my own Master, I would be his Servant as long as he would accept of my Service; and now we strain'd Courties, and he told me I should be his Servant still; but it should be on two Conditions, 1st, That he would give me 30 *l.* a Year and my Board, for my managing the Plantation I was then employed in; and 2^{dly}, That at the same Time he would procure me a new Plantation to begin upon for my own Account; for Colonel *Jack*, says he smiling, tho' you are but a young Man, yet 'tis Time you were doing something for your self.

I ANSWER'D, that I cou'd do little at a Plantation for my self, unless I neglected his Business, which I was resolv'd not to do on any Terms whatever; but that I would serve him faithfully, if he would accept of me as long as he liv'd: So you shall, says he again, and serve your self too, and thus we parted for that Time.

HERE I am to observe in the general, to avoid dwelling too long upon a Story, that as the two *Negroes* who I deliver'd from Punishment, were ever after the most diligent and laborious poor Fellows in the whole Plantation, as above, except *Mouchat*, of whom I shall speak more by and by, so they not only were grateful themselves for their good Usage, but they influenc'd the whole Plantation: So that the gentle Usage and Lenity, with which they had been treated, had a Thousand Times more Influence upon them to make them diligent, than all the Blows and Kicks, Whippings, and other Tortures could have, which they had been used too, and now the Plantation was famous for it; so that several other Planters began to do the same, tho' I cannot say it was with the same Success, which might be

be for want of taking Pains with them, and working upon their Passions in a right Manner ; it appeared that *Negroes* were to be reason'd into Things as well as other People, and it was by thus managing their Reason, that most of the Work was done.

HOWEVER, (as it was) the Plantations in *Maryland*, were the better for this Undertaking, and they are to this Day less cruel and barbarous to their *Negroes*, than they are in *Barbadoes* and *Jamaica* ; and 'tis observ'd the *Negroes* are not in these Colonies so desperate, neither do they so often run away, or so often plot Mischief against their Master, as they do in those.

I HAVE dwelt the longer upon it, that if possible Posterity might be persuaded to try gentler Methods with those miserable Creatures, and to use them with Humanity ; assuring them, that if they did so, adding the common Prudence that every particular Case would direct them to for itself, the *Negroes* would do their Work faithfully and chearfully ; they would not find any of that Refractoriness, and Sullenness in their Temper, that they pretend now to complain of ; but they would be the same as their Christian Servants, except that they would be the more thankful and humble, and laborious of the two.

I CONTINUED in this Station between five and six Years after this, and in all that Time we had not one *Negro* whipp'd, except as I observ'd before, now and then an unlucky Boy, and that only for Trifles ; I cannot say, but we had some ill-natured ungovernable *Negroes* ; but if at any Time such offended, they were pardon'd the first Time, in the Manner as above ; and the second Time were ordered to be turn'd out of the Plantation ; and this was remarkable, that they would torment themselves at the Apprehensions of being turn'd away, more by a great deal, than if they had been to be whipp'd, for then they were only sullen and heavy ; nay, at length we found the Fear of being turn'd out of the Plantation, had as much Effect to reform them, that is to say, make them more diligent, than any Torture would have done ; and the Reason was evident, namely, because

because in our Plantation they were us'd like Men, in the other like Dogs.

My Master own'd the Satisfaction he took in this blessed Change, as he call'd it, as long as he lived, and as he was so engag'd, by seeing the *Negroes* grateful, he shew'd the same Principle of Gratitude to those that serv'd him, as he look'd for in those that he serv'd; and particularly to me, and so I come briefly to that Part: The first Thing he did after giving me my Liberty, as above, and making me an Allowance, was to get the Country Bounty to me, that is to say, of a Quantity of Land, to begin and plant for myself.

BUT this he manag'd a Way by himself, and as I found afterwards, took up, that is, purchased in my Name, about 300 Acres of Land in a more convenient Place, that it would have otherwise been allotted me; and this he did by his Interest with the Lord Proprietor; so that I had an Extent of Ground mark'd out to me, not next, but very near one of his own Plantations: When I made my Acknowledgment for this to him, he told me plainly, that I was not beholding to him for it at all; for he did it, that I might not be oblig'd to neglect his Business for the carrying on my own, and on that Account he would not reckon to me what Money he paid, which however, according to the Custom of the Country, was not a very great Sum, I think about 40 or 50 l.

THUS he very generously gave me my Liberty, advanc'd this Money for me, put me into a Plantation for myself, and gave me 30 l. a Year Wages for looking after one of his own Plantations.

BUT Colonel, says he to me, giving you this Plantation is nothing at all to you, if I do not assist you to support it, and to carry it on, and therefore I will give you Credit for whatever is needful to you for the carrying it on; such as Tools, Provisions for Servants, and some Servants to begin; Materials to build Out-Houses, and Conveniencies of all Sorts for the Plantation, and to buy Hogs, Cows, Horses for Stock, and the like, and I'll take it out of your Cargo, which will come from London, for the Money of your Bill.

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THIS was highly obliging and very kind, and the more so, as it afterwards appear'd ; in order to this, he sent two Servants of his own, who were Carpenters, as for Timber, Boards, Planks, and all Sorts of such Things in a Country almost all made of Wood, they could not be wanting : These run me up a little wooden House in less than three Weeks Time, where I had three Rooms, a Kitchin, an Out-House, and two large Sheds at a Distance from the House, for Store-Houses, almost like Barns, with Stables at the End of them ; and thus I was set up in the World, and in short, removed by the Degrees that you have heard from a Pick-Pocket, to a Kidnapp'd miserable Slave in *Virginia* ; (for *Maryland* is *Virginia*, speaking of them at a Distance) then from a Slave to a head Officer, or Overseer of Slaves, and from thence to a Master Planter.

I HAD now (as above) a House, a Stable, two Warehouses, and 300 Acres of Land ; but (as we say) bare Walls make giddy Huffy's, so I had neither Axe or Hatchet to cut down * the Trees ; Horse, or Hog, or Cow to put upon the Land ; not a Hoe, or a Spade to break Ground, nor a Pair of Hands, but my own, to go to Work upon it.

BUT Heaven and kind Masters make up all those Things to a diligent Servant, and I mention it, because People, who are either Transported, or otherwise Trappan'd into those Places, are generally thought to be rendered miserable, and undone ; whereas, on the contrary, I would encourage them upon my own Experience to depend upon it, that if their own Diligence in the Time of Service, gains them but a good Character, which it will certainly do, if they can deserve it, there is not the poorest, and most despicable Felon that ever went over, but may (after his Time is serv'd) begin for himself, and may in Time be sure of raising a good Plantation.

* Note, All the Land, before it is planted, is over-grown with high Trees, which must be cut down, and grubb'd up, before any Thing call'd Planting can be begun.

FOR Example, I will now take a Man in the meanest Circumstances of a Servant, who has serv'd out his 5 or 7 Years, (suppose a transported Wretch for 7 Years) the Custom of the Place was then (what it is since I know not) that on his Master's certifying that he had serv'd his Time out faithfully, he had 50 Acres of Land allotted him for planting, and on this Plan he begins.

SOME had a Horse, a Cow, and three Hogs given, or rather lent them as a Stock for the Land, which they made an Allowance for at a certain Time and Rate.

CUSTOM has made it a Trade, to give Credit to such Beginners as these, for Tools, Cloaths, Nails, Iron-work, and other Things necessary for their Planting; and which the Persons so giving Credit to them, are to be paid for out of the Crop of *Tobacco* which they shall plant; nor is it in the Debtor's Power to defraud the Creditor of Payment in that Manner; and as *Tobacco* is their Coin, as well as their Product; so all Things are to be purchas'd at a certain Quantity of *Tobacco*, the Price being so rated.

THUS the naked Planter has Credit at his Beginning, and immediately goes to Work, to cure the Land, and plant *Tobacco*; and from this little Beginning, have some of the most considerable Planters in *Virginia*, and in *Maryland* also, raised themselves, namely, from being without a Hat, or a Shoe, to Estates of 40 or 50000 Pound; and in this Method, I may add, no diligent Man ever miscarried, if he had Health to Work, and was a good Husband; for he every Year increases a little, and every Year adding more Land, and planting more *Tobacco*, which is real Money, he must gradually increase in Substance, till at length he gets enough to buy *Negroes*, and other Servants, and then never Works himself any more.

IN a Word, every *Newgate* Wretch, every desperate forlorn Creature, the most despicable ruin'd Man
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in the World, has here a fair Opportunity put into his Hands to begin the World again, and that upon a Foot of certain Gain, and in a Method exactly honest ; with a Reputation, that nothing past will have any Effect upon ; and innumerable People have rais'd themselves from the worst Circumstance in the World ; namely, from the *Cells* in *Newgate*.

BUT I return to my own Story, I was now a Planter, and encourag'd by a kind Benefactor ; for, that I might not be wholly taken up with my new Plantation, he gave me freely, and without any Consideration, my grateful Negroe *Mouchat* : He told me it was a Debt due to the Affection that poor Creature had always had for me ; and so indeed it was, for as the Fellow would once have been hang'd for me, so now, and to his last he lov'd me so much, that it was apparent he did every Thing with Pleasure that he did for me ; and he was so overcome of Joy when he heard that he was to be my *Negroe*, that the People in the Plantation really thought it would turn his Head, and that the Fellow would go distracted.

BESIDES this, he sent me two Servants more, a Man and a Woman, but these he put to my Account, as above : *Mouchat*, and these two fell immediately to Work for me ; and they began with about two Acres of Land, which had but little Timber on it at first, and most of that was cut down by the two *Carpenters* who built my House, (or Shed, rather, for so it should be call'd.)

THESE two Acres I got in good Forwardness, and most of it well planted with *Tobacco* ; tho' some of it we were oblig'd to plant with Garden-Stuff for Food ; such as Potatoes, Carrots, Cabbages, Pease, Beans, &c.

IT was a great Advantage to me, that I had so bountiful a Master, who help'd me out in every Case ; for in this very first Year I receiv'd a terrible Blow, for my Bill (as I have observ'd) having been copy'd, and attest'd in Form, and sent to *London* : My kind Friend and *Custom-house* Gentleman paid me the Money ; and the Merchant

Merchant at *London*, by my good Master's Direction, had laid it all out in a sorted Cargo of Goods for me, such as would have made a Man of me all at once; but to my inexpressible Terror and Surprize, the Ship was lost, and that just at the Entrance into the Capes, that is to say, the Mouth of the Bay; some of the Goods were recover'd, but spoil'd, and in short, nothing but the Nails, Tools, and Iron-work, were good for any Thing; and tho' the Value of them was pretty considerable in Proportion to the rest, yet my Loss was irreparably great, and indeed, the Greatness of the Loss consisted in its being irreparable.

I WAS perfectly astonish'd at the first News of the Loss, knowing that I was in Debt to my Patron, or Master, so much, that it must be several Years before I should recover it; and as he brought me the bad News himself, he perceiv'd my Disorder, that is to say, he saw I was in the utmost Confusion, and a kind of Amazement, and so indeed I was, because I was so much in Debt; but he spoke chearfully to me, *Come, says he, do not be so discourag'd, you may make up this Loss: No, Sir,* says I, *that never can be, for 'tis my all, and I shall never be out of Debt: Well,* says he, *you have no Creditor, however, but me, and now remember, I once told you I would make a Man of you, and I will not disappoint you for this Disaster.*

I THANK'D him, and did it with more Ceremony and Respect than ever; because I thought myself more under the Hatches than I was before. But he was as good as his Word, for he did not baulk me in the least of any Thing I wanted; and as I had more Iron-work sav'd out of the Ship, in Proportion, than I wanted, I supplied him with some Part of it, and took up some Linnen and Cloaths, and other Necessaries from him in Exchange.

AND now I began to increase visibly; I had a large Quantity of Land cur'd, that is, freed from Timber; and a very good Crop of *Tobacco* in View, and I got three Servants more, and one *Negroe*; so that I had five white Servants, and two *Negroes*, and with this my Affairs went very well on.

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THE first Year, indeed, I took my Wages, or Salary, (that is to say) of 30 *l.* a Year, because I wanted it very much ; but the second and third Year I resolv'd not to take it, on any Account whatsoever, but to leave it in my Benefactor's Hands, to clear off the Debt I had contracted.

AND now I must impose a short Digression on the Reader, to note, That notwithstanding all the Disadvantages of a most wretched Education, yet now when I began to feel myself, as I may say, in the World, and to be arriv'd to an independant State, and to foresee, that I might be something considerable in Time ; I say, now I found differing Sentiments of Things taking Place in my Mind ; and first, I had a solid Principle of Justice and Honesty, and a secret Horror at Things past, when I look'd back upon my former Life : That original Something, I knew not what, that used formerly to check me in the first Meannesses of my Youth, and us'd to dictate to me, when I was but a Child, that I was to be a Gentleman, continued to operate upon me now, in a Manner I cannot describe ; and I continually remember'd the Words of the antient *Glass-maker*, to the Gentleman, that he reprov'd for Swearing, *That to be a Gentleman, was to be an Honest Man, that without Honesty, human Nature was sunk and degenerated ; the Gentleman lost all the Dignity of his Birth, and plac'd himself even below an Honest Beggar* : These Principles growing upon my Mind in the present Circumstances I was in, gave me a secret Satisfaction, that I can give no Description of ; it was an inexpressible Joy to me, that I was now like to be, not only a Man, but an honest Man ; and it yielded me a greater Pleasure, that I was ransom'd from being a Vagabond, a Thief, and a Criminal, as I had been from a Child, than that I was deliver'd from Slavery, and the wretched State of a *Virginia* sold Servant : I had Notion enough in my Mind, of the Hardships of the Servant, or Slave, because I had felt it, and work'd thro' it ; I remember'd it as a State of Labour and Servitude, Hardship and Suffering. But the other shock'd my very Nature, chill'd my Blood, and turn'd the very Soul within me : The
Thought

Thought of it was like Reflections upon Hell, and the damn'd Spirits; it struck me with Horror, it was odious and frightful to look back on, and it gave me a kind of a Fit, a Convulsion or nervous Disorder, that was very uneasy to me.

BUT to look forward, to reflect how Things were chang'd, how Happy I was, that I cou'd live by my own Endeavours, and was no more under the Necessity of being a Villain, and of getting my Bread at my own Hazard, and the Ruin of honest Families; this had in it something more than commonly pleasing and agreeable, and in particular, it had a Pleasure, that till then I had known nothing of: It was a sad Thing to be under a Necessity of doing Evil, to procure that Subsistence, which I could not support the want of, to be oblig'd to run the Venture of the Gallows, rather than the Venture of Starving, and to be always wicked for fear of Want.

I CANNOT say that I had any serious Religious Reflections, or that these Things proceeded yet from the Uneasiness of Conscience, but from meer Reasonings with myself, and from being arriv'd to a Capacity of making a right Judgment of Things more than before; yet I own I had such an Abhorrence of the wicked Life I had led, that I was secretly easy, and had a kind of Pleasure in the Disaster that was upon me about the Ship, and that tho' it was a Loss, I could not but be glad that those ill-gotten Goods were gone, and that I had lost what I had stolen for I look'd on it as none of mine, and that it would be Fire in my Flax if I should mingle it with what I had now, which was come honestly by, and was (as it were) sent from Heaven, to lay the Foundation of my Prosperity, which the other would be only as a Moth to consume.

AT the same Time my Thoughts dictated to me, that tho' this was the Foundation of my new Life, yet that this was not the Superstructure, and that I might still be born for greater Things than these; that it was Honesty and Virtue alone that made Men Rich and Great, and gave them a Fame, as well as a Figure in the World, and that therefore I was to lay my Foundation

dation in these, and expect what might follow in Time.

To help these Thoughts, as I had learn'd to Read, and Write when I was in *Scotland*; so I began now to love Books, and particularly I had an Opportunity of reading some very considerable ones; such as *Livy's Roman History*, the *History of the Turks*, the *English History of Speed*, and others; the *History of the Low Country Wars*, the *History of Gustavus Adolphus, King of Sweden*, and the *History of the Spaniards's Conquest of Mexico*, with several others, some of which I bought at a Planter's House, who was lately dead, and his Goods sold, and others I borrowed.

I CONSIDER'D my present State of Life to be my meer Youth, tho' I was now above 30 Year old, because in my Youth I had learn'd nothing; and if my daily Business, which was now great, would have permitted, I would have been content to have gone to School; however, Fate that had yet something else in Store for me, threw an Opportunity into my Hand; namely, a clever Fellow, that came over a transported Felon; from *Bristol*, and fell into my Hands for a Servant: He had led a loose Life, that he acknowledged, and being driven to Extremities, took to the Highway, for which, had he been taken, he would have been hang'd; but falling into some low-priz'd Rogueries afterwards, for want of Opportunity for worse, was catch'd, condemn'd, and transported, and, as he said, was glad he came off so.

HE was an excellent Scholar, and I perceiving it, ask'd him one Time, if he could give a Method how I might learn the *Latin Tongue*? He said, smiling, *Yes, he could teach it me in three Months, if I would let him have Books, or even without Books, if he had Time*: I told him, a Book would become his Hands better than a Hoe, and if he could promise to make me but understand *Latin* enough to read it, and understand other Languages by it, I would ease him of the Labour, which I was now oblig'd to put him to, especially if I was assur'd that he was fit to receive that Favour of a kind Master: In short, I made him to me, what my

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Benefactor

Benefactor made me to him, and from him I gain'd a Fund of Knowledge, infinitely more valuable than the Rate of a Slave, which was what I paid for it, but of this hereafter.

WITH these Thoughts I went chearfully about my Work : As I had now five Servants, my Plantation went on, tho' gently, yet safely, and increas'd gradually, tho' slowly ; but the third Year, with the Assistance of my old Benefactor, I purchas'd two *Negroes* more, so that now I had seven Servants, and having cur'd Land sufficient for Supply of their Food, I was at no Difficulty to maintain them ; so that my Plantation began now to enlarge itself, and as I liv'd without any personal Expence, but was maintain'd at my old Great Master's, (as we call'd him) and at his Charge, with 30 *l.* a Year besides, so all my Gain was laid up for Increase.

IN this Posture I went on for 12 Years, and was very successful in my Plantation, and had gotten, by Means of my Master's Favour, who now I call'd my Friend, a Correspondent in *London*, with whom I traded, shipp'd over my *Tabacco* to him, and receiv'd *European Goods* in Returns, such as I wanted, to carry on my Plantation, and sufficient to sell to others also.

IN this Interval, my good Friend and Benefactor died, and I was left very disconsolate on Account of my Loss, for it was indeed a great Loss to me ; he had been a Father to me, and I was like a forsaken Stranger without him, tho' I knew the Country, and the Trade too well enough, and had for some Time chiefly carried on his whole Business for him ; yet I seem'd now at a Loss, my Councillor, and my chief Supporter was gone, and I had no Confident to communicate myself to, on all Occasions, as formerly ; but there was no Remedy, I was however in a better Condition to stand alone than ever ; I had a very large Plantation, and had near 70 *Negroes*, and other Servants : In a Word, I was grown really Rich, considering my first Circumstances that began, (as I may say) with nothing : That is to say, I had nothing of Stock, but I had a great Beginning, for I had such a Man's Friendship and Support in my Beginning, that indeed, I needed no other Stock, and

and if I had had 500 *l.* to have begun with, and not the Assistance, Advice, and Countenance of such a Man, I had not been in, a better Condition ; but he promis'd to make a Man of me, and so he did, and in one Respect, (I may say) I merited it of him ; for I brought his Plantation into such Order, and the Government of his *Negroes* into such a Regulation, that if he had given 500 *l.* to have had it done, he would have thought his Money well bestow'd ; his Work was always in order going forward to his Mind, every Thing was in a thriving Posture, his Servants all lov'd him, even *Negroes* and all, and yet there was no such Thing as a cruel Punishment, or Severities known among them.

IN my own Plantation it was the same Thing, I wrought so upon the Reason, and the Affections of my *Negroes*, that they serv'd me chearfully, and by Consequence, faithfully and diligently ; when in my Neighbour's Plantation, there was not a Week hardly pass'd without such horrible Outcries, Roarings and Yellings of the Servants, either under Torture, or in Fear of it, that their *Negroes* would, in Discourse with ours, with themselves dead, and gone, (as it seems they believ'd they should after Death) into their own Country.

IF I met with a fullen stupid Fellow, as sometimes it was unavoidable, I always parted with him, and sold him off ; for I would not keep any, that Sense of kind Usage would not oblige ; but I seldom met with such bad ones, for by talking to them in a plain reasoning Way, I found the Temper of the roughest of them, would break and soften ; the Sense of their own Interest would prevail with them first, or last ; and if it had not, the contrary Temper was so general among my People, that their own Fellows and Countrymen would be against them, and that serv'd to bring them to Reason, as soon as any other Thing ; and this, those who think it worth their while, will easily find, (*viz.*) that having prevail'd effectually over one leading Man among them to be tractable, and pleas'd, and grateful, he shall make them all like him, and that in a little while, with more Ease than can be imagin'd.

I WAS now a Planter, and also a Student ; my Pedagogue I mention'd above, was very diligent, and prov'd an extraordinary Man indeed, he taught me not only with Application, but with admirable Judgment in the teaching Part ; for I have seen it in many Instances since that Time, that every good Scholar is not fitted for a School-master, and that the Art of Teaching is quite different from that of knowing the Language taught.

BUT this Man had both, and prov'd of great Use to me, and I found Reason, in the Worth of the Person, to be very kind to him, his Circumstances consider'd : I once took the Liberty to ask him how it came to pass, that he, who must have had a liberal Education, and great Advantages to have advanc'd himself in the World, should be capable of falling into such miserable Circumstances as he was in, when he came over ? I us'd some Caution in entering upon an Enquiry, which (as I said) might not be pleasant to him to relate ; but that I would make him amends, by telling him, that if he desir'd not to enter into it with me, I would readily excuse him, and would not take it ill at all ; this I did, because to a Man under such Afflictions, one should always be tender, and not put them upon relating any Thing of themselves, which was grievous to them, or which they had rather was conceal'd.

BUT he told me, that it was true, that to look back upon his past Life, was indeed *renovare dolorem* ; but that such Mortifications were now useful to him, to help forward that Repentance which he hop'd he was sincerely entered upon ; and that tho' it was with Horror he look'd back upon mispent Time, and ill-applied Gifts, which a bountiful Creator had bless'd him with, and spar'd to him for a better Improvement ; yet he thought he ought to load himself with as much of the Shame, as it pleas'd God to make his Lot, since he had already loaded himself with the Guilt in a shameless Manner ; till God (he still hop'd in Mercy to him) had cut him short, and brought him to publick Disgrace, tho' he could not say he had been brought to Justice, for then he had been sent into Eternity in despair,

spair, and not been sent to *Virginia*, to repent of the wickedest Life that ever Man liv'd : ——— He would have gone on, but I found his Speech interrupted by a passionate Struggle within, between his Grief and his Tears.

I took no more Notice of it, than to tell him, that I was sorry I had ask'd him about it, but that it was my Curiosity ; when I saw that ignorant, untaught, untractable Creatures come into Misery and Shame, I made no Enquiry after their Affairs ; but when I saw Men of Parts and Learning take such Steps, I concluded it must be occasion'd by something exceeding wicked ; so indeed, (said he) the Judge said to me when I begg'd Mercy of him in *Latin*, he told me, that when a Man, furnish'd with such Learning, falls into such Crimes, he is more inexcusable than other Men ; because his Learning recommending him, he could not want Advantages, and had the less Temptation to Crimes.

BUT, Sir, said he, I believe my Case was what I find is the Case of most of the wicked Part of the World, *viz.* that to be reduc'd to Necessity is to be wicked ; for Necessity is not only the Temptation, but is such a Temptation as human Nature is not empower'd to resist : How good then, says he, is that God, which takes from you Sir, the Temptation, by taking away the Necessity ?

I WAS so sensible of the Truth of what he said (knowing it by my own Case) that I could not enter any farther upon the Discourse ; but he went on voluntarily : This Sir, says he, I am so sensible of, that I think the Case I am now reduc'd to, much less miserable than the Life which I liv'd before, because I am deliver'd from the horrid Necessity of doing such ill Things, which was my Ruin and Disaster then, even for my Bread, and am not now oblig'd to ravish my Bread out of the Mouths of others by Violence and Disorder ; but am fed, tho' I am made to earn it by the hard Labour of my Hands, and I thank God for the Difference. He paus'd here, but went on thus,

How much is the Life of a Slave in *Virginia*, to be preferr'd to that of the most prosperous Thief in the World! here I live miserable, but honest; suffer wrong, but do no wrong; my Body is punish'd, but my Conscience is not loaded; and as I us'd to say, that I had no Leisure to look in, but I would begin when I had some Recess, some Time to spare; now God has found me Leisure to Repent; he run on in this Manner a great while, giving Thanks, I believe most heartily, for his being deliver'd from the wretched Life he had liv'd, though his Misery were to be ten Fold as much as it was.

I WAS sincerely touch'd with his Discourse on this Subject, I had known so much of the real Difference of the Case, that I could not but be affected with it, tho' till now I confess I knew little of the Religious Part: I had been an Offender as well as he, tho' not altogether in the same Degree, but I knew nothing of the Penitence; neither had I look'd back upon any Thing as a Crime, but as a Life dishonourable, and not like a Gentleman, which run much in my Thoughts, as I have several Times mention'd.

WELL, but now, (says I) you talk penitently, and I hope you are sincere; but what would be your Case, if you were deliver'd from the miserable Condition of a Slave, sold for Money, which you are now in? Should you not, think you, be the same Man?

BLESSED be God, (says he) that if I thought I should, I would sincerely pray that I might not be deliver'd, and that I might for ever be a Slave rather than a Sinner.

WELL, but (says I) suppose you to be under the same Necessity, in the same starving Condition, should you not take the same Course?

HE replied very sharply, that shews us the Need we have of the Petition in the Lord's-Prayer: *Lead us not into Temptation*; and of Solomon's, or Agar's Prayer, *Give me not Poverty, lest I Steal*. I should ever beg of God not to be left to such Snares as human Nature cannot resist. But I have some Hope, that I should venture to starve, rather than to steal; but I also beg to

to be deliver'd from the Danger, because I know not my own Strength.

THIS was honestly spoken, indeed ; and there really were such visible Tokens of Sincerity in all his Discourse, that I could not suspect him : On some of our Discourses on this Subject, he pull'd out a little dirty Paper Book, in which he had wrote down such a Prayer in Verse, as I doubt few Christians in the World could subscribe to ; and I cannot but Record it, because I never saw any Thing like it in my Life, the Lines are as follows :

*Lord ! whatsoever Sorrows rack my Breast,
Till Crime removes too, let me find no Rest ;
How dark soe'er my State, or sharp my Pain,
O ! let not Troubles cease, and Sin remain.*

*For Jesus Sake remove not my Distress,
Till free Triumphant Grace shall repossess
The vacant Throne, from whence my Sins depart,
And make a willing Captive of my Heart ;
Till Grace compleatly shall my Soul subdue,
Thy Conquest full, and my Subjection true.*

THERE were more Lines on the same Subject, but these were the Beginning ; and these touching me so sensibly, I have remember'd them distinctly ever since, and have, I believe, repeated them to myself a thousand Times.

I PRESS'D him no more, you may be sure, after an Answer so very particular, and affecting as this was ; it was easy to see the Man was a sincere Penitent, not sorrowing for the Punishment he was suffering under ; for his Condition was no Part of his Affection, he was rather thankful for it, as above ; but his Concern was a feeling and affecting Sense of the wicked and abominable Life he had led, the abhor'd Crimes he had committed, both against God and Man, and the little Sense he had had of the Condition he was in, that even till he came to the Place where he now was.

I ASK'D him if he had no Reflections of this kind, after, or before his Sentence ? He told me, *Newgate,*

(for the Prison at *Bristol* is call'd so, it seems, as well as that at *London*) was a Place that seldom made Penitents, but often made Villains worse, till they learn'd to defy God and Devil. But that, however, he cou'd look back with this Satisfaction, that he could say, he was not altogether insensible of it, even then; but nothing that amounted to a thorough serious looking up to Heaven; That he often indeed look'd in, and reflected upon his past mispent Life, even before he was in Prison, when the Intervals of his wicked Practices gave some Time for Reflection, and he would sometimes say to himself, Whither am I going? To what will all these Things bring me at last? And where will they End? Sin and Shame follow one another, and I shall certainly come to the Gallows; then, said he, I wou'd strike upon my Breast, and say: O wicked Wretch! When wilt thou Repent? And would answer myself as often; Never! Never! Never! Except it be in a Goal, or at a Gibbet.

THEN, said he, I would weep and sigh, and look back a little upon my wretched Life, the History of which would make the World amaz'd; but alas! the Prospect was so dark, and it fill'd me with so much Terror, that I cou'd not bear it; then I wou'd fly to Wine and Company for Relief, that Wine brought on Excess, and that Company, being always wicked Company like myself, brought on Temptation; and then all Reflection vanish'd, and I was the same Devil as before.

HE spoke this with so much Affection, that his Face was ever smiling when he talk'd of it, and yet his Eyes had Tears standing in them, at the same Time, and all the Time; for he had a delightful Sorrow, if that be a proper Expression in speaking of it.

THIS was a strange Relation to me, and began to affect me after a Manner that I did not understand; I lov'd to hear him talk of it, and yet it always left a kind of a dead Lump behind it upon my Heart, which I cou'd give no Reason for, nor imagine to what it tend; I had a Heaviness on my Soul, without being able to describe it, or to say what ailed me.

WELL,

WELL, he went on with his Relation, after this, says he, I fell into the Hands of Justice for a Trifle, a Piece of Sport in our Crime ; and I, that for a hundred Robberies, as well on the Highway, as otherwise, the Particulars of which would fill a Book to give an Account of, ought, (whenever I was taken) to be hang'd in Chains, and who, if it had been publick, could not have fail'd of having twenty People come in against me, was privately hurried into a Country Goal, under a wrong Name ; try'd for a small Fact within Benefit of Clergy, and in which I was not principally Guilty, and by this Means obtained the Favour of being transported.

AND what think you, said he, has most sensibly affected me, and brought on the blessed Change, that I hope I may say, God has wrought in my Soul : Not the Greatness of my Crimes, but the Wonders of that merciful Providence, which when it has Mercy in Store for a Man, often brings him into the Briars, into Sorrow and Misery for lesser Sins ; that Men may be led to see how they are spar'd from the Punishment due to them, for the greater Guilt which they know lies upon them ; do you think, that when I receiv'd the Grant of Transportation, I cou'd be insensible what a Miracle of Divine Goodness such a Thing must be, to one who had so many Ways deserv'd to be hang'd, and must infallibly have died, if my true Name had been known, or if the least Notice had been given, that it was such a notorious Wretch as I that was in Custody ? There began the first Motive of Repentance, for certainly the Goodness of our great Creator in sparing us, when we forfeit our Lives to his Justice, and his Merciful bringing us out of the Miseries which we plunge ourselves into, when we have no Way to extricate ourselves, his bringing those very Miseries to be the Means of our Deliverance, and working good to us out of Evil, when we are working the very Evil out of his Good : I say, these Things are certainly the strongest Motives to Repentance that are in the World ; and the sparing Thieves from the Gallows, certainly makes more Penitent than the Gallows itself.

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It is true, continu'd he, that the **Terror of Punishment** works strongly upon the Mind: In view of **Death**, Men are fill'd with **Horror of Soul**, and immediately they call that **Repentance** which I doubt is too often mistaken; being only a kind of **Anguish** in the Soul, which breeds a **Grief** for the Punishment [that is to be suffer'd; an **Amazement** founded upon the dreadful View of what is to follow: But the **Sense of Mercy** is quite another Thing, this seizes all the **Passions**, and all the **Affections**, and works a sincere unfeigned **Abhorrence** of the Crime, as a Crime; as an **Offence** against our **Benefactor**, as an **Act of Baseness** and **Ingratitude** to him, who has given us **Life**, and all the **Blessings** and **Comforts of Life**; and who has conquer'd us by continuing to do us good, when he has been provok'd to destroy us.

THIS Sir, says he, has been the **Fountain** of that **Repentance** which I so much rejoice in: This is the delightful **Sorrow**, says he, that I spoke of just now; and this makes **Smiles** fit on my **Face**, while **Tears** run from my **Eyes**, a **Joy** that I can no otherwise express, than by telling you Sir, that I never liv'd a happy **Day** since I came to an **Age** of acting in the **World**, till I landed in this **Country**, and work'd in your **Plantation**, naked and hungry, weary and faint, oppress'd with **Cold** in one **Season**, and **Heat** in the other; then I began to see into my own **Ways**, and see the **Difference** between the **Hardships** of the **Body**, and the **Torment** of the **Mind**: Before I revell'd in fulness, and here I struggl'd with hard **Fare**; then I wallow'd in **Sloth** and voluptuous **Ease**, here I labour'd till **Nature** sometimes was just sinking under the **Load**; but with this **Difference** in the **Felicity** of either **Case**, namely, that there I had a **Hell** in my **Soul**, was fill'd with **Horror** and **Confusion**, was a daily **Terror** to my self, and always expected a miserable **End**; whereas here, I had a blessed **Calm** of **Soul**, an **Emblem** and **Forerunner** of **Heaven**, thankful and humble, adoring that **Mercy** that had snatch'd me out of the **Jaws** of the **Devil**: These took up my **Thoughts**, and made my most weary **Hours** pleasant to me, my **Labour** light, and my **Heart** cheerful;

ful; I never lay down on my hard Lodging, but I praised God with the greatest Excess of Affection, not only that it was not the *Condemn'd-hole*, and that I was deliver'd from the Death I had deserv'd; but that it was not *Shooter's-Hill*, that I was not still a Robber, a Terror to just and honest Men, a Plunderer of the innocent, and the Poor, a Thief, and a Villain, that ought to be rooted out from the Earth, for the Safety of others; but that I was deliver'd from the horrid Temptation of finning, to support my Luxury, and making one Vice necessary to another; and this I bear Witness is sufficient to sweeten the bitterest Sorrow, and make any Man be thankful for *Virginia*, or a worse Place, if that can be.

HE then entertain'd me with an Opinion of his, that if it were possible for the Face of Heaven and Hell to be disclos'd and laid open, and that Men could be made capable of seeing distinctly and separately, the Joys and Glory, and utmost Felicity of one, and the Horrors of the other, and to make a Judgment of both according to the Power of human Reasoning; the first would have a stronger and more powerful Effect to reform the World than the latter: But this we had farther about Discourses on many Occasions.

IF it should be enquir'd, how I was capable of hearing all this, and having no Impressions made upon my Mind by it, especially, when it so many Ways suited my own Case, and the Condition of the former part of my Life; I shall answer that presently by it self: However, I took no Notice of it to him, for he had quite other Notions of me than I had of my self; nor did I, as is usual in such Cases, enter into any Confidence with him on my own Story, only that I took sometimes the Occasion to let him know, that I did not come over to *Virginia* in the Capacity of a Criminal, or that I was not Transported; which considering how many of the Inhabitants there were so, who then liv'd in good Circumstances, was needful enough to be done.

BUT as to my self, it was enough that I was in Condition now, 'twas no Matter to any Body what I had

had been, and as it was grown pretty much out of Memory, from what original Disaster I came into the Country, or that I was ever a Servant, otherwise than voluntary, and that it was no Business of mine to expose my self, so I kept that Part close; but for all that, it was impossible for me to conceal the Disorder I was in, as often as he talk'd of these Things; I had hitherto gone on upon a Notion of Things founded only in their Appearance, as they affected me with Good or Evil, esteeming the happy and unhappy part of Life to be those that gave me Ease or Sorrow, without regarding, or indeed much understanding how far those Turns of Life were influenced by the giver of Life; or how far they were all directed by a Sovereign God that governs the World, and all the Creatures it had made.

As I had no Education but as you have heard, so I had had no Instruction, no Knowledge of Religion, or indeed of the Meaning of it; and tho' I was now in a kind of Search after Religion, it was a meer looking as it were, into the World to see what kind of a Thing, or Place it was, and what had been done in it; but as to him that made it, there had truly been scarce a Creature among all that he had made, with Souls in them, that were so entirely without the Knowledge of God as I was, and made so little Enquiry about it.

BUT the serious affectionate Discourse of this young Man, began to have different Effects upon me, and I began to say to my self, this Man's Reflections are certainly very just, but what a Creature am I, and what have I been doing? I that never once did this in all my Life! that never said so much, God I thank thee for all that I have been sav'd from, or all that I have been brought too in this World; and yet my Life has been as full of Variety, and I have been as miraculously deliver'd from Dangers and Mischiefs, and as many of them as ever he has; and if it has all been brought to pass by an invisible Hand in Mercy to me, what have I been doing? And where have I liv'd? That I only should be the most thoughtless, and unthankful of all God's Creatures!

THIS indeed began to grow upon me, and made me very Melancholy ; but as to Religion, I understood so little about it, that if I had resolv'd upon any such Thing as a new Course of Life, or to set about a religious Change, I knew not at which End to begin, or what to do about it.

ONE Day it happen'd that my Tutor, for so I always call'd him, had the Bible in his Hand, and was looking in it, as he generally did many Times a Day, tho' I knew not for what, seeing the Bible, I took it out of his Hands, and went to look into it, which I had done so little before, that I think I might safely say, I had never read a Chapter in it in all my Life ; he was talking of the Bible then as a Book only, and where he had it, and how he brought it to *Virginia*, and in some Extasy he took and kissed it ; this blessed Book ! says he, this was all the Treasure I brought from out *England* with me, and a comfortable Treasure it has been to me, added he, I would not have been without it in my Sorrows for any other Treasure in the World, and so he went on at large.

I THAT had no Notion of what he meant, only, as I have said above, some young infant Thoughts about the Works of Providence in the World, and its merciful Dealings with me, took the Book out of his Hand, and went to look into it, and the Book open'd at the *Acts* 26. v. 28. where *Felix* says to St. Paul, *almost thou persuadest me to be a Christian*. I think, says I, here's a Line hits me to a Tittle, upon the long Account you have given of yourself, and I must say them to you, as the Governor here said ; and so I read the Words to him. He blush'd at the Text, and returns, I could answer you in the very Words the Apostle return'd to him in the next Verse, *I would thou wert both I wish almost, and altogether such as I am, except these Bonds*.

I WAS now more than 30 Year old by my own Account, and as well as it was possible for me to keep a Reckoning of my Age, who had no Body left that ever knew my Beginning : I was, I say, above 30 Year old, and had gone thro' some Variety in the World ; but as I was perfectly abandoned in my Infancy, and utterly
without

without Instruction in my Youth, so I was entirely ignorant of every Thing that was worthy the Name of Religion in the World ; and this was the first Time that ever any Notion of religious Things entered into my Heart : I was surpriz'd at this Man's Talk, and that several Ways, particularly, he talk'd so feelingly of his pass'd Circumstances, and they were so like my own, that every Time he made a religious Inference from his own Condition, and argued from one Condition of his to another ; it struck into my Thoughts like a Bullet from a Gun, that I had certainly as much to be thankful for, and to repent of as he had, except only that I had no Knowledge of better Things to be thankful for, which he had ; but in return for that, I was deliver'd and set up in the World, made a Master, and easy, and was in good Circumstances, being raised from the very same low distressed Condition as he was in, I mean a sold Servant ; but that he remain'd so still, so that if his Sin had been greater than mine, so his Distress was still greater.

THIS Article of Gratitude struck deep, and lay heavy upon my Mind ; I remember'd that I was grateful to the last Degree to my old Master, who had raised me from my low Condition, and that I lov'd the very Name of him, or as might be said, the very Ground he trod on ; but I had not so much as once thought of any higher Obligation, no, nor so much as like the *Pharisee* had said, *one God I thank thee*, to him, for all the Influence which his Providence must have had in my whole Affair.

It occur'd to me presently, that if none of all these Things befall us without the Direction of a Divine Power, as my new Instructor had told me at large ; and that God had order'd every Thing, the most Minute and least Transaction of Life, insomuch, *That not a Hair of our Head shall fall to the Ground without his Permission*. I say, it occur'd to me, that I had been a most unthankful Dog to that Providence that had done so much for me ; and the Consequence of the Reflection was immediately this, how justly may that Power so disoblig'd, take away again his Wooll and his Flax,

Flax, with which I am now clothed, and reduce me to the Misery of my first Circumstances.

THIS perplex'd me much, and I was very penfive and sad, in which however, my new Instructor was a constant Comforter to me, and I learn'd every Day something or other from him, upon which I told him one Morning, that I thought he must leave off teaching me *Latin*, and teach me Religion.

HE spoke with a great deal of Modesty of his being uncapable of informing me of any Thing that I did not know, and propos'd to me to read the Scriptures every Day, as the sure and only Fund of Instruction: I answer'd, that in the Words of the *Enuch* to St. *Philip*, when the Apostle ask'd him if he understood what he read? *How can I, unless some one guide me?*

WE talk'd frequently upon this Subject, and I found so much Reason to believe he was a sincere Convert, that I can speak of him as no other in all I have to say of him: However, I cannot say my Thoughts were yet ripen'd for an Operation of that kind; I had some uneasiness about my past Life, and I liv'd now, and had done so before I knew him, a very regular sober Life; always taken up in my Business, and running into no Excesses; but as to commencing Penitent, as this Man had done, I cannot say, I had any Convictions upon me sufficient to bring it on, nor had I a Fund of religious Knowledge to support me in it; so it wore off again gradually, as such Things generally do, where the first Impressions are not deep enough.

IN the mean Time as he read over long Lectures of his own Disasters to me, and applied them all seriously to me, so our Discourse was always very solid and weighty, and we had nothing of Levity between us, even when we were not concern'd in religious Discourses: He read History to me, and where Books were wanting, he gave me Ideas of those Things which had not been recorded by our Modern Histories, or at least, that our Number of Books would not reach; by these Things he rais'd an unquenchable Thirst in me, after seeing something that was doing in the World, and the more, because all the World was at that Time engag'd
more

more or less, in the great War wherein the *French King* might be said to be engag'd with, and against all the Powers of *Europe*.

Now, I look'd upon my self as one buried alive in a remote Part of the World, where I could see nothing at all, and hear but a little of what was seen, and that little not till at least half a Year after it was done, and sometimes a Year or more; and in a Word, the old Reproach often came in my Way, namely, that even this was not yet the Life of a Gentleman.

It was true, that this was much nearer to it than that of a Pick-pocket, and still nearer than that of a sold Slave: But in short, this would not do, and I cou'd receive no Satisfaction in it: I had now a second Plantation, a very considerable one, and it went forward very well, I had on it almost 100 Servants already of fundry sorts, and an Overseer, that I had a great deal of Reason to say I might depend upon, and but that, I had a third in Embrio, and newly begun, I had nothing to hinder me from going where I pleas'd.

HOWEVER, I now began to frame my Thoughts for a Voyage to *England*; resolving then to act as I should see Cause, but with a secret Resolution to see more of the World if possible, and realize those Things to my Mind, which I had hitherto only entertain'd remote Ideas of, by the Help of Books.

ACCORDINGLY I push'd forward the Settlement of my third Plantation, in order to bring it to be in a Posture, either to be let to a Tenant, or left in Trust with an Overseer, as I should find Occasion.

HAD I resolv'd to leave it to an Overseer or Steward, no Man in the World could have been fit for it like my Tutor; but I could not think of parting with him, who was the Cause of my desire of Travelling, and who I concluded to make my Partner in my Travels.

IT was three Year after this before I could get Things in order, fit for my leaving the Country; in this Time I deliver'd my Tutor from his Bondage, and would have given him his Liberty, but to my great Disappointment, I found that I could not empower him to go for *England* till his Time was expir'd, according to the
Certificate

Certificate of his Transportation, which was register'd; so I made him one of my Overseers, and thereby raised him gradually to a Prospect of living in the same manner, and by the like Steps that my good Benefactor raised me, only that I did not assist him to enter upon planting for himself as I was assisted, neither was I upon the Spot to do it; but his Man's Diligence and honest Application, even unassisted deliver'd himself, any farther, than as I say, by making him an Overseer, which was only a present Ease and Deliverance to him from the hard Labour and Fare, which he endured as a Servant.

HOWEVER in this Trust he behav'd so faithfully, and so diligently, that it recommended him in the Country, and when I came back, I found him in Circumstances very differing from what I left him in, besides his being my principal Manager for near 20 Years, as you shall hear in its Place.

I MENTION these Things the more at large, that if any unhappy Wretch, who may have the Disaster to fall into such Circumstances as these, may come to see this Account, they may learn the following short Lessons from these Examples.

I. THAT *Virginia*, and a State of Transportation, may be the happiest Place and Condition they were ever in for this Life, as by a sincere Repentance, and a diligent Application to the Business they are put to; they are effectually deliver'd from a Life of a flagrant Wickedness, and put in a perfect new Condition, in which they have no Temptation to the Crimes they formerly committed, and have a Prospect of Advantage for the future.

II. THAT in *Virginia*, the meanest and most despicable Creature after his Time of Servitude is expir'd, if he will but apply himself with Diligence and Industry to the Business of the Country, is sure (Life and Health suppos'd) both of living well, and growing rich.

As this is a Foundation, which the most unfortunate Wretch alive is entitul'd too; a transported Felon is, in my Opinion, a much happier Man than the most prosperous untaken Thief in the Nation; nor are those poor young People so much in the wrong as some imagine them to be, that go voluntarily over to those Countries; and in order to get themselves carried over, and plac'd there, freely bind themselves there; especially if the Persons into whose Hands they fall, do any Thing honestly by them; for as it is to be suppos'd, that those poor People knew not what Course to take before, or had miscarried in their Conduct before; here they are sure to be immediately provided for, and after the Expiration of their Time, to be put in a Condition to provide for themselves; but I return to my own Story, which now begins a new Scene.

I WAS now making Provision for my going to *England*, after having settled my Plantation in such Hands as was fully to my Satisfaction: My first Work was to furnish my self with such a Stock of Goods and Money, as might be sufficient for my Occasions Abroad, and particularly might allow to make large Returns to *Maryland*, for the Use and Supply of all my Plantations; but when I came to look nearer into the Voyage, it occur'd to me, that it would not be prudent to put my Cargo all on board the same Ship that I went in; so I shipp'd at several Times 500 Hogsheads of Tobacco in several Ships for *England*, giving Notice to my Correspondent in *London*, that I would embark about such a Time to come over my self, and ordering him to ensure for a considerable Sum, proportion'd to the Value of my Cargo.

ABOUT two Months after this I left the Place, and embark'd for *England*, in a stout Ship carrying 24 Guns, and about 600 Hogsheads of Tobacco, and we left the Capes of *Virginia* on the 1st of *August*.—We had a very sour and rough Voyage for the first Fortnight, tho' it was in a Season so generally noted for good Weather.

AFTER we had been about 11 Days at Sea, having the Wind most part of the Time blowing very hard at

at West or between the West and N. W. by which we were carried a great Way farther to the Eastward than they usually go in their Course for *England*, we met with a furious Tempest, which held us 5 Days, blowing most of the Time excessive hard, and by which we were oblig'd to run away afore the Wind, as the Seamen call it, wheresoever it was our Lot to go; by this Storm our Ship was greatly damag'd, and some Leaks we had, but not so bad, but that by the Diligence of the Seamen they were stopp'd: However the Captain after having beaten up again as well as he could against the Weather, and the Sea going very high, at length he resolv'd to go away for the *Bermudas*.

I WAS not Seaman enough to understand what the Reason of their Disputes was, but in their running for the Islands, it seems they over shot the Latitude, and could never reach the Island of *Bermudas* again; the Master and the Mate differed to an Extremity about this, their Reckonings being more than usually wide of one another, the Storm having driven them a little out of their Knowledge: The Master being a positive Man, insulted the Mate about it, and threaten'd to expose him for it when he came to *England*: The Mate was an excellent Sea Artist, and an experienc'd Sailor, but withal a modest Man; and tho' he insisted upon his being right, did it in respectful Terms, and as it became him; but after several Days Dispute, when the Weather came to abate, and the Heavens to clear up, that they could take their Observations, and know where they were, it appear'd that the Mate's Account was right, and the Captain was mistaken, for they were then in the Latitude of 29 Degrees, and quite out of the Wake of the *Bermudas*.

THE Mate made no indecent Use of the Discovery at all, and the Captain being convinc'd, carry'd it civilly to him, and so the Heats were over among them; but the next Question was, What they should do next? Some were for going one Way, some another, but all agreed they were not in a Condition to go on the direct Course for *England*, unless they could have a Southerly

or South-West Wind, which had not been our Fate since we came to Sea.

UPON the whole, they resolv'd by Consent to steer away to the *Canaries*, which was the nearest Land they could make, except the *Cape de Verd* Islands, which were too much to the Southward for us, if it could be avoided.

UPON this, they stood away N. E. and the Wind hanging still Westerly, or to the Northward of the West, we made good Way, and in about 15 Days sail we made the *Pico Teneriffe*, being a monstrous Hill in one of the *Canary* Islands: Here we refresh'd ourselves, got fresh Water, and some fresh Provisions, and plenty of excellent Wine, but no Harbour to run into, to take Care of the Ship which was leaky and tender, having had so much very bad Weather; so we were oblig'd to do as well as we could, and put to Sea again, after riding at the *Canaries* four Days only.

FROM the *Canaries* we had tollerable Weather, and a smooth Sea, till we came into the Soundings, so they call the Mouth of the *British* Channel, and the Wind blowing hard at the N. and N. W. oblig'd us to keep a larger Offing, as the Seamen call it, at our Entrance into the Channel, when behold! in the grey of the Morning, a *French* Cruizer or Privateer of 26 Guns appear'd, and crowded after us with all the Sail they could make: In short, our Captain exchange'd a Broad-side or two with them, which was terrible Work to me; for I had never seen such before, the *Frenchman's* Guns having raked us, and killed and wounded six of our best Men.

IN short, after a Fight long enough to show us, that if we would not be taken, we must resolve to sink by her Side, for there was no Room to expect Deliverance; and a Fight long enough to save the Master's Credit, we were taken, and the Ship carried away to *St. Malo's*.

I WAS not much concern'd for the Loss I had in the Ship, because I knew I had sufficient in the World somewhere or other; but as I was effectually strip'd of every Thing I had about me, and even almost my
Cloaths

Cloaths from my Back, I was in but a very indifferent Condition; but some body informing the Captain of the Privateer, that I was a Passenger, and a Merchant, he call'd for me, and enquir'd into my Circumstances, and coming to hear from myself, how I had been used, oblig'd the Seamen to give me a Coat and Hat, and a Pair of Shoes, which they had taken of me, and himself gave me a Morning Gown of his own, to wear while I was in his Ship, and to give him his due, treated me very well.

I HAD however, besides my being taken, the Mortification to be detain'd on Board the Cruizer, and seeing the Ship I was in Mann'd with *Frenchmen*, and sent away, as above, for *St. Malo*; and this was a greater Mortification to me afterwards, when being brought into *St. Malos*, I heard that our Ship was re-taken in her Passage to *St. Malos*, by an *English* Man of War, and carry'd to *Portsmouth*.

WHEN our Ship was sent away, the *Rover* cruiz'd Abroad again in the Mouth of the Channel for some Time, but met with no Purchase; at last they made a Sail, which prov'd to be one of their Nation, and one of their own Trade, from whom they learn'd (the News having been carried to *England*, that some *French* Privateers lay off and on in the Soundings,) that three *English* Men of War were come out from *Plymouth*, on Purpose to cruize in the Channel, and that they would certainly meet with us. Upon this Intelligence, the *Frenchman*, a bold brave Fellow, far from shrinking from his Work, steers away N. E. for *St. George's* Channel, and in the Latitude of 48 and a half, unhappily enough, meets with a large and rich *English* Ship, bound Home from *Jamaica*; it was in the grey of the Morning, and very clear, when a Man on the Round Top, cry'd out *Au voile*, a Sail: I was in Hopes indeed it had been the *English* Man of War, and by the Hurry and Clutter they were in, to get all ready for a Fight, I concluded it was so, and got out of my Hammock, for I had no Cabbin to lie in, that I might see what it was; but I soon found that my Hopes were vain, and it was on the wrong Side; for that being on

our Larboard Bow, the Ship lying then Northward, to make the Coast of *Ireland*; by the Time I was turn'd out, I could perceive they had all their Sails bent, and full, having begun to Chace, and making great Way; on the other Hand, it was evident the Ship saw them too, and knew what they were, and to avoid them, stretch'd away with all the Canvas they could lay on, for the Coast of *Ireland*, to run in there for Harbour.

OUR Privateer, it was plain, infinitely out sail'd her, running two Foot for her one, and towards Evening came up with them; had they been able to have held it but six Hours longer, they would have got into *Limerick* River, or some where under Shore; so that we should not have ventured upon them, but we came up with them, and the Captain when he see there was no Remedy, bravely brought too, and prepar'd to fight, she was a Ship of 30 Guns, but deep in the Sea, cumber'd between Deck with Goods, and could not run out her lower Deck Guns, the Sea also going pretty high, tho' at last she ventur'd to open her Gun-Room Ports, and fire with 3 Guns on a Side; but her worst Fate was, she sail'd heavy, being deep laden, and the *Frenchman* had run up by her Side, and pour'd in his Broad-side, and was soon ready again; however, as she was well Mann'd too, and that the *English* Sailors bestirr'd themselves, they gave us their Broad-sides too very nimbly and heartily, and I found the *Frenchman* had a great many Men kill'd at the first Brush, but the next was worse, for the *English* Ship, tho' she did not sail so well as the *Frenchman*, was a bigger Ship, and strong built, and as we (the *French*) bore down upon them again, the *English* run boldly on Board us, and laid thwart our Haufe, lashing themselves fast to us; then it was that the *English* Captain run out his lower Tire of Guns, and indeed tore the *Frenchman* so, that had he held it, the Privateer would have had the worst of it; but the *Frenchmen* with admirable Readiness indeed, and Courage, the Captain appearing every where with his Sword in his Hand, bestirr'd themselves, and loosning themselves from the *English* Ship, thrusting her off

off with Brooms, and pouring their small Shot so thick, that the other could not appear upon Deck: I say, clearing themselves thus, they came to lie a Broad-side of each other, when by long firing the *English* Ship was at length disabled, her Mizen-Mast and Bole-sprit shot away, and which was worst of all, her Captain kill'd; so that after a Fight which held all Night, (for they fought in the Dark) and part of the next Day, they were oblig'd to strike.

I WAS civilly desir'd by the *French* Captain to go down into the Hole while the Fight held, and besides the Civility of it, I found he was not willing I should be upon Deck; perhaps he thought I might have some Opportunity to do hurt, tho' I know not how it could be: However I was very ready to go down, for I had no Mind to be kill'd, especially by my own Friends, so I went down and sat by the Surgeon, and had the Opportunity to find, that the first Broad-side the *English* fir'd, seven wounded Men were brought down to the Surgeon, and 33 more afterward; that is to say, when the *English* lay thwart their Bow, and after they clear'd themselves, there was about 11 more; so that they had 51 Men wounded, and about 22 kill'd, the *Englishman* had 18 Men kill'd and wounded, among whom was the Captain.

THE *French* Captain however, triumph'd in this Prize, for it was an exceeding rich Ship, having abundance of Silver on Board; and after the Ship was taken, and they had plunder'd all the great Cabbin afforded, which was very considerable, the Mate promised the Captain, that if he would give him his Liberty, he would discover 6000 Pieces of Eight to him privately, which none of the Men should know of; the Captain engag'd, and gave it under his Hand to set him at Liberty as soon as he came on Shore: Accordingly in the Night, after all was either turn'd in, as they call it, or employ'd on the Duty of the Watch, the Captain and the Mate of the Prize went on Board, and having faithfully discover'd the Money, which lay in a Place made on Purpose to conceal it; the Captain resolv'd to let it lie till they arriv'd, and then he convey'd it on Shore

for his own Use ; so that the Owners, nor the Seamen ever came to any Share of it, which by the Way was a Fraud in the Captain ; but the Mate paid his Ransome by the Discovery, and the Captain gave him his Liberty very punctually as he had promised, and 200 Pieces of Eight to carry him to *England*, and to make good his Losses.

WHEN he had made this Prize, the Captain thought of nothing more, than how to get safe to *France* with her ; for she was a Ship sufficient to enrich all his Men, and his Owners also. The Account of her Cargo by the Captain's Books, of which I took a Copy, was in general ;

260 Hogsheds of Sugar.

187 Smaller Casks of Sugar.

176 Barrels of Indigo.

28 Casks of *Piemento*.

42 Baggs of Cotton Wool.

80 C. wt. of Elephants Teeth.

60 Small Casks of Rum.

18000 Pieces of Eight, besides the 6000 conceal'd.

Several Parcels of Drugs, Tortoise-shell, Sweet-meats, call'd *Succads*, Chocolate, Lime Juice, and other Things of considerable Value.

THIS was a terrible Loss among the *English* Merchants, and a noble Booty for the Rogues that took it ; but as it was in open War, and by fair fighting, as they call it, there was no Objection to be made against them, and to give them their due, they fought bravely for it.

THE Captain was not so bold as to meet the *English* Men of War before, but he was as wary now ; for having a Prize of such Value in his Hands, he was resolv'd not to lose her again, if he could help it ; so he stood away to the Southward, and that so far, that I once thought he was resolv'd to go into the Streights, and Home by *Marseilles*. But having sail'd to the Latitude

itude of 45, 3 qrs. or thereabouts, he steer'd away East, into the Bottom of the Bay of *Biscay*, and carried us all into the River of *Bordeaux*; where on Notice of his Arrival with such a Prize, his Owners or Principals came overland to see him, and where they consulted what to do with her; the Money they secur'd to be sure, and some of the Cargo; but the Ships sail'd afterwards along the Coast to St. *Malo*, taking the Opportunity of some *French Men of War* which were cruising on the Coast, to be their Convoy as far as *Ushant*.

HERE the Captain rewarded and dismissed the *English* Mate, as I have said, who got a Passage from thence to *Diep* by Sea, and after that into *England*, by the Help of a Passport, thro' *Flanders* to *Ostend*; the Captain it seems, the more willingly shipp'd him off, that he might not discover to others, what he had discover'd to him.

I WAS now at *Bordeaux* in *France*, and the Captain ask'd me one Morning what I intended to do? I did not understand him at first, but he soon gave me to understand, that I was now either to be deliver'd up to the State as an *English* Prisoner, and so be carried to *Dinant* in *Britanny*, or to find Means to have myself exchange'd, or to pay my Ransom, and this Ransom he told me at first was 300 Crowns.

I KNEW not what to do, but desir'd he would give me Time to write to *England*, to my Friends; for that I had a Cargo of Goods sent to them by me from *Virginia*, but I did not know but it might have fallen into such Hands as his were, and if it was, I knew not what would be my Fate; he readily granted that, so I wrote by the Post, and had the Satisfaction in Answer to it, to hear that the Ship I was taken in, had been retaken, and carried into *Portsmouth*; which I doubted would have made my new Master more strict, and perhaps insolent, but he said nothing of it to me, nor I to him, tho' as I afterwards understand, he had Advice of it before.

HOWEVER this was a Help to me, and serv'd to more than pay my Ransom to the Captain; and my Correspondent in *London* hearing of my being alive, and
at

at *Bordeaux*, immediately sent me a Letter of Credit upon an *English* Merchant at *Bordeaux*, for whatever I might have occasion for : As soon as I receiv'd this, I went to the Merchant, who honour'd the Letter of Credit, and told me, I should have what Money I pleas'd. But as I, who was before a meer Stranger in the Place, and knew not what Course to take, had now as it were, a Friend to communicate my Affairs to, and consult with ; as soon as I told him my Case, *Hold*, says he, *if that be your Case, I may perhaps find a Way to get you off without a Ransom.*

THERE was, it seems, a Ship bound Home to *France* from *Martinico*, taken off of *Cape Finisterre*, by an *English* Man of War, and a Merchant of *Rochelle* being a Passenger, was taken on Board, and brought into *Plymouth* : This Man had made great Sollicitation by his Friends to be exchange'd, pleading Poverty, and that he was unable to pay any Ransom ; my Friend told me something of it, but not much, only bad me not be too forward to pay any Money to the Captain, but pretend I cou'd not hear from *England* : This I did, till the Captain appear'd impatient.

AFTER some Time, the Captain told me I had us'd him ill ; that I had made him expect a Ransom, and he had treated me courteously, and been at Expence to subsist me, and that I held him in Suspence, but that in short, if I did not procure the Money, he would send me to *Dinant* in ten Days, to lie there as the King's Prisoner till I should be exchange'd : My Merchant gave me my Cue, and by his Direction I answer'd, I was very sensible of his Civility, and sorry he should lose what Expences he had been at ; but that I found my Friends forgot me, and what to do I did not know, and that rather than impose upon him, I must submit to go to *Dinant*, or where he thought fit to send me ; but that if ever I obtain'd my Liberty, and came into *England*, I would not fail to reimburse him what Expence he had been at for my Subsistence ; and so in short, made my Case very bad in all my Discourse : He shook his Head, and said little, but the next Day enter'd me in the List of *English* Prisoners, to be at the
King's

King's Charge, as appointed by the Intendant of the Place, and to be sent away into *Britainny*.

I WAS then out of the Captain's Power, and immediately the Merchant with two others, who were Friends to the Merchant Prisoner, at *Plymouth*, went to the Intendant, and gain'd an Order for the Exchange, and my Friend giving Security for my being forth-coming, in Case the other was not deliver'd; I had my Liberty immediately, and went Home with him to his House.

THUS we bilk'd the Captain of his Ransom Money; but however, my Friend went to him, and letting him know that I was exchange'd by the Governor's Order, paid him whatever he cou'd say he was in disburse on my Account; and it was not then in the Captain's Power to object, or to claim any Thing for a Ransom.

I GOT Passage from hence to *Dunkirk*, on Board a *French* Vessel, and having a Certificate of an exchange'd Prisoner from the Intendent at *Bordeaux*, I had a Passport given me, to go into the *Spanish Netherlands*, and so whither I pleas'd.

ACCORDINGLY I came to *Ghent*, in *April* —, just as the Armies were going to take the Field; I had no dislike to the Business of the Army, but I thought I was a little above it now, and had other Things to look to; for that in my Opinion, no Body went into the Field but those that cou'd not live at Home; and yet I resolv'd to see the Manner of it a little too; so having made an Acquaintance with an *English* Officer, quarter'd at *Ghent*, I told him my Intention, and he invited me to go with him, and offer'd me his Protection as a Volontier, that I should quarter with him in his Tent, and live as I would, and either carry Arms, or not, as I saw Occasion.

THE Campaign was none of the hardest that had been, or were like to be; so that I had the Diversion of seeing the Service, as it was proper to call it, without much Hazard; indeed, I did not see any considerable Action, for there was not much fighting that Campaign; as to the Merit of the Cause on either Side, I knew nothing of it, nor had I suffer'd any of the Disputes about it to enter into my Thoughts: The Prince
of

of *Orange* had been made King of *England*, and the *Engliſh* Troops were all on his Side ; and I heard a great deal of Swearing and Damming for King *William*, among the Soldiers ; but as for Fighting, I obſerv'd the *French* beat them ſeveral Times, and particularly the Regiment my Friend belong'd to, was ſurrounded in a Village where they were poſted ; I knew not upon what Occaſion, and all taken Priſoners : But by great good Hap, I being not in Service, and ſo not in Command, was ſtroll'd away that Day to ſee the Country about, for it was my Delight to ſee the ſtrong Towns, and obſerve the Beauty of their Fortifications ; and while I diverted myſelf thus, I had the happy Deliverance of not being taken by the *French* for that Time.

WHEN I came back, I found the Enemy poſſeſs'd of the Town, but as I was no Soldier, they did me no Harm, and having my *French* Paſſport in my Pocket, they gave me Leave to go to *Newport*, where I took the Packet-Boat, and came over to *England*, landing at *Deal* inſtead of *Dover* ; the Weather forcing us into the *Downs*, and thus my ſhort Campaign ended, and this was my ſecond Eſſay at the Trade of Soldiering.

WHEN I came to *London*, I was very well receiv'd by my Friend, to whom I had conſign'd my Effects, and I found myſelf in very good Circumſtances ; for all my Goods, which as above, by ſeveral Ships I had conſign'd to him, came ſafe to Hand ; and my Overſeers that I had left behind, had ſhipp'd at ſeveral Times 400 Hhds of *Tobacco* to my Correſpondent in my Abſence, being the Product of my Plantations, or Part of it, for the Time of my being Abroad ; ſo that I had above a Thouſand Pounds in my Factors Hands, 200 Hhds of *Tobacco* beſides left in Hand, not ſold.

I HAD nothing to do now, but entirely to conceal myſelf, from all that had any Knowledge of me before, and this was the eaſieſt Thing in the World to do ; for I was grown out of every Body's Knowledge, and moſt of thoſe I had known were grown out of mine : My Captain, who went with me, or rather, who carried me away, I found by enquiring at the proper Place, had
been

been rambling about the World, came to *London*, fell into his old Trade, which he could not forbear, and growing an eminent Highway-man, had made his *Exit* at the Gallows; after a Life of 14 Years most exquisite and successful Rogueries, the Particulars of which would make (as I observ'd) an admirable History; my other Brother *Jack*, who I called *Major*, followed the like wicked Trade; but was a Man of more Gallantry, and Generosity, and having committed innumerable Depredations upon Mankind, yet had always so much Dexterity as to bring himself off, till at Length he was laid fast in *Newgate*, and loaded with Irons, and would certainly have gone the same Way as the Captain; but he was so dexterous a Rogue, that no Goal, no Fetters would hold him; and he, with two more, found Means to knock off their Irons, work'd their Way thro' the Wall of the Prison, and let themselves down on the Out-side in the Night; so escaping, they found Means to get into *France*, where he followed the same Trade, and with so much Success, that he grew famous by the Name of *Anthony*, and had the Honour, with three of his Comrades, who he had taught the *English* Way of Robbing generously, (as they call'd it) without murdering or wounding, or ill-using those they robb'd, I say, he had the Honour to be broke upon the Wheel at the *Greve* in *Paris*.

ALL these Things I found Means to be fully inform'd of, and to have a long Account of the Particulars of their Conduct, from some of their Comrades, who had the good Fortune to escape, and who I got the Knowledge of, without letting them so much as guess at who I was, or upon what Account I enquir'd.

I WAS now at the Height of my good Fortune; indeed I was in very good Circumstances, and being of a frugal Temper from the Beginning, I sav'd Things together as they came, and yet liv'd very well too; particularly I had the Reputation of a very considerable Merchant, and one that came over vastly Rich from *Virginia*, and as I frequently brought Supplies for my several Families and Plantations there, as they wrote to me for them, so I pass'd (I say) for a great Merchant.

I liv'd single indeed, and in Lodgings, but I began to be very well known, and tho' I had subscrib'd my Name only *Jack* to my particular Correspondent, yet the *French*, among whom I liv'd near a Year, (as I have said) not understanding what *Jack* meant, call'd me Monsieur *Jacque*, and Colonel *Jacques*, and so gradually Colonel *Jacque*; so I was call'd in the Certificate of exchanging me with the other Prisoner, so that I went so also into *Flanders*; upon which, and seeing my Certificate of Exchange, (as above) I was call'd Colonel *Jacques* in *England*, by my Friend, who I call'd Correspondent; and thus I pass'd for a Foreigner, and a *Frenchman*, and I was infinitely fond of having every Body take me for a *Frenchman*; and as I spoke *French* very well, having learn'd it by continuing so long among them; so I went constantly to the *French-Church* in *London*, and spoke *French* upon all Occasions, as much as I could, and to compleat the Appearance of it, I got me a *French* Servant to do my Business, I mean as to my Merchandise, which only consisted in receiving and disposing of *Tobacco*, of which I had about 500 to 600 Hogsheads a Year from my own Plantations, and in supplying my People with Necessaries, as they wanted them.

In this private Condition I continued about two Year more, when the Devil owing me a Spleen, ever since I refus'd being a Thief, paid me Home, with my Interest, by laying a Snare in my Way, which had almost ruined me.

THERE dwelt a Lady, in the House opposite to the House I lodg'd in, who made an extraordinary Figure, indeed she went very well dress'd, and was a most beautiful Person; she was well bred, sung admirably fine, and sometimes I could hear her very distinctly, the Houses being over-against one another, in a narrow Court, not much unlike *Three-King-Court* in *Lombard-Street*.

THIS Lady put herself so often in my Way, that I could not in good Manners forbear taking Notice of her, and giving her the Ceremony of my Hat, when I saw her at the Window, or at the Door, or when I pass'd

pass'd her in the Court, so that we became almost acquainted at a Distance ; sometimes she also visited at the House I lodg'd at, and it was generally contriv'd, that I should be introduced when she came ; and thus by Degrees we became more intimately acquainted, and often convers'd together in the Family, but always in Publick, at least for a great while.

I WAS a meer Boy in the Affair of Love, and knew the least of what belong'd to a Woman, of any Man in *Europe* of my Age ; the Thoughts of a Wife, much less of a Mistress, had never so much as taken the least hold of my Head, and I had been till now as perfectly unacquainted with the Sex, and as unconcern'd about them, as I was when I was ten Year old, and lay in a Heap of Ashes at a *Glass-House*.

BUT I know not by what Witchcraft, in the Conversation of this Woman, and her singling me out upon several Occasions, I began to be ensnared, I knew not how, or to what End ; and was on a sudden so embarrass'd in my Thoughts about her, that like a Charm she had me always in her Circle ; if she had not been one of the subtlest Women on Earth, she could never have brought me to have given myself the least Trouble about her ; but I, drawn in by the Magick of a Genius, capable to deceive a more wary Capacity than mine, and it was impossible to resist her.

SHE attack'd me without ceasing, with the Fineness of her Conduct, and with Arts, which were impossible to be ineffectual ; she was ever (as it were) in my View, often in my Company, and yet kept herself so on the Reserve, so surrounded continually with Obstructions, that for several Months after she could perceive I sought an Opportunity to speak to her, she rendered it impossible, nor could I ever break in upon her, she kept her Guard so well.

THIS rigid Behaviour was the greatest Mystery that could be, considering at the same Time, that she never declined my seeing her, or conversing with me in Publick ; but she held it on, she took Care never to sit next me, that I might slip no Paper into her Hand, or speak softly to her ; she kept some Body or other always between,

between, that I could never come up to her ; and thus, as if she was resolv'd really to have nothing to do with me, she held me at the Bay several Months.

ALL this while nothing was more certain than that she intended to have me, if she could catch, and it was indeed a kind of a Catch, for she manag'd all by Art, and drew me in with the most resolute Backwardness, that it was almost impossible not to be deceiv'd by it ; on the other Hand, she did not appear to be a Woman despicable, neither was she poor, or in a Condition that should require so much Art to draw any Man in ; but the Cheat was really on my Side ; for she was unhappily told, that I was vastly Rich, a great Merchant, and that she would live like a Queen, which I was not at all instrumental in putting upon her, neither did I know that she went upon that Motive.

SHE was too cunning to let me perceive how easy she was to be had ; on the contrary, she run all the Hazards of bringing me to neglect her entirely, that one would think any Woman in the World could do ; and I have wondered often since, that how it was possible it should fail of making me perfectly averse to her ; for as I had a perfect Indifferency for the whole Sex, and never, till then, entertained any Notion of them, they were no more to me than a Picture hanging up against a Wall.

As we convers'd freely together in Publick, so she took a great many Occasions to rally the Men, and the Weakness they were guilty of, in letting the Women insult them as they did ; she thought if the Men had been Fools, Marriage had been only Treaties of Peace between two Neighbours, or Alliances offensive or defensive, which must necessarily have been carried on sometimes by Interviews, and personal Treaties ; but oftner by Ambassadors, Agents, and Emisseries on both Sides ; but that the Women had outwitted us, and brought us upon our Knees, and made us whine after them, and lower ourselves, so as we could never pretend to gain our Equality again.

I TOLD her I thought it was a Decency to the Ladies, to give them the Advantage of denying a little, that

that they might be courted, and that I should not like a Woman the worse for denying me. I expect it Madam, says I, when I wait on you To-morrow, intimating, that I intended it; you shan't be deceiv'd Sir, says she, for I'll deny now, before you ask me the Question.

I WAS dash'd so effectually, with so malicious, so devilish an Answer, that I return'd with a little Sullenness; I shan't Trespass upon you yet Madam, and I shall be very careful not to offend you when I do.

It is the greatest Token of your Respect Sir, says she, that you are able to bestow upon me, and the most agreeable too, except one, which I will not be out of Hopes of obtaining of you in a little Time.

WHAT is in my Power to oblige you in Madam, said I, you may command me in at any Time, especially the Way we are talking of; this I spoke still with a Resentment very sincere.

'Tis only, Sir, that you would promise to hate me with as much Sincerity, as I will endeavour to make you a suitable Return.

I GRANTED that Request, Madam, seven Year before you ask'd it, said I, for I heartily hated the whole Sex, and scarce know how I came to abate that good Disposition in Compliment to your Conversation; but I assure you that Abatement is so little, that it does no Injury to your Proposal.

THERE'S some Mystery in that indeed, Sir, said she, for I desir'd to assist your Averfion to Women in a more particular Manner, and hop'd it should never abate under my Management. We said a Thousand ill-natured Things after this, but she out-did me, for she had such a Stock of Bitterness upon her Tongue, as no Woman ever went beyond her, and yet all this while she was the pleasantest, and most obliging Creature in every Part of our Conversation that could possibly be, and meant not one Word of what she said, no, not a Word: But I must confess, it no way answer'd her End; for it really cooled all my Thoughts of her, and I, that had liv'd in so perfect an Indifferency to the Sex all my Days, was easily return'd to that Condition again, and
O began

began to grow very cold and negligent in my usual Respects to her upon all Occasions.

SHE soon found she had gone too far with me; and in short, that she was extreamly out in her Politicks, that she had to do with one that was not list'd yet among the whining Sort of Lovers, and knew not what it was to adore a Mistress, in order to abuse her; and that it was not with me, as it was with the usual Sort of Men in Love, that are warm'd by the Cold, and rise in their Passions, as the Ladies fall in their Returns; on the contrary, she found that it was quite alter'd; I was civil to her, as before, but not so forward, when I saw her at her Chamber Window, I did not throw mine open, as I usually had done, to talk with her; when she sung in the Parlour, where I could easily hear it, I did not listen; when she visited at the House where I lodg'd, I did not always come down, or if I did, I had Business which oblig'd me to go Abroad, and yet all this while, when I did come into her Company, I was as intimate as ever.

I COULD easily see that this madd'd her to the Heart, and that she was perplex'd to the last Degree, for she found that she had all her Game to play over again; that so absolute a Reservedness, even to Rudeness and ill Manners, was a little too much; but she was a meer Posture Mistress in Love, and could put herself into what Shapes she pleas'd,

SHE was too wise to shew a Fondness or Forwardness, that look'd like Kindness, she knew that was the meanest, and last Step a Woman can take, and lays her under the Foot of the Man she pretends to; Fondness is not the last Favour indeed, but it is the last Favour but one, that a Woman can grant, and lays her almost as low, I mean it lays her at the Mercy of the Man she shews it to, but she was not come to that neither: This Camelion put on another Colour, turn'd on a sudden the gravest, soberest, majestick Madam, so that any one would have thought she was advanced in Age in one Week, from Two and Twenty to Fifty, and this she carried on with so much Government of herself, that it did not in the least look like Art; but if it was a Representation

Representation of Nature only, it was so like Nature itself, that no Body living can be able to distinguish; she sung very often in her Parlour, as well by herself as with two young Ladies, who came often to see her; I could see by their Books, and her Guitar in her Hand, that she was singing, but she never open'd the Window, as she was wont to do; upon my coming to my Window, she kept her own always shut, or if it was open, she would be sitting at Work, and not look up, it may be, once in half an Hour.

If she saw me by Accident all this while, she would smile, and speak as chearfully as ever, but it was but a Word or two, and so make her Honours and be gone; so that in a Word, we convers'd just as we did, after I had been there a Week.

SHE tired me quite out at this Work, for tho' I began the Strangeness indeed, yet I did not design the carrying it on so far; but she held it to the last, just in the same Manner as she began it: She came to the House where I lodg'd as usual, and we were often together, sup'd together, play'd at Cards together, danc'd together; for in *France* I accomplish'd myself with every Thing that was needful, to make me what I believ'd myself to be even from a Boy, I mean a Gentleman; I say, we convers'd together, as above, but she was so perfectly another Thing than what she us'd to be in every Part of her Conversation, that it presently occur'd to me, that her former Behaviour was a kind of a Rant, or Fit; that either it was the Effect of some extraordinary Levity that had come upon her, or that it was done to mimick the Coquets of the Town, believing it might take with me, who she thought was a *Frenchman*, and that it was what I lov'd; but her new Gravity was her real natural Temper, and indeed became it her so much better, or as I should say, she acted it so well, that it really brought me back to have, not as much only, but more Mind to her than ever I had before.

HOWEVER, it was a great while before I discover'd myself, and I staid indeed to find out, if possible, whether this Change was real or counterfeit; for I could

not easily believe it was possible the gay Humour she us'd to appear in could be a Counterfeit; it was not therefore till a Year and almost a Quarter, that I came to any Resolution in my Thoughts about her, when on a meer Accident we came to a little Conversation together.

SHE came to visit at our House as usual, and it happen'd all the Ladies were gone Abroad; but as it fell out, I was in the Passage, or Entry of the House, going towards the Stairs, when she knock'd at the Door; so stepping back, I open'd the Door, and she, without any Ceremony, came in, and run forward into the ParLOUR, supposing the Women had been there, I went in after her, as I could do no less, because she did know that the Family was Abroad.

UPON my coming in, she ask'd for the Ladies, I told her, I hop'd she came to visit me now, for that the Ladies were all gone Abroad: Are they (said she) as if surpriz'd (tho' as I understood afterwards she knew it before, as also that I was at Home) and then rises up to be gone: No Madam, said I, pray do not go; when Ladies come to visit me, I do not use to tire them of my Company so soon; that's as ill-natured, says she, as you could possibly talk, pray don't pretend I came to visit you, I am satisfy'd who I came to visit, and satisfy'd that you know it; yes Madam, said I, but if I happen to be all of the Family that's left at Home, then you came to visit me.

I NEVER receive Visits from those that I hate, says she.

YOU have me there indeed, said I, but you never gave me Leave to tell you, why I hated you, I hated you because you would never give me an Opportunity to tell you I lov'd you; sure, you took me for some frightful Creature that you would never come near enough, so much as to whisper to you that I love you.

I NEVER care to hear any Thing so disagreeable, says she, tho' it be spoken ever so softly.

WE rallied thus for an Hour; in short, she shew'd the Abundance of her Wit, and I an abundant Deficiency of mine; for tho' three or four Times she provok'd

vok'd me to the last Degree, so that once I was going to tell her I had enough of her Company, and if she pleas'd I would wait upon her to the Door ; yet she had always so much Witchcraft on her Tongue, that she brought herself off again ; till, to make the Story short, we came at last to talk seriously on both Sides about Matrimony, and she heard me freely propose it, and answered me directly upon many Occasions: For Example, she told me, I would carry her away to *France*, or to *Virginia*, and that she could not think of leaving *England*, her native Country ; I told her, I hop'd she did not take me for a Kidnapper : By the way, I did not tell her how I had been Kidnapp'd myself : She said no, but the Consequence of my Affairs, which were it seems mostly Abroad, might oblige me to go, and she could never think of marrying any Man, that she could not be content to go all over the World with, if he had occasion to go himself. This was handsomely expressed indeed, I made her easy in that Point, and thus we began the grand Parley, which indeed she drew me into with the utmost Art and Subtilty, such as was peculiar to herself, but was infinitely her Advantage in our treating of Marriage ; for she made me effectually court her, tho' at the same Time in her Design she courted me with the utmost Skill, and such Skill it was, that her Design was perfectly impenetrable to the last Moment.

IN short, we came nearer and nearer every Time we met, and after one casual Visit more, in which I had the mighty Favour of talking with her alone ; I then waited on her every Day at her own House, or Lodgings rather, and so we set about the Work to a Purpose, and in about a Month we gave the World the slip, and were privately marry'd to avoid Ceremony, and the publick Inconveniency of a Wedding.

WE soon found a House proper for our Dwelling, and so went to House-keeping ; we had not been long together, but I found that gay Temper of my Wife return'd, and she threw off the Mask of her Gravity, and good Conduct, that I had so long fancy'd was her meer natural Disposition, and now having no more occasion for Disguises, she resolv'd to seem nothing but

what really she was, a wild untam'd Colt, perfectly loose, and careless to conceal any Part, no, not the worst of her Conduct.

SHE carry'd on this Air of Levity to such an Excess, that I could not but be dissatisfy'd at the Expence of it, for she kept Company that I did not like, liv'd beyond what I could support, and sometimes lost at Play more than I car'd to pay: Upon which, one Day, I took Occasion to mention it, but lightly; and said to her, by way of Raillery, that we liv'd merrily, for as long as it would last; she turn'd short upon me, what do ye mean, says she, why, you don't pretend to be uneasy, do ye? No, no, Madam, not I, by no Means, 'tis no Business of mine you know, said I, to enquire what my Wife spends, or whether she spends more than I can afford, or less, I only desire the Favour to know, as near as you can guess, how long you will please to take to dispatch me, for I would not be too long a dying.

I DON'T know what you talk of, says she, you may die as leisurely, or as hastily as you please, when your Time comes, I an't a going to kill you, as I know of.

BUT you are a going to starve me Madam, said he, and Hunger is as leisurely a Death, as breaking upon the Wheel.

I STARVE you, why are not you a great *Virginia* Merchant, and did not I bring you 1500 *l.* What would you have? Sure, you can maintain a Wife out of that, can't you?

YES, Madam, says I, I could maintain a Wife, but not a Gamester, tho' you had brought me 1500 *l.* a Year, no Estate is big enough for a Box and Dice.

SHE took Fire at that, and flew out in a Passion, and after a great many bitter Words, told me in short, that she saw no Occasion to alter her Conduct; and as for my not maintaining her, when I could not maintain her longer, she would find some Way or other to maintain herself.

SOMETIME after the first Rattle of this Kind, she vouchsafed to let me know that she was pleas'd to be with Child; I was at first glad of it, in hopes it would help to abate her Madness; but it was all one, and her being

being with Child, only added to the rest, for, she made such Preparations for her Lying-inn, and the other Appendixes of a Child's being born, that in short, I found she would be down-right distracted ; and I took the Liberty to tell her one Day, that she would soon bring herself and me to Destruction, and entreated her to consider that such Figures as those were quite above us, and out of our Circle ; and in short, that I neither could, nor would allow such Expences, that at this Rate, two or three Children would effectually Ruin me, and that I desir'd her to consider what she was doing.

SHE told me with an Air of Disdain, that it was none of her Business to consider any Thing of that Matter, that if I could not allow it, she would allow it herself, and I might do my worst.

I BEGG'D her to consider Things for all that, and not drive me to Extremities, that I married her to love and cherish her, and use her as a good Wife ought to be us'd, but not to be ruin'd, and undone by her. In a Word, nothing could mollify her, nor any Argument persuade her to Moderation, but withal took it so heinously, that I should pretend to restrain her, that she told me in so many Words, she would drop her Burthen with me, and then if I did not like it, she would take Care of herself, she would not live with me an Hour ; for she would not be restrain'd, not she, and talk'd a long while at that Rate.

I TOLD her, as to her Child, which she call'd her Burthen, it should be no Burthen to me, as to the rest she might do as she pleas'd ; it might however do me this Favour, that I should have no more Lyings-Inn at the Rate of 136 l. at a Time, as I found she intended it should be now ; she told me she could not tell that, if she had no more by me, she hop'd she should by some Body else ; say you so Madam, said I, then they that get them, shall keep them : She did not know that neither, she said, and so turn'd it off Jearing, and as it were Laughing at me.

THIS last Discourse nettled me, I must confess, and the more, because had a great deal of it, and very often,

till in short, we began at length to enter into a friendly Treaty about parting.

NOTHING cou'd be more Criminal than the several Discourses we had upon this Subject ; she demanded a separate Maintenance, and in particular at the Rate of 300 *l.* a Year, and I demanded Security of her, that she should not run me in Debt ; she demanded the keeping of the Child, with an Allowance of 100 *l.* a Year for that, and I demanding that I should be secur'd from being charg'd for keeping any she might have by some Body else, as she had threaten'd me.

IN the Interval, and during these Contests, she drop'd her Burthen, (as she call'd it) and brought me a Son, a very fine Child.

SHE was content, during her Lying-Inn, to abate a little, tho' it was but a very little indeed, of the great Expence she had intended ; and with some Difficulty and Persuasion was content with a Suit of Child-bed Linnen of 15 *l.* instead of one she had intended of Threescore ; and this she magnified as a particular Testimony of her Condescension, and a yielding to my avaricious Temper, as she call'd it.

BUT after she was up again, it was the same Thing, and she went on with her Humour to that Degree, that in a little Time she began to carry it on to other Excesses, and to have a sort of Fellows come to visit her, which I did not like, and once in particular, staid Abroad all Night : The next Day when she came Home, she began to cry out first ; told me where (as she said) she lay, and that the Occasion was a Christening, where the Company had a Feast, and staid too late ; that if I was dissatisfied, I might inform myself there of all the Particulars, where she lay, and the like ; I told her coldly, Madam, you do well to suggest my being dissatisfied, for you may be sure I am, and you cou'd expect no other ; that as to going to your Haunts to inform myself, that's not my Business ; 'tis your Business to bring Testimonies of your Behaviour, and to prove where you lay, and in what Company, 'tis enough to me that you lay out of your own House, without your
Husband's

Husband's Knowledge or Consent, and before you and I converse again, I must have some Satisfaction of the Particulars.

SHE answer'd, with all her Heart, she was as indifferent as I, and since I took so ill her lying at a Friend's House on an extraordinary Occasion, she gave me to understand, that it was what she would have me expect, and what she would have the Liberty to do when she thought fit.

WELL Madam, said I, if I must expect what I cannot allow, you must expect I shall shut my Doors by Day, against those that keep out of them at Night.

SHE would try me, she said, very speedily, and if I shut the Doors against her, she would find a Way to make me open them.

WELL Madam, says I, you threaten me hard, but I would advise you to consider before you take such Measures, for I shall be as good as my Word: However, it was not long that we cou'd live together upon these Terms; for I found very quickly what Company she kept, and that she took a Course which I ought not to bear; so I began the Separation first, and refused her my Bed: We had indeed refrain'd all Converse as Husband and Wife for about two Months before, for I told her very plainly, I would Father no Brats that were not of my own getting; and Matters coming thus gradually to an Extremity, too great to continue as it was, she went off one Afternoon, and left me a Line in Writing, signifying that Affairs were come to such a Pass between us, that she did not think fit to give me the Opportunity of shutting her out of Doors, and that therefore she had retir'd herself to such a Place; naming a Relation of her own, as scandalous as herself; and that she hop'd I would not give her the Trouble to sue for her Support, in the ordinary Course of Law, but that as her Occasions requir'd, she should draw Bills upon me, which she expected I would not refuse.

I WAS extremely satisfied with this Proceeding, and took Care to let her hear of it, tho' I gave no Answer at all to her Letter, and as I had taken Care before, that whenever she play'd such a Prank as this, she should
not

not be able to carry much with her; so after she was gone, I immediately broke up House-keeping, sold my Furniture by publick Out-cry, and in it every Thing in particular that was her own, and set a Bill upon my Door giving her to understand by it, that she had passed the *Rubicon*, that as she had taken such a Step of her own Accord, so there was no Room left her ever to think of coming back again.

THIS was what any one may believe I should not have done, if I had seen any Room for a Reformation; but she had given me such Testimonies of a Mind alienated from her Husband in particular, espousing her own unsufferable Lenity, that there was indeed no possibility of our coming afterwards to any Terms again.

HOWEVER, I kept a couple of trusty Agents so near her, that I fail'd not to have a full Account of her Conduct, tho' I never let her know any Thing of me, but that I was gone over to *France*; as to her Bills which she said she would draw upon me, she was as good as her Word in drawing one of 30 *l.* which I refused to accept, and never gave her Leave to trouble me with another.

IT is true, and I must acknowledge it, that all this was a very melancholy Scene of Life to me; and but that she took Care by carrying herself to the last Degree provoking, and continually to insult me, I could never have gone on to the parting with so much Resolution, for I really lov'd her very sincerely, and could have been any Thing but a Beggar and a Cuckold with her, but those were intollerable to me, especially, as they were put upon me with so much Insult and rudeness.

BUT my Wife carried it at last to a Point that made all Things light and easy to me, for after above a Years Separation, and keeping such Company as she thought fit, she was pleased to be with Child again, in which she had, however, so much Honesty, as not to pretend that she had had any Thing to do with me; what a wretched Life she led after this, and how she brought herself to the utmost Extremity of Misery and Distress, I may speak of hereafter.

I HAD found soon after our parting, that I had a great deal of Reason to put myself into a Posture at first, not to be imposed upon by her; for I found very quickly that she had run herself into Debt in several Places very considerably; and that it was upon a Supposition, that I was liable to those Debts: But I was gone, and it was absolutely necessary I should do so; upon which, she found herself oblig'd out of her wicked Gains, however, whatever she made of them to discharge most those Debts herself.

As soon as she was deliver'd of her Child, in which my Intelligence was so good, that I had gotten sufficient Proof of it; I sued her in the Ecclesiastical Court, in order to obtain a Divorce, and as she found it impossible to avoid it, so she declin'd the Defence, and I gain'd a legal Decree, or what they call it, of Divorce, in the usual Time of such Process, and now I thought myself a Freeman once again, and began to be sick of Wedlock with all my Heart.

I LIV'D retir'd, because I knew she had contracted Debts which I should be oblig'd to pay, and I was resolv'd to be gone out of her Reach, with what Speed I could, but it was necessary that I should stay till the *Virginia* Fleet came in; because I look'd for at least 300 Hogheads of Tobacco from thence, which I knew would heal all my Breaches; for indeed the Extravagance of 3 Years with this Lady, had sunk me most effectually, even far beyond her own Fortune, which was considerable, tho' not quite 1500 *l.* as she had call'd it.

BUT all the Mischiefs I met with on Account of this Match, were not over yet, for when I had been parted with her about three Months, and had refused to accept her Bill of 30 *l.* which I mention'd above, tho' I was remov'd from my first Lodgings too, and thought I had effectually secur'd myself from being found out, yet there came a Gentleman well dressed to my Lodgings one Day, and was let in before I knew of it, or else I should scarce have admitted him.

HE was led into a Parlour, and I came down to him in my Gown and Slippers; when I came into the Room,

Room, he call'd me as familiarly by my Name, as if he had known me 20 Year, and pulling out a Pocket-Book, he shows me a Bill upon me, drawn by my Wife, which was the same Bill for 30 *l.* that I had refused before.

SIR, says I, this Bill has been presented before, and I gave my Answer to it then.

ANSWER! Sir, says he, with a kind of jeering taunting Air, I don't understand what you mean by an Answer, it is not a Question Sir, it is a Bill to be paid.

WELL Sir, says I, it is a Bill I know that, and I gave my Answer to it before.

SIR, Sir, says he, very saucily, your Answer! there's no Answer to a Bill, it must be paid, Bills are to be paid, not to be answered, they say you are a Merchant Sir, Merchants always pay their Bills.

I BEGUN to be angry too a little, but I did not like my Man, for I found he began to be quarrelsome; however I said, Sir, I perceive you are not much used to presenting Bills; Sir, a Bill is always first presented, and presenting is a Question, 'tis asking if I will accept, or pay the Bill, and then whether I say yes or no, 'tis an Answer one Way or other; after 'tis accepted, it indeed requires no more Answer but Payment when 'tis due, if you please to inform yourself, this is the Usage which all Merchants or Tradesmen of any kind, who have Bills drawn upon them act by.

WELL Sir, says he, and what then? What is this to the paying me the 30 *l.*?

WHY Sir, says I, it is this to it, that I told the Person that brought it, I should not pay it.

NOT pay it! says he, but you shall pay it, ay, ay, you will pay it.

SHE that draws it, has no Reason to draw any Bills upon me, I am sure, said I, and I shall pay no Bills she draws I assure you.

UPON this, he turns short upon me, Sir, she that draws this Bill is a Person of too much Honour to draw any Bill without Reason, and 'tis an Affront to say so of her, and I shall expect Satisfaction of you for that by itself; but first the Bill Sir, the Bill, you must pay the Bill Sir.

I RETURN'D as short, Sir, I affront no body, I know the Person as well as you I hope, and what I have said of her is no Affront, she can have no Reason to draw Bills upon me, for I owe her nothing.

I OMIT intermingling the Oaths he lac'd his Speech with, as too foul for my Paper, but he told me he would make me know she had Friends to stand by her, that I had abus'd her, and he would let me know it, and do her Justice; but first, I must pay his Bill.

I ANSWER'D in short, I would not pay the Bill, nor any Bills she should draw.

WITH that he steps to the Door and shuts it, and swore by G—d he would make me pay the Bill before we parted, and laid his Hand upon his Sword, but did not draw it out.

I CONFESS I was frighted to the last Degree, for I had no Sword, and if I had, I must own, that tho' I had learn'd a great many good Things in *France* to make me look like a Gentleman, I had forgot the main Article of learning how to use a Sword, a Thing so universally practis'd there; and to say more, I had been perfectly unacquainted with Quarrels of this Nature; so that I was perfectly surpris'd when he shut the Door, and knew not what to say or do.

HOWEVER as it happen'd, the People of the House hearing us pretty loud, came near the Door, and made a Noise in the Entry, to let me know they were at Hand, and one of the Servants going to open the Door, and finding it lock'd, call'd out to me, Sir, for God's Sake open the Door! What is the Matter? Shall we fetch a Constable? I made no Answer, but it gave me Courage, so I sat down compos'd in one of the Chairs, and said to him; Sir, this is not the Way to make me pay the Bill, you had much better be easy, and take your Satisfaction another Way.

HE understood me of fighting, which upon my Word was not in my Thoughts, but I meant that he had better take his Course at Law.

WITH all my Heart, says he, they say you are a Gentleman, and they call you Colonel; now if you are a Gentleman, I accept your Challenge Sir, and if you

you will walk out with me, I'll take it for full Payment of the Bill, and will decide it as Gentlemen ought to do.

I CHALLENGE you Sir! said I, not I, I made no Challenge, I said, this is not the Way to make me pay a Bill that I have not accepted, that is, that you had better seek your Satisfaction at Law.

LAW! says he, LAW! Gentleman's Law is my Law; in short Sir, you shall pay me or fight me, and then, as if he had mistaken, he turns short upon me, nay, says he, you shall both fight me and pay me, for I will maintain her Honour; and in saying this he bestowed about 6 or 7 Damme's and Oaths, by Way of Parenthesis.

THIS Interval deliver'd me effectually, for just as the Word fight me, for I will maintain her Honour, the Maid had brought in a Constable, with 3 or 4 Neighbours to assist him.

HE heard them come in, and began to be a little in a Rage, and asked him if I intended to mob him instead of paying, and laying his Hand on his Sword, told me, if any Man offered to break in upon him, he would run me thro' the first Moment, that he might have the fewer to deal with afterwards.

I TOLD him he knew I had call'd for no Help, believing he could not be in earnest in what he had said, and that if any Body attempted to come in upon us, it was to prevent the Mischief he threaten'd, and which he might see I had no Weapons to resist.

UPON this the Constable call'd, and charg'd us both in the King's Name to open the Door, I was sitting in a Chair, and offer'd to rise, he made a Motion as if he would draw, upon which I sat down again, and the Door not being open'd, the Constable set his Foot against it and came in.

WELL Sir, says my Gentleman, and what now? What's your Business here? Nay Sir, says the Constable, you see my Business, I am a Peace Officer, all I have to do is to keep the Peace, and I find, the People of the House frighted for Fear of Mischief should be between you, have fetch'd me to prevent it; what Mischief

chief have they supposed you should find, says he, I suppose, says the Constable, they were afraid you shou'd fight; that's because they did not know this Fellow here, he never fights, they call him Colonel, says he, I suppose he might be born a Colonel, for I dare say, he was born a Coward; he never fights, he dares not see a Man, if he would have fought he would have walk'd out with me, but he scorns to be brave, they would never have talk'd to you of fighting, if they had known him: I tell you Mr. Constable, he is a Coward, and a Coward is a Rascal; and with that he came to me, and strok'd his Finger down my Nose pretty hard, and laugh'd and mock'd most horridly, as if I was a Coward; now for ought I knew it might be true, but I was now what they call a Coward made desperate, which is one of the worst of Men in the World to encounter with; for being in a Fury, I threw my Head in his Face, and closing with him, threw him fairly on his Back by main Strength, and had not the Constable step'd in and taken me off, I had certainly stamp'd him to Death with my Feet, for my Blood was now all in a Flame, and the People of the House were frighted now as much the other Way, lest I should kill him, tho' I had no Weapon at all in my Hand.

THE Constable too reprov'd me in his Turn, but I said to him, Mr. Constable, don't you think I am sufficiently provok'd? Can any Man bear such Things as these? I desire to know who this Man is, and who sent him hither?

I AM, says he, a Gentleman, and come with a Bill to him for Money, and he refuses to pay it; well, says the Constable very prudently, that's none of my Business, I am no Justice of Peace to hear the Cause, be that among your selves, but keep your Hands off of one another, and that's as much as I desire; and therefore Sir, says the Constable to him, if I may advise you, seeing he will not pay the Bill, and that must be decided between you as the Law directs, I would have you leave it for the present, and go quietly away.

HE made many impertinent Harangues about the Bill, and insisted, that it was drawn by my own Wife;

I said angrily, then it was drawn by a Whore; he bullied me upon that, told me I durst not tell him so any where else; so I answer'd, I would very soon publish her for a Whore to all the World, and cry her down, and thus we scolded for near half an Hour, for I took Courage when the Constable was there, for I knew that he would keep us from fighting, which indeed I had no Mind too, and so at length I got rid of him.

I WAS heartily vex'd at this Rencounter, and the more, because I had been found out in my Lodging, which I thought I had effectually conceal'd; however I resolv'd to remove the next Day, and in the mean Time I kept within Doors all that Day till the Evening, and then I went out in order not to return thither any more.

BEING come out into *Grace-church-street*, I observ'd a Man follow me, with one of his Legs tied up in a String, and hopping along with the other, and two Crutches; he begg'd for a Farthing, but I enclining not to give him any Thing, the Fellow follow'd me still, till I came to a Court, when I answer'd hastily to him, I have not for you? Pray don't be so troublesome, with which Words he knock'd me down with his Crutches.

BEING stunn'd with the Blow, I knew nothing what was done to me afterwards; but coming to myself again, I found I was wounded very frightfully in several Places, and that among the rest my Nose was slit upwards, one of my Ears almost cut off, and a great Cut with a Sword on the Side of the Forehead, also a Stab into the Body, tho' not dangerous.

WHO had been near me, or struck me, besides the Cripple that struck me with his Crutch I knew not, nor do I know to this Hour, but I was terribly wounded, and lay bleeding on the Ground sometime; till coming to myself I got Strength to cry out for Help, and People coming about me, I got some Hands to carry me to my Lodging, where I lay by it more than two Months before I was well enough to go out of Doors, and when I did go out, I had Reason to believe that I was waited for by some Rogues, who watch'd an Opportunity to repeat the Injury I had met with before.

THIS

**** made me very uneasy, and I resolv'd to get myself out of Danger if possible, and to go over to *France*, or Home, as I call'd it, to *Virginia*; so to be out of the Way of Villains and Assassinations, for every Time I stirr'd out here, I thought I went in Danger of my Life, and therefore, as before I went out at Night thinking to be conceal'd, so now I never went out but in open Day, that I might be safe, and never without one or two Servants to be my Life-Guard.

BUT I must do my Wife a Piece of Justice here too, and that was, that hearing of what had befallen me, she wrote me a Letter, in which she treated me more decently than she had been wont to do, said she was very sorry to hear how I had been used, and the rather because she understood it was on presenting her Bill to me; she said she hop'd I could not in my worst Dispositions think so hardly of her, as to believe it was done by her Knowledge or Consent, much less by her Order or Direction; that she abhor'd such Things, and protested if she had the least Knowledge, or so much as a Guess at the Villains concern'd she would discover them to me; she let me know the Person's Name to whom she gave the Bill, and where he liv'd, and left it to me to oblige him to discover the Person who had brought it, and used me so ill, and wish'd I might find him, and bring him to Justice, and have him punish'd with the utmost Severity of the Law.

I TOOK this so kindly of my Wife, that I think in my Conscience, had she come after it herself, to see how I did, I had certainly taken her again; but she satisfied herself with the Civility of another Letter, and desiring me to let her know as often as I could how I was, adding, that it would be infinitely to her Satisfaction, to hear I was recover'd of the Hurt I had receiv'd, and that he was hang'd at *Tyburn* who had done it.

SHE used some Expressions, signifying as I understood them, her Affliction at our parting, and her continu'd Respect for me, but did not make any Motion towards returning; then she used some Arguments to move me to pay her Bills, intimating that she had

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brought me a large Fortune, and now had nothing to subsist, which was very severe.

I WROTE her an Answer to this Letter, tho' I had not to the other, letting her know how I had been used, that I was satisfied upon her Letter, that she had no Hand in it, that it was not in her Nature to treat me so, who had never injur'd her, used any Violence with her, or been the Cause or Desire of our Parting; that as to her Bill, she could not but know how much her expensive Way of living had straitn'd and reduc'd me, and would if continu'd have ruin'd me, that she had in less than 3 Years spent more than as much as she brought to me, and would not abate her expensive Way, tho' calmly intreated by me, with Protestations, that I could not Support so great an Expence, but chose rather to break up her Family and go from me, than to restrain herself to reasonable Limits, tho' I used no Violence with her, but Entreaties, and earnest Perswasions, back'd with good Reason; letting her know how my Estate was, and convincing her that it must reduce us to Poverty at least; that however, if she would recall her Bill I would send her 30*l.* which was the Sum mention'd in her Bill, and according to my Ability would not let her want, if she pleased to live within due Bounds; but then I let her know also, that I had a very bad Account of her Conduct, and that she kept Company with a scandalous Fellow, who I nam'd to her; that I was loth to believe such Things of her, but that to put an entire End to the Report, and restore her Reputation, I let her know that still after all I had heard, if she would resolve to live without Restraints, within the reasonable Bounds of my Capacity, and treat me with the same Kindness, Affection, and Tenderness, as I always had treated her, and ever would: I was willing to receive her again, and would forget all that was past; but that if she declin'd me now, it would be for ever, for if she did not accept my Offer, I was resolv'd to stay here no longer, where I had been so ill treated on many Occasions, but was preparing to go into my own Country, where I would spend my Days in quiet, and in a Retreat from the World.

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SHE did not give such an Answer to this as I expected; for tho' she thank'd me for the 30 *l.* yet she insisted upon her Justification in all other Points, and tho' she did not refuse to return to me, yet she did not say she accepted it, and in short, said little or nothing to it, only a kind of Claim to a Reparation of her injur'd Reputation and the like.

THIS gave me some Surprize at first, for I thought indeed, any Woman in her Circumstances would have been very willing to have put an End to all her Miseries, and to the Reproach which was upon her, by a Reconciliation; especially considering, she subsisted at that Time but very meanly: But there was a particular Reason which prevented her Return, and which she cou'd not plead to in her Letter, yet was a good Reason against accepting an Offer, which she would otherwise have been glad of, and this was that as I have mention'd above, she had fallen into bad Company, and had prostituted her Vertue to some of her Flatterers, and in short, was with Child; so that she durst not venture to accept my Offer.

HOWEVER, as I observ'd above, she did not absolutely refuse it, intending (as I understood afterward) to keep the Treaty of it on Foot, till she could drop her Burthen, as she call'd it before; and having been deliver'd privately, have accepted my Proposal afterward; and indeed this was the most prudent Step she cou'd take, or, as we may say, the only Step she had left to take: But I was too many for her here too, my Intelligence about her was too good for her to conceal such an Affair from me, unless she had gone away before she was visibly big, and unless she had gone farther off too than she did, for I had an Account to a Tittle, of the Time when, and Place where, and the Creature of which she was deliver'd, and then my Offers of taking her again were at an End, tho' she wrote me several penitent Letters, acknowledging her Crime, and begging me to forgive her; but my Spirit was above all that now, nor cou'd I ever bear the Thoughts of her after that, but pursued a Divorce, and accordingly obtain'd it, as I have mention'd already.

THINGS being at this pass, I resolv'd (as I have observ'd above) to go over to *France*, after I had receiv'd my Effects from *Virginia*, and accordingly I came to *Dunkirk* in the Year — and here I fell into Company with some *Irish* Officers of the Regiment of *Dillon*, who by little and little enter'd me into the Army, and by the Help of Lieutenant General — an *Irishman*, and some Money, I obtain'd a Company in his Regiment, and so went into the Army directly.

I WAS exceedingly pleased with my new Circumstances, and now I used to say to myself, I was come to what I was born to, and that I had never till now liv'd the Life of a Gentleman.

OUR Regiment, after I had been some Time in it, was Commanded into *Italy*, and one of the most considerable Actions that I was in, was the famous Attack upon *Cremona*, in the *Millanese*, where the *Germans* being privately, and by Treachery let into the Town in the Night, thro' a kind of Common Shoar, surpriz'd the Town, and got Possession of the greatest Part of it, surprizing the Marechal Duke de *Villeroy*, and taking him Prisoner as he came out of his Quarters, and beating the few *French* Troops which were left into the Citadel; but were in the middle of their Victory so boldly and resolutely attack'd by two *Irish* Regiments, who were quarter'd in the Street leading to the River *Po*, and who kept Possession of the Water-Gate, or *Po* Gate of the Town, by which the *German* Reinforcements should have come in, that after a most desperate Fight, the *Germans* had their Victory wrung out of their Hands, and not being able to break thro' us to let in their Friends, were oblig'd at length to quit the Town again, to the eternal Honour of those *Irish* Regiments, and indeed of their whole Nation, and for which we had a very handsome Compliment from the King of *France*.

I NOW had the Satisfaction of knowing, and that for the first Time too, that I was not that cowardly low spirited Wretch that I was, when the Fellow bullied me in my Lodgings, about the Bill of 30 *l.* had he attack'd me now, tho' in the very same Condition, I should

should, naked and unarm'd as I was, have flown in the Face of him, and traml'd him under my Feet; but Men never know themselves till they are tried, and Courage is acquir'd by Time and Experience of Things.

PHILIP de Comines tells us, that after the Battle of *Monteleri*, the Count *de Charlois*, who till then had an utter Aversion to the War, and abhor'd it, and every Thing that belong'd to it, was so chang'd by the Glory he obtain'd in that Action, and by the Flattery of those about him, that afterwards the Army was his Mistress, and the Fatigues of the War his chief Delight; 'tis too great an Example for me to bring in my own Case, but so it was, that they flatter'd me so with my Bravery, as they call'd it, on the Occasion of this Action, that I fancy'd myself brave, whether I was so or not, and the Pride of it made me bold and daring to the last Degree on all Occasions; but what added to it was, that some Body gave a particular Account to the Court of my being instrumental to the saving the City, and the whole *Crémone*, by my extraordinary Defence of the *Po* Gate, and by my managing that Defence after the Lieutenant Colonel, who commanded the Party where I was posted was kill'd; upon which, the King sent me a publick Testimony of his accepting my Service, and sent me a Breviat to be a Lieutenant-Colonel, and the next Courier brought me actually a Commission for Lieutenant-Colonel in the Regiment of —.

I WAS in several Skirmishes and petty Encounters before this, by which I gain'd the Reputation of a good Officer, but I happen'd to be in some particular Posts too, by which I got somewhat that I lik'd much better, and that was a good deal of Money.

OUR Regiment was sent from *France* to *Italy* by Sea, we embark'd at *Thoulon*, and landed at *Savona*, in the Territory of *Genoa*, and march'd from thence to the Dutchy of *Milan*: At the first Town we were sent to take Possession of, which was *Alexandria*, the Citizens rose upon our Men in a most furious manner, and drove the whole Garrison, which consisted of 800 Men, that is *French*, and Soldiers in the *French* Service, quite out of Town.

I was quarter'd in a Burghers House, just by one of the Ports, with 8 of my Men and a Servant, where calling a short Council with my Men, we was resolv'd to maintain the House we was in, whatever it cost, till we received Orders to quit it from the Commanding Officer; upon this, when I saw our Men cou'd not stand their Ground in the Street, being press'd hard by the Citizens, I turn'd out of Doors all the Family, and kept the House as a Castle, which I was Governor in; and as the House join'd to the City Gate, I resolv'd to maintain it, so as to be the last that should quit the Place, my own Retreat being secur'd by being so near the Port.

HAVING thus emptied the House of the Inhabitants, we made no Scruple of filling our Pockets with whatever we could find there, in a Word, we left nothing we could carry away, among which, it came to my Lot to dip into the Burgher's Cabinet, whose House it was where we were, and there I took about the quantity of 200 Pistoles in Money and Plate, and other Things of Value. There was great Complaint made to Prince *Vaudemont*, who was then Governor of the *Millanese* of this Violence; but as the Repulse the Citizens gave us was contrary to his Order, and to the general Design of the Prince, who was then wholly in the Interest of King *Philip*, the Citizens cou'd obtain nothing, and I found, that if we had plunder'd the whole City, it would have been the same Thing; for the Governor had Orders to take our Regiment in, and it was an Act of open Rebellion to resist us as they did; however we had Orders not to fire upon the Burghers, unless constrain'd to it by evident Necessity, and we rather chose to quit the Place as we did, then dispute it with a desperate Body of Fellows, who wanted no Advantage of us, except only that, of having Possession of two Bastions, and one Port of our Retreat; first they were treble our Number, for the Burghers being joined by 7 Companies of the regular Troops, made up above 1600 Men besides Rabble, which was many more, whereas we were about 800 in all; they also had the Citadel and several Pieces of Cannon, so that we

we cou'd have made nothing of it, if we had attack'd them; but they submitted 3 or 4 Days after to other Forces, the Soldiers within turning upon them, and taking the Citadel from them.

AFTER this, we lay still in Quarters 8 Months, for the Prince having secur'd the whole *Millanese* for King *Phillip*, and no Enemy appearing for some Time, had nothing to do, but to receive the Auxiliar Troops of *France*; and as they came, extend himself every Way as he cou'd, in order to keep the Imperialists (who were preparing to fall into *Italy* with a great Army) as much at a Distance as possible, which he did, by taking Possession of the City of *Mantua*, and of most of the Towns on that Side, as far as the Lake *De la Guarda*, and the River *Addige*.

WE lay in *Mantua* some Time, but were afterwards drawn out by Order of the Count *de Tesse*, (afterwards Marshal of *France*) to form the *French* Army till the Arrival of the Duke *de Vandomme*, who was to Command in Chief. Here we had a severe Campaign, Anno 1701. having Prince *Eugene* of *Savoy*, and an Army of 40000 *Germans*, all old Soldiers to deal with, and tho' the *French* Army was more numerous than the Enemy, by 25000 Men, yet being on the defensive, and having so many Posts to cover, not knowing exactly where the Prince of *Savoy*, who commanded the Imperial Army, would attack us, it oblig'd the *French* to keep their Troops so divided, and so remote from one another, that the *Germans* push'd on their Design with great Success, as the Histories of those Times more fully relate.

I WAS at the Action at *Carpi*, July 1701, where we were worsted by the *Germans* indeed, were forc'd to quit our Encampment, and give up to the Prince the whole River of *Addige*, and where our Regiment sustain'd some Loss, but the Enemies got little by us, and Monsieur *Catinat*, who Commanded at that Time, drew up in Order of Battle the next Day in Sight of the *German* Army, and gave them a Defiance, but they would not stir, tho' we offer'd them Battle two

Days together, for having gain'd the Passage over the *Addige*, by our quitting *Rivoli*, which was then useless to us, their Business was done.

FINDING they declin'd a decisive Action, our Generals pressed them in their Quarters, and made them fight for every Inch of Ground they gained; and at length in the *September* following, we attack'd them in their entrench'd Posts of *Chiar*, here we broke into the very Heart of their Camp, where we made a very terrible Slaughter, but I know not by what Mistake among our Generals, or Defect in the Execution of their Orders, the Brigade of *Normandy* and our *Irish* Brigade, who had so bravely enter'd the *German* Entrenchments, were not supported as we should have been, so that we were oblig'd to sustain the shock of the whole *German* Army, and at last to quit the Advantage we had gain'd, and that not without Loss, but being timely reinforced by a great Body of Horse, the Enemy were in their Turn beaten off too, and driven back into their very Camp: The *Germans* boasted of having a great Victory here, and indeed in repulsing us after we had gain'd their Camp, they had the Advantage, but had *Monfieur de Tefse* succoured us in Time, as old *Catinat* said he ought to have done, with 12000 Foot which he had with him, that Days Action had put an End to the War, and Prince *Eugene* must have been glad to have gone back to *Germany*, in more Haste than he came, if perhaps we had not cut him short by the Way.

BUT the Fate of Things went another Way, and the *Germans* continu'd all that Campaign to push forward, and advance one Post after another, till they beat us quite out of the *Millanese*.

THE latter Part of this Campaign we made only a party War, the *French*, according to their volatile Temper, being every Day abroad, either foraging or surprising the Enemy's Foragers, plundering or circumventing the Plunders of the other Side, and that tho' they very often come short Home; for the *Germans* had the better of them on several Occasions, and indeed so many lost their Lives upon those petty Encounters, that I think, including those who died of Distempers

pers gotten by hard Service, and bad Quarters, lying in the Field even till the Middle of *December*, among Rivers and Bogs, in a Country so full of Canals and Rivers, as that Part of *Italy* is known to be, I say, we lost more Men, and so did the Enemy also, than would have been lost in a general decisive Battle.

THE Duke of *Savoy*, to give him his due, press'd earnestly to put it to a Day, and come to a Battle with Prince *Eugene*; but the Duke de *Villeroy*, Monsieur *Catinat*, and the Count de *Tesse*, were all against it, and the principal Reason was, that they knew the Weakness of the Troops, who had suffer'd so much on so many Occasions, that they were in no Condition to give Battle to the *Germans*; so after, as I say, about three Months harrassing one another with Parties, we went into Winter-Quarters.

BEFORE we march'd out of the Field, our Regiment, with a Detachment of Dragoons of 600, and about 250 Horse, went without a Design to intercept Prince *Commercy*, a General of Note under Prince *Eugene* of *Savoy*; the Detachment was intended to be only Horse and Dragoons, but because it was the *Imperialists* good Luck to beat many of our Parties, and, as was given out, many more than we beat of theirs; and because it was believed that the Prince, who was an Officer of good Note among them, would not go Abroad, but in very little Company, the *Irish* Regiment of Foot was order'd to be added, that if possible they might meet with their Match.

I WAS commanded about two Hours before, to pass about 200 Foot, and 50 Dragoons, at a small Wood, where our General had Intelligence that Prince would post some Men, to secure his Passage, which accordingly I did; but Count *Tesse* not thinking our Party strong enough, had march'd himself with a Thousand Horse, and 300 Grenadiers to support us, and it was very well he did so; for Prince *Commercy* having Intelligence of the first Party, came forward sooner than they expected, and fell upon them, and had entirely routed them, had not the Count, (hearing the firing) advanc'd with the Thousand Horse he had with such Expedition, as to support

support his Men in the very Heat of the Action, by which Means the *Germans* were defeated, and forc'd to retire; but the Prince made a pretty good Retreat, and after the Action, came on to the Wood, where I was posted; but the Surprize of his Defeat had prevented his sending a Detachment to secure the Pass at the Wood, as he intended.

THE Count *de Tesse*, understanding that we were sent (as above) to the Wood, follow'd them close at the Heels, to prevent our being cut off, and if it were possible that we should give them any Check at the Wood; to fall in, and have another Brush with them; it was near Night before they came to the Wood, by which Means they could not discern our Number; but when they came up to the Wood, 50 Dragoons advanc'd to discover the Pass, and see if all was clear: These we suffer'd to pass a great Way into the Defile, or Lane, that went thro' the Wood, and then clapping in between them and the Entrance, cut off their Retreat so effectually, that when they discover'd us, and fir'd, they were instantly surrounded, and cut in Pieces; the Officer who commanded them, and eight Dragoons only being made Prisoners.

THIS made the Prince halt, not knowing what the Case was, or how strong we were, and to get better Intelligence, sent 200 Horse to surround or skirt the Wood, and beat up our Quarter, and in the Interim, the Count *de Tesse* appear'd in his Rear: We found the Strait he was in, by the Noise of our own Troops at a Distance, so we resolv'd to engage the 200 Horse immediately; accordingly our little Troop of Horse drew up in the Entrance of the Lane, and offer'd to skirmish, and our Foot lying behind the Hedge, which went round the Wood, stood ready to act as Occasion should offer, the Horse being attack'd, gave Way, and retir'd into the Lane, but the *Germans* were too old for us there, they contented themselves to push us to the Entrance, but would not be drawn into a narrow Pass without knowing whether the Hedges were lin'd or no.

BUT the Prince finding the *French* in his Rear, and not being strong enough to engage again, resolv'd to force

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force his Way thro', and commanded his Dragoons to a-light, and enter the Wood, to clear the Hedges on either Side the Lane, that he might pass with his Cavalry ; this they did so vigorously, and were so much too strong for us, that tho' we made good our Ground a long Time, yet our Men were almost half of them cut in Pieces. However, we gave Time to the *French Cavalry* to come up, and to fall on the Prince's Troops, and cut them off, and take a great many Prisoners, and then retreated in our Turn, opening a Gap for our own Horse to break in ; 300 of the Dragoons were kill'd, and 200 of them taken Prisoners.

In the first Heat of this Action, a *German Officer* of Dragoons well follow'd, had knock'd down three Men that stood next me, and offering me Quarter, I was oblig'd to accept it, and gave him my Sword, for our Men were upon the Point of quitting their Post, and shifting every one as they could ; but the Scale was turn'd, for our Cavalry breaking in, (as above) the Dragoons went to Wreck, and the Officer who had me Prisoner, turning to me said, *We are all lost* ; I asked him if I could serve him ? *Stand still a little*, says he ; for his Men fought most desperately indeed, but about 200 *French Horse* appearing in his Rear too, he said to me in *French*, *I will be your Prisoner*, and returning me my Sword, gave me also his own ; a Dragoon that stood near him was just going to do the like, when he was shot dead, and the Horse coming up, the Field was cleared in an Instant ; but Prince *Commercy* went off with the rest of his Party, and was pursued no farther.

THERE were 16 or 17 of our Men releas'd, as I was, from being taken ; but they had not the Luck I had, to take the Officer that had them in keeping ; he had been so generous to me, as not to ask what Money I had about me, tho' I had not much, if he had ; but I lost by his Civility, for then I could not have the Assurance to ask him for his Money, tho' I understood he had near a 100 Pistoles about him ; but he very handsomely at Night, when we came to our Tents, made me a Present of 20 Pistoles, and in Return,

turn, I obtain'd Leave for him to go to Prince *Eugene's* Camp upon his Parole, which he did, and so got himself exchange'd.

IT was after this Campaign that I was quartered at *Cremona*, when the Action happen'd there, of which I have spoken already, and where our *Irish* Regiment did such Service, that they sav'd the Town from being really surpriz'd, and indeed beat the *Germans* out again, after they had been Masters of three Quarters of the Town six Hours, and by which they gain'd a very great Reputation.

BUT I hasten on to my own History, for I am not writing a Journal of the Wars, in which I had no long Share.

THE Summer after this, our two *Irish* Regiments were drawn out into the Field, and had many a fore Brush with the *Germans*; for Prince *Eugene*, a vigilant General, gave us little Rest, and gain'd many Advantages by his continual moving up and down, harrassing his own Men and ours too; and whoever will do the *French* Justice, and knew how they behaved, must acknowledge, they never declin'd the *Germans*, but fought them upon all Occasions, with the utmost Resolution and Courage; and tho' it cost the Blood of an infinite Number of fine Gentlemen, as well as private Soldiers, yet the Duke de *Vendome*, who now commanded, tho' King *Philip* was himself in the Army this Campaign, made the Prince of *Savoy* a full Return in his own Kind, and drove him from Post to Post, till he was just at the Point of quitting the whole Country of *Italy*; all that gallant Army Prince *Eugene* brought with him into *Italy*, which was the best without doubt, for the Goodness of the Troops, that ever were there, laid their Bones in that Country, and many Thousands more after them; till the Affairs of *France* declining in other Places, they were forc'd in their Turn to give Way to their Fate, as may be seen in the Histories of those Times, as above; but 'tis none of my Business.

THE Part that I bore in these Affairs was but short and sharp, we took the Field about the Beginning of *July* 1702, and the Duke de *Vendome* order'd the whole Army

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Army to draw the sooner together, in order to relieve the City of *Mantua*, which was block'd up by the *Imperialists*.

PRINCE *Eugene* was a Politick, and indeed a fortunate Prince, and had the Year before pushed our Army upon many Occasions ; but his good Fortune began to fail him a little this Year, for our Army was not only more Numerous than his, but the Duke was in the Field before him ; and as the Prince had held *Mantua* closely block'd up all the Winter, the Duke resolv'd to relieve the Town, cost what it would : As I said, the Duke was first in the Field, the Prince was in no Condition to prevent his raising the Blockade by Force ; so he drew off his Troops, and leaving several strong Bodies of Troops to protect *Bersello*, which the Duke de *Vendome* threaten'd, and *Borgofort*, where his Magazine lay, he drew all the rest of his Forces together, to make Head against us ; by this Time the King of *Spain* was come into the Army, and the Duke de *Vendome* lay, with about ^{Thirty five thousand} 35,000 Men, near *Luzara*, which he had resolv'd to attack, to bring Prince *Eugene* to a Battle : The Prince of *Vaudemont* lay entrench'd with 20000 more at *Rivalto*, behind *Mantua*, to cover the Frontiers of *Millan*, and there was near 12000 in *Mantua* itself ; and Monsieur *Pracontal* lay with 10000 Men just under the Cannon of one of the Forts, which guard the Causeway, which leads into the City of *Mantua* : So that had all these join'd, as they would have done in a few Days more, the Prince must have been put to his Shifts, and would have had enough to do, to have maintain'd himself in *Italy* ; for he was Master of no one Place in the Country, that could have held out a formal Siege of fifteen Days open Trenches, and he knew all this very well ; and therefore, it seems, while the Duke of *Vendosme* resolv'd, if possible, to bring him to a Battle, and to that End, made Dispositions to attack *Luzara* ; we were surpriz'd to find the 15th of *June*, 1702, the whole Imperial Army appear'd in *Batalia*, and in full March to attack us.

As it happen'd, our Army was all marching in Columns towards them, as we had done for two Days before,

fore, and I should have told you, that three Days before, the Duke having Notice that General *Visconti*, with three Imperial Regiments of Horse, and one of Dragoons, was posted at *San-Victoria*, on the *Tessona*; he resolv'd to attack them, and this Design was carried so secretly, that while Monsieur *Visconti*, tho' our Army was three Leagues another Way, passing towards the *Modenese*, he found himself unexpectedly attack'd by 6000 Horse and Dragoons of the *French Army*: He defended himself very bravely, for near an Hour; when being over-power'd, and finding he should be forc'd into Disorder, he sounded a Retreat; but the Squadrons had not fac'd about to make their Retreat, scarce a Quarter of an Hour, when they found themselves surrounded with a great Body of Infantry, who had entirely cut off their Retreat, except over the Bridge of *Tassona*, which being throng'd with their Baggage, they could neither get backward or forward; so they thrust and tumbled over one another, in such a Manner, that they could preserve no kind of Order; but abundance fell into the River, and were drowned, many were kill'd, and more taken Prisoners; so that in a Word, the whole three Regiments of Horse, and one of Dragoons, were entirely defeated.

THIS was a great Blow to the Prince, because they were some of the choicest Troops of his whole Army: We took about 400 Prisoners, and all their Baggage, which was a very considerable Booty, and about 800 Horses; and no doubt these Troops were very much wanted in the Battle that insued on the 15th, as I have said: Our Army being in full March (as above) to attack *Luzara*, a Party of *Germans* appear'd, being about 600 Horse, and in less than an Hour more, their whole Army in order of Battle.

OUR Army form'd immediately, and the Duke posted the Regiments as they came up, so much to their Advantage, that Prince *Eugene* was oblig'd to alter his Dispositions, and had this particular Inconvenience upon his Hands, viz. to attack an Army superior to his own, in all their most advantageous Posts; whereas had he thought fit to have waited but one Day, we should have

have met him half Way ; but this was owing to the Pride of the *German* Generals, and their being so opinionated of the Goodness of their Troops : The Royal Army was posted with the Left to the great River *Po*, on the other Side of which the Prince of *Vaudemont's* Army lay, canonading of the Intrenchments which the *Imperialists* had made at *Borgo-Fort*, and hearing that there was like to be a general Battle, he detach'd 12 Battalions, and about 1000 Horse, to reinforce the Royal Army ; all which, to our great Encouragement, had Time to join the Army, while Prince *Eugene* was making his new Dispositions for the Attack ; and yet it was the coming of these Troops which caus'd Prince *Eugene* to resolve to begin the Fight, expecting to have come to an Action before they cou'd come up, but he was disappointed in the Reason of Fighting, and yet was oblig'd to Fight too, which was an Error in the Prince, that it was too late to retrieve.

It was Five o'Clock in the Evening before he could bring up his whole Line to Engage ; and then, after having canonaded us to no great Purpose for half an Hour, his Right, commanded by the Prince *de Commercy*, attack'd our left Wing with great Fury : Our Men receiv'd them so well, and seconded one another so punctually, that they were repulsed with a very great Slaughter, and the Prince *Commercy* being (unhappily for them) kill'd in the first Onset, the Regiments for want of Orders, and surpriz'd with the Fall of so great a Man, were push'd into Disorder, and one whole Brigade was entirely broke.

BUT their second Line advancing, under General *Herbeville*, restor'd Things in the first ; the Battalions rallied, and they came boldly on to charge a second Time, and being seconded, with new Reinforcements from their main Body, our Men had their Turn, and were push'd to a Canal, which lay on their left Flank, between them and the *Po*, behind which they rallied, and being supported by new Troops, as well Horse as Foot, they fought on both Sides with the utmost Obstinacy, and with such Courage and Skill, that it was not possible

possible to judge who should have had the better, could they have been able to have fought it out.

ON the Right of the Royal Army, was posted the Flower of the *French* Cavalry ; namely, the *Gens de Arms*, the Royal Carabineers, and the Queen's Horse-Guards, with 400 Horse more, and next them the Infantry, among which were our Brigade ; the Horse advanc'd first to Charge, and they carried all before them Sword in Hand, receiving the Fire of two Imperial Regiments of Curiaffers, without firing a Shot, and falling in among them, bore them down by the Strength of their Horses, putting them into Confusion, and left so clear a Field for us to follow, that the first Line of our Infantry stood drawn up upon the Ground, which the Enemy at first possess'd.

IN this first Attack the Marquis *de Crequi*, who commanded the whole Right Wing, was killed ; a Loss, which fully ballanc'd the Death of the Prince *de Com-mercy*, one the Side of the *Germans* ; after we had thus pushed the Enemies Cavalry, (as above) their Troops, being rallied by the Dexterity of their Generals, and supported by three Imperial Regiments of Foot, they came on again to the Charge with such Fury, that nothing could withstand them ; and here two Battalions of our *Irish* Regiments were put into Disorder, and abundance of our Men kill'd ; and here also I had the Misfortune to receive a Musquet-Shot, which broke my left Arm ; and, that was not all, for I was knock'd down by a Giant like a *German* Soldier, who, when he thought he had kill'd me, set his Foot upon me, but was immediately shot dead by one of my Men, and fell just upon me, which, my Arm being broken, was a very great Mischief to me ; for the very Weight of the Fellow, who was almost as big as a Horse, was such, that I was not able to stir.

OUR Men were beaten back after this, from the Place where they stood, and so I was left in Possession of the Enemy, but was not their Prisoner, (that is to say, was not found) till next Morning, when a Party being sent, as usual, with Surgeons to look after the wounded Men, among the Dead, found me almost smothered

smothered with the dead *Germans*, and others that lay near me ; however, to do them Justice, they us'd me with Humanity, and the Surgeons set my Arm very skilfully, and well ; and after four or five Days, I had Liberty to go to *Parma* upon my Parole.

BOTH the Armies continued fighting, especially on our Left, till it was so dark, that it was impossible to know who they fir'd at, or for the Generals to see what they did ; so they abated firing gradually, and as it may be truly said, the Night parted them.

BOTH Sides claim'd the Victory, and both conceal'd their Losses, as much as was possible ; but 'tis certain, that never Battle was fought with greater Bravery and Obstinacy than this was, and had there been Day-light to have fought it out, doubtless there would have been many Thousand more Men kill'd on both Sides.

ALL the *Germans* had to entitle them to the Victory was, that they made our Left retire, as I have said, to the Canal, and to the high Banks, or Mounds on the Edge of the *Po* ; but they had so much Advantage in the Retreat, they fir'd from thence among the thickest of the Enemy, and cou'd never be forc'd from their Posts.

THE best Testimony the Royal Army had of the Victory, and which was certainly the better of the two, was, that two Days after the Fight, they attack'd *Gualstalia*, as it were in View of the *German* Army, and forc'd the Garison to surrender, and to swear not to serve again for six Months, which, they being 1500 Men, was a great Loss to the *Germans*, and yet Prince *Eugene* did not offer to relieve it ; and after that we took several other Posts, which the *Imperialists* had Possession of, but were oblig'd to quit them upon the Approach of the *French* Army, not being in a Condition to fight another Battle that Year.

MY Campaign was now at an End, and tho' I came Lame off, I came off much better than abundance of Gentlemen ; for in that bloody Battle we had above 400 Officers kill'd or wounded, whereof three were General Officers.

THE Campaign held on till *December*, and the Duke *de Vendome* took *Borgo-Fort*, and several other Places from the *Germans*, who, in short lost Ground every Day in *Italy*; I was a Prisoner a great while, and there being no *Chartel* settled, Prince *Eugene* order'd the *French* Prisoners to be sent into *Hungary*, which was a Cruelty that could not be reasonably exercised on them; however, a great many, by that Banishment, found Means to make their Escape to the *Turks*, by whom they were kindly receiv'd, and the *French* Ambassador at *Constantinople* took Care of them, and shipp'd them back again into *Italy* at the King's Charge.

BUT the Duke *de Vendome* now took so many *Germans* Prisoners, that Prince *Eugene* was tir'd of sending his Prisoners to *Hungary*, and was oblig'd to be at the Charge of bringing some of them back again, who he had sent thither, and come to agree to a general Exchange of Prisoners.

I WAS, as I have said, allow'd for a Time to go to *Parma*, upon my Parole, where I continu'd for the Recovery of my Wound, and broken Arm, forty Days, and was then oblig'd to render myself to the commanding Officer at *Ferrara*, where Prince *Eugene* coming soon after, I was, with several other Prisoners of War, sent away into the *Milaneſe*, to be kept for an Exchange of Prisoners.

IT was in the City of *Trent*, that I continu'd about eight Months, the Man, in whose House I quartered, was exceeding civil to me, and took a great deal of Care of me, and I liv'd very easy; here I contracted a kind of Familiarity, perfectly undesign'd by me, with the Daughter of the Burgher, at whose House I had lodg'd, and I know not, by what Fatality that was upon me, I was prevail'd with afterward to marry her: This was a Piece of Honesty on my Side, which I must acknowledge, I never intended to be guilty of; but the Girl was too cunning for me; for she found Means to get some Wine into my Head more than I us'd to drink, and tho' I was not so disorder'd with it, but that I knew very well what I did, yet in an unusual Height of good Humour, I consented to be Married. This impolitick
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Piece of Honesty put me to many Inconveniences, for I knew not what to do with this new Clog, which I had loaded myself with, I could neither stay with her, or take her with me, so that I was exceedingly perplex'd.

THE Time came soon after that I was releas'd by the *Chartel*, and so was oblig'd to go to the Regiment, which then was in Quarters in the *Milanese*, and from thence I got Leave to go to *Paris*, upon my Promise to raise some Recruits in *England* for the *Irish* Regiments, by the help of my Correspondence there; having thus Leave to go to *Paris*, I took a Passport from the Enemy's Army, to go to *Trent*, and making a long Circuit, I went back thither, and very honestly pack'd up my Baggage, Wife and all, and brought her away thro' *Tyrol*, into *Bavaria*, and so thro' *Suabia*, and the black Forest into *Alsatia*, from thence I came into *Lorraine*, and so to *Paris*.

I HAD now a secret Design to quit the War, for I really had enough of fighting; but it was counted so dishonourable a Thing to quit, while the Army was in the Field, that I could not dispense with it; but an intervening Accident made that Part easy to me: The War was now renewed between *France*, and *England*, and *Holland*, just as it was before; and the *French* King meditating nothing more than how to give the *English* a Diversion, fitted out a strong Squadron of Men of War and Frigates, at *Dunkirk*, on Board of which he embark'd a Body of Troops, of about 6500 Men, besides Volunteers; and the new King, as we call'd him, tho' more generally he was called, the *Chevalier de St. George*, was shipp'd along with them, and all for *Scotland*.

I PRETENDED a great deal of Zeal for this Service, and that if I might be permitted to sell my Company in the *Irish* Regiment I was in, and have the *Chevalier's* Brevet for a Colonel, in Case of raising Troops for him in *Great-Britain*, after his Arrival, I would embark Volunteer, and serve at my own Expence; the latter gave me a great Advantage with the *Chevalier*; for now I was esteem'd as a Man of Consideration, and one that must have a considerable Interest in my own Country;

so I obtain'd Leave to sell my Company, and having had a good round Sum of Money remitted me from *London*, by the Way of *Holland*, I prepar'd a very handsome Equipage, and away I went to *Dunkirk* to embark.

I WAS very well receiv'd by the *Chevalier*, and as he had an Account that I was an Officer in the *Irish* Brigade, and had serv'd in *Italy*, and consequently was an old Soldier; all this added to the Character which I had before, and made me have a great deal of Honour paid me, tho' at the same Time I had no particular Attachment to his Person, or to his Cause; nor indeed did I much consider the Cause, of one Side or other, if I had, I should hardly have risqu'd, not my Life only, but Effects too, which were all, as I might say, from that Moment, forfeited to the *English* Government, and was too evidently in their Power to confiscate at their Pleasure.

HOWEVER, having just receiv'd a Remittance from *London*, of 300 *l.* Sterling, and sold my Company in the *Irish* Regiment for very near as much, I was not only insensibly drawn in, but was perfectly Volunter in that dull Cause, and away I went with them at all Hazards; it belongs very little to my History to give an Account of that fruitless Expedition, only to tell you, that being so closely and effectually chas'd by the *English* Fleet, which was superior in Force to the *French*, I may say, that in escaping them, I escaped being hang'd.

IT was the good Fortune of the *French*, that they over-shot the Port they aim'd at, and intending for the *Frith* or *Forth*, or as it is called, the *Firth* of *Edinburgh*, the first Land they made was as far North as a Place call'd *Montrose*, where it was not their Business to Land, and so they were oblig'd to come back to the *Frith*, and were gotten to the Entrance of it, and came to an Anchor for the Tide; but this Delay of Hinderance gave Time to the *English*, under Sir *George Bing*, to come to the *Frith*, and they came to an Anchor, just as we did, only waiting to go up the *Frith* with the Flood.

HAD we not over-shot the Port, as above, all our Squadron had been destroy'd in two Days, and all we could

could have done, had been to have gotten into the *Peer* or *Haven* at *Leith*, with the smaller Frigates, and have landed the Troops and Ammunition ; but we must have set Fire to the Men of War, for the *English* Squadron was not above 24 Hours behind us, or thereabout.

UPON this Surprize, the *French* Admiral set sail from the North Point of the *Firth*, where we lay, and crowding away to the North, got the Start of the *English* Fleet, and made their Escape, with the Loss of one Ship only, which being behind the rest, could not get away ; when we were satisfied the *English* left chasing us, which was not till the third Night, when we alter'd our Course, and lost Sight of them, we stood over to the Coast of *Norway*, and keeping that Shore on Board all the Way to the Mouth of the *Baltick*, we came to an Anchor again, and sent two Scouts Abroad to learn News, to see if the Sea was clear, and being satisfied that the Enemy did not chase us, we kept on with an easier Sail, and came all back again to *Dunkirk*, and glad I was to set my Foot on Shore again ; for all the while we were thus flying for our Lives, I was under the greatest Terror imaginable, and nothing but Halts and Gibbets run in my Head, concluding, that if I had been taken, I should certainly have been hang'd.

BUT the Care was now over, I took my Leave of the *Chevalier*, and of the Army, and made haste to *Paris* : I came so unexpectedly to *Paris*, and to my own Lodgings, that it was my Misfortune to make a Discovery, relating to my Wife, which was not at all to my Satisfaction ; for I found her Ladyship had kept some Company, that I had Reason to believe were not such as an honest Woman ought to have convers'd with, and as I knew her Temper, by what I had found of her myself, I grew very jealous and uneasy about her ; I must own it touch'd me very nearly, for I began to have an extraordinary Value for her, and her Behaviour was very taking, especially after I had brought her into *France* ; but having a Vein of Levity, it was impossible to prevent her running into such Things, in a Town, so full of what they call Gallantry as *Paris*.

It vext me also to think that it should be my Fate to be a Cuckold, both Abroad and at Home, and sometimes I would be in such a Rage about it, that I had no Government of myself, when I thought of it; whole Days, and I may say sometimes whole Nights, I spent musing and considering what I should do to her, and especially what I should do to the Villain, wherever he was, that had thus abus'd and supplanted me: Here indeed I committed Murder more than once, or indeed than a hundred Times, in my Imagination, and as the Devil is certainly an apparent Prompter to Wickedness, if he is not the first Mover of it in our Minds; he teiz'd me Night and Day with Proposals to kill my Wife.

THIS horrid Project he carried up so high, by raising fierce Thoughts, and fomenting the Blood upon my Contemplation of the Word Cuckold, that in short, I left debating whether I should Murder her or no, as a Thing out of the Question, and determin'd; and my Thoughts were then taken up only with the Management how I should kill her, and how to make my Escape after I had done it.

ALL this while I had no sufficient Evidence of her Guilt, neither had I so much as charg'd her with it, or let her know I suspected her, otherwise than as she might perceive it in my Conduct, and in the Change of my Behaviour to her, which was such, that she could not but perceive that something troubled me, yet she took no Notice of it to me, but receiv'd me very well, and shew'd herself to be glad of my Return; nor did I find she had been extravagant in her Expences while I was Abroad; but *Jealousy*, as the wise Man says, is the *Wrath of a Man*; her being so good a Huffy of what Money I had left her, gave my distemper'd Fancy an Opinion that she had been maintain'd by other People, and so had had no Occasion to spend.

I MUST confess, she had a difficult Point here upon her, tho' she had been really honest; for as my Head was prepossess'd of her Dishonesty, if she had been lavish, I should have said, she had spent it upon her Gentlemen; and as she had been frugal, I said, she had been

been maintain'd by them : Thus, I say, my Head was distemper'd, I believ'd myself abus'd, and nothing could put it out of my Thoughts Night or Day.

ALL this while, it was not visibly broken out between us, but I was so fully possess'd with the Belief of it, that I seem'd to want no Evidence, and I look'd with an evil Eye upon every Body that came near her, or that she convers'd with : There was an Officer of the *Guards du Corps*, that lodg'd in the same House with us, a very honest Gentleman, and a Man of Quality ; I happen'd to be in a little Drawing-Room, adjoining to a Parlour where my Wife sat at that Time, and this Gentleman came into the Parlour, which, as he was one of the Family, he might have done without Offence, but he not knowing that I was in the Drawing-Room, sat down and talk'd with my Wife ; I heard every Word they said, for the Door between us was open, nor could I say that there pass'd any Thing between them, but cursory Discourse ; they talk'd of casual Things, of a young Lady, a Burgher's Daughter of Nineteen, that had been Married the Week before to an Advocate in the Parliament of *Paris*, vastly Rich, and about 63 ; and of another, a Widow Lady of Fortune in *Paris*, that had married her deceas'd Husband's Valet de Chambre, and of such casual Matters, that I could find no Fault with her now at all.

BUT it fill'd my Head with jealous Thoughts, and fir'd my Temper : Now I fancy'd he us'd too much Freedom with her, then that she us'd too much Freedom to him, and once or twice I was upon the Point of breaking in upon them, and affronting them both, but I restrain'd myself ; at length he talk'd something merrily of the Lady throwing away her Maidenhead, as I understood it, upon an old Man ; but still it was nothing indecent ; but I, who was all on Fire already, could bear it no longer, but started up, and came into the Room, and catching at my Wife's Words, *Say you so, Madam*, said I, *was he too old for her ?* And giving the Officer a Look, that I fancy was something a-kin to the Face on the Sign, call'd the *Bull and Mouth* within *Aldersgate*, I went out into the Street.

THE Marquis, so he was stil'd, a Man of Honour, and of Spirit too, took it as I meant it, and follow'd me in a Moment, and hem'd after me in the Street; upon which I stopp'd, and he came up to me, Sir, said he, *our Circumstances are very unhappy in France, that we cannot do ourselves Justice here, without the most severe Treatment in the World; but come on it what will, you must explain yourself to me on the Subject of your Behaviour just now.*

I WAS a little cool'd, as to the Point of my Conduct to him in the very few Moments that had pass'd, and was very sensible, that I was wrong to him, and I said therefore to him very frankly, Sir, you are a Gentleman, whom I know very well, and I have a very great Respect for you; but I had been disturb'd a little about the Conduct of my Wife, and were it your own Case, what would you have done less?—

I AM sorry for any Dislike between you, and your Wife, says he, but what is that to me? Can you charge me with any Indecency to her, except my talking so and so, at which he repeated the Words, and as I knew you were in the next Room, and heard every Word, and that all the Doors were open, I thought no Man could have taken amiss so innocent an Expression. —

I COULD no otherwise take it amiss, said I, than as I thought it imply'd a farther Familiarity, and that you cannot expect should be borne by any Man of Honour; however, Sir, said I, I spoke only to my Wife, I said nothing to you, but gave you my Hat as I pass'd you.

YES, said he, and a Look as full of Rage as the Devil, Are there no Words in such Looks? —

I CAN say nothing to that, said I, for I cannot see my own Countenance; but my Rage, as you call it, was at my Wife, not at you.

BUT hark you Sir, said he, (growing warm as I grow calm) your Anger at your Wife was for her Discourse with me, and I think that concerns me too, and I ought to resent it.

I THINK not Sir, said I, nor had I found you in Bed with my Wife, would I have quarrel'd with you; for

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if my Wife will let you lie with her, 'tis she is the Offender, what have I to do with you? You could not lie with her if she was not willing, and if she is willing to be a Whore, I ought to punish her; but I should have no Quarrel with you, I'll lie with your Wife if I can, and then I'm even with you.

I SPOKE this all in good Humour, and in order to pacify him, but it would not do; ~~but~~ he would have me have give him Satisfaction, as he call'd it, I told him I was a Stranger in the Country, and perhaps should find little Mercy in their Course of Justice; that it was not my Business to fight any Man in his vindicating his keeping Company with my Wife, for that the Injury was mine, in having a bad Woman to deal with; that there was no Reason in the Thing, that after any Man should have found the Way into my Bed, I, who am injur'd, should go and stake my Life upon an equal Hazard against the Men who have abus'd me.

NOTHING would prevail with this Person to be quiet for all this; but I had affronted him, and no Satisfaction could be made him, but that at the Point of the Sword; so we agreed to go away together to *Lisle* in *Flanders*: I was now Soldier enough not to be afraid to look a Man in the Face, and as the Rage at my Wife inspir'd me with Courage, so he let fall a Word that fir'd and provok'd me beyond all Patience; for speaking of the Distrust I had of my Wife, he said unless I had good Information, I ought not to suspect my Wife: I told him, if I had good Information, I should be past Suspicion; he replied, if he was the happy Man that had so much of her Favour, he would take Care then to put me past the Suspicion; I gave him as rough an Answer as he could desire, and he return'd in *French*, *Nous Verrons aux Lisle*, that is to say, We will talk further of it at *Lisle*.

I TOLD him, I did not see the Benefit either to him or me, of going so far as *Lisle* to decide this Quarrel, since now I perceiv'd he was the Man I wanted, that we might decide this Quarrel *aux Champ*, upon the Spot, and whoever had the Fortune to fell the other, might

might make his Escape to *Lisle*, as well afterwards as before.

THUS we walk'd on, talking very ill-naturedly on both Sides, and yet very mannerly, till we came clear of the *Suburbs* of *Paris*, on the Way to *Charenton*; when seeing the Way clear, I told him under those Trees was a very fit Place for us, pointing to a Row of Trees adjoining to Monsieur ———'s Garden Wall; so we went thither, and fell to Work immediately, after some Fencing he made a home Thrust at me, and run me into my Arm, a long flaunting Wound, but at the same Time receiv'd my Point into his Body, and soon after fell; he spoke some Words before he dropp'd; first he told me I had kill'd him, then he said, he had indeed wrong'd me, and as he knew it, he ought not to have fought me; he desir'd I would make my Escape immediately, which I did into the City, but no farther, no Body as I thought having seen us together: In the Afternoon, about six Hours after the Action, Messengers brought News, one on the Heels of another, that the Marquiss was mortally wounded, and carried into a House at *Charenton*; that Account, saying he was not dead, surprized me a little, not doubting, but that concluding I had made my Escape, he would own who it was; however, I discovered nothing of my Concern, but going up into my Chamber, I took out of a Cabinet there what Money I had, which indeed was so much as I thought would be sufficient for my Expenses; but having an accepted Bill for 2000 Livres, I walk'd sedately to a Merchant who knew me, and got 50 Pistoles of him upon my Bill, letting him know my Business call'd me to *England*, and I would take the rest of him when he had receiv'd it.

HAVING furnish'd myself thus, I provided me a Horse for my Servant, for I had one very good one of my own, and once more ventured Home to my Lodging, where I heard again that the Marquiss was not dead: My Wife all this while cover'd her Concern for the Marquiss so well, that she gave me no Room to make any Remark upon her; but she saw evidently the

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Marks of Rage and deep Resentment in my Behaviour after some little Stay, and perceiving me making Preparations for a Journey, she said to me, Are you going out of Town? Yes Madam, says I, that you may have Room to mourn for your Friend the Marquis, at which she started, and shew'd she was indeed in a most terrible Fright, and making a thousand Crosses about herself, and with a great many Callings upon the blessed *Virgin*, and her Country *Saints*, she burst out at last, is it possible! Are you the Man that kill'd the Marquis? Then you are undone and I too.

You may Madam, be a Loser by the Marquis being kill'd, but I'll take Care to be as little a Loofer by you as I can; 'tis enough the Marquis has honestly confessed your Guilt, and I have done with you; she would have thrown herself into my Arms, protesting her Innocence, and told me she would fly with me, and would convince me of her Fidelity, by such Testimonies as I could not be satisfied with, but I thrust her violently from me, *Allé Infame!* said I, go infamous Creature, and take from me the Necessity I shou'd be under if I stay'd, of sending you to keep Company with your dear Friend the Marquis. I thrust her away with such Force, that she fell backward upon the Floor, and cried out most terribly, and indeed she had Reason, for she was very much hurt.

It grieved me indeed to have thrust her away with such Force, but you must consider me now in the Circumstances of a Man enrag'd, and as it were out of himself, furious and mad: However, I took her up from the Floor, and laid her on the Bed; and calling up her Maid, bid her go and take Care of her Mistress; and going soon after out of Doors, I took Horse, and made the best of my Way, not towards *Calais* or *Dunkirk*, or towards *Flanders*, whether it might be suggested I was fled, and whether they did pursue me the same Evening; but I took the direct Road for *Lorraine*, and riding all Night, and very hard, I passed the *Main* the next Day at Night at *Chalons*, and came safe into the Duke of *Lorraine's* Dominions the third Day, where I rested one Day, only to consider what Course to take,

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for it was still a most difficult Thing to pass any Way, but that I should either be in the King of *France's* Dominions, or be taken by the *French* Allies as a Subject of *France*; but getting good Advice from a Priest at *Bar le Duc*, who, tho' I did not tell him the Particulars of my Case, yet guessed how it was, it being as he said, very usual for Gentlemen in my Circumstances to fly that Way: Upon this Supposition, this kind *Padre* got me a Church Pass, that is to say, he made me a Purveyor for the Abbey of ———, and as such, got me a Passport to go to *Deux Ponts*, which belonged to the King of *Sweden*. Having such Authority there, and the Priest's Recommendation to an Ecclesiastick in the Place, I got Passports from thence in the King of *Sweden's* Name to *Cologne*, and then I was thoroughly safe, so making my Way to the *Netherlands*, without any Difficulty I came to the *Hague*, and from thence, tho' very privately, and by several Names, I came to *England*: And thus I got clear of my *Italian* Wife, Whore, I should have call'd her, for after I had made her so myself, how should I expect any other of her?

BEING arriv'd at *London*, I wrote to my Friend at *Paris*, but dated my Letter from the *Hague*, where I order'd him to direct his Answers: The chief Business of my writing was, to know if my Bill was paid him, to enquire if any Pursuit was made after me, and what other News he had about me, or my Wife, and particularly how it had far'd with the Marquiss.

I RECEIV'D an Answer in a few Days, importing that he had receiv'd the Money on my Bill, which he was ready to pay as I should direct, that the Marquiss was not dead, but said he, you have kill'd him another Way, for he has lost his Commission in the Guards, which was worth to him 20000 *Livres*, and he is yet a close Prisoner in the *Bastile*; that Pursuit was order'd after me, upon Suspicion, that they had followed me to *Amiens*, on the Road to *Dunkirk*, and to *Chasteau de Cambresis*, on the Way to *Flanders*; but missing me that Way, had given it over; that the Marquiss had been too well instructed to own that he had fought with

with me, but said, that he was assaulted on the Road, and unless I could be taken, he would take his Trial and come off, for want of Proof, that my flying was a Circumstance indeed that mov'd strongly against him, because it was known that we had had some Words that Day, and were seen to walk together; but that nothing being prov'd on either Side, he would come off with the Loss of his Commission, which, however, being very rich, he could bear well enough.

As to my Wife he wrote me Word she was inconsolable, and had cry'd herself to Death almost; but he added, (very ill-natur'd indeed) and whether it was for me, or for the Marquis, that he could not determine: He likewise told me, she was in very bad Circumstances, and very low, so that if I did not take some Care of her, she would come to be in very great Distress.

THE latter Part of this Story mov'd me indeed, for I thought however it was, I ought not to let her starve; and besides, Poverty was a Temptation which a Woman could not easily withstand, and I ought not to be the Instrument to drive her to a horrid Necessity of Crime, if I could prevent it.

UPON this, I wrote to him again, to go to her, and talk with her, and learn as much as he could of her particular Circumstances; and that if he found she was really in Want, and particularly, that she did not live a scandalous Life, he should give her 20 Pistoles, and tell her, if she would engage to live retir'd and honestly, she should have so much annually, which was enough to subsist her.

SHE took the first 20 Pistoles, but bad him tell me, that I had wrong'd her, and unjustly charg'd her, and I ought to do her Justice; and I had ruin'd her by exposing her in such a Manner as I had, having no Proof of my Charge, or Ground for any Suspicion; that as to 20 Pistoles a Year, it was a mean Allowance, to a Wife that had travelled over the World; as she had done with me, and the like; and so expostulated with him to obtain 40 Pistoles a Year of me, which I consented to; but she never gave me the Trouble of paying above one Year; for after that, the Marquis was so
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fond of her again, that he took her away to himself; and as my Friend wrote me Word, had settled 400 Crowns a Year on her, and I never heard any more of her.

I WAS now in *London*, but was oblig'd to be very retir'd, and change my Name, letting no Body in the Nation know who I was, except my Merchant, by whom I corresponded with my People in *Virginia*, and, particularly that my Tutor, who was now become the Head Manager of my Affairs, and was in very good Circumstances himself also by my Means; but he deserved all I did, or cou'd do for him; for he was a most faithful Friend as well as Servant, as ever Man had, in that Country at least.

I WAS not the easiest Man alive, in the retir'd solitary manner I now liv'd in; and I experienc'd the Truth of the Text, *That it is not good for Man to be alone*, for I was extreamly melancholy and heavy; and indeed knew not what to do with myself, particularly, because I was under some Restraint, that I was too afraid to go abroad, at last I resolv'd to go quite away, and go to *Virginia* again, and there live retired as I could.

BUT when I came to consider that Part more narrowly, I could not prevail with myself to live a private Life: I had got a wandring kind of Taste and Knowledge of Things, begat a Desire of encreasing it, and an exceeding Delight I had in it, tho' I had nothing to do in the Armies or in War, and did not design ever to meddle with it again; yet I could not live in the World, and not enquire what was doing in it, nor could I think of living in *Virginia*, where I was to hear my News twice a Year, and read the publick Accounts of what was just then upon the Stocks, as the History of Things past.

THIS was my Notion, I was now in my Native Country, where my Circumstances were easy, and tho' I had ill Luck Abroad, for I brought little Home with me, yet by little good Management I might soon have Money by me. I had no Body to keep but myself; and my Plantations in *Virginia*, generally return'd me from 400 to 600 *l.* a Year, one Year above 700 *l.* and to go thither I concluded, was to be buried alive; so I put off

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all Thoughts of it, and resolv'd to settle somewhere in *England*, where I might know every Body, and no Body know me. I was not long in concluding where to pitch, for as I spoke the *French* Tongue perfectly well, having been so many Years among them, it was easy for me to pass for a *Frenchman*; so I went to *Canterbury*, call'd myself an *Englishman* among the *French*, and a *Frenchman* among the *English*; and on that Score was the more perfectly conceal'd, going by the Name of Monsieur *Charnot*, with the *French*, was call'd Mr. *Charnock* among the *English*.

HERE indeed I liv'd perfectly *Incog*. I made no particular Acquaintance so as to be intimate, and yet I knew every Body, and every Body knew me, I discours'd in common, talk'd *French* with the *Walloons*, and *English* with the *English*; and liv'd retir'd and sober, was well enough receiv'd by all Sorts, but as I meddl'd with no Bodies Business, so no Body meddl'd with mine, I thought I liv'd pretty well.

BUT I was not fully satisfied, a settled Family Life was the Thing I lov'd, had made two pushes at it, as you have heard, but with ill Success; yet the Miscarriage of what was pass'd did not discourage me at all, but I resolv'd to marry, I look'd out for a Woman as suitable as I could, but always found something or other to shock my Fancy; except once a Gentleman's Daughter of good Fashion, but I met with so many Repulses of one kind or another, that I was forc'd to give it over, and indeed, tho' I might be said to be a Lover in this Suit, and had manag'd myself so well with the young Lady, that I had no Difficulty left, but what would soon have been adjust'd, yet her Father was so difficult, made so many Objections, was to Day not pleas'd, one Way, To-morrow another, that he would stand by nothing that he himself had propos'd, nor could he be ever brought to be of the same Mind two Days together; so that we at last put an End to the Pretensions, for she would not marry without her Father's Consent, and I would not steal her, and so that Affair ended.

I CANNOT say but I was a little vex'd at the Disappointment of this, so I left the City of *Canterbury*,
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and went to *London* in the Stage-Coach; here I had an odd Scene presented as ever happen'd of its kind.

THERE was in the Stage-Coach a young Woman and her Maid, she was sitting in a very melancholly Posture, for she was in the Coach before me, and sigh'd most dreadfully all the Way, and whenever her Maid spoke to her, she burst out into Tears; I was not long in the Coach with her, but seeing she made such a dismal Figure, I offer'd to comfort her a little, and enquired into the Occasion of her Affliction, but she would not speak a Word; but her Maid with a Force of crying too, said her Master was dead, at which Word the Lady burst out again into a Passion of crying, and between Mistress and Maid, this was all I could get for the Morning part of that Day: When we came to Dine, I offer'd the Lady, that seeing I supposed, she would not dine with the Company, if she would please to dine with me, I would dine in a seperate Room, for the rest of the Company were Foreigners: Her Maid thank'd me in her Mistresses Name, but her Mistress could eat nothing, and desir'd to be private.

HERE however, I had some Discourse with the Maid, by whom I learn'd that the Lady was Wife to a Captain of a Ship, who was outward Bound to somewhere in the *Streights*, I think it was to *Zant* and *Venice*, that being gone no farther than the *Downs*, he was taken sick, and after about 10 Days Illness had died at *Deal*, that his Wife hearing of his Sickness, had gone to *Deal* to see him, and had come but just Time enough to see him die, had stay'd there to bury him, and was now coming to *London* in a sad disconsolate Condition indeed.

I HEARTILY pitied the young Gentlewoman indeed, and said some Things to her in the Coach, to let her know I did so, which she gave no Answer too, but in Civility, now and then made a Bow, but never gave me the least Opportunity to see her Face, or so much as to know whether she had a Face or no, much less to guess what Form of a Face it was; it was Winter Time, and the Coach put up at *Rocheſter*, not going thro' in a Day, as was usual in Summer; and a little before

fore we came to *Rochester*, I told the Lady I understood she had eat nothing to Day, that such a Course would but make her sick, and doing her Harm, could do her deceased Husband no Good; and therefore I entreated her, that as I was a Stranger, and only offer'd a Civility to her, in order to abate her severely afflicting herself, she would yield so far to Matters of Ceremony, let us Sup together as Passengers, for as to the Strangers, they did not seem to understand the Custom, or to desire it.

SHE bow'd, but gave no Answer, only after pressing her by Arguments, which she could not deny was very civil and kind; she return'd, she gave me Thanks, but she could not eat: Well Madam, said I, do but sit down, tho' you think you cannot eat, perhaps you may eat a Bit; indeed you must eat, or you will destroy yourself at this Rate of Living, and upon the Road too: In a Word you will be Sick indeed; I argued with her, the Maid put in, and said, do Madam, pray try to divert yourself a little; I pressed her again, and she bow'd to me very respectfully, but still said no, and she could not eat; the Maid continu'd to importune her, and said, Dear Madam do, the Gentleman is a civil Gentleman, pray Madam do, and then turning to me said, my Mistress will Sir I hope, and seem'd pleased, and indeed was so.

HOWEVER, I went on to perswade her, and taking no Notice of what her Maid said, that I was a civil Gentleman, I told her, I am a Stranger to you Madam, but if I thought you were shy of me on any Account, as to Civility, I will send my Supper up to you in your Chamber, and stay below myself; she bow'd then to me twice, and look'd up, which was the first Time, and said, she had no Suspicion of that kind, that my Offer was so civil, that she was as much ashamed to refuse it, as she should be ashamed to accept it, if she was where she was known; that she thought I was not quite a Stranger to her, for she had seen me before; that she would accept my Offer, so far as to sit at Table, because I desir'd it, but she could not promise me to eat,

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and that she hop'd I would take the other as a Constraint upon her, in return to so much Kindness.

SHE startled me, when she said she had seen me before, for I had not the least Knowledge of her, nor did I remember so much as to have heard of her Name; for I had ask'd her Name of her Maid, and indeed it made me almost repent my Compliment; for it was many Ways essential to me not to be known: However, I could not go back, and besides, if I was known, it was essentially necessary to me to know who it was that knew me, and by what Circumstances; so I went on with my Compliment.

WE came to the Inn but just before it was dark, I offered to hand my Widow out of the Coach, and she could not decline it, but tho' her Hoods were not then much over her Face, yet being dark, I could see little of her then, I waited on her then to the Stair-foot, and led her up the Inn Stairs to a Dining-Room, which the Master of the House offer'd to show us, as if for the whole Company; but she declin'd going in there, and said, she desir'd rather to go directly to her Chamber, and turning to her Maid, bad her speak to the Inn-keeper to show her her Lodging-Room; so I waited on her to the Door, and took my Leave, telling her I would expect her at Supper.

IN order to treat her moderately well, and not extravagantly, for I had no Thoughts of any Thing farther than Civility, which was the Effect of meer Compassion, for the Unhappiness of the most truly disconsolate Woman that I ever met with: I say, in order to treat her handsomely, but not extravagantly, I provided what the House afforded, which was a couple of Partridges, and a very good Dish of stew'd Oysters; they brought us up afterward, a Neats Tongue and a Ham, that was almost cut quite down, but we eat none of it, for the other was fully enough for us both, and the Maid made her Supper of the Oysters we had left, which were enough.

I MENTION this, because it should appear, I did not treat her as a Person I was making any Court to, for I

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had nothing of that in my Thoughts; but meerly in Pity to the poor Woman, who I saw in a Circumstance that was indeed very unhappy.

WHEN I gave her Maid Notice that Supper was ready, she fetch'd her Mistress, coming in before her with a Candle in her Hand, and then it was that I saw her Face, and being in her *Disabille*, she had no Hoods over her Eyes, or Black upon her Head, when I was truly surprized to see one of the most beautiful Faces upon Earth: I saluted her, and led her to the Fire-side, the Table tho' spread, being too far from the Fire, the Weather being cold.

SHE was now something sociable, tho' very grave, and sigh'd often, on Account of her Circumstances; but she so handsomely govern'd her Grief, yet so artfully made, it mingled itself with all her Discourse, that it added exceedingly to her Behaviour, which was every Way most exquisitely genteel: I had a great deal of Discourse with her, and upon many Subjects, and by Degrees took her Name, that is to say, from herself, as I had done before from her Maid, also the Place where she liv'd, viz. near *Ratcliff*, or rather *Stepney*, where I asked her Leave to pay her a Visit, when she thought fit to admit Company, which she seem'd to intimate would not be a great while.

It is a Subject too surfeiting to entertain People with the Beauty of a Person they will never see; let it suffice to tell them she was the most beautiful Creature of her Sex that I ever saw before or since; and it cannot be wonder'd if I was charm'd with her, the very first Moment I see her Face, her Behaviour was likewise a Beauty in itself, and was so extraordinary, that I cannot say I can describe it.

THE next Day she was much more free than she was the first Night, and I had so much Conversation, as to enter into Particulars of Things on both Sides, also she gave me Leave to come and see her House, which however, I did not do under a Fortnight, or thereabouts, because I did not know how far she would dispense with the Ceremony, which it was necessary to keep up at the beginning of the Mourning.

HOWEVER I came as a Man that had Business with her, relating to the Ship her Husband was dead out of, and the first Time I came was admitted, and in short, the first Time I came I made Love to her, she receiv'd that Proposal with Disdain, I cannot indeed say she treated me with any Disrespect, but she said she abhorred the Offer, and would hear no more of it.

How I came to make such a Proposal to her, I scarce knew then, tho' it was very much my Intention from the first.

IN the mean Time I enquir'd into her Circumstances and her Character, and heard nothing but what was very agreeable of them both; and above all, I found she had the Report of the best humoured Lady, and the best bred of all that Part of the Town; and now I thought I had found what I had so often wish'd for to make me happy, and had twice miscarried in, and resolv'd not to miss her, if it was possible to obtain her.

IT came indeed a little into my Thoughts, that I was a married Man, and had a second Wife alive, who tho' she was false to me, and a Whore, yet I was not legally divorc'd from her, and that she was my Wife for all that; but I soon got over that Part, for first, as she was a Whore, and the Marquis had confessed it to me, I was divorc'd-in Law, and I had a Power to put her away; but having had the Misfortune of fighting a Duel, and being oblig'd to quit the Country, I could not claim the legal Process which was my Right, and therefore might conclude myself as much divorc'd as if it had been actually done, and so that Scruple vanish'd.

I SUFFER'D now two Months to run without pressing my Widow any more, only I had kept a strict Watch to find if any one else pretended to her; at the End of two Months I visited her again, when I found she receiv'd me with more Freedom, and we had no more Sighs and Sobs about the last Husband; and tho' she would not let me press my former Proposal, so far as I thought I might have done, yet I found I had Leave to come again, and it was the Article of Decency which she stood upon as much as any Thing, that I was not disagreeable to her, and that my using her
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so handsomely upon the Road, had given me a great Advantage in her Favour.

I WENT on gradually with her, and gave her Leave to stand off for two Months more; but then I told her the Matter of Decency, which was but a Ceremony, was not to stand in Competition with the Matter of Affection; and in short, I could not bear any longer Delay, but that if she thought fit we might marry privately, and to cut the Story short, as I did my Courtship, in about five Months I got her in the Mind, and we were privately married, and that with so very exact a Concealment, that her Maid that was so instrumental in it, yet had no Knowledge of it for near a Month more.

I WAS now not only in my Imagination, but in Reality the most happy Creature in the World, as I was so infinitely satisfied with, my Wife was indeed the best humour'd Woman in the World, a most accomplish'd beautiful Creature indeed, perfectly well bred, and had not one ill Quality about her, and this Happiness continu'd without the least Interruption for about six Years

BUT I that was to be the most unhappy Fellow alive in the Article of Matrimony, had at last a Disappointment of the worst sort, even here; I had three fine Children by her, and in her Time of her lying-in with the last, she got some Cold, that she did not in a long Time get off, and in short, she grew very sickly: In being so continually ill and out of Order, she very unhappily got a Habit of drinking Cordials and hot Liquors; Drink, like the Devil, when it gets Hold of any one, tho' but a little, it goes on by little and little to their Destruction; so in my Wife, her Stomach being weak and faint, she first took this Cordial, then that, till in short she could not live without them, and from a Drop to a Sup, from a Sup to a Dram, from a Dram to a Glas, and so on to Two, till at last she took in short, to what we call Drinking.

As I liken'd Drink to the Devil, in its gradual Possession of the Habits and Person, so it is yet more like the Devil in its Encroachment on us, where it gets Hold of our Senses; in short, my beautiful, good humour'd,

mour'd, modest, well bred Wife, grew a Beast, a Slave to strong Liquor, and would be drunk at her own Table, nay, in her own Closet by herself, till instead of a well made, fine Shape, she was as fat as an Hostess; her fine Face bloated and blotch'd, had not so much as the Ruins of the most beautiful Person alive, nothing remain'd but a good Eye, that indeed she held to the last: In short, she lost her Beauty, her Shape, her Manners, and at last her Virtue; and giving herself up to Drinking, kill'd herself in about a Year and half after she first began that cursed Trade, in which Time she twice was expos'd in the most scandalous Manner with a Captain of a Ship, who like a Villain, took the Advantage of her being in Drink, and not knowing what she did; but it had this unhappy Effect, that instead of her being asham'd, and repenting of it when she came to herself, it harden'd her in the Crime, and she grew as void of Modesty at last as of Sobriety.

O! the Power of Intemperance! and how it encroaches on the best Dispositions in the World; how it comes upon us gradually and insensibly, and what dismal Effects it works upon our Morals, changing the most virtuous, regular, well instructed, and well inclined Tempers into worse than brutal. That was a good Story, whether real or invented, of the Devil tempting a young Man to murder his Father, No, he said, that was unnatural; why then, says the Devil, go and lie with your Mother; no, says he, that's abominable; well then, says the Devil, if you will do nothing else to oblige me, go and get drunk; ay, ay, says the Fellow, I'll do that, so he went and made himself drunk as a Swine, and when he was drunk he murder'd his Father, and lay with his Mother.

NEVER was a Woman more virtuous, modest, chaste, sober, she never so much as desir'd to drink any Thing strong; it was with the greatest Entreaty that I could prevail with her to drink a Glass or two of Wine, and rarely, if ever, above one or two at a Time, even in Company she had no Inclination to it; not an immodest Word ever came out of her Mouth, nor would she suffer it in any one else in her hearing, without Resentment

sentment and Abhorrence: But upon that Weakness and Illness after her last Lying-in as above, the Nurse pressed her whenever she found herself faint and a sinking of her Spirits, to take this Cordial, and that Dram, to keep up her Spirits, till it became necessary even to keep her alive, and gradually encreased to a Habit, so that it was no longer her Physick but her Food; her Appetite sunk and went quite away, and she eat little or nothing, but came at last to such a dreadful Height, that as I have said, she would be drunk in her own Dressing-Room by 11 o' Clock in the Morning, and in short at last was never sober.

IN this Life of hellish Excess, as I have said, she lost all that was before so valuable in her, and a Villain, if it be proper to call a Man that was really a Gentleman by such a Name, who was an intimate Acquaintance coming to pretend a Visit to her, made her and her Maid so drunk together, that he lay with them both, with the Mistress the Maid being in the Room, and with the Maid, the Mistress being in the Room; after which, he it seems took the like Liberty with them both as often as he thought fit, 'till the Wench being with Child, discover'd it for herself and for her Mistress too. Let any one judge what was my Case now, I that for 6 Years thought myself the happiest Man alive, was now the most miserable distracted Creature: As to my Wife, I lov'd her so well, and was so sensible of the Disaster of her drinking, being the Occasion of it all, that I could not resent it to such a Degree as I had done in her Predecessor, but I pity'd her heartily; however I put away all her Servants, and almost lock'd her up, that is to say, I set new People over her, who would not suffer any one to come near her without my Knowledge.

BUT what to do with the Villain that had thus abused both her and me, that was the Question that remained, to fight him upon equal Terms, I thought was a little hard, that after a Man had treated me as he had done, he deserv'd no fair Play for his Life, so I resolv'd to wait for him in *Stepney* Fields, and which Way he often came Home pretty late, and Pistol him in the

Dark, and if possible, to let him know what I kill'd him for before I did it : But when I came to consider of this, it shock'd my Temper too as well as Principle, and I could not be a Murderer ~~whatever~~ else I could be, or whatever I was provok'd to be.

HOWEVER I resolv'd on the other Hand, that I would severely correct him for what he had done, and it was not long before I had an Opportunity ; for hearing one Morning that he was walking cross the Fields from *Stepney* to *Shadwell*, which Way I knew he often went, I waited for his coming Home again, and fairly met him.

I HAD not many Words with him, but told him I had long look'd for him ; that he knew the Villainy he had been guilty of in my Family, and he could not believe since he knew also, that I was fully inform'd of it ; but that I must be a great Coward as well as a Cuckold, or that I would resent it, and that it was now a very proper Time to call him to an Account for it, and therefore bad him, if he durst show his Face to what he had done, and defend the Name of a Captain of a Man of War, as they said he had been, to draw.

HE seem'd surpriz'd at the Thing, and began to parly, and would lessen the Crime of it, but I told him it was not a Time to talk that Way, since he could not deny the Fact ; and to lessen the Crime, was to lay it the more upon the Woman, who, I was sure if he had not first debauch'd with Wine, he could never have brought to the rest ; and seeing he refused to draw, I knock'd him down with my Cane at one Blow, and I would not strike him again while he lay on the Ground, but waited to see him recover a little, for I saw plainly he was not kill'd ; in a few Minutes he came to himself again, and then I took him fast by one Wrist, and can'd him as severely as I was able, and as long as I could hold it for want of Breath, but forbore his Head, because I was resolv'd he should feel it ; in this Condition at last he begg'd for Mercy, but I was Deaf to all Pity a great while, till he roar'd out like a Boy soundly whip'd ; then I took his Sword from him, and broke it before his Face, and left him on the Ground,

Ground, giving him two or three Kicks on the Back-side, and bad him go and take the Law of me, if he thought fit.

I HAD now as much Satisfaction, as indeed could be taken of a Coward, and had no more to say to him : But as I knew it would make a great Noise about the Town, I immediately remov'd my Family, and that I might be perfectly conceal'd, went into the North of *England*, and liv'd in a little Town call'd —, not far from *Lancaster*, where I liv'd retir'd, and was no more heard of, for about two Years. My Wife, tho' more confin'd than she used to be, and so kept up from the lewd Part ; which I believe, in the Intervals of her Intemperance, she was truly ashamed of, and abhorr'd ; yet retain'd the drinking Part, which becoming, (as I have said) necessary for her Subsistence, she soon ruin'd her Health, and in about a Year and a half after my Removal into the *North*, she died.

THUS I was once more a free Man, and as one would think, should by this Time have been fully satisfy'd that Matrimony was not appointed to be a State of Felicity to me.

I SHOULD have mention'd, that the Villain of a Captain, who I had drub'd, (as above) pretended to make a great Stir about my assaulting him on the Highway, and that I had fallen upon him with three Ruffians, with an Intent to murder him, and this began to obtain Belief among the People in the Neighbourhood : I sent him Word of so much of it as I had heard, and told him, I hoped it did not come from his own Mouth, but if it did, I expected he would publicly disown it, he himself declaring he knew it to be false ; or else I should be forced to act the same Thing over again, till I had disciplin'd him into better Manners ; and that he might be assured, that if he continued to pretend that I had any Body with me when I caned him, I would publish the whole Story in Print, and besides that, would cane him again wherever I met him, and as often as I met him, till he thought fit to defend himself with his Sword like a Gentleman.

He gave me no Answer to this Letter, and the Satisfaction I had for that was, that I gave twenty or thirty Copies of it about among the Neighbours, which made it as publick as if I had printed it, (that is, as to his Acquaintance and mine) and made him so hiss'd at, and hated, that he was obliged to remove into some other part of the Town, whither, I did not enquire.

My Wife being now dead, I knew not what Course to take in the World, and I grew so disconsolate and discouraged, that I was next Door to being distemper'd, and sometimes indeed, I thought myself a little touch'd in my Head. But it prov'd nothing but Vapours, and the Vexation of this Affair, and in about a Year's Time, or thereabouts, it wore off again.

I HAD rambl'd up and down in a most discontented unsettled Posture after this, I say, about a Year, and then I consider'd I had three innocent Children, and I could take no Care of them, and that I must either go away, and leave them to the wide World, or settle here, and get some Body to look after them, and that better a Mother-in-Law, than no Mother, for to live such a wandering Life it would not do; so I resolv'd I would Marry as any Thing offer'd, tho' it was mean, and the meaner the better; I concluded my next Wife should be only taken as an upper Servant, that is to say, a Nurse to my Children, and House-keeper to myself, and let her be Whore or honest Woman, said I, as she likes best, I am resolv'd I won't much concern myself about that, for I was now one desperate, that valued not how Things went.

IN this careless, and indeed, rash foolish Humour, I talk'd to myself thus; if I marry an honest Woman, my Children will be taken Care of; if she be a Slut, and abuses me, as I see every Body does, I'll Kidnap her and send her to *Virginia*, to my Plantations there, and there she shall work hard enough, and fare hard enough to keep her chaste, I'll warrant her.

I KNEW well enough at first, that these were mad hare-brain'd Notions, and I thought no more of being serious in them, than I thought of being a Man in the Moon: But I know not how it happen'd to me, I
reason'd

reason'd and talk'd to myself in this wild Manner so long, that I brought myself to be seriously desperate; that is, to resolve upon another Marriage, with all the Suppositions of Unhappiness that could be imagined to fall out.

AND yet even this rash Resolution of my Senses did not come presently to Action; for I was half a Year after this, before I fix'd upon any Thing; at last, as he that seeks Mischief shall certainly find it, so it was with me, there happen'd to be a young, or rather a middle aged Woman in the next Town, which was but half a Mile off, who usually was at my House, and among my Children every Day, when the Weather was tolerable; and tho' she came but meerly as a Neighbour, and to see us, yet she was always helpful in directing and ordering Things for them, and mighty handy about them, as well before my Wife died as after.

HER Father was one that I employed often to go to *Liverpool*, and sometimes to *Whitehaven*, and do Business for me; for having, as it were, settled myself in the Northern Parts of *England*, I had order'd part of my Effects to be shipp'd, as Occasion of Shipping offered, to either of those two Towns, to which (the War continuing very sharp) it was safer coming as to Privateers, than about thro' the *Channel* to *London*.

I took a mighty Fancy at last, that this Girl would answer my End, particularly that I saw she was mighty useful among the Children, so on the other Hand, the Children lov'd her very well, and I resolv'd to love her too, flattering myself mightily, that as I had married two Gentlewomen, and one Citizen, and they prov'd all three Whores, I should now find what I wanted in an innocent Country Wench.

I took up a world of Time in considering of this Matter; indeed, scarce any of my Matches were done without very mature Consideration; the second was the worst in that Article, but in this I thought of it, I believe, four Months most seriously before I resolv'd, and that very Prudence spoil'd the whole Thing; however, at last being resolv'd, I took Mrs. *Margaret* one Day as she pass'd by my Parlour-Door, call'd her in,
and

and told her I wanted to speak with her; she came readily in, but blush'd mightily, when I bad her sit down, for I bad her sit down in a Chair just by me.

I us'd no great Ceremony with her, but told her, that I had observ'd she had been mighty kind to my Children, and was very tender to them, and that they all lov'd her, and that if she and I could agree about it, I intended to make her their Mother, if she was not engag'd to some Body else; the Girl sat still, and said never a Word, till I said those Words, *if she was not engag'd to some Body else*; however, I took no Notice of it, other than this, look ye *Moggy*, said I, (so they call them in the Country) if you have promis'd yourself you must tell me; for we all knew that a young Fellow, a good Clergyman's wicked Son, had hung about her a great while, two or three Year, and made Love to her, but could never get the Girl in the Mind it seems to have him.

SHE knew I was not ignorant of it, and therefore, after her first Surprize was over, she told me Mr. — had, as I knew often, come after her, but she had never promis'd him any Thing, and had for several Years refus'd him; her Father always telling her that he was a wicked Fellow, and that he would be her Ruin if she had him.

WELL, *Moggy*, then, says I, what dost say to me, art thou free to make me a Wife? She blush'd, and look'd down upon the Ground, and would not speak a good while; but when I press'd her to tell me, she look'd up, and said, she suppos'd I was but jesting with her; well, I got over that, and told her, I was in very good Earnest with her, and I took her for a sober, honest, modest Girl, and as, I said, one that my Children lov'd mighty well, and I was in Earnest with her, if she would give me her Consent: I would give her my Word that I would have her, and we would be married To-morrow Morning; she look'd up again at that, and smil'd a little, and said no, that was too soon too to say yes; she hop'd I would give her some Time to consider of it, and to talk with her Father about it.

I TOLD her she needed not much Time to consider about it, but however, I would give her till To-morrow Morning, which was a great while ; by this Time I had kiss'd *Moggy* two or three Times, and she began to be freer with me, and when I press'd her to marry me the next Morning, she laugh'd, and told me it was not lucky to be married in her old Cloaths.

I STOPP'D her Mouth presently with that, and told her she should not be married in her old Cloaths, for I would give her some new ; ay, it may be afterwards, says *Moggy*, and laugh'd again : No, just now, says I, come along with me *Moggy* ; so I carried her up Stairs into my Wife's Room that was, and shew'd her a new Morning Gown of my Wife's, that she had never worn above two or three Times, and several other fine Things ; look you there *Moggy*, says I, there's a Wedding Gown for you, give me your Hand now that you will have me To-morrow Morning ; and as to your Father, you know he is gone to *Liverpool* on my Business, but I will answer for it, he shall not be angry when he comes Home to call his Master Son-in-Law, and I ask him no Portion ; therefore give me thy Hand for it *Moggy*, says I, very merrily to her, and kiss'd her again, and the Girl gave me her Hand, and very pleasantly too, and I was mightily pleas'd with it, I assure you.

THERE liv'd about three Doors from us, an antient Gentleman, who pass'd for a Doctor of Physick, but who was really a *Romish* Priest in Orders, as there are many in that Part of the Country, and in the Evening I sent to speak with him : He knew that I understood his Profession, and that I had liv'd in *Popish* Countries, and in a Word, believ'd me a *Roman* too, for I was such Abroad : When he came to me, I told him the Occasion for which I sent for him, and that it was to be To-morrow Morning ; he readily told me, if I would come, and see him in the Evening, and bring *Moggy* with me, he would marry us in his own Study, and that it was rather more private to do it in the Evening, than in the Morning ; so I call'd *Moggy* again to me, and told her, since she and I had agreed the Matter for
To-morrow,

To-morrow, it was as well to be done over Night, and told her what the Doctor had said. *MOGGY* blush'd again, and said, she must go Home first, that she could not be ready before To-morrow; look ye *Moggy*, says I, you are my Wife now, and you shall never go away from me a Maid, I know what you mean, you would go Home to shift you: Come *Moggy*, says I, come along with me again up Stairs, so I carried her to a Chest of Linnen, where was several new Shifts, of my last Wife's, which she had never worn at all, and some that had been worn, there's a clean Smock for you *Moggy*, says I, and To-morrow you shall have all the rest: When I had done this, now *Moggy*, says I, go and dress you; so I lock'd her in, and went down Stairs; knock, says I, when you are dress'd.

AFTER some Time, *Moggy* did not knock, but down she came into my Room, compleatly dress'd, for there were several other Things that I had her take, and the Cloaths fitted her as if they had been made for her, it seems she slip't the Lock back!

WELL *Moggy*, says I, now you see you shan't be marry'd in your old Cloaths, so I took her in my Arms and kiss'd her, and well pleased I was, as ever I was in my Life, or with any Thing I ever did in my Life; as soon as it was dark, *Moggy* slip'd away before-hand, as the Doctor and I had agreed, to the old Gentleman's House-keeper, and he came in about half an Hour after, and there we were marry'd in the Doctor's Study, that is to say, in his Oratory, or Chapel, a little Room within his Study, and we staid and sup'd with him afterward.

WHEN after a short Stay more, I went Home first, because I would send the Children all to Bed, and the other Servants out of the Way; and *Moggy* came some Time after, and so we lay together that Night; the next Morning I let all the Family know that *Moggy* was my Wife, and my three Children were rejoic'd at it to the last Degree: And now I was a marry'd Man a fourth Time; and in short, I was really more happy in this plain Country Girl, than with any of all the

Wives

Wives I had had : She was not young, being about 33, but she brought me a Son the first Year ; she was very pretty, well shap'd, and of a merry chearful Disposition, but not a Beauty ; she was an admirable Family Manager, lov'd my former Children, and us'd them not at all the worse for having some of her own, in a Word, she made me an excellent Wife ; but liv'd with me but four Years, and died of a Hurt she got of a Fall while she was with Child, and in her I had a very great Loss indeed.

AND yet such was my Fate in Wives, that after all the Blushing and Backwardness of Mrs. *Moggy* at first, Mrs. *Moggy* had, it seems, made a Slip in her younger Days, and was got with Child ten Year before, by a Gentleman of a great Estate in that Country, who promised her Marriage, and afterwards deserted her : But as that had happen'd long before I came into the Country, and the Child was dead and forgotten, the People were so good to her, and so kind to me, that hearing I had marry'd her, no Body ever spoke of it, neither did I ever hear of it, or suspect it, till after she was in her Grave, and then it was of small Consequence to me one way or other, and she was a faithful, virtuous, obliging Wife to me. I had very severe Affliction indeed, while she lived with me, for the *Small-Pox*, a frightful Distemper in that Country, broke into my Family, and carry'd off three of my Children, and a Maid-Servant ; so that I had only one of my former Wife's, and one by my *Moggy*, the first a Son, the last a Daughter.

WHILE these Things were in Agitation, came on the Invasion of the *Scots*, and the Fight at *Preston*, and I have Cause to bless the Memory of my *Moggy*, for I was all on Fire on that Side, and just going away with Horse and Arms, to join the Lord *Derwentwater* ; but *Moggy* begg'd me off, (as I may call it) and hung about me so, with her Tears and Importunities, that I sat still and look'd on, for which I had Reason to be thankful.

I was really a sorrowful Father, and the Loss of my Children stuck close to me, but the Loss of my Wife stuck closer to me than all the rest, nor was my Grief lessen'd,

lessen'd, or my kindest Thoughts abated in the least, by the Account I heard of her former Miscarriages, seeing they were so long before I knew her, and were not discover'd by me, or to me, in her Life-time.

ALL these Things put together made me very comfortless: And now I thought Heaven summon'd me to retire to *Virginia*, the Place, and (as I may say) the only Place I had been bless'd at, or had met with any Thing that deserv'd the Name of Success in, and where indeed, my Affairs being in good Hands, the Plantations were increas'd to such a Degree, that some Years my Return here made up eight Hundred Pound, and one Year almost a Thousand; so I resolv'd to leave my native Country once more, and taking my Son with me, and leaving *Moggy's* Daughter with her Grandfather, I made him my principal Agent, left him considerable in his Hands, for the Maintenance of the Child, and left my Will in his Hand, by which, if I died before I should otherwise provide for her, I left her 2000 *l.* Portion, to be paid by my Son out of the Estate I had in *Virginia*, and the whole Estate if he died unmarried.

I EMBARK'D for *Virginia*, in the Year —, at the Town of *Liverpool*, and had a tollerable Voyage thither, only that we met with a Pyrate Ship, in the Latitude of 48 Degrees, who plunder'd us of every Thing they could come at that was for their Turn, that is to say, Provisions, Ammunition, small Arms and Money; but to give the Rogues their due, tho' they were the most abandon'd Wretches that were ever seen, they did not use us ill; and as to my Loss, it was not considerable, the Cargo which I had on Board, was in Goods, and was of no Use to them; nor could they come at those Things without rumaging the whole Ship, which they did not think worth their while.

I FOUND all my Affairs in very good Order at *Virginia*, my Plantations prodigiously increas'd, and my Manager, who first inspired me with travelling Thoughts, and made me Master of any Knowledge worth naming, receiv'd me with a Transport of Joy, after a Ramble of four and twenty Years.

I THOUGHT

I OUGHT to remember it to the Encouragement of all faithful Servants, that he gave me an Account, which I believe was critically Just, of the whole Affair of the Plantations, each by themselves, and ballanc'd in Years, every Year's Produce being fully transmitted, Charges deducted, to my Order at *London*.

I WAS exceedingly satisfied, as I had good Reason indeed with his Management, and with his Management, as much in its Degree of his own, I can safely say it: He had improv'd a very large Plantation of his own at the same Time, which he began upon the Foot of the Country's Allowance of Land, and the Encouragement he had from me.

WHEN he had given me all this pleasing agreeable Account, you will not think it strange, that I had a Desire to see the Plantations, and to view all the Servants, which in both the Works were upwards of three Hundred; and as my Tutor generally bought some every Fleet that came from *England*, I had the Mortification to see two or three of the *Preston* Gentlemen there, who being Prisoners of War, were spar'd from the publick Execution, and sent over for to that Slavery, which to Gentlemen must be worse than Death.

I DO not mention what I did or said, relating to them here, I shall speak at large of it, when the rest of them came over, which more nearly concern'd me.

BUT one Circumstance occur'd to me here, that equally surpriz'd me, and terrify'd me to the last Degree; looking over all the Servants, as I say above, and viewing the Plantations narrowly and frequently, I came one Day by a Place where some Women were at Work by themselves: I was seriously reflecting on the Misery of human Life, when I saw some of those poor Wretches; thought I, they have perhaps liv'd gay, and pleasantly in the World, notwithstanding, thro' a Variety of Distresses, they may have been brought to this; and if a Body was to hear the History of some of them now, it would perhaps be as moving, and as seasonable a Sermon as any Minister in the Country could Preach.

WHILE I was musing thus, and looking at the Women, on a sudden I heard a Combustion among other of the Women Servants, who were almost behind me in the same Work, and Help was call'd loudly for, one of the Women having swoon'd away; they said she would die immediately if something was not done to relieve her; I had nothing about me, but a little Bottle, which we always carried about us there with Rum, to give any Servant a Dram that merited that Favour; so I turn'd my Horse, and went up towards the Place; but as the poor Creature was lying flat on the Ground, and the rest of the Women Servants about her, I did not see her, but gave them the Bottle, and they rub'd her Temples with it, and with much a-do brought her to Life, and gave her a little to drink, but she could drink none of it, and was exceeding ill afterwards, so that she was carried to the Infirmary, so the call it in the Religious Houses in *Italy*, where the sick Nuns or Friars are carried; but here in *Virginia*, I think they should call it the Condemn'd-hole, for it really was only a Place just fit for People to die in, not a Place to be cur'd in.

THE sick Woman refusing to drink, one of the Women Servants brought me the Bottle again, and I had them drink it among them, which had almost set them together by the Ears for the Liquor, there being not enough to give every one a Sup.

I WENT Home to my House immediately, and reflecting on the miserable Provision was wont to be made for poor Servants, when they were sick, I enquir'd of my Manager, if it was so still? He said, he believ'd mine was better than any in the Country; but he confess'd it was but sad Lodging; however, he said, he would go and look after it immediately, and see how it was.

HE came to me again about an Hour after, and told me the Woman was very ill, and frighted with her Condition, that she seem'd to be very Penitent, for some Things in her past Life, which lay heavy upon her Mind, believing she should die; that she ask'd him,
if

if there was no Ministers to comfort poor dying Servants ? And he told her, that she knew they had no Minister nearer than such a Place ; but that if she liv'd till Morning, he should be sent for. He told me also, that he had remov'd her into a Room where their chief Workman us'd to Lodge ; that he had given her a Pair of Sheets, and every Thing he could, that he thought she wanted, and had appointed another Woman Servant to tend her, and sit up with her.

WELL, says I, that's well, for I cannot bear to have poor Creatures lie and perish, by the meer Hardship of the Place they are in, when they are Sick, and want Help : Besides, said I, some of those unfortunate Creatures, they call Convicts, may be People that have been tenderly brought up. Really Sir, says he, this poor Creature I always said had something of a Gentlewoman in her, I could see it by her Behaviour, and I have heard the other Women say, that she liv'd very great once, and that she had fifteen Hundred Pound to her Portion, and I dare say she has been a handsome Woman in her Time, and she has a Hand as fine as a Ladies now, tho' it be tanned with the Weather ; I dare say she was never brought up to Labour as she does here, and she says to the rest that it will kill her.

TRULY, says I, it may be so, and that may be the Reason that she faints under it ; and, I added, is there nothing you can put her to within Doors, that may not be so Laborious, and expose her to so much Heat and Cold ; he told me yes, there was ; he could set her to be the House-keeper, for the Woman that lately was such, was out of her Time, and was married and turn'd Planter. Why then let her have it, said I, if she recovers, and in the mean Time go, said I, and tell her so, perhaps the Comfort of it may help to restore her.

He did so, and with that, taking good Care of her, and giving her good warm Diet, the Woman recover'd, and in a little Time was Abroad again ; for it was the meer Weight of Labour, and being expos'd to hard Lodging, and mean Diet, to one so tenderly bred, that struck her, and she fainted at her Work.

WHEN she was made House-keeper, she was quite another Body ; she put all the Household into such excellent Order, and manag'd their Provisions so well, that my Tutor admir'd her Conduct, and would be every now and then speaking of her to me, that she was an excellent Manager ; I'll warrant, says he, she has been bred a Gentlewoman, and she has been a fine Woman in her Time too : In a Word, he said so many good Things of her, that I had a Mind to see her ; so one Day I took Occasion to go to the Plantation-House, as they call'd it, and into a Parlour, always reserv'd for the Master of the Plantation ; there she had Opportunity to see me before I could see her, and as soon as she had seen me, she knew me ; but indeed, had I seen her an hundred Times, I should not have known her ; she was, it seems, in the greatest Confusion and Surprise at seeing who I was, that it was possible for any one to be ; and when I order'd my Manager to bring her into the Room, he found her crying, and begg'd him to excuse her, that she was frighted, and should die away, if she came near me.

I NOT imagining any Thing, but that the poor Creature was afraid of me, (for Masters in *Virginia* are terrible Things) bad him tell her she need to be under no Concern at my calling for her, for it was not for any Hurt, nor for any Displeasure, but that I had some Orders to give her ; so having, as he thought, encourag'd her, (tho' her Surprise was of another Kind) he brought her in ; when she came in, she held a Handkerchief in her Hand, wiping her Eyes, as if she had cry'd, Mrs. House-keeper, said I, (speaking chearfully to her) don't be concern'd at my sending for you, I have had a very good Account of your Management, and I call'd for you, to let you know I am very well pleas'd with it ; and if it falls in my Way to do you any good, if your Circumstances will allow it, I may be willing enough to help you out of your Misery.

SHE made low Curtisies, but said nothing ; however, she was so far encourag'd, that she took her Hand from her Face, and I saw her Face fully, and I believe she did

did it, desiring I should discover who she was, but I really knew nothing of her any more, than if I had never seen her in my Life; but went on, as I thought, to encourage her, as I us'd to do with any that I saw deserv'd it.

In the mean Time my Tutor, who was in the Room, went out on some Business or other, I know not what; as soon as he was gone, she burst out into a Passion, and fall down on her Knees just before me: *O! Sir,* says she, *I see you don't know me, be merciful to me, I am your miserable divorc'd Wife!*

I was astonish'd, I was frighted, I trembled like one in an Ague, I was speechless; in a Word, I was ready to sink, and she fell flat on her Face, and lay there, as if she had been dead: I was speechless, I say, as a Stone, I had only presence of Mind enough to step to the Door, and fasten it, that my Tutor might not come in: Then going back to her, I took her up, and spoke comfortably to her, and told her, I no more knew her, than if I had never seen her.

O! Sir, said she, *Afflictions are dreadful Things, such as I have suffer'd have been enough to alter my Countenance; but forgive,* said she, *for God's Sake the Injuries I have done you: I have paid dear for all my Wickedness, and 'tis Just, 'tis Righteous that God should bring me to your Foot, to ask your Pardon for all my brutish Doings: Forgive me Sir,* said she, *I beseech you, and let me be your Slave or Servant for it as long as I live, 'tis all I ask:* And with those Words, she fell upon her Knees again, and cry'd so vehemently, that it was impossible for her to stop it, or to speak a Word more. I took her up again, made her sit down, desir'd her to compose herself, and to hear what I was going to say, tho' indeed it touch'd me so sensibly, I was hardly able to speak any more than she was.

FIRST, I told her it was such a Surprize to me, that I was not able to say much to her, and indeed the Tears ran down my Face almost as fast as they did on hers, I told her that I should only tell her now, that as no Body had yet known any Thing that had pass'd, so it

was absolutely necessary not a Word of it should be known, that it should not be the worse for her, that she was thus thrown into my Hands again; but that I could do nothing for her if it was known, and therefore that her future good, or ill Fortune, would depend upon her entire concealing it; that as my Manager would come in again presently, she should go back to her Part of the House, and go on in the Business, as she did before; that I would come to her, and talke more at large with her in a Day or two; so she retir'd, after assuring me that not a Word of it should go out of her Mouth, and indeed she was willing to retire before my Tutor came again, that he might not see the Agony she was in.

I WAS so perplex'd about this surprizing Incident, that I hardly knew what I did or said all that Night, nor was I come to any settled Resolution in the Morning, what Course to take in it: However, in that Morning I call'd my Tutor, and told him that I had been exceedingly concern'd about the poor distress'd Creature, the House-keeper; that I had heard some of her Story, which was very dismal; that she had been in very good Circumstances, and was bred very well, and that I was glad he had remov'd her out of the Field into the House; but still she was almost naked, and that I would have him go to the Warehouse, and give her some Linnen, especially Head-Cloaths, and all Sorts of small Things, such as Hoods, Gloves, Stockings, Shoes, Petticoats, &c. and to let her chuse for herself; also a Morning-Gown of Callicoe, and a Mantua of a better kind of Callicoe; that is to say, to new Cloath her, which he did: But brought me Word, that he found her all in Tears, and that she had cry'd all Night long, and in short, he believ'd she would indeed cry herself to Death; that all the while she was receiving the Things he gave her, she cry'd; that now and then she would struggle with, and stop it, but that then upon another Word speaking, she would burst out again, so that it griev'd every Body that saw her.

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I WAS really affected with her Case very much, but struggled hard with myself to hide it, and turn'd the Discourse to something else; in the mean Time, tho' I did not go to her the next Day, nor till the third Day, yet I studied Day and Night how to act, and what I should do in this remarkable Case.

WHEN I came to the House, which was the third Day, she came into the Room I was in, cloath'd all over with my Things which I had ordered her, and told me, *She thank'd God she was now my Servant again, and wore my Livery, thank'd me for the Cloaths I had sent her, and said it was much more than she had deserv'd from me.*

I THEN entered into Discourses with her, no Body being present but ourselves, and first I told her, She should name no more of the unkind Things that had past; for she had humbled herself more than enough on that Subject, and I would never reproach her with any Thing that was past, I found that she had been the deepest Sufferer by far; I told her it was impossible for me, in my present Circumstances, to receive her there as a Wife, who came over as a Convict, neither did she know so little as to desire it: But, I told her, I might be instrumental to put an End to her Misfortunes in the World, and especially to the miserable Part of it, which was her present Load, provided she could effectually keep her own Council, and never let the Particulars come out of her Mouth, and that from the Day she did, she might date her irrecoverable Ruin.

SHE was as sensible of the Necessity of that Part, as I was, and told me all she could claim of me, would be only to deliver her from her present Calamity, that she was not able to support; and that then, if I pleased, she might live such a Life, as that she might apply the Residue of what Time she should have, wholly to Repentance; that she was willing to do the meanest Offices in the World for me; and tho' she should rejoice to hear that I would forgive her former Life, yet that she would not look any higher than to be my Servant, as long as she liv'd; and in the mean Time, I might be

satisfy'd she would never let any Creature so much as know that I had ever seen her before.

I ASK'D her, if she was willing to let me into any Part of the History of her Life, since she and I parted, but I did not insist upon it otherwise, than as she thought convenient; she said, as her Breach with me began first in Folly, and ended in Sin, so her whole Life afterward was a continu'd Series of Calamity, Sin and Sorrow, Sin and Shame, and at last Misery; that she was deluded into gay Company, and to an expensive Way of Living, which betray'd her to several wicked Courses to support the Expences of it; that after a thousand Distresses and Difficulties, being not able to maintain herself, she was reduced to extreme Poverty.

THAT she would many Times have humbled herself to me in the lowest and most submissive Manner in the World, being sincerely Penitent for her first Crime, but that she never could hear of me, nor which Way I was gone; that she was by that Means so abandon'd, that she wanted Bread, and those Wants and Distresses brought her into bad Company of another Kind, and that she fell in among a Gang of Thieves, with whom she herded for some Time, and got Money enough a great while, but under the greatest Dread and Terror imaginable, being in the constant Fear of coming to Shame, that afterwards, what she fear'd, was come upon her, and for a very trifling Attempt, in which she was not Principal, but accidentally concern'd, she was sent to this Place. She told me, her Life was such a Collection of various Fortunes, up and down, in Plenty, and in Misery; in Prison, and at Liberty; at Ease, and in Torment; that it would take up a great many Days to give me a History of it; that I was come to see the End of it, as I had seen the best Part of the Beginning; that I knew she was brought up tenderly, and fair'd delicately; but that now she was with the *Prodigal*, brought to desire Husks with Swine, and even to want that Supply: Her Tears flow'd so strongly upon this Discourse, that they frequently interrupted her, so that she could not go on without Difficulty, and at last

last could not go on at all; so I told her, I would excuse her telling any more of her Story at that Time; that I saw it was but a renewing of her Grief, and that I would rather contribute to her forgetting what was past, and desir'd her to say no more of it, so I broke off that Part.

IN the mean Time, I told her, since Providence had thus cast her upon my Hands again, I would take Care that she should not want, and that she should not live hardly neither, tho' I could go no farther at present, and thus we parted for that Time, and we continu'd in the Business of House-keeper, only, that to ease her, I gave her an Assistant, and tho' I would not have it call'd so, it was neither more nor less than a Servant to wait on her, and do every Thing for her, and told her too; that it was so.

AFTER she had been some Time in this Place, she recover'd her Spirits, and grew chearful; her fallen Flesh plump'd up, and the sunk and hollow Parts fill'd again; so that she began to recover something of that Brightness, and charming Countenance, which was once so very agreeable to me; and sometimes I could not help having warm Desires towards her, and of taking her into her first Station again; but there were many Difficulties occur'd, which I could not get over a great while.

BUT in the mean Time another odd Accident happen'd, which put me to a very great Difficulty, and more than I could have thought such a Thing could be capable of; my Tutor, a Man of Wit and Learning, and full of generous Principles, who was at first mov'd with Compassion for the Misery of this Gentlewoman, and even then, thought there were some Things more than common in her, as I have hinted: Now, when, as I say, she was recover'd, and her sprightly Temper restor'd and comforted, he was charm'd so with her Conversation, that in short, he fell in Love with her.

I HINTED in my former Account of her, that she had a charming Tongue, was Mistress of abundance of Wit, that she sung incomparably fine, and was perfectly

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ly well bred, these all remained with her still; and made her a very agreeable Person; and in short, he came to me one Evening, and told me, that he came to ask my Leave to let him marry the House-keeper.

I was exceedingly perplex'd at this Proposal, but however, I gave him no Room to perceive that; I told him I hop'd he had consider'd well of it before he brought it so far as to offer it to me, and supposed that he had agreed that Point so, that I had no Consent to give, but as she had almost four Year of her Time to serve.

He answered no, he paid such a Regard to me, that he would not so much as take one Step in such a Thing without my Knowledge, and assured me, he had not so much as mentioned it to her: I knew not what Answer indeed to make to him, but at last I resolv'd to put it off from myself to her, because then I should have Opportunity to talk with her before hand; so I told him he was perfectly free to act in the Matter as he thought fit; that I could not say either one Thing or another to it, neither had I any right to meddle in it; as to her serving out her Time with me, that was a Trifle, and not worth naming, but I hop'd he would consider well every Circumstance before he entered upon such an Affair as that.

He told me he had fully consider'd it already, and that he was resolv'd seeing I was not against it, to have her whatever came of it, for he believ'd he should be the happiest Man alive with her; then he run on in his Character of her, how clever a Woman she was in the Management of all manner of Business, what admirable Conversation she was, what a Wit, what a Memory, what a vast Share of Knowledge, and the like; all which I knew to be the Truth, and yet short of her just Character too; for as she was all that formerly when she was mine, she was vastly improv'd in the School of Affliction, and was all the bright Part, with a vast Addition of Temper, Prudence, Judgment, and all that she formerly wanted.

I HAD not much Patience, as you may well imagine, till I saw my honest House-keeper, to communicate this Secret to her, and to see what Course she would steer on so nice an Occasion; but I was suddenly taken so ill with a Cold, which held for two Days, that I could not stir out of Doors; and in this Time the Matter was all done and over, for my Tutor had gone the same Night, and made his Attack, but was coldly receiv'd at first, which very much surpriz'd him; for he made no Doubt to have her Consent at first Word; however, the next Day he came again, and again the third Day, when finding he was in earnest, and yet that she could not think of any Thing of that kind, she told him in few Words, that she thought herself greatly oblig'd to him for such a Testimony of his Respect to her, and should have embrac'd it willingly, as any Body would suppose one in her Circumstances should do, but that she would not abuse him so much; for that she must acknowledge to him, she was under Obligations that prevented her, that was in short, that she was a married Woman, and had a Husband alive.

THIS was so sincere, but so effectual an Answer, that he could have no Room to reply one Word to it; but that he was very sorry, and that it was a very great Affliction to him, and as great a Disappointment as ever he met with.

THE next Day after he had receiv'd this Repulse, I came to the Plantation-House, and sending for the House-keeper, I began with her, and told her that I understood she would have a very advantageous Proposal made to her, and that I would have her consider well of it, and then told her what my Tutor had said to me.

SHE immediately fell a crying, at which I seem'd to wonder very much. O! Sir, says she, how can you name such a Thing to me? I told her that I could name it the better to her, because I had been married myself since I parted from her: Yes Sir, says she, but the Case alters, the Crime being on my Side, I ought not to marry; but, says she, that is not the Reason at all, but I cannot do it; I pretended to press her to it,

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(tho' not sincerely I must acknowledge, for my Heart had turned toward her for some Time, and I had fully forgiven her in my Mind all her former Conduct) but, I say, I seem'd to press her to it, at which she burst out in a Passion; No, no, says she, let me be your Slave, rather than the best Man's Wife in the World: I reasoned with her upon her Circumstances, and how such a Marriage would restore her to a State of Ease and Plenty, and none in the World might ever know or suspect who or what she had been, but she could not bear it; but with Tears again raising her Voice, that I was afraid she would be heard. I beseech you, says she, do not speak of it any more, I was once yours, and I will never belong to any Man else in the World; let me be as I am; or any Thing else you please to make me, but not a Wife to any Man alive but yourself.

I was so mov'd with the Passion she was in at speaking this, that I knew not what I said or did for some Time; at length I said to her, it is a great Pity you had not long ago been as sincere as you are now, it had been better for us both; however, as it is, you shall not be forced to any Thing against your Mind, nor shall you be the worse treated for refusing; but how will you put him off? No doubt he expects you will receive his Proposal, as an Advantage, and as he sees no farther into your Circumstances, so it is. O! Sir, says she, I have done all that already, he has his Answer, and is fully satisfied; he will never trouble you any more on that Head, and then she told me what Answer she had given him.

FROM that Minute I resolv'd that I would certainly take her again to be my Wife as before, I thought she had fully made me Amends for her former ill Conduct, and she deserv'd to be forgiven; and so indeed she did, if ever Woman did; considering also what dreadful Penitance she had undergone, and how long she had liv'd in Misery and Distress; and that Providence had, as it were, cast her upon me again, and above all, had given her such an Affection to me, and so resolv'd a Mind, that she could refuse so handsome an Offer of Deliverance, rather than be farther separated from me.

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As I resolv'd this in my Mind, so I thought it was cruel to conceal it any longer from her; nor indeed could I contain myself any longer, but I took her in my Arms; well says I, you have given me such a Testimony of Affection in this, that I can no longer withstand, I forgive you all that ever was between us on this Account, and since you will be no Body's but mine, you shall be mine again as you were at first.

BUT this was too much for her the other Way, and now she was so far over-come with my yielding to her, that had she not got vent to her Passion, by the most vehement crying, she must have died in my Arms, and I was forc'd to let her go, and set her down in a Chair, where she cry'd for a Quarter of an Hour before she could speak a Word.

WHEN she was come to herself enough to talk again, I told her we must consider of a Method how to bring this to pass; and that it must not be done by publishing there that she was my Wife before, for that would expose us both, but that I would openly marry her again; this she agreed was very rational, and accordingly about two Months after we were married again, and no Man in the World ever enjoy'd a better Wife, or liv'd more happy than we both did for several Years after.

AND now I began to think my Fortunes were settled for this World, and I had nothing before me but to finish a Life of infinite Variety, such as mine had been, with a comfortable Retreat, being both made wiser by our Sufferings and Difficulties, and able to judge for ourselves what kind of Life would be best adapted to our present Circumstances, and in what Station we might look upon ourselves to be most compleatly happy.

BUT Man is a short sighted Creature at best, and in nothing more than in that of fixing his own Felicity, or, as we may say, choosing for himself: One would have thought, and so my Wife often suggested to me, that the State of Life that I was now in, was as perfectly calculated to make a Man compleatly happy, as any private Station in the World could be: We had an Estate more than sufficient, and daily encreasing, for the
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supporting any State or Figure that in that Place we could propose to ourselves, or even desire to live in: We had every Thing that was pleasant and agreeable, without the least Mortification in any Circumstances of it; every sweet Thing, and nothing to imbitter it; every Good, and no mixture of Evil with it; nor any Gap open where we could have the least Apprehensions of any Evil breaking out upon us; nor indeed was it easy for either of us in our phlegmatick melancholy Notions, to have the least Imagination how any Thing disastrous could happen to us in the common Course of Things, unless something should befall us out of the ordinary Way of Providence, or of its acting in the World.

BUT an unseen Mine blew up all this apparent Tranquility at once, and tho' it did not remove my Affairs there from me, yet it effectually remov'd me from them, and sent me a wandering into the World again; a Condition full of Hazards, and always attended with Circumstances dangerous to Mankind, while he is left to choose his own Fortunes, and be guided by his own short sighted Measures.

I MUST now return to a Circumstance of my History, which had been past for some Time, and which relates to my Conduct, while I was last in *England*.

I MENTION'D how my faithful Wife *Moggy*, with her Tears and her Entreaties, had prevail'd with me not to play the Mad-man, and openly join in the Rebellion with the late Lord *Derwentwater* and his Party, when they enter'd *Lancashire*, and thereby, as I may, saved my Life. But my Curiosity prevail'd so much at last, that I gave her the Slip when they came to *Preston*, and at least thought I would go and look at them, and see what they were likely to come to.

My former Wife's Importunities as above, had indeed prevail'd upon me from publicly embarking in that Enterprize, and joining openly with them in Arms; and by this, as I have observ'd, she sav'd my Life to be sure, because I had then publicly espoused the Rebellion, and had been known to have been among them, which

which might have been as fatal to me afterwards, tho' I had not been taken in the Action as if I had.

BUT when they advanc'd, and came nearer to us to *Preston*, and there appear'd a greater Spirit among the People in their Favour; my old Doctor, who I mention'd before, who was a *Romish* Priest, and had married us, inspir'd me with new Zeal, and gave me no Rest, till he oblig'd me with only a good Horse and Arms to join them the Day before they enter'd *Preston*, he himself venturing in the same Posture with me.

I WAS not so publick here as to be very well known, at least by any one that had Knowledge of me in the Country where I liv'd; and this was indeed my Safety afterward, as you will soon hear; but yet I was known too among the Men, especially among the *Scots*, with some of whom I had been acquainted in Foreign Service; with these I was particularly conversant, and pass'd for a *French* Officer; I talk'd to them of making a select Detachment to defend the Pass between *Preston*, and the River and Bridge; upon maintaining which, as I insisted, depended the Safety of the whole Party.

It was with some Warmth that I spoke of that Affair, and as I pass'd among them I say, for a *French* Officer, and a Man of Experience, it caus'd several Debates among them; but the Hint was not followed, as is well known, and from that Moment I gave them all up as lost, and meditating nothing but how to escape from them, which I effected the Night before they were surrounded by the Royal Cavalry: I did not do this without great Difficulty, swimming the River *Ribble*, at a Place, where tho' I got well over, yet I could not for a long while get to a Place where my Horse cou'd Land himself, that is to say, where the Ground was firm enough for him to take the Land; however, at length I got on Shore, and riding very hard, came the next Evening in sight of my own Dwelling, here after lying by in a Wood till the Depth of Night, I shut my Horse in a little kind of a Gravel Pit, or Marl-Pit, where I soon cover'd him with Earth for the present, and marching all alone, I came about two in
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the Morning to my House, where my Wife surpriz'd with Joy, and yet terribly frighted, let me in, and then I took immediate Measures to secure myself upon whatever Incident might happen, but which as Things were order'd, I had no need to make use of, for the Rebels being entirely defeated, and either all killed or taken Prisoners, I was not known by any Body in the Country to have been among them; no, nor so much as suspected, and thus I made a narrow Escape from the most dangerous Action, and most foolishly embark'd in, of any that I had ever been engag'd in before.

It was very lucky to me that I killed and bury'd my Horse, for he would have been taken two Days after, and would to be sure have been known by those who had seen me upon him at *Preston*; but now, as none knew I had been Abroad, nor any such Circumstance could discover me, I kept close, and as my Excursion had been short, and I had not been missed by any of my Neighbours, if any Body came to speak with me, behold, I was at Home.

HOWEVER, I was not thoroughly easy in my Mind, and secretly wish'd I was in my own Dominions in *Virginia*, to which, in a little Time, other Circumstances occurring, I made Preparations to remove with my whole Family.

IN the mean Time, as above, the Action at *Preston* happen'd, and the miserable People surrender'd to the King's Troops, some were Executed for Examples, as in such Cases is usual, and the Government extending Mercy to the Multitude, they were kept in *Chester Castle*, and other Places a considerable Time, till they were disposed of, some one Way, some another, as we shall hear.

SEVERAL Hundreds of them after this, were at their own Request Transported, as 'tis vulgarly express'd, to the Plantations, that is to say, sent to *Virginia*, and other *British Colonies*, to be sold after the usual Manner of condemn'd Criminals; or, as we call them there, Convicts, to serve a limited Time in the Country, and then be made Freemen again; some of these I have spoken

spoken of above ; but now to my no little Uneasiness, I found, after I had been there some Time, two Ships arrived with more of these People in the same River where all my Plantations lay.

I no sooner heard of it, but the first Step I took was, to resolve to let none of them be bought into my Work, or to any of my Plantations ; and this I did, pretending that I would not make Slaves every Day of unfortunate Gentlemen, who fell into that Condition for their Zeal to their Party only, and the like : But the true Reason was, that I expected several of them would know me, and might perhaps betray me, and make it public, that I was one of the same sort, but had made my Escape, and so I might be brought into Trouble ; and if I came off with my Life, might have all my Effects seiz'd on, and be reduc'd to Misery and Poverty again at once, all which I thought I had done enough to deserve.

THIS was a just Caution, but as I found quickly, was not a sufficient one, as my Circumstances stood for my Safety ; for tho' I bought none of these poor Men my self, yet several of my Neighbours did, and there was scarce a Plantation near me but had some of them, more or less among them ; so that in a Word, I could not peep abroad hardly, but I was in Danger to be seen and known too, by some or other of them.

I MAY be allow'd to say, that this was a very uneasy Life to me, and such, that in short, I found myself utterly unable to bear ; for I was now reduced from a great Man, a Magistrate, a Governor, or Master of three Plantations, and having three or four Hundred Servants at my Command, to be a poor self condemn'd Rebel ; and durst not shew my Face ; and that I might with the same Safety, or rather more, have skulk'd about in *Lancashire* where I was, or gone up to *London*, and conceal'd myself there till Things had been over ; but now the Danger was come Home to me, even to my Door, and I expected nothing but to be inform'd against every Day, be taken up and sent to *England* in Irons, and have all my Plantations seiz'd on, as a forfeited Estate to the Crown.

I HAD but one Hope of Safety to trust to, and that was, that having been so little a while among them, done nothing for them, and passing for a Stranger, they never knew my Name, but only I was call'd the *French* Colonel, or the *French* Officer, or the *French* Gentleman, by most, if not by all the People there; and as for the Doctor that went with me, he had found Means to escape too, tho' not the same Way that I did, finding the Cause not like to be supported, and that the King's Troops were gathering on all Sides round them like a Cloud.

BUT to return to myself, this was no Satisfaction to me, and what to do I really knew not; for I was more at a Loss how to shift in such a distressed Case as this, now it lay so close to me, than ever I was in any Difficulty of my Life: The first Thing I did was to come Home, and make a Confidence of the whole Affair to my Wife; and tho' I did it generously without Conditions, yet I did not do it without first telling her, how I was now going to put my Life into her Hands, that she might have it in her Power to pay me Home, for all that she might think had been hard in my former Usage of her; and that in short, it would be in her Power to deliver me up into the Hands of my Enemies, but that I would trust her Generosity, as well as her renew'd Affection, and put all upon her Fidelity, and without any more Precaution, I open'd the whole Thing to her, and particularly, the Danger I was now in.

A FAITHFUL Counsellor is Life from the Dead, gives Courage where the Heart is sinking, and raises the Mind to a proper Use of Means; and such she was to me indeed, upon every Step of this Affair, and it was by her Direction that I took every Step that followed for the extricating myself out of this Labyrinth.

COME, come my Dear, says she, if this be all, there is no Room for any such disconsolate doings as your Fears run you upon; for I was immediately for selling off my Plantations, and all my Stock, and embarking myself forthwith, and to get to *Maderas*, or to any Place out of the King's Dominions.

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BUT my Wife was quite of another Opinion, and encouraging me on another Account, propos'd two Things, either my freighting a Sloop with Provisions to the *West-Indies*, and so taking Passage from thence to *London*, or letting her go away directly for *England*, and endeavour to obtain the King's Pardon whatever it might cost.

I INCLIN'D to the last Proposal, for tho' I was unhappily prejudic'd in Favour of a wrong Interest, yet I had always a Secret and right Notion of the Clemency and merciful Disposition of his Majesty, and had I been in *England*, should I believe, have been easily persuaded to have thrown myself at his Feet.

BUT going to *England* as I was, Circumstances must have been a publick Action, and I must have made all the usual Preparations for it, must have appear'd in Publick, have staid till the Crop was ready, and gone away in Form and State as usual, or have acted as if something extraordinary was the Matter, and have fill'd the Heads of the People there with innumerable Suggestions of they knew not what.

BUT my Wife made all this easy to me, from her own Invention; for without acquainting me with any Thing, she comes merrily to me one Morning before I was up: My Dear, says she, I am very sorry to hear that you are not very well this Morning, I have order'd *Pennico*, that was a young *Negro* Girl which I had given her, to make you a Fire in your Chamber, and pray lie still where you are a while, till 'tis done; at the same Instant the little *Negro* came in with Wood, and a pair of Bellows, &c. to kindle the Fire, and my Wife not giving me Time to reply, whispers close to my Ear to lie still, and say nothing till she came up again to me.

I WAS thoroughly frighted, that you may be sure of and thought of nothing but of being discover'd, betray'd, carried to *England*, hang'd, quarter'd, and all that was terrible, and my very Heart sunk within me; she perceiv'd my Disorder, and turn'd back, assuring me there was no Harm, desir'd me to be easy,

and she would come back again presently, and give me Satisfaction in every particular that I could desire; so I compos'd myself a while as well as I could, but it was but a little while that I could bear it, and I sent *Pennico* down Stairs to find out her Mistress, and tell her I was very ill, and must speak with her immediately, and the Girl was scarce out of the Room before I jump'd out of Bed and began to dress me, that I might be ready for all Events.

My Wife was as good as her Word, and was coming up as the Girl was coming down; I see, says she, you want Patience, but pray do not want Government of yourself, but take that Skreen before your Face, and go to the Window, and see if you know any of those *Scotchmen* that are in the Yard, for there are seven or eight of them come about some Business to your Clerk.

I WENT and look'd through the Screen, and saw the Faces of them all distinctly, but could make nothing of them, other than that they were *Scotchmen*, which was easy to discern; however it was no Satisfaction to me that I knew not their Faces, for they might know mine for all that, according to the old *English* Proverb, *That more knows Tom Fool, than Tom Fool knows*; so I kept close in my Chamber till I understood they were all gone.

AFTER this, my Wife caus'd it to be given out in the House that I was not well, and when this not being well had lasted three or four Days, I had my Leg wrap'd up in a great Piece of Flannel, and laid upon a Stool, and there I was lame of the Gout; and this serv'd for about six Weeks, when my Wife told me she had given it out, that my Gout was rather Rheumatick than a settled Gout, and that I was resolv'd to take one of my own Sloops, and go to *Nevis* or *Antigua*, and use the hot Baths there for my Cure.

ALL this was very well, and I approv'd my Wife's Contrivance as admirably good, both to keep me within Doors eight or ten Weeks at first, and to convey me away afterwards without any extraordinary Builde to be

be made about it; but still I did not know what it all tended to, and what the Design of it all was, but my Wife desir'd me to leave that to her, so I readily did, and she carried it all on with a Prudence not to be disputed; and after she had wrapt my Legs in Flannel almost three Months, she came and told me the Sloop was ready, and all the Goods put on Board: And now, my Dear, says she, I come to tell you all the rest of my Design; for added she, I hope you will not think I am going to kidnap you, and transport you from *Virginia*, as other People are transported to it, or that I am going to get you sent away and leave myself in Possession of your Estate; but you shall find me the same faithful Creature, which I should have been if I had been still your Slave, and not had any Hopes of being your Wife, and that in all my Scheme which I have laid for your Safety, in this new Exigence, I have not propos'd your going one Step but where I shall go, and be always with you, to assist and serve you on all Occasions, and to take my Portion with you, of what kind soever our Lot may be.

THIS was so generous, and so handsome a Declaration of her Fidelity, and so great a Token too of the Goodness of her Judgment, in considering of the Things which were before her, and of what my present Circumstances called for, that from that Time forward, I gave myself chearfully up to her Management, without any Hesitation in the least, and in about Ten Days Preparation, we embark'd in a large Sloop of my own of about 60 Tun.

I SHOULD have mention'd here, that I had still my faithful Tutor (as I called him) at the Head of my Affairs, and as he knew who to correspond with, and how to manage the Correspondence in *England*, we left all that Part to him, as I had done before; and I did this with a full Satisfaction in his Ability as well as in his Integrity, it is true, he had been a little shagreen'd in that Affair of my Wife, who, as I hinted before, had married me, after telling him, in Answer to his Solicitations, that she had a Husband alive.

N o w tho' this was literally true, yet as it was a Secret not fit to be open'd to him, I was obliged to put him off with other Reasons, as well as I could, perhaps not much to the Purpose, and perhaps not much to his Satisfaction; so that I reckon'd he look'd on himself as not very kindly used several Ways.

B u T he began to get over it, and to be easy, especially at our going away, when he found that the Trust of every Thing was still left in his Hands, as it was before.

W H E N my Wife had thus communicated every Thing of the Voyage to me, and we began to be ready to go off, she came to me one Morning, and with her usual Chearfulness told me, she now came to tell me the rest of her Measures for the compleating my Deliverance, and this was, that while we made this Trip, as she call'd it, to the hot Springs at *Nevis*, she would write to a particular Friend at *London*, who she could depend upon, to try to get a Pardon for a Person on Account of the late Rebellion, with all the Circumstances which my Case was attended with, *viz.* of having acted nothing among them, but being three Days in the Place, and while we were thus absent, she did not question but to have an Answer, which she would direct to come so many Ways, that we would be sure to have the first of it, as soon as it was possible the Vessels could go and come; and in the mean Time the Expence should be very small, for she would have an Answer to the grand Question first, Whether it could be obtain'd or no? And then an Account of the Expence of it, that so I might judge for myself, whether I would part with the needful Sum or no, before any Money was disbursed on my Account.

I COULD not but be thoroughly satisfy'd with her Contrivance in this particuar, and I had nothing to add to it, but that I would not have her limit her Friend so strictly, but that if he saw the Way clear, and that he was sure to obtain it, he should go through stitch with it, if within the Expence of two, or three, or four Hundred Pounds, and that upon Advice of its being

ing practicable, he should have Bills payable by such a Person on Delivery of the Warrant for the Thing.

To fortify this, I enclosed in her Packets a Letter to one of my Correspondents, who I could particularly trust, with a Credit for the Money, on such and such Conditions; but the Honesty and Integrity of my Wife's Correspondence was such, as prevented all the Expence, and yet I had the wish'd for Security as if it had been all paid, as you shall hear presently.

ALL these Things being fix'd to our Minds, and all Things left behind in good Posture of Settlement as usual, we embark'd together and put to Sea, having the Opportunity of an *English* Man of War being on the Coast in Pursuit of the Pyrates, and who was just then standing away towards the Gulph of *Florida*, and told us he would see us safe as far as *New-Providence*, or the *Bahama Islands*.

AND now having fair Weather and a pleasant Voyage, and my Flannels taken off of my Legs, I must hint a little what Cargo I had with me, for as my Circumstances were very good in that Country, so I did not go such a Voyage as this, and with a particular Reserve of Fortunes whatever might afterward happen, without a sufficient Cargo for our Support, and whatever Exigence might happen.

OUR Sloop, as I said, was of about 60 or 70 Ton, and as Tobacco, which is the general Produce of the Country, was no Merchandize at *Nevis*, that is to say, for a great Quantity, so we carried very little, but loaded the Sloop with Corn, Pease, Meal, and some Barrels of Pork, and an excellent Cargo it was, most of it being the Produce of my own Plantation; we took also a considerable Sum of Money with us in *Spanish* Gold, which was as above, not for Trade, but for all Events: I also order'd another Sloop to be hir'd, and to be sent after me loaden with the same Goods, as soon as they should have Advice from me that I was safe arriv'd.

WE came to the Latitude of the Island of *Antegua*, which was very near to that of *Nevis*, whether we

intended to go, on the 18th Day after our passing the Capes of *Virginia*, but had no sight of the Island, only our Master said he was sure if he stood the same Course as he then was, and the Gale held, I say he told me, he was sure he should make the Island in less than five Hours sail; so he stood on fair for the Islands: However his Account had fail'd him, for we held on all the Evening, made no Land, and likewise all Night, when in the grey of the Morning we discover'd from the Top-mast Head, a Brigantine, and a Sloop making Sail after us, at the Distance of about six Leagues, fair Weather, and the Wind fresh at S. E.

OUR Master soon understood what they were, and came down into the Cabbin to me, to let me know it; I was much surpriz'd you may be sure at the Danger, but my poor Wife took me off of all the Concern for myself to take Care of her, for she was frighted to that Degree, that I thought we should not have been able to keep Life in her.

WHILE we were thus under the first Hurry and Surprise of the Thing, suddenly another Noise from the Deck call'd us up to look out, and that was Land, Land, the Master and I, (for by this Time I had gotten out of my Cabbin) run upon the Deck, and there we saw the State of our Case very plain; the two Rogues that stood after us, laid on all the Canvas they could carry, and crowded after us amain; but at the Distance as I have said, of about six Leagues, rather more than less, on the other Hand, the Land discover'd lay about nine Leagues right a Head; so that if the Pyrates could get of us, so as to sail three Foot for our two, it was evident they would be up with us before we could make the Island, if not, we should escape them and get in; but even then we had no great Hope to do any more, than to run the Ship ashore to save our Lives, and so stranding our Vessel, spoil both Sloop and Cargo.

WHEN we were making this Calculation, our Master came in chearfully, and told me he had crowded on more Sail, and found the Sloop carried it very well, and that he did not find the Rogues gain'd much upon us,

us, and that especially if one of them did not, that was the Sloop he found he could go away from the Brigantine as he pleased: Thus we gave them what they call a stern Chase, and they work'd hard to come up with us till towards Noon, when on a sudden they both stood away, and gave us over, to our great Satisfaction you may be sure.

WE did not it seems so easily see the Occasion of our Deliverance, as the Pyrate did, for while we went spooning away large with the Wind, for one of the Islands, with those two Spurs in our Heels, that is, with these two Thieves at our Sterns: There lay an *English* Man of War in the Road of *Nevis*, which was the other Island from whence they espy'd the Pyrates, tho' the Land lying between, we could not see them.

As the Man of War discover'd them, she immediately slip'd her Cable, and put herself under Sail in Chase of the Rogues, and they as soon perceiv'd her, and being Windward, put themselves upon a Wind to escape her; and thus we were deliver'd, and in about an Hour more, we knew who was our Deliverer, seeing the Man of War stretch a Head clear of the Island, and stand directly after the Pyrates, who now crowded from us as fast as they crowded after us before, and thus we got safe into *Antigua*, after the terrible Apprehension we had been in of being taken; our Apprehensions of being taken now, were much more than they would have been on Board a loaden Ship, from, or to *London*, where the most they ordinarily do, is to rifle the Ship, take what is valuable and portable, and let her go; but ours being but a Sloop, and all our Loading being good Provisions, such as they wanted to be sure, for their Ships Store; they would certainly have carried us away, Ship and all, taken out the Cargo and the Men, and perhaps have set the Sloop on Fire; so that as to our Cargo of Gold it had been inevitably lost, and we hurry'd away, no Body knows where, and used as such barbarous Fellows are wont to use such innocent People as fall into their Hands.

BUT

BUT we are now out of their Hands, and had the Satisfaction a few Days after, to hear that the Man of War pursu'd them so close, notwithstanding they chang'd their Course in the Night, that the next Day they were oblig'd to separate, and shift for themselves; so the Man of War took one of them, namely, the Brigantine, and carried her into *Jamaica*, but the other, *viz.* the Sloop, made her Escape.

BEING arriv'd here, we presently dispos'd of our Cargo, and at a tolerable good Price; and now the Question was, what I should do next? I look'd upon myself to be safe here from the Fears I had been under of being discover'd as a Rebel, and so indeed I was, but having been now absent five Months, and having sent the Sloop back with a Cargo of Rum, and Melasses, such as I knew was wanting in my Plantations, I receiv'd the same Vessel back in return, loaden as at first, with Provisions.

WITH this Cargo my Wife receiv'd a Packet from *London*, from the Person who she had employ'd, (as above) to solicit a Pardon, who very honestly wrote to her, that he would not be so unjust to her Friend, whoever he was, as to put him to any Expence for a private Sollicitation; for that he was very well assur'd that his Majesty had resolv'd, from his own native Disposition to Acts of Clemency and Mercy to his Subjects, to grant a general Pardon, with some few Exceptions to Persons extraordinary, and he hop'd her Friend was none of the extraordinary Persons to be excepted:

THIS was a kind of Life from the Dead to us both, and it was resolv'd that my Wife should go back in the Sloop directly to *Virginia*, where she should wait the good News from *England*, and should send me an Account of it as soon as she receiv'd it.

ACCORDINGLY she went back, and came safe with the Sloop and Cargo to our Plantation, from whence, after above four Months Expectation, behold! the Sloop came to me again, but empty, and gutted of all her Cargo, except about 100 Sacks of unground Malt, which the Pyrates (not knowing how to Brew) knew not what

what to do with, and so had left in her: However, to my infinite Satisfaction, there was a Packet of Letters from my Wife, with another to her from *England*, as well one from her Friend, as one from my own Correspondent; both of them intimating, that the King had sign'd an Act of Grace, that is to say, a general free Pardon, and sent me Copies of the Act, wherein it was manifest I was fully included.

AND here let me hint, that having now, as it were, receiv'd my Life at the Hands of King *GEORGE*, and in a Manner so satisfying as it was to me, it made a generous Convert of me, and I became sincerely given in to the Interest of King *GEORGE*; and this from a Principle of Gratitude, and a Sense of my Obligation to his Majesty for my Life; and it has continu'd ever since, and will certainly remain with me as long as any Sense of Honour, and of the Debt of Gratitude remains with me: I mention this to hint how far in such Cases Justice, and Duty to ourselves commands us; namely, that to those who graciously give us our Lives, when it is in their Power to take them away; those Lives are a Debt ever after, and ought to be set a-part for their Service, and Interest, as long as any of the Powers of Life remain; for Gratitude is a Debt that never ceases while the Benefit receiv'd remains; and if my Prince has given me my Life, I can never pay the Debt fully, unless such a Circumstance as this should happen, that the Prince's Life should be in my Power, and I as generously preserv'd it; and yet neither would the Obligation be paid then, because the Cases would differ; thus, that my preserving the Life of my Prince was my natural Duty, whereas the Prince on his Side (my Life being forfeited to him) had no Motive but meer Clemency and Beneficence.

PERHAPS this Principle may not please all that read it; but as I have resolv'd to guide my Actions in Things of such a Nature, by the Rules of strict Virtue and Principles of Honour; so I must lay it down as a Rule of Honour, that a Man having once forfeited his Life to the Justice of his Prince, and to the Laws of his Country,

Country, and receiving it back as a Bounty from the Grace of his Sovereign, such a Man can never lift up his Hand again against that Prince, without a Forfeiture of his Virtue, and an irreparable Breach of his Honour and Duty, and deserves no Pardon after it, either from God or Man; but all this is a Digression, I leave it as a Sketch of the Laws of Honour, printed by the Laws of Nature in the Breast of a Soldier, or a Man of Honour, and which I believe all impartial Persons, who understand what Honour means, will subscribe to.

BUT I return now to my present Circumstances; my Wife was gone, and with her, all my good Fortune, and Success in Business, seem'd to have forsaken me; and I had another Scene of Misery to go thro', after I had thought that all my Misfortunes were over, and at an End.

My Sloop, as I have told you, arriv'd, but having met with a Pyrate Rogue, in the Gulph of *Florida*, they took her first, then finding her Cargo to be all Eatables, which they always want, they gutted her of all her Loading, except (as I have said) about 100 Sacks of Malt, which they really knew not what to do with; and which was still worse, they took away all the Men, except the Master and two Boys, who they left on Board, just to run the Vessel into *Antegoa*, where they said they were bound.

BUT the most valuable Part of my Cargo, viz. a Packet of Letters from *England*, those they left, to my inexpressible Comfort and Satisfaction; and particularly, that by those, I saw my Way open to return to my Wife, and to my Plantations, from which I promised myself never to wander any more.

IN order to this, I now embark'd myself, and all my Effects on board the Sloop, resolving to sail directly to the Capes of *Virginia*, my Captain beating it up to reach the *Bahama* Channel, had not been two Days at Sea, but we were overtaken with a violent Storm, which drove us so far upon the Coast of *Florida*, as that we twice struck upon the Shore, and had we struck a third Time, we had been inevitably lost. A Day or two af-

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ter that, the Storm abating a little, we kept the Sea, but found the Wind blowing so strong against our passing the Gulph, and the Sea going so high, we could not hold it any longer ; so we were forced to bear away, and make what Shift we could ; in which Distress, the fifth Day after, we made Land, but found it to be Cape — the North West Part of the Isle of *Cuba* : Here we found ourselves under a Necessity to run in under the Land for Shelter, tho' we had not come to an Anchor, so we had not touch'd the King of *Spain's* Territories at all. However, in the Morning, we were surrounded with five *Spanish* Barks, or Boats, such as they call *Barco Longos*, full of Men ; who instantly boarded us, took us, and carry'd us into the *Havana*, the most considerable Port belonging to the *Spaniards* in that Part of the World.

HERE the Sloop was immediately seiz'd, and in Consequence plunder'd, as any one that knows the *Spaniards*, especially in that Country, will easily guess, our Men were made Prisoners, and sent to the common Goal ; and as for myself, and the Captain, we were carry'd before the *Alcade Major*, or Intendant of the Place, as Criminals.

I SPOKE *Spanish* very well, having served under the King of *Spain* in *Italy*, and it stood me in good stead at this Time ; for I so effectually argued the Injustice of their Treatment of me, that the Governor, or what I ought to call him, frankly own'd they ought not to have stopp'd me, seeing I was in the open Sea, pursuing my Voyage, and offer'd no Offence to any Body, and had not landed, or offer'd to land upon any Part of his *Catholick* Majesty's Dominions, till I was brought in as a Prisoner.

It was a great Favour, that I could obtain thus much, but I found it easier to obtain an Acknowledgment that I had receiv'd Wrong, than to get any Satisfaction for that Wrong, and much less was there any Hope or Prospect of Restitution : And I was let know, that I was to wait, till an Account could be sent to the Viceroy of *Mexico*, and Orders could be received back from him, how to act in the Affair.

I COULD

I COULD easily foresee what all this tended to, namely, to a Confiscation of the Ship and Goods, by the ordinary Proceſs at the Place; and that my being left to the Decision of the Viceroy of *Mexico*, was but a pretended Representation of Things to him from the Corregidore or Judge of the Place.

HOWEVER, I had no Remedy, but the old insignificant Thing, call'd *Patience*; and this I was better furnish'd with, because I did not ſo much value the Loſs as I made them believe I did; my greateſt Apprehenſions were, that they would detain me, and keep me as a Priſoner for Life, and perhaps ſend me to their Mines in *Peru*, as they have done many, and pretended to do to all that come on Shore in their Dominions, how great ſoever the Diſtreſſes may have been which have brought them thither, and which has been the Reaſon why others, who have been forc'd on Shore, have committed all manner of Violence upon the *Spaniards* in their turn; reſolving, however dear they ſold their Lives, not to fall into their Hands.

BUT I got better Quarter among them, than that too, which was (as I have ſaid) much of it owing to my ſpeaking *Spaniſh*, and to my telling them how I had fought in ſo many Occaſions in the Quarrel of his *Catholick* Majeſty, in *Italy*, and by great good Chance, I had the King of *France's* Commiſſion for Lieutenant Colonel, in the *Iriſh* Brigade in my Pocket, where it was mention'd, that the ſaid Brigade was then ſerving in the Armies of *France*, under the Orders of his *Catholick* Majeſty in *Italy*.

I FAIL'D not to talk up the Gallantry and personal Bravery of his *Catholick* Majeſty, on all Occaſions, and particularly in many Battles, where (by the Way) his Majeſty had never been at all, and in ſome, where I had never been myſelf; but I found I talk'd to People who knew nothing of the Matter, and ſo any Thing went down with them, if it did but praiſe the King of *Spain*, and talk big of the *Spaniſh* Cavalry, of which, God knows, there was not one Regiment in the Army, at leaſt while I was there.

HOWEVER,

HOWEVER, this Way of managing myself, obtain'd me the Liberty of the Place, upon my Parole, that I would not attempt an Escape ; and I obtain'd also, which was a great Favour, to have 200 Pieces of Eight allow'd me out of the Sale of my Cargo, for Subsistence, till I could negotiate my Affairs at *Mexico* ; as for my Men, they were maintain'd as Prisoners, at the Publick Charge.

WELL, after several Months Solicitation and Attendance, all I could obtain was, the Satisfaction of seeing my Ship and Cargo confiscated, and my poor Sailors in a fair Way to be sent to the Mines : The last I begg'd off, upon Condition of paying 300 Pieces of Eight for their Ransom, and having them set on Shore at *Antegoa*, and myself to remain Hostage for the Payment of the said 300 Pieces of Eight, and for 200 Pieces of Eight, which I had already had, and for 500 Pieces of Eight more for my own Ransom, if upon a Return from *Mexico*, the Sentence of Confiscation, as above, should be confirm'd by the Vice-roy.

THESE were hard Articles indeed, but I was forced to submit to them : Nor, as my Circumstances were above all such Matters as these, as to Substance, did I lay it much to Heart ; the greatest Difficulty that lay in my Way was, that I knew not how to correspond with my Friends in any Part of the World, or which Way to supply myself with Necessaries, or with Money for the Payment I had agreed to : The *Spaniards* being so tenacious of their Ports, that they allowed no Body to come on Shore, or indeed near the Shore, from any Part of the World, upon Pain of Seizure and Confiscation, as had been my Case already.

Upon this Difficulty I began to reason with the *Corregidore*, and tell him, that he put Things upon us that were impossible, and that were inconsistent with the Customs of Nations ; that if a Man was a Prisoner at *Algiers*, they would allow him to write to his Friends to pay his Ransom, and would admit the Person that brought it to come and go free, as a publick Person, and if they did not, no Treaty could be carry'd on for the

the Ransom of a Slave, nor the Conditions be perform'd when they are agreed upon.

I BROUGHT it then down to my own Case, and desired to know, upon Supposition, that I might, within the Time limited in that Agreement, have the Sums of Money ready for the Ransom of my Men, and of myself, how I should obtain to have Notice given me of it? Or, how it should be brought, seeing the very Persons bringing that Notice, or, afterwards presuming to bring the Money, might be liable to be seiz'd and confiscated, as I had been, and the Money itself be taken as a second Prize, without redeeming the first.

THO' this was so reasonable a Request, that it could not be withstood, in point of Argument, yet the *Spaniard* shrunk his head into his Shoulders, and said, they had not Power sufficient to act in such a Case; that the King's Laws were so severe against the suffering any Strangers to set their Foot on his *Catholick* Majesty's Dominions in *America*, and they could not dispense with the least Tittle of them, without a particular *Affiento*, (as they called it) from the *Consulado*, or Chamber of Commerce at *Seville*; or, a Command under the Hand and Seal of the Viceroy of *Mexico*.

How! Seignior *Corregidore* (said I) with some Warmth, and, as it were, with Astonishment, have you not Authority enough to sign a Passport for an Agent, or Ambassador, to come on Shore here, from any of the King of *Great-Britain's* Governors in these Parts, under a white Flag, or Flag of Truce, to speak with the Governor of this Place, or with any other Person in the King's Name, on the Subject of such Business as the Governor may have to communicate? Why, said I, if you cannot do that, you cannot act according to the Law of Nations.

HE shook his Head, but still said *No*, he could not do even so much as that; but here one of the Military Governors put in and oppos'd him, and they two differ'd warmly; the first insisting that their Orders were deficient in that Particular; but the other said, that as they were bound up to them, it could not be in their Power

to act otherwise, and that they was answerable for the ill Consequences.

WELL then, says the Governor to the *Corregidore*, now you have kept this *Englishman* as Hostage for the Ransom of the Men, that you have dismiss'd; suppose he tells you, the Money is ready, either at such, or such, or such a Place, How shall he bring it hither? You will take all the People Prisoners that offer to bring it; What must he do? If you say you will send and fetch it, What Security shall he have, that he shall have his Liberty when it is paid you? And why should he trust you so far, as to pay the Money, and yet remain here a Prisoner?

THIS carried so much Reason with it, that the *Corregidore* knew not what to say; but that so was the Law, and he could act no otherwise, but by the very Letter of it; and here each was so positive, that nothing could determine it, but another Express to be sent to the Viceroy of *Mexico*.

UPON this, the Governor was so kind, as to say he would get me a Passport for any Body that should bring the Money, and any Vessel they were in, by his own Authority, and for their safe returning, and taking me with them, provided I would answer for it, that they should bring no *European*, or other Goods whatever with them, and should not set Foot on Shore without his express Permission, and provided he did not receive Orders to the contrary, in the mean Time, from any superior Hand, and that even in such a Case, they should have Liberty to go back freely, from whence they came, under the Protection of a white Flag.

I bow'd very respectfully to the Governor, in token of my acknowledging his Justice, and then presented my humble Petition to him, that he would allow my Men to take their own Sloop, that it should be rated at a certain Value, and would be oblig'd they should bring Specie on Board on Board with them, and that they should either pay it for the Sloop, or leave the Sloop again.

THEN he enquired to what Country I would send them for so much Money, and if I could assure him of
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the Payment ; and when he understood it was no farther than to *Virginia*, he seem'd very easy, and to satisfy the *Corregidore*, who still stood off, adhering with a true *Spanish* Stiffness to the Letter of the Law ; the said Governor calls out to me: Seignior, (says he) I shall make all this Matter easy to you, if you agree to my Proposal ; your Men shall have the Sloop, on Condition you shall be my Hostage for her Return ; but they shall not take her as your Sloop, tho' she shall in the Effect be yours, on the Payment of the Money ; but you shall take two of my Men on Board with you upon your Parole, for their safe Return, and when she returns, she shall carry his *Catholick* Majesty's Colours, and be enter'd as one of the Sloops belonging to the *Havana* ; one of the *Spaniards* to be Commander, and to be call'd by such a Name as he should appoint.

THIS the *Corregidore* came into immediately, and said, this was within the Letter of the King's Com-manderie, or Precept, upon Condition, however, that she should bring no *European* Goods on Board. I desir'd it might be put in other Words ; namely, that she should bring no *European* Goods on Shore : It cost two Days Debate between these two, whether it should pass, that no *European* Goods should be brought in the Ship, or brought on Shore ; but having found Means to intimate, that I meant not to Trade there, but would not be tied from bringing a small Present to a certain Person, in acknowledgement of Favours ; I say, after I had found Room to place such a Hint right, where it should be plac'd, I found it was all made easy to me, and it was all agreed presently, that after the Ransom was paid, and the Ship also bought, it was but reasonable, that I should have Liberty to Trade to any other Country, not in the Dominions of the King of *Spain*, so to make up my Losses ; and that it would be hard to oblige my Men to bring away the Vessel light, and so lose the Voyage, and add so much to our former Misfortunes ; that so long as no Goods were brought on Shore in the Country belonging to his *Catholick* Majesty's Dominions, which was all that they had to defend, that the rest was no Business of theirs.

Now

Now I began to see my Way thro' this unhappy Business, and to find, that as Money would bring me out of it, so Money would bring it to turn to a good Account another Way ; wherefore I sent the Sloop away under *Spanish* Colours, and call'd her the *Nuestra Señora de la Val de Grace*, command by Seignior *Girardo de Nesma*, one of the two *Spaniards*.

With the Sloop I sent Letters to my Wife, and to my chief Manager, with Orders to load her back, as I there directed, viz. That she should have 200 Barrels of Flower, 50 Barrels of Pease, and to answer my other Views, I ordered 100 Bales to be made up of all Sorts of *European* Goods, such as not my own Warehouses only would supply, but such as they could be supply'd with in other Warehouses, where I knew they had Credit for any Thing.

In this Cargo I directed all the richest, and most valuable *English* Goods they had, or could get, whether Linnen, Woollen or Silk, to be made up ; the coarser Things, such as we use in *Virginia*, for cloathing of Servants, such I ordered to be left behind, for the Use of the Plantation : In less than seven Weeks Time the Sloop return'd, and I, that fail'd not every Day to look out for her on the Strand, was the first that spy'd her at Sea at a Distance, and knew her by her Sails, but afterwards more particularly by her Signals.

When she return'd, she came into the Road with her *Spanish* Antient flying, and came to an Anchor, as directed ; but I, that had seen her some Hours before, went directly to the Governor, and gave him an Account of her being come, and said I would have obtain'd the Favour to have his Excellence (as I call'd him) go on Board in Person, that he might see how well his Orders were executed ; but he declin'd that, saying, he could not justify going off of the *Island*, which was, in short, to go out of his Command of the Fort, which he could not re-assume without a new Commission from the King's own Hand.

Then I ask'd Leave to go on Board myself, which he granted me, and I brought on Shore with me the

full Sum in Gold, which I had condition'd to pay for the Ranfom, both of my Men and myself, and for the Purchase of the Sloop ; and as I obtain'd Leave to land in a different Place, so my Governor sent his Son with six Soldiers, to receive and convey me with the Money to the Castle, where he commanded, and therein to his own House : I had made up the Money in heavy Parcels, as if it had been all Silver, and gave it to two of my Men, who belong'd to the Sloop, with Orders to them, that they should make it seem, by their carrying it, to be much heavier than it was ; this was done to conceal three Parcels of Goods, which I had pack'd up with the Money, to make a Present to the Governor, as I intended.

WHEN the Money was carried in, and laid down on a Table, my Governor order'd the Men to withdraw, and I gave the Soldiers each of them a Piece of Eight to drink, for which they were very thankful, and the Governor seem very well pleas'd with it also : Then I ask'd him pleasantly if he would please to receive the Money, he said no, he would not receive it, but in Presence of the *Corregidore*, and the other People concern'd ; then I begg'd his Excellency (as I call'd him) to give me Leave to open the Parcels in his Presence, for that I would do myself the Honour to acknowledge his Favours in the best Manner I could.

HE told me no, he could not see any Thing brought on Shore, but the Money ; but if I had brought any Thing on Shore for my own Use, he would not be so strict to enquire into that, so I might do what I pleas'd myself.

UPON that I went into the Place, shut myself in, and having open'd all the Things, and placed them to my Mind : There was five little Parcels, as follows,

- 1, 2. A Piece of 20 Yards fine *English* Broad-Cloth,
5 Yards of Black, 5 Yards of Crimson, in
one Parcel, and the rest of fine Mixtures in
another Parcel.

3. A Piece of 30 Ells of fine *Holland* Linnen.

4. A

4. A Piece of 18 Yards of fine *English* brocaded Silk.
5. A Piece of black *Colchester* Bays.

AFTER I had plac'd these by themselves, I found Means, with some seeming Difficulties, and much Grimace, to bring him to know that this was intended for a Present to himself : After all that Part was over, and he had seem'd to accept them, signified, after walking a hundred Turns and more in the Room by them, by throwing his Hat, which was under his Arm, upon them, and making a very stiff Bow, I say, after this, he seem'd to take his Leave of me for a while, and I waited in an outer Room, when I was call'd in again ; I found that he had look'd over all the Particulars, and caus'd them to be remov'd out of the Place.

BUT when I came again, I found him quite another Man ; he thank'd me for my Present, told me, it was a Present fit to be given to a Viceroy of *Mexico*, rather than to a meer Governor of a Fort, that he had done me no Services suitable to such a Return, but that he would see if he could not oblige me farther before I left the Place.

AFTER our Compliments were over, I obtain'd to have the *Corregidore* sent for, who accordingly came, and in his Presence the Money, stipulated for the Ransome of the Ship, and of the Men, was paid.

BUT here the *Corregidore* shew'd that he would be as severely just on my Side, as on theirs, for he would not admit the Money as a Ransom for us as Prisoners, but as a Deposit for so much as we were to be ransom'd for, if the Sentence for our being made Prisoners should be confirm'd.

AND then the Governor and *Corregidore* joining together, sent a Representation of the whole Affair, at least we were told so, to the Viceroy of *Mexico* ; and it was privately hinted to me, that I would do well to stay for the Return of the *Aviso*, that is, a Boat which they send over the Bay to *Vera Cruz*, with an Express to *Mexico*, whose Return is generally perform'd in two Months.

I WAS not unwilling to stay, having secret Hints given me, that I should find some Way to go with my Sloop towards *Vera Cruiz* myself, where I might have an Occasion to Trade privately for the Cargo which I had on Board ; but it came about a nearer Way, for about two Days after this Money being deposited, (as above) the Governor's Son invited himself on Board my Sloop, where I told him I would be very glad to see him, and whither at the same Time he brought with him three considerable Merchants, *Spaniards*, two of them not Inhabitants of the Place.

WHEN they were on Board, they were very merry and pleasant, and I treated them so much to their Satisfaction, that in short, they were not well able to go on Shore for that Night, but were content to take a Nap on some Carpets, which I caus'd to be spread for them, and that the Governor's Son might think himself well us'd, I brought him a very good Silk Night-Gown, with a Crimson Velvet Cap to lie down in, and in the Morning desir'd him to accept of them for his use, which he took very kindly.

DURING that merry Evening, one of the Merchants not so touch'd with Drink as the young Gentleman, nor so, as not to mind what it was he came about, takes an Occasion to withdraw out of the great Cabin, and enter into a Parley with the Master of the Sloop, in order to Trade for what *European* Goods we had on Board ; the Master took the Hint, and gave me Notice of what had pass'd, and I gave him Instructions what to say, and what to do ; according to which Instructions, they made but few Words, for about 5000 Pieces of Eight, and carried the Goods away themselves, and at their own Hazards.

THIS was very agreeable to me, for now I began to see I should lick myself whole, by the Sale of this Cargo, and should make myself full amends of *Jack Spaniard*, for all the Injuries he had done me in the first of these Things ; with this View I gave my Master, or Captain of the Sloop, Instructions for Sale of all the rest of the Goods, and left him to manage by himself, which

which he did so well, that he sold the whole Cargo the next Day to the three *Spaniards*, with this additional Circumstance, that they desir'd the Sloop might carry the Goods, as they were on Board, to such Part of the *Terra Firma*, as they should appoint between the *Honduras* and the Coast of *La Vera Cruz*.

IT was difficult for me to make good this Part of the Bargain, but finding the Price agreed for would very well answer the Voyage, I consented; but then how to send the Sloop away, and remain among the *Spaniards*, when I was now a clear Man, this was a Difficulty too, as it was also to go away, and not wait for a favourable Answer from the Viceroy of *Mexico*, to the Representation of the Governor and the *Corregidore*; however, at last resolv'd to go in the Sloop, fall out what would, so I went to the Governor, and represented to him, that being now to expect a favourable Answer from *Mexico*, it would be a great Loss to me to keep the Sloop there all the while, and I desir'd his Leave for me to go with the Sloop to *Antegoa*, to sell and dispose of the Cargo, which he well knew I was oblig'd not to bring on Shore there at the *Havana*, and which would be in Danger of being spoil'd by lying so long on Board.

THIS I obtain'd readily, with License to come again into the Road, and (for myself only) to come on Shore, in order to hear the Viceroy's Pleasure in my Case, which was depending.

HAVING thus obtain'd a License at, or Passport for the Sloop and myself, I put to Sea with the three *Spanish* Merchants on Board with me; they told me, they did not live at the *Havana*, but it seems one of them did; and some rich Merchants of the *Havana*, or of the Parts thereabouts in the same *Island*, were concern'd with them; for they brought on Board, that Night we put to Sea, a great Sum of Money in Pieces of Eight, and, as I understood afterwards, that these Merchants bought the Cargo of me, and tho' they gave me a very great Price for every Thing, yet that they sold them again to the Merchants, who they procur'd on the Coast

of *La Vera Cruiz*, at a prodigious Advantage; so that they got above a Hundred *per Cent*, after I had gain'd very sufficiently before.

WE sail'd from the *Havana* directly for *Vera Cruiz*, I scrupled venturing into the Port at first, and was very uneasy, lest I should have another *Spanish* Trick put upon me; but as we sail'd under *Spanish* Colours, they shew'd us such authentick Papers from the proper Officers, that there was no Room to fear any Thing.

HOWEVER, when we came in Sight of the *Spanish* Ccast, I found that they had a secret clandestine Trade to carry on, which tho' it was secret, yet they knew the Way of it so well, that it was but a meer Road to them. The Case was this, we stood in close under Shore in the Night, about six Leagues to the North of the Port, where two of the three Merchants went on Shore in the Boat, and in three Hours, or thereabouts, they came on Board again with five Canoes, and seven or eight Merchants more with them, and as soon as they were on Board, we stood off to Sea, so that by Day-light we were quite out of Sight of Land.

I OUGHT to have mention'd before, that as soon as we were put to Sea from the *Havana*, and during our Voyage into the Gulph of *Mexico*, which was eight Days, we rumag'd the whole Cargo, and opening every Bale, as far as the *Spanish* Merchants desired, we traffick'd with them for the whole Cargo, except the Barrels of Flower and Pease.

THIS Cargo was considerable in itself, for my Wife's Account, or Invoice, drawn out by my Tutor, and Manager, amounted to 2684 *l.* 10 *s.* and I sold the whole, including what had been sold in the Evening, when they were on Board first, (as I have said) for 38593 Pieces of Eight, and they allow'd me 1200 Pieces of Eight for the Freight of the Sloop, and made my Master and the Seamen very handsome Presents besides, and they were well able to do this too, as you shall hear presently.

AFTER we were gotten out of Sight of Land, the *Spaniards* fell to their Traffick, and our three Merchants open'd

open'd their Shop, as they might say, for it was their Shop; as to me, I had nothing to do with it, or with their Goods, they drove their Bargain in a few Hours, and at Night we stood in again for the Shore, when the five Canoes carry'd a great part of the Goods on Shore, and brought the Money back in Specie, as well for that they carry'd as for all the rest, and at their second Voyage carry'd all away clear, leaving me nothing on Board but my Barrels of Flower and Pease, which they bad me Money for too, but not so much as I expected.

HERE I found that my *Spanish* Merchants made above 70000 Pieces of Eight of the Cargo I had sold them, upon which, I had a great Mind to be acquainted with those Merchants on the *Terra Firma*, who were the last Customers, for it presently occur'd to me, that I could easily go with a Sloop from *Virginia*, and taking a Cargo directed on Purpose from *England*, of about 5 or 6000 *l*. I might easily make four of one; with this View I began to make a kind of an Acquaintance with the *Spaniards* which came in the Canoes, and we became so intimate, that at last, with the Consent of the three *Spaniards* of the *Havana*, I accepted an Invitation on Shore to their House, which was a little Villa, or rather Plantation, where they had an *Ingenio*, that is to say, a Sugar-house, or Sugar-Work, and there they treated us like Princes.

I took Occasion at this Invitation to say, that if I knew how to find my Way thither again, I could visit them once or twice a Year, very much to their Advantage and mine too: One of the *Spaniards* took the Hint, and taking me into a Room by myself, *Seignior*, says he, if you have any Thoughts of coming to this Place again, I shall give you such Directions as you shall be sure not to mistake, and upon either coming on Shore in the Night, and coming up to this Place, or, upon making the Signals which we shall give you, we will not fail to come off to you, and bring Money enough for any *Cargaison*, so they call it, that you shall bring.

I took all their Directions, took their Paroles of Honour for my Safety, and without taking any Notice to my first three Merchants, laid up all the rest in my most secret Thoughts, resolving to visit them again in as short a Time as I could; and thus, having in about five Days finished all our Merchandizing, we stood off to Sea, and made for the Island of *Cuba*, where I set my three *Spaniards* on Shore with all their Treasure, to their Hearts Content, and made the best of my Way to *Antigua*, where with all the Dispatch I could, I sold my 200 Barrels of Flower, which however, had suffer'd a little, by the length of the Voyage, and having laden the Sloop with Rum, Molasses, and Sugar, I set Sail again for the *Havana*.

I WAS now uneasy indeed, for Fear of the Pyrates, for I was a rich Ship, having besides Goods, near 40000 Pieces of Eight in Silver.

WHEN I came back to the *Havana*, I went on Shore to wait on the Governor and the *Corregidore*, and to hear what Return was had from the Viceroy, and had the good Fortune to know that the Viceroy had disallow'd that Part of the Sentence which condemn'd us as Prisoners, and put a Ransom on us, which he insist'd could not be, but in Time of open War; but as to the Confiscation, he deferr'd it to the Chamber or Council of Commerce at *Sevil*, and the Appeal to the King if such be preferr'd.

THIS was in some Measure, a very good Piece of Justice in the Viceroy, for as we had not been on Shore, we could not be legally imprison'd; and for the rest, I believe if I would have given myself the Trouble to have gone to old *Spain*, and have preferr'd my Claim to both the Ship and the Cargo, I had recover'd them also.

HOWEVER as it was, I was now a free Man without Ransom, and my Men were also free, so that all the Money which I had deposited, as above, was return'd me; and thus I took my Leave of the *Havana*, and made the best of my Way for *Virginia*, where I arriv'd after a Year and a half Absence, and notwithstanding all
my

my Losses, came Home above 4000 Pieces of Eight richer than I went out.

As to the old Affair about the *Preston* Prisoners, that was quite at an End, for the general Pardon past in Parliament made me perfectly easy, and I took no more Thought about that Part: I might here very usefully observe, how necessary and inseparable a Companion Fear is to Guilt; it was but a few Months that the Face of a poor *Preston* Transport, would have frighted me out of my Wits; to avoid them I fain'd myself sick, and wrapt my Legs in Flannel, as if I had the Gout, whereas now, they were no more Surprize to me, nor was I any more uneasy to see them, than I was to see any other of the Servants of the Plantations.

AND that which was more particular than all was, that tho' before I fancied every one of them would know me, and remember me, and consequently betray and accuse me; now, tho' I was frequently among them, and saw most of them, and if not all of them, one Time or other, nay, tho' I remember'd several of their Faces, and even some of their Names, yet there was not a Man of them that ever took the least Notice of me, or of having known or seen me before.

IT would have been a singular Satisfaction to me, if I could have known so much as this of them before, and had saved me all the Fatigue, Hazard, and Misfortune that befell me afterwards; but Man, a short sighted Creature, sees so little before him, that he can neither anticipate his Joys, nor prevent his Disasters, be they ever so little a Distance from him.

I HAD now my Head full of my *West-India* Project, and I began to make Provision for it accordingly; I had a full Account of what *European* Goods were most acceptable in *New Spain*, and to add to my Speed, I knew that the *Spaniards* were in great want of *European* Goods; the Galleons from *Old Spain* having been delay'd to an unusual length of Time, for the two Years before: Upon this Account, having not Time, as I thought, to send to *England* for a Cargo of such Goods as were most proper; I resolv'd to load my Sloop with
Tobacco

Tobacco and Rum, the last I brought from *Antigua*, and go away to *Boston* in *New-England*, and to *New-York*, and see if I could pick up a Cargo to my Mind.

ACCORDINGLY I took 20000 Pieces of Eight in Money, and my Sloop laden as above, and taking my Wife with me, we went away; it was an odd and new Thing at *New-England*, to have such a quantity of Goods bought up there by a Sloop from *Virginia*, and especially to be paid for in ready Money, as I did for most of my Goods; and this set all the Trading Heads upon the Stretch, to enquire what, and who I was, to which they had an immediate and direct Answer, that I was a very considerable Planter in *Virginia*, and that was all, any of my Men on Board the Sloop could tell of me, and enough too.

WELL, it was the Cause of much Speculation among them, as I heard at second and third Hands; some said, he is certainly going to *Jamaica*, others said, he is going to Trade with the *Spaniards*; others, that he is going to the *South-Sea*, and turn half Merchant, half Pyrate, on the Coast of *Chily* and *Peru*; some one Thing, some another, as the Men Gossips found their Imaginations directed: But we went on with our Business, and laid out 12000 Pieces of Eight, besides our Cargo of Rum and Tabacco, and went from thence to *New-York*, where we laid out the rest.

THE chief of the Cargo we bought here was, fine *English* Broad Cloth, Serges, Druggets, *Norwich* Stuffs, Bays, Says, and all kinds of Woollen Manufactures, as also Linnen of all sorts, a very great Quantity, and near a 1000 *l.* in fine Silks of several Sorts.

BEING thus freighted, I came back safe to *Virginia*, and with very little Addition to my Cargo, began to prepare for my *West-India* Voyage.

I SHOULD have mention'd, that I had built upon my Sloop, and raised her a little, so that I had made her carry 12 Guns, and fitted her up for Defence, for I thought she should not be attack'd and Boarded by a few *Spanish Barco Longos*, as she was before; and I found the Benefit of it afterwards, as you shall hear.

WE

WE set Sail the beginning of *August*, and as I had twice been attack'd by Pyrates in passing the Gulph of *Florida*, or among the *Bahama* Islands, I resolv'd, tho' it was farther about to stand off to Sea, and so keep as I believ'd it would be, out-of the Way of them.

WE pass'd the Tropick as near as we could guess, just where the famous Sir *William Phipps* fish'd up the Silver from the *Spanish* Plate Wreck, and standing in between the Islands, kept our Course W. by S. keeping under the Isle of *Cuba*, and so running away, Trade, as they call it, into the great Gulph of *Mexico*, leaving the Island of *Jamaica* to the S. and S. E. by this Means avoiding, as I thought, all the *Spaniards* of *Cuba*, or the *Havana*.

As we pass'd the West Point of *Cuba*, three *Spanish* Boats came off to Board us, as they had done before, on the other Side of the Illand; but they found themselves mistaken, we were too many for them, for we run out our Guns, which they did not perceive before, and firing three or four Shot at them, they retir'd.

THE next Morning they appear'd again, being five large Boats and a Bark, and gave us Chase; but we then spread our *Spanish* Colours, and brought too to fight them, at which they retir'd, so we escap'd this Danger by the Addition of Force which we had made to our Vessel.

WE now had a fair run for our Port, and as I had taken very good Directions, I stood away to the North of St. *John d'Ulva*, and then running in for the Shore, found the Place appointed exactly, and going on Shore, I sent the Master of my Sloop directly to the *Ingenio*, where he found the *Spanish* Merchant at his House, and where he dwelt like a little Sovereign Prince, who welcom'd him, and understanding that I was in a particular Boat at the *Creek*, as appointed, he came immediately with him, and bringing another *Spaniard* from a *Villa* not far off, in about four Hours they were with me.

THEY would have perswaded me to go up to their Houses, and have staid there till the next Night, ordering

ing the Sloop to stand off as usual, but I would not consent to let the Sloop go to Sea without me, so we went on Board directly, and as the Night was almost run, stood off to Sea, so by Day-break we were quite out of Sight of Land.

HERE we began, as I said before, to open Shop, and I found the *Spaniards* were extremely surpriz'd at seeing such a Cargo, I mean so large, for in short, they had cared not if it had been four Times as much: They soon ran thro' the Contents of all the Bales we open'd that Night, and with very little Dispute about the Price they approv'd, and accepted all that I shov'd them; but as they said, they had not Money for any greater Parcel, they agreed to go on Shore the next Evening for more Money.

HOWEVER, we spent the Remainder of the Night in looking over and making Inventories, or Invoyses of the rest of the Cargo, that so they might see the Goods, know the Value, and know what more Money they had to bring.

ACCORDINGLY, in the Evening we stood in for the Shore, and they carried Part of the Cargo with them, borrowing the Sloop's Boat to assist them, and after they had lodg'd and landed the Goods, they came on Board again, bringing three of the other Merchants with them, who were concern'd before, and Money enough to clear the whole Ship, ay, and Ship and all, if I had been willing to sell her.

To give them their due, they dealt with me like Men of Honour; they were indeed sensible that they bought every Thing much cheaper of me, than they did before of the three Merchants of the *Havana*; these Merchants having been as it were the *Hucksters*, and bought them first of me, and then advanc'd, as I have said, above 100 *per Cent.* upon the Price they gave me; but yet at the same Time I advanc'd in the Price much more now, than I did before to the said *Spaniards*, nor was it without Reason, because of the length and risque of the Voyage, both out and Home, which now lay wholly upon me.

IN

In short, I sold the whole Cargo to them, and for which I receiv'd near 200,000 Pieces of Eight in Money, besides which, when they came on Board the second Time, they brought all their Boats loaden with fresh Provisions, Hogs, Sheep, Fowls, Sweetmeats, &c. enough for my whole Voyage, all which they made a Present to me of, and thus we finish'd our Traffick to our mutual Satisfaction, and parted with Promises of farther Commerce, and with Assurances on their Part of all Acts of Friendship and Assistance, that I could desire, if any Disaster should befall me in any of these Adventures; as indeed was not improbable, considering the Strictness and Severity of their Customs, in case any People were taken Trading upon their Coast.

I IMMEDIATELY call'd a Council with my little Crew, which Way we should go back; the Mate was for beating it up to Windward, and getting up to *Jamaica*, but as we were too rich to run any Risques, and were to take the best Course to get safe Home, I thought, and so did the Master of the Sloop, that our best Way was to Coast about the Bay, and keeping the Shore of *Florida* on Board, make the shortest Course to the Gulph, and so make for the Coast of *Carolina*, and to put in there into the first Port we could, and wait for any *English* Men of War that might be on the Coast to secure us to the *Capes*.

THIS was the best Course we could take, and prov'd very safe to us, excepting that about the Cape of *Florida*, and on the Coast in the Gulph, till we came to the height of *St. Augustine*; we were several Times visited with the *Spaniards Barco Longos*, and small Barks, in Hopes of making a Prize of us; but carrying *Spanish* Colours, deceiv'd most of them, and a good Tire of Guns kept the rest at a Distance, so that we came safe, tho' once or twice in Danger of being run on Shore by a Storm of Wind; I say, we came safe into *Charles River* in *Carolina*.

FROM hence I found Means to send a Letter Home, with an Account to my Wife of my good Success, and having an Account that the Coast was clear of *Pirates*,
tho'

tho' there were no Men of War in the Place, I ventur'd forward, and in short, got safe into the Bay of *Chesapeake*, that is to say, within the Capes of *Virginia*, and in a few Days more to my own House, having been absent three Months and four Days.

NEVER did any Vessel on this Side the World make a better Voyage in so short a Time, than I made in this Sloop, for by the most moderate Computation, I clear'd in these three Months 25000 *l. Sterling* in ready Money, all the Charges of the Voyage to *New-England* also being reckon'd up.

Now was my Time to have sat still contented with what I had got, if it was in the Power of Man to know when his good Fortune was at the highest, and more, my prudent Wife gave it as her Opinion, that I should sit down satisfy'd, and push the Affair no farther, and earnestly perswaded me to do so; but I that had a Door open, as I thought, to immense Treasure, that had found the Way to have a Stream of the Golden Rivers of *Mexico* flow into my Plantation of *Virginia*, and saw no Hazards, more then what was common to all such Things in the Prosecution; I say to me, these Things look'd with another Face, and I dream'd of nothing but Millions, and Hundred of Thousands; so contrary to all moderate Measures, I push' on for another Voyage, and laid up a Stock of all sorts of Goods that I could get together, proper for the Trade: I did not indeed go again to *New-England*, for I had by this Time a very good Cargo come from *England*, pursuant to a Commission I had sent several Months before; so that in short, my Cargo, according to the Invoice now made up, amounted to above 10000 *l. Sterling* first Cost, and was a Cargo so sorted, and so well bought, that I expected to have advanc'd upon them much more in proportion than I had done in the Cargo before.

WITH these Expectations, we began our second Voyage in *April*, being about five Months after our Return from the first; we had not indeed the same good Speed, even in our Beginning, as we had at first, for tho'

tho' we stood off to Sea about 60 Leagues, in order to be out of the Way of the Pyrates, yet we had not been above five Days at Sea, but we were visited and rifled by two Pyrate Barks, who being bound to the *Northward*, that is to say, the Banks of *Newfoundland*, took away all our Provisions, and all our Ammunition, and small Arms, and left us very ill provided to pursue our Voyage; and it being so near Home, we thought it advisable to come about, and stand in for the *Capes* again, to restore our Condition, and furnish ourselves with Stores of all kinds for our Voyage; this took us up about ten Days, and we put to Sea again; as for our Cargo, the Pyrates did not meddle with it, being all Bale Goods, which they had no present Use for, and knew not what to do with, if they had them.

WE met with no other Adventure worth naming, till by the same Course that we had steer'd before, we came into the Gulph of *Mexico*, and the first Misfortune we met with here was, that on the Back of *Cuba*, crossing towards the Point of the *Terra Firma*, on the Coast of *Yucatan*, we had Sight of the *Flota* of *New-Spain*, that is, of the Ships which come from *Carthage* or *Porto Bello*, and go to the *Havana*, in order to pursue their Voyage to *Europe*.

THEY had with them one *Spanish* Man of War, and three Frigats, two of the Frigats gave us chase, but it being just at the shutting in of the Day, we soon lost sight of them, and standing to the *North*, cross the Bay of *Mexico*, as if we were going to the Mouth of *Missippi*, they lost us quite, and in a few Days more we made the bottom of the Bay, being the Port we were bound for.

WE stood in as usual, in the Night, and gave Notice to our Friends, but instead of their former Readiness to come on Board, they gave us Notice, that we had been seen in the Bay, and that Notice of us was given at *Verà Cruz*, and at other Places, and that several Frigats were in Quest of us, and that three more would be cruizing the next Morning in search for us.

WE could not conceive how this could be; but we were afterwards told, that those three Frigats, having lost Sight of us in the Night, had made in for the Shore, and had given the Alarm of us as of Privateers.

BE that as it would, we had nothing to do, but to consider what Course to take immediately, the *Spanish* Merchants Advice was very good if we had taken it, namely, to have unladen as many of our Bails as we could that very Night, by the Help of our Boat and their Canoes, and to make the best of our Way in the Morning to the North of the Gulph, and take our Fate.

THIS my Skipper or Master, thought very well of, but when we began to put it in Execution, we were so confused, and in such a Hurry, being not resolv'd what Course to take, that we could not get out above sixteen Bales of all sorts of Goods, before it began to be too light, and we behov'd to set Sail; at last, the Master proposed a Medium, which was, that I should go on Shore in the next Boat, in which was five Bales of Goods more, and that I should stay on Shore, if the *Spanish* Merchants would undertake to conceal me, and let them go to Sea, and take their Chance.

THE *Spanish* Merchants readily undertook to protect me, especially it being so easy to have me pass for a natural *Spaniard*, and so they took me on Shore with 21 Bales of my Goods, and the Sloop stood off to Sea; if they met with any Enemies, they were to stand in for the Shore the next Night, and we fail'd not to look well out for them, but to no Purpose, for the next Day they were discovered and chased by two *Spanish* Frigats; they stood from them, and the Sloop being an excellent Sailor, gain'd so much, that they would certainly have been clear of them when Night came on, but a small Picaroon of a Sloop kept them Company in spite of all they could do, and two or three Times offer'd to engage them, thereby to give Time to the rest to come up, but the Sloop kept her Way, and gave them a Chase of three Days and Nights, having a fresh Gale of Wind at S. W. till she made the *Rio Grand*, or as the *French* call it, the *Mississippi*, and there finding no Remedy,

Remedy, they run the Vessel on Shore, not far from the Fort, which the *Spaniards* call *Pensacola*, Garrison'd at that Time with *French*; our Men would have enter'd the River as a Port, but having no Pilot, and the Current of the River being strong against them, the Sloop run on Shore, and the Men shifted as well as they could in their Boats.

I WAS now in a very odd Condition indeed, my Circumstances were in one Sense indeed very happy, namely, that I was in the Hands of my Friends, for such really they were, and so faithful, that no Men could have been more careful of their own Safety, than were they of mine; and that which added to the Comfort of my new Condition, was the Produce of my Goods, which were gotten on Shore by their own Advice and Direction, which was a Fund sufficient to maintain me with them as long as I could be supposed to stay there; and, if not the first Merchant to whose House I went, assured me, that he would give me Credit for 20000 Pieces of Eight, if I had occasion for it.

My greatest Affliction was, that I knew not how to convey News to my Wife of my present Condition, and how among the many Misfortunes of the Voyage, I was yet safe, and in good Hands.

BUT there was no Remedy for this Part, but the great universal Cure of all incurable Sorrows, *viz.* Patience, and indeed I had a great deal of Reason, not for Patience only, but Thankfulness, if I had known the Circumstances which I should have been reduc'd to, if I had fallen into the Hands of the *Spaniards*; the best of which that I could reasonably have expected, had been, to have sent to the Mines, or which was ten Thousand Times worse, the *Inquisition*; or if I had escaped the *Spaniards*, as my Men in the Sloop did, the Hardships they were expos'd to, the Dangers they were in, and the Miseries they suffer'd, were still worse, in wandering among Savages, and the more Savage *French*, who plunder'd and strip'd them, instead of relieving and supplying them in their long Wilderness Journey over the Mountains, till they reach'd the S. W. Parts of

South Carolina, a Journey which indeed deserves to have an Account to be given of it by itself; I say, all these Things had I known of them, would have let me see that I had a great deal of Reason, not only to be Patient under my present Circumstances, but satisfied, and thankful.

HERE, as I said, my Patron the Merchant, entertain'd me like a Prince, he made my Safety his peculiar Care, and while we were in any Expectation of the Sloop being taken, and brought into *Vera Cruz*, he kept me retir'd at a little House in a Wood, where he kept a fine *Avery* of all sorts of *American* Birds, and out of which he yearly sent some as Presents to his Friends in *Old Spain*.

THIS Retreat was necessary, least if the Sloop should be taken and brought into *Vera Cruz*, and the Men be brought in Prisoners, they should be tempted to give an Account of me as their Super-Cargo or Merchant, and where both I and the 21 Bales of Goods were set on Shore; as for the Goods, he made sure Work with them, for they were all open'd, taken out of the Bales, and separated, and being mix'd with other *European* Goods which came by the Galeons, were made up in new Package, and sent to *Mexico* in several Parcels, some to one Merchant, some to another; so that it was impossible to have found them out, even if they had had Information of them.

IN this Posture, and in Apprehension of some bad News of the Sloop, I remain'd at the *Villa*, or House in the Vale, for so they call'd it, about five Weeks; I had two *Negroes* appointed to wait on me, one of which was my Purveyor, or my Cook, the other my Valet; and my Friend, the Master of all, came constantly every Evening to visit, and sup with me, when we walked out together into the *Avery*, which was of its kind, the most beautiful Thing that ever I saw in the World.

AFTER above five Weeks Retreat of this kind, he had good Intelligence of the Fate of the Sloop, viz. that the two Frigats and a Sloop had chased her till she ran on Ground near the Fort of *Pensacola*, that they
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saw her strand'd and broke in Pieces by the Force of the Waves, the Men making their Escape in their Boat. This News was brought it seems, by the said Frigats to *La Vera Cruz*, where my Friend went on Purpose to be fully inform'd, and receiv'd the Account from one of the Captains of the Frigats, and discoursed with him at large about it.

I WAS better pleas'd with the Loss of the Sloop and all my Cargo, the Men being got on Shore and escaping, than I should have been with the saving the whole Cargo, if the Men had fallen into the Hands of the *Spaniards*, for now I was safe, whereas then it being suppos'd they would have been forced to some Discovery about me, I must have fled, and should have found it very difficult to have made their Escape, even with all that my Friends could have done for me too.

BUT now I was perfectly easy, and my Friend, who thought confining me at the House in the Vale, no longer needful, brought me publickly Home to his Dwelling-House, as a Merchant come from *Old-Spain*, by the last Galeons, and who having been at *Mexico*, was come to reside with him.

HERE I was dress'd like a *Spaniard* of the better Sort, had three *Negroes* to attend me, and was call'd *Don Ferdinand de Villa Moreja*, in *Castilia Feja*, that is to say, in *Old-Castile*.

HERE I had nothing to do but to walk about, and ride out into the Woods, and come Home again to enjoy the pleasantest, and most agreeable Retirement in the World; for certainly no Men in the World live in such Splendor, and wallow in such immense Treasures as the Merchants of this Place.

THEY live, as I have said, in a kind of Country Retreat at their *Villa's*, or as we would call them in *Virginia*, their Plantations, and as they do call them, their *Ingenios*, where they make their Indigo, and their Sugars; but they have also Houses, and Ware-houses, at *Vera Cruz*, where they go twice a Year, when the Galeons arrive from *Old-Spain*, and when those Galeons re-lade for their Return; and it was surprizing to me,

when I went to *La Vera Cruz* with them, to see what prodigious Consignments they had from their Correspondents in *Old-Spain*, and with what Dispatch they manag'd them; for no sooner were the Cases, Packs, and Bales of *European* Goods brought into their Ware-houses, but they were open'd, and re-pack'd by Porters and Packers of their own, that is to say, *Negroes* and *Indian* Servants; and being made up into new Bales, and separate Parcels, were all dispatch'd again, by Horses for *Mexico*, and directed to their several Merchants there, and the Remainder carry'd Home, as above, to the *Ingenio*, where they liv'd, which was near 30 *English* Miles from *Vera Cruz*, so that in about 20 Days, their Ware-houses were again entirely free: At *La Vera Cruz*, all their Business was over there, and they, and all their Servants retir'd; for they stay'd no longer there than needs must, because the unhealthiness of the Air:

AFTER the Goods were thus dispatched, it was equally surprizing, to see how soon, and with what Exactness, the Merchants of *Mexico*, to whom those Cargoes were separately consign'd, made the Return, and how it came all in Silver or in Gold, so that their Ware-houses in a few Months, were piled up even to the Ceiling, with Chests of Pieces of Eight, and with Bars of Silver.

It is impossible to describe in the narrow Compass of this Work, with what Exactness and Order, and yet with how little Hurry, and not the least Confusion, every Thing was done, and how soon a Weight of Business of such Importance and Value, was negotiated and finish'd, the Goods re-pack'd, Invoyses made, and every Thing dispatch'd and gone; so that in about five Weeks, all the Goods they had receiv'd from *Europe* by the Galeons were disposed of, and entered in their Journals, to the proper Account of their Merchant, to whom they were respectively consign'd; from thence they had Book-keepers, who drew out the Invoyses, and wrote the Letters, which the Merchant himself only read over, and sign'd, and then other Hands copied all again into other Books.

I CAN give no Estimate of the Value of the several Consignments they receiv'd by that *Flota*; but I remember, that when the Galeons went back, they shipp'd on Board at several Times, one Million, three Hundred Thousand Pieces of Eight in Specie, besides 180 Bales or Bags of *Cochineal*, and about 300 Bales of *Indigo*, but they were so modest, that they said, this was for themselves and their Friends; that is to say, the several Merchants of *Mexico*, consign'd large Quantities of Bullion to them, to ship on Board, and consign according to their Order; but then I know also, that for all that, they were allow'd Commission, so that their Gain was very considerable, even that Way also.

I HAD been with them at *La Vera Cruz*, and came back again before we came to an Account for the Goods which I had brought on Shore in the 21 Bales, which by the Account we brought them to, leaving a Piece of every Thing to be govern'd by our last Market, amounted to 8570 Pieces of Eight, all which Money my Friend, for so I must now call him, brought me in Specie, and caused his *Negroes* to pile them up in one Corner of my Apartment; so that I was indeed, still very rich, all Things consider'd.

THERE was a Bale which I had caused to be pack'd up on purpose in *Virginia*, and which indeed, I had written for from *England*, being chiefly of fine *English* Broad-Cloths, Silk, Silk-Druggets, and fine Stuffs of several kinds, with some very fine *Hollands*, which I set apart for Presents, as I should find Occasion; and as what every Hurry I was in at carrying the 21 Bales of Goods on Shore, I did not forget to let this Bale be one of them, so when we came to a Sale for the rest, I told them that this was a Pack with Cloaths and Necessaries for my own wearing and Use, and so desired it might not be open'd with the rest, which was accordingly observ'd, and that Bale or Pack was brought into my Apartment.

THIS Bale was in general, made up of several smaller Bales, which I had directed, so that I might have Room to make Presents, equally sorted as the Circum-

stance might direct me: However, they were all considerable, and I reckon'd the whole Bale cost me near 200 *l. Sterling* in *England*; and tho' my present Circumstances requir'd some Limits to my Bounty in making Presents, yet the Obligation I was under, being so much the greater, especially to this one friendly generous *Spaniard*, I thought I could not do better than by opening two of the smaller Bales join them together, and make my Gift something suitable to the Benefactor, and to the Respect he had shewn me; accordingly I took two Bales, and laying the Goods together, the Contents were as follows.

Two Pieces of fine *English* Broad-Cloth, the finest that could be got in *London*, divided as was that which I gave to the Governor at the *Havana*, into fine Crimson in Grain, fine light Mixtures, and fine Black.

FOUR Pieces of fine Holland, of 7 *s.* to 8 *s.* per Ell in *London*.

TWELVE Pieces of fine Silk Drugget and Duroys, for Men's Ware.

SIX Pieces of Broad Silks, 2 Damasks, 2 Brocaded Silks, and 2 Mantuas.

WITH a Box of Ribbons, and a Box of Lace, the last cost about 40 *l. Sterling* in *England*.

THIS handsome Parcel I laid open in my Apartment, and brought him up Stairs one Morning, on Pretence to drink Chocolate with me, which he ordinarily did; when as we drank Chocolate, and was merry, I said to him, tho' I had sold him almost all my Cargo, and taken his Money, yet the Truth was, that I ought not to have sold them to him, but to have laid them all at his Feet, for that it was to his Direction I ow'd the having any Thing sav'd at all.

HE smil'd, and with a great deal of Friendship in his Face told me, that not to have paid me for them, would have been to have plunder'd a Shipwreck, which had been worse than to have robb'd an Hospital.

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AT last I told him, I had two Requests to make to him, which must not be deny'd. I told him, I had a small Present to make to him, which I would give him a Reason why he should not refuse to accept: And the second Request I would make after the first was granted. He said he would have accepted my Present from me, if I had not been under a Disaster, but as it was, it would be cruel and ungenerous. But, I told him, he was oblig'd to hear my Reason for his accepting it: Then I told him, that this Parcel was made up for him by Name, by my Wife and I in *Virginia*, and his Name set on the Marks of the Bale, and accordingly I shew'd him the Marks, which ~~was~~ indeed on one of the Bales, but I had doubled it now, (as above) so that I told him these were his own proper Goods; and in short, I press'd him so to receive them, that he made a Bow, and I said no more, but order'd my *Negro*, that is to say, his *Negro* that waited on me, to carry them all, except the two Boxes, into his Apartments, but I would not let him see the Particulars, till they were all carry'd away.

AFTER he was gone, about a Quarter of an Hour, he came in raving, and almost swearing, and in a great Passion, but I could easily see he was exceedingly pleas'd; and told me, had he known the Particulars, he would never have suffer'd them to have gone as he did, and at last used the very same Compliment that the Governor at the *Havana* used, viz. that it was a Present fit for a Viceroy of *Mexico*, rather than for him.

WHEN he had done, he then told me, he remember'd I had two Requests to him, and that one was not to be told till after the first was granted, and he hoped now I had something to ask of him, that was equal to the Obligation I had laid upon him.

I TOLD him, I knew it was not the Custom in *Spain*, for a Stranger to make Presents to the Ladies, and that I would not in the least doubt, but that whatever the Ladies of his Family requir'd, as proper for their Use, he would appropriate to them as he thought fit. But that there was two little Boxes in the Parcel, which
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my Wife with her own Hand had directed to the Ladies ; and I begg'd he would be pleas'd with his own Hand to give them in my Wife's Name as directed ; that I was only the Messenger, but that I could not be honest, if I did not discharge the Trust repos'd myself of.

THESE were the two Boxes of Ribbands and Lace, which knowing the Nicety of the Ladies in *Spain*, or rather of the *Spaniards*, about their *Women*, I had made my Wife pack up, and direct with her own Hand, as I have said.

HE smil'd, and told me it was true, the *Spaniards* did not ordinarily admit so much Freedom among the Women, as other Nations ; but he hop'd (he said) I would not think the *Spaniards* thought all their Women Whores, or that all *Spaniards* were jealous of their Wives : That as to my Present, since he had agreed to accept of it, I should have the Direction of what Part I pleas'd to his Wife and Daughters ; for he had three Daughters.

HERE I strain'd Courtisies again, and told him by no Means, I would direct nothing of that kind, I only begg'd that he would with his own Hand present to his *Donna*, or Lady, the Present design'd them by my Wife, and that he would present it in her Name now living in *Virginia*. He was extreamly pleas'd with the Nicety I us'd, and I saw him present it to her accordingly, and could see at the opening of it, that she was extreamly pleas'd with the Present itself, as indeed she might very well be ; for in that Country it was worth a very considerable Sum of Money.

THO' I was us'd with an uncommon Friendship before, and nothing could well be desir'd more, yet the grateful Sense I shew'd of it, in the Magnificence of this Present, was not lost, and the whole Family appear'd sensible of it ; so that I must allow that Presents, where they can be made in such a Manner, are not without their Influence, where the Persons were not at all mercenary, either before or after.

I HAD here now a most happy and comfortable Retreat, tho' it was a kind of an Exile ; here I enjoy'd every

every Thing I could think of, that was agreeable and pleasant, except only a Liberty of going Home, which, for that Reason, perhaps, was the only Thing I desir'd in the World ; for the Grief of one absent Comfort is oftentimes capable of imbittering all the other Enjoyments in the World.

HERE I enjoy'd the Moments which I had never before known how to employ, I mean, that here I learn'd to look back upon a long ill-spent Life, bless'd with infinite Advantage, which I had no Heart given me till now to make use of, and here I found just Reflections were the utmost Felicity of human Life.

HERE I wrote these Memoirs, having to add, to the Pleasure of looking back with due Reflections, the Benefit of a violent Fit of the Gout, which, as it is allow'd by most People, clears the Head, restores the Memory, and qualifies us to make the most, and just, and useful Remarks upon our own Actions.

PERHAPS, when I wrote these Things down, I did not foresee that the Writings of our own Stories would be so much the Fashion in *England*, or so agreeable to others to read, as I find Custom, and the Humour of the Times has caus'd it to be ; if any one that reads my Story, pleases to make the same just Reflections, which I acknowledge I ought to have made, he will reap the Benefit of my Misfortunes, perhaps, more than I have done myself ; 'tis evident by the long Series of Changes, and Turns, which have appear'd in the narrow Compass of one private mean Person's Life, that the History of Men's Lives may be many Ways made useful and instructing to those who read them, if moral and religious Improvement, and Reflections are made by those that write them.

THERE remains many Things in the Course of this unhappy Life of mine, tho' I have left so little a Part of it to speak of, that are worth giving a large and distinct Account of, and which give Room for just Reflections of a Kind which I have not made yet ; particularly, I think it just to add how, in collecting the various Changes and Turns of my Affairs, I saw clearer than

than ever I had done before, how an invincible overruling Power, a Hand influenced from above, governs all our Actions of every Kind, limits all our Designs, and orders the Events of every Thing relating to us.

AND from this Observation it necessarily occur'd to me, how just it was, that we should pay the Homage of all Events to him ; that as he guided, and had even made the Chain of Causes, and Consequences, which Nature in general strictly obey'd, so to him should be given the Honour of all Events, the Consequences of those Causes, as the first Mover, and Maker of all Things.

I WHO had hitherto liv'd, as might be truly said, without God in the World, began now to see farther into all those Things, than I had ever yet been capable of before, and this brought me at last to look with Shame and Blushes upon such a Course of Wickedness, as I had gone through in the World : I had been bred indeed to nothing of either religious, or moral Knowledge ; what I gain'd of either, was first by the little Time of civil Life which I liv'd in *Scotland*, where my Abhorrence of the Wickedness of my Captain and Comrade, and some sober religious Company I fell into, first gave me some Knowledge of Good and Evil, and shew'd me the Beauty of a sober, religious Life, tho' with my leaving that Country, it soon left me too ; or secondly, the modest Hints, and just Reflections of my Steward, who I call'd my Tutor, who was a Man of sincere Religion, good Principles, and a real true Penitent for his past Miscarriages : O ! had I with him sincerely repented of what was past, I had not for 24 Years together liv'd a Life of Levity, and profligate Wickedness after it.

BUT here I had (as I said) Leisure to reflect, and to repent, and to call to Mind Things past, and with a just Detestation learn, as *Job* says, *to abhor myself in Dust and Ashes.*

IT is with this Temper that I have written my Story, I would have all (that design to read it) prepare to do so with the Temper of Penitents ; and remember, with
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how much Advantage they may make their penitent Reflections at Home, under the merciful Dispositions of Providence in Peace, Plenty, and Ease, rather than Abroad, under the Discipline of a Transported Criminal; as my Wife and my Tutor, or under the Miseries and Distresses of a Shipwreck'd Wanderer, as my Skipper, or Captain of the Sloop, who (as I hear) died a very great Penitent, labouring in the Deserts and Mountains to find his Way Home to *Virginia*, by the Way of *Carolina*, whither the rest of the Crew reached, after infinite Dangers and Hardships; or in Exile, however favourably circumstanced as mine, in absence from my Family, and for some Time in no probable View of ever seeing them any more.

SUCH (I say) may Repent with Advantage; but how few are they that seriously look in, till their Way is hedg'd up, and they have no other Way to look?

HERE (I say) I had Leisure to Repent, how far it pleases God to give the Grace of Repentance where he gives the Opportunity of it, is not for me to say of myself; it is sufficient that I recommend it to all that read this Story, that when they find their Lives come up in any Degree to any Similitude of Cases, they will enquire by me, and ask themselves, Is not this the Time to Repent? Perhaps the Answer may touch them.

I HAVE only to add to what was then written, that my kind Friend the *Spaniards* finding no other Method presented for conveying me to my Home, that is to say, to *Virginia*, got a Licence for me to come in the next Galeons, as a *Spanish* Merchant to *Cadiz*, where I arriv'd safe with all my Treasure, for he suffer'd me to be at no Expences in his House; and from *Cadiz*, I soon got my Passage on Board an *English* Merchant Ship for *London*, from whence I sent an Account of my Adventures to my Wife, and where, in about five Months more, she came over to me, leaving with full Satisfaction the Management of all our Affairs in *Virginia*, in the same faithful Hands as before.

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